EQUITY RESEARCH - COMPANY REPORT

NEO CORPORATE NEO TB

THAILAND / PERSONAL PRODUCTS & PHARMACEUTICALS



DUI

UNCHANGE

TARGET PRICE THB27.00
CLOSE THB24.20
UP/DOWNSIDE +11.6%
PRIOR TP THB30.00
CHANGE IN TP -10.0%
TP vs CONSENSUS -6.5%

Gradual recovery expected in 2H25

- กำไรสุทธิ์ 2Q25 ต่ำกว่าคาดจากค่าใช้จ่ายที่สูงกว่าคาด
- ผู้บริหารยังคงเป้าหมายการเติบโตรายได้ไว้ แต่ปรับลดเป้าหมายอัตรากำไรขั้นต้นและ
 เพิ่มอัตราส่วน SG&A ต่อยอดขาย
- เราปรับลดประมาณการกำไรและราคาเป้าหมายอีกครั้ง

กำไรสุทธิ 2Q25 ต่ำกว่าคาด

NEO รายงานกำไรสุทธิ 2Q25 เพียง 80 ล้านบาท (-69% q-q, -70% y-y) ต่ำกว่าประมาณการ ของเราราว 17% จากค่าใช้จ่ายที่สูงกว่าคาด อัตราส่วน SG&A ต่อยอดขายพุ่งขึ้นสู่ 34.2% เทียบกับปกติที่ 28–30% เป็นผลจากการเปิดตัวสินค้าราว 136 SKU, แบรนด์ใหม่ และพรีเซน เตอร์ใหม่ ขณะที่รายได้รวมคงที่ q-q และเติบโตเพียง 3.6% y-y จากกำลังซื้อผู้บริโภคที่ชะลอ ตัวและการแข่งขันที่รุนแรง อัตรากำไรขั้นต้นลดลงเหลือ 38.7% จาก 41.8% ใน 1Q25 และ 46.8% ใน 2Q24 จากตันทุนวัตถุดิบที่สูงขึ้นและค่าเสื่อมเต็มไตรมาสของโรงงานใหม่ ส่งผลให้ เป็นกำไรต่ำสุดตั้งแต่บริษัทเข้าตลาดหุ้น

NEO ปรับลดเป้ากำไรปีนี้

ฝ่ายบริหารยังคงเป้าหมายการเติบโตของรายได้ 2025 ไว้ที่ 7–9% y-y (1H25: +4.2% y-y) แต่ ปรับลดเป้าอัตรากำไรขั้นต้นเป็น 38–40% (1H25: 40.2%) และปรับเพิ่มอัตราส่วน SG&A ต่อ ยอดขายเป็น 32% ใกล้เคียงกับระดับปี 2024 (1H25: 31.7%) คาดว่ารายได้ 3Q25 จะเติบโต ตามเป้าหมาย เป็นผลจากรายได้ส่งออกที่โตจากฐานต่ำปีที่แล้ว ขณะที่การพื้นตัวในประเทศยัง ซ้าเนื่องจากกำลังซื้ออ่อนแอ อย่างไรก็ตาม ค่าใช้จ่ายขายอาจลดลงใน 2H25 หลังจากใช้จ่าย หนักตามแผนใน 2Q25 และรายได้จากสินค้าใหม่จะเพิ่มขึ้นใน 2H25

ต้นทุนลดลง แต่มีแนวโห้มดีขึ้นใน 4Q25

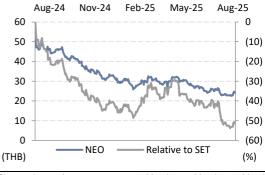
ต้นทุนวัตถุดิบลดลงอย่างช้า ราคา CPKO เฉลี่ยใน 2Q25 ลดลงเล็กน้อย 3.5% q-q อย่างไรก็ ตาม ราคาเฉลี่ย 3QTD ยังคงลดลงต่อเนื่อง (-9.4% q-q) ขณะนี้บริษัทอยู่ระหว่างทยอยชื้อ วัตถุดิบสำหรับ 4Q25 เราจึงคาดว่าต้นทุนอาจลดลง q-q อีกครั้งใน 4Q25 อย่างไรก็ตาม เรายัง ต้องติดตามแนวโน้มราคา CPKO ต่อไป ปัจจุบัน ราคาเฉลี่ย 2025 YTD ของ CPO และ CPKO อยู่ที่ MYR4,300/ตัน และ MYR7,241/ตัน ตามลำดับ ใกล้เคียงกับสมมติฐานของเราที่ MYR4.639 และ MYR7.280

ปรับลดประมาณการกำไรและราคาเป้าหมาย

เราปรับลดกำไรปี 2025 ลง 11.6% เหลือ 623 ล้านบาท (-38% y-y) คาดว่ากำไร 3Q25 จะพื้น ตัว q-q อย่างค่อยเป็นค่อยไป อยู่ที่ราว 100–110 ล้านบาท และดีขึ้นต่อเนื่องใน 4Q25 ปรับลด ราคาเป้าหมายเหลือ 27 บาท (อิง P/E เดิม 13x) แม้ว่าการฟื้นตัวจะซ้า แต่เชื่อว่าจุดต่ำสุดผ่าน ไปแล้วใน 2Q25 ราคาหุ้นปัจจุบันซื้อขายที่เพียง 11.6x 2025E P/E

KEY STOCK DATA

YE Dec (THB m)	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Revenue	10,062	10,552	11,359	12,220
Net profit	1,008	623	816	984
EPS (THB)	3.36	2.08	2.72	3.28
vs Consensus (%)	-	(14.5)	(5.8)	(6.1)
EBITDA	1,749	1,378	1,678	1,925
Recurring net profit	1,008	623	816	984
Core EPS (THB)	3.36	2.08	2.72	3.28
Chg. In EPS est. (%)	-	(11.6)	(12.6)	(11.4)
EPS growth (%)	(10.1)	(38.2)	31.0	20.5
Core P/E (x)	7.2	11.6	8.9	7.4
Dividend yield (%)	5.6	3.4	4.5	5.4
EV/EBITDA (x)	4.4	7.1	6.2	5.4
Price/book (x)	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1
Net debt/Equity (%)	9.1	45.6	51.7	48.0
ROE (%)	30.7	12.0	14.5	15.9



Share price performance	1 Month	3 Month	12 Month
Absolute (%)	(8.7)	(20.0)	(51.1)
Relative to country (%)	(19.1)	(23.3)	(49.7)
Mkt cap (USD m)			224
3m avg. daily turnover (USD m)			0.5
Free float (%)			29
Major shareholder	Т	hakolsri Fa	mily (65%)
12m high/low (THB)		5	1.25/22.50
Issued shares (m)			300.00

Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates



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Investment thesis

Despite high competition in the Thai consumer products industry, NEO's products stand out with one unique characteristic – their scent. It is a leader in almost every product category, such as D-nee (#1 in laundry detergent and fabric softener), Fineline (#2 in laundry detergent), and BeNice (#2 in shower cream).

In the long run, although we expect growth to be exciting, it should be steady due to the leadership in the Thai consumer products market and its well-known reputation. In addition, NEO plans to expand its international market, particularly CLMV, which prefers Thai consumer goods brands.

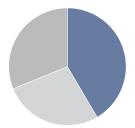
Company profile

NEO operates in the marketing, production, and distribution of consumer products. The company has been in business for over 34 years and has three main product segments; 1) household products; 2) personal care products; and 3) baby and kids products. For 2024, these product segments accounted for 41.5%/27.3%/31.2% of total revenue, respectively. The majority of revenue was in Thailand, representing 90.5% of total revenue, while 9.5% came from exports.

www.neo-corporate.com

Principal activities (revenue, 2024)

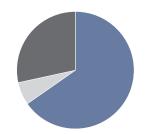
- Household products 41.5 %
- Personal care products 27.3 %
- Baby and kids products 31.2 %



Source: Neo Corporate

Major shareholders

- Thakolsri Family 65.3 %
- Finansa Fund Management 6.3
- Others 28.4 %



Source: Neo Corporate

Catalysts

Potential catalysts for NEO's earnings growth in 2025 are 1) revenue growth driven by sales volumes, 2) higher domestic market share, 3) declining raw material and packaging costs, and 4) the success of its new product launches.

Risks to our call

Downside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) a slower-thanexpected consumption recovery; 2) the high volatility of raw material prices; 3) changing consumer demand and lifestyles; and 4) a failure of new products.

Event calendar

Date	Event
November 2025	3Q25 results announcement

Key assumptions

	2025E	2026E	2027E
Household revenue growth (%)	7.3	7.0	6.5
Personal care revenue growth (%)	7.6	7.0	8.0
Baby and kids revenue growth (%)	(0.8)	9.2	8.7
Total revenue growth (%)	4.9	7.6	7.6
Gross margin (%)	39.8	41.0	42.0
SG&A to sales (%)	31.8	31.5	31.5

Source: FSSIA estimates

Earnings sensitivity

- For every 1% increase in revenue, we estimate 2025 net profit to rise by 1.2%, and vice versa, all else being equal.
- For every 0.5% increase in GPM, we estimate 2025 net profit to rise by 4.1%, and vice versa, all else being equal.
- For every 0.2% increase in SG&A, we estimate 2025 net profit to fall by 1.6%, and vice versa, all else being equal.

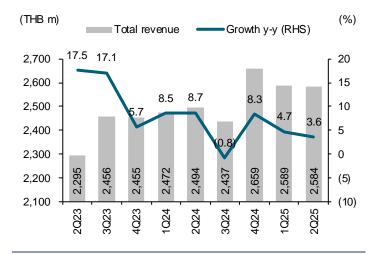
Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 1: NEO – 2Q25 earnings results

	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	Cha	nge	1H24	1H25	Change	2024	2025E	Change	% 1H25
	(THB m)	(q-q%)	(y-y%)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y%)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y%)	to 2025E				
Sales	2,494	2,437	2,659	2,589	2,584	(0.2)	3.6	4,966	5,173	4.2	10,062	10,552	4.9	49.0
Cost of sales	1,326	1,355	1,521	1,507	1,584	5.1	19.5	2,662	3,091	16.1	5,537	6,352	14.7	48.7
Gross profit	1,168	1,082	1,139	1,082	1,000	(7.6)	(14.4)	2,304	2,082	(9.6)	4,525	4,200	(7.2)	49.6
SG&A	827	788	827	757	885	16.8	6.9	1,608	1,642	2.1	3,222	3,353	4.1	49.0
Operating profit	361	314	333	343	128	(62.8)	(64.6)	725	471	(35.0)	1,372	910	(33.6)	51.8
Interest expense	21	22	19	18	24	28.8	13.8	45	42	(6.4)	86	108	26.1	38.9
Tax expense	67	58	69	65	21	(67.1)	(68.2)	135	87	(36.0)	262	160	(38.9)	54.0
Reported net profit	269	231	241	256	80	(68.6)	(70.1)	537	337	(37.3)	1,008	623	(38.2)	54.0
Core profit	269	231	241	256	80	(68.6)	(70.1)	537	337	(37.3)	1,008	623	(38.2)	54.0
Key Ratios (%)						(ppt)	(ppt)							
Gross margin	46.8	44.4	42.8	41.8	38.7	(3.1)	(8.1)	46.4	40.2	(6.1)	45.0	39.8	(5.2)	
SG&A / Sales	33.2	32.3	31.1	29.2	34.2	5.0	1.1	32.4	31.7	(0.6)	32.0	31.8	(0.2)	
Operating margin	14.5	12.9	12.5	13.3	4.9	(8.3)	(9.5)	14.6	9.1	(5.5)	13.6	8.6	(5.0)	
Net margin	10.8	9.5	9.0	9.9	3.1	(6.8)	(7.7)	10.8	6.5	(4.3)	10.0	5.9	(4.1)	
Core margin	10.8	9.5	9.0	9.9	3.1	(6.8)	(7.7)	10.8	6.5	(4.3)	10.0	5.9	(4.1)	
Operating Statistics (THB m)														
Household products revenue	1,004	1,025	1,125	1,085	1,137	4.8	13.2	2,028	2,222	9.6	4,179	4,486	7.3	49.5
Personal care products revenue	643	705	701	739	711	(3.9)	10.5	1,342	1,450	8.0	2,748	2,957	7.6	49.0
Baby and kids products revenue	847	707	833	765	736	(3.7)	(13.1)	1,596	1,501	(5.9)	3,135	3,110	(0.8)	48.3
Domestic revenue	2,206	2,244	2,405	2,342	2,290	(2.2)	3.8	4,456	4,632	4.0	9,105	9,489	4.2	48.8
Export revenue	288	193	253	247	294	18.9	2.0	511	541	5.9	957	1,063	11.1	50.9
Crude palm oil (MYR/tonne)	3,969	4,076	5,103	4,738	3,988	(15.8)	0.5	3,845.2	4,363.3	13.5	4,217.3	4,639.0	10.0	
Crude palm kernel oil (MYR/tonne)	5,069	5,402	7,527	7,651	7,386	(3.5)	45.7	4,706.0	7,518.5	59.8	5,585.4	7,280.0	30.3	
				1.6%	76.2%									
Revenue proportion (%)														
Household products revenue	40.3	42.1	42.3	41.9	44.0	2.1	3.7	40.8	43.0	2.1	41.5	42.5	1.0	
Personal care products revenue	25.8	28.9	26.4	28.5	27.5	(1.0)	1.7	27.0	28.0	1.0	27.3	28.0	0.7	
Baby and kids products revenue	34.0	29.0	31.3	29.5	28.5	(1.0)	(5.5)	32.1	29.0	(3.1)	31.2	29.5	(1.7)	
Domestic revenue	88.5	92.1	90.4	90.4	88.6	(1.8)	0.2	89.7	89.5	(0.2)	90.5	89.9	(0.6)	
Export revenue	11.5	7.9	9.5	9.5	11.4	1.8	(0.2)	10.3	10.5	0.2	9.5	10.1	0.6	

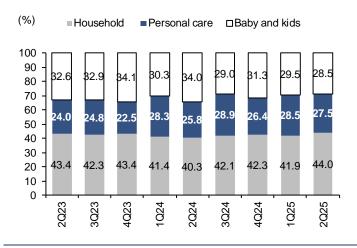
Sources: NEO, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 2: Quarterly total revenue and growth



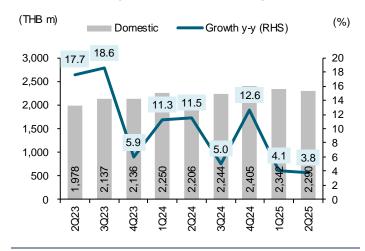
Sources: NEO, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 3: Quarterly revenue breakdown by product segment



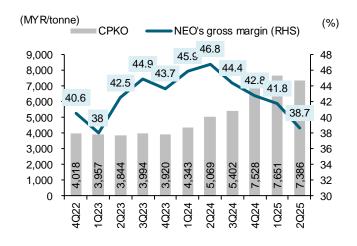
Sources: NEO, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 4: Quarterly domestic revenue and growth



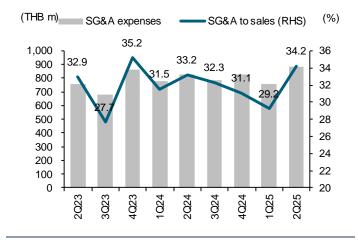
Sources: NEO, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 6: Quarterly gross margin and crude kernel palm oil



Sources Bloomberg, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 8: Quarterly SG&A expenses



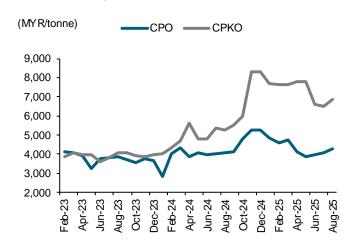
Sources: NEO, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 5: Quarterly export revenue



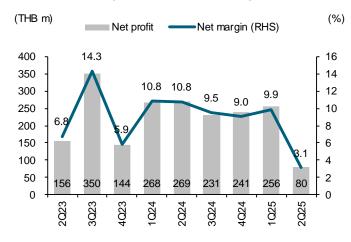
Sources: NEO, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 7: Monthly crude palm oil and crude kernel palm oil



Sources: NEO, Bloomberg, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 9: Quarterly net profit and net margin



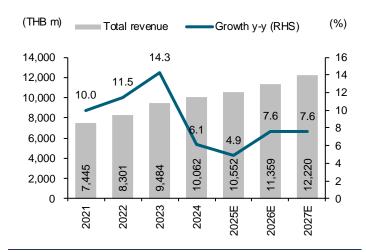
Sources: NEO, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 10: Key assumptions for NEO (revised down)

		Current			Previous			- Change	
	2025E	2026E	2027E	2025E	2026E	2027E	2025E	2026E	2027E
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(%)	(%)	(%)				
Total revenue	10,552	11,359	12,220	10,552	11,359	12,220	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cost of sales	6,352	6,702	7,087	6,352	6,588	6,965	0.0	1.7	1.8
Gross profit	4,200	4,657	5,132	4,200	4,771	5,254	0.0	(2.4)	(2.3)
SG&A expenses	3,353	3,578	3,849	3,250	3,544	3,813	3.2	1.0	1.0
Operating profit	910	1,147	1,356	1,013	1,295	1,515	(10.1)	(11.4)	(10.5)
Interest expense	108	102	99	108	102	99	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tax expense	160	209	251	181	239	283	(11.3)	(12.4)	(11.2,
Reported net profit	623	816	984	705	935	1,111	(11.6)	(12.6)	(11.4,
Core profit	623	816	984	705	935	1,111	(11.6)	(12.6)	(11.4)
Key ratios (%)									
Total revenue growth	4.9	7.6	7.6	4.9	7.6	7.6			
Net profit growth	(38.2)	31.0	20.5	(30.0)	32.5	18.9			
Core profit growth	(38.2)	31.0	20.5	(30.0)	32.5	18.9			
Gross margin	39.8	41.0	42.0	39.8	42.0	43.0	0.0	(1.0)	(1.0
SG&A to sales	31.8	31.5	31.5	30.8	31.2	31.2	1.0	0.3	0
Net margin	5.9	7.2	8.1	6.7	8.2	9.1	(0.8)	(1.0)	(1.0
Core margin	5.9	7.2	8.1	6.7	8.2	9.1	(0.8)	(1.0)	(1.0
Operating statistics (THB m)									
Household products revenue	4,486	4,800	5,112	4,486	4,800	5,112	0.0	0.0	0.0
Personal care products revenue	2,957	3,164	3,417	2,957	3,164	3,417	0.0	0.0	0.0
Baby and kids products revenue	3,110	3,396	3,691	3,110	3,396	3,691	0.0	0.0	0.
Domestic revenue	9,489	10,201	10,997	9,489	10,201	10,997	0.0	0.0	0.0
Export revenue	1,063	1,158	1,223	1,063	1,158	1,223	0.0	0.0	0.0
Revenue proportion (%)									
Household products revenue	42.5	42.3	41.8	42.5	42.3	41.8			
Personal care products revenue	28.0	27.9	28.0	28.0	27.9	28.0			
Baby and kids products revenue	29.5	29.9	30.2	29.5	29.9	30.2			
Domestic revenue	89.9	89.8	90.0	89.9	89.8	90.0			
Export revenue	10.1	10.2	10.0	10.1	10.2	10.0			
Crude palm oil (MYR/tonne)	4,639	4,407	4,407	4,639	4,407	4,407	0.0	0.0	0.0
Crude palm kernel oil (MYR/tonne)	7,280	6,188	6,188	7,280	6,188	6,188	0.0	0.0	0.0

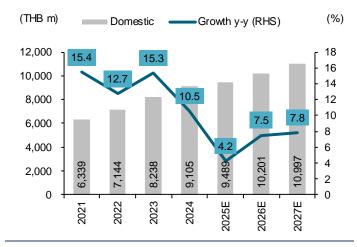
Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 11: Yearly total revenue and growth



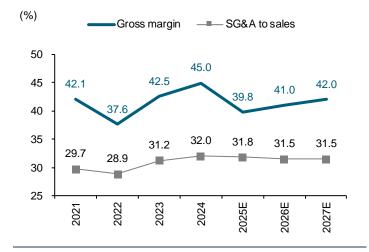
Sources: NEO, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 13: Yearly domestic revenue and growth



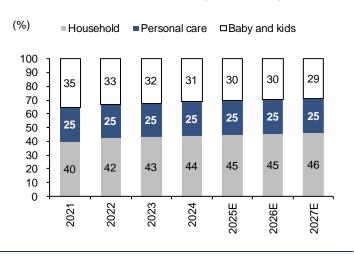
Sources: NEO, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 15: Yearly gross margin and SG&A to sales



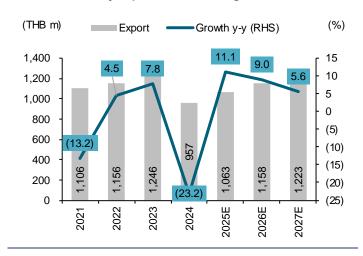
Sources: NEO, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 12: Revenue contribution by product segment



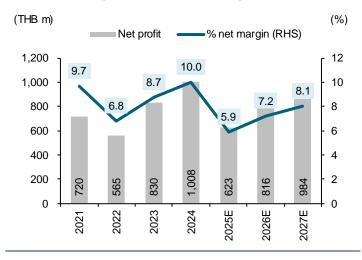
Sources: NEO, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 14: Yearly export revenue and growth



Sources: NEO, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 16: Yearly net profit and net margin



Sources: NEO, FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Neo Corporate

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Revenue	9,484	10,062	10,552	11,359	12,220
Cost of goods sold	(5,449)	(5,537)	(6,352)	(6,702)	(7,087)
Gross profit	4,035	4,525	4,200	4,657	5,132
Other operating income	28	69	63	68	73
Operating costs	(2,957)	(3,222)	(3,353)	(3,578)	(3,849)
Operating EBITDA	1,461	1,749	1,378	1,678	1,925
Depreciation	(355)	(378)	(468)	(531)	(568)
Goodwill amortisation	0	0	0	0	0
Operating EBIT	1,106	1,372	910	1,147	1,356
Net financing costs	(55)	(86)	(108)	(102)	(99)
Associates	0	0	0	0	0
Recurring non-operating income	0	0	0	0	
Non-recurring items Profit before tax	0 1,052	0	0 802	0	0 4 257
Tax	(212)	1,286	(160)	1,045	1,257 (251)
Profit after tax	840	(262) 1,023	641	(209) 836	1,006
Minority interests	(10)	(15)	(18)	(20)	(22)
Preferred dividends	0	0	0	0	(22)
Other items	-	-	-	-	-
Reported net profit	830	1,008	623	816	984
Non-recurring items & goodwill (net)	-	-	-	-	-
Recurring net profit	830	1,008	623	816	984
Per share (THB)					
Recurring EPS *	3.74	3.36	2.08	2.72	3.28
Reported EPS	3.74	3.36	2.08	2.72	3.28
DPS .	4.95	1.35	0.83	1.09	1.31
Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data)	222	300	300	300	300
Growth					
Revenue (%)	14.3	6.1	4.9	7.6	7.6
Operating EBITDA (%)	36.6	19.7	(21.2)	21.8	14.7
Operating EBIT (%)	48.2	24.0	(33.6)	26.1	18.2
Recurring EPS (%)	47.0	(10.1)	(38.2)	31.0	20.5
Reported EPS (%)	47.0	(10.1)	(38.2)	31.0	20.5
Operating performance					
Gross margin inc. depreciation (%)	42.5	45.0	39.8	41.0	42.0
Gross margin exc. depreciation (%)	46.3	48.7	44.2	45.7	46.6
Operating EBITDA margin (%)	15.4	17.4	13.1	14.8	15.7
Operating EBIT margin (%)	11.7	13.6	8.6	10.1	11.1
Net margin (%)	8.7	10.0	5.9	7.2	8.1
Effective tax rate (%)	20.2	20.4	20.0	20.0	20.0
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	132.5	40.2	40.0	40.0	40.0
nterest cover (X)	20.3	16.0	8.4	11.3	13.7
nventory days	58.6	60.0	61.1	63.5	63.5
Debtor days	75.4	75.9	78.0	77.2	77.2
Creditor days	127.3	179.2	123.5	79.3	79.3
Operating ROIC (%)	23.8	22.7	10.5	10.5	11.3
ROIC (%)	22.5	21.6	10.2	10.4	11.1
ROE (%)	45.0	30.7	12.0	14.5	15.9
ROA (%) Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted	13.0	12.0	6.4	7.5	8.3
Revenue by Division (THB m)	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Household products	4,127	4,179	4,486	4,800	5,112
Personal care products	2,287	2,748	2,957	3,164	3,417
Baby and kids products	3,070	3,135	3,110	3,396	3,691

Sources: Neo Corporate; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Neo Corporate

ash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027
ecurring net profit	830	1,008	623	816	98
epreciation	355	378	468	531	56
ssociates & minorities		-	-	<u>-</u> -	
ther non-cash items	(243)	(111)	(120)	0	(4)
hange in working capital ash flow from operations	157 1,098	(111) 1,279	(129) 964	(41) 1,306	44) 1,50
ash now from operations apex - maintenance	(704)	(2,088)	(2,777)	(1,589)	(1,198
apex - new investment	-	(2,000)	(2,777)	(1,000)	(1,100
et acquisitions & disposals	-	-	-	-	
ther investments (net)	(132)	88	56	(10)	(11
ash flow from investing	(837)	(2,000)	(2,720)	(1,600)	(1,209
ividends paid	(1,657)	(500)	(249)	(327)	(394
quity finance	0	2,979	0	0	
ebt finance	1,652	(132)	415	142	1
ther financing cash flows	9	33	(2)	32	(0.43
ash flow from financing	3	2,380	163	(153)	(34
on-recurring cash flows ther adjustments	0	0	0	0	
et other adjustments	0	Ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	
lovement in cash	265	1,659	(1,593)	(446)	(4
ree cash flow to firm (FCFF)	315.80	(635.10)	(1,648.30)	(191.81)	398.4
ee cash flow to equity (FCFE)	1,921.90	(820.68)	(1,344.12)	(119.71)	346.5
er share (THB)					
CFF per share	1.05	(2.12)	(5.49)	(0.64)	1.3
CFE per share	6.41	(2.74)	(4.48)	(0.40)	1.1
ecurring cash flow per share	4.24	4.63	3.64	4.49	5.1
alance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027
ingible fixed assets (gross)	5,764	7,736	9,626	10,949	11,7
ss: Accumulated depreciation	(2,068)	(2,330)	(1,925)	(2,190)	(2,34
ngible fixed assets (net)	3,696	5,406	7,701	8,759	9,3
angible fixed assets (net)	0	0	0	0	
ng-term financial assets	-	-	-	-	
vest. in associates & subsidiaries	6	5	5	5	
ash & equivalents	488	2,147	554	107	2.0
C receivable ventories	1,992 772	2,195 924	2,313 1,044	2,490 1,102	2,6 1,1
ther current assets	52	63	53	57	1,1
urrent assets	3,304	5,329	3,963	3,756	3,9
ther assets	282	194	137	148	1:
otal assets	7,287	10,934	11,807	12,668	13,5
ommon equity	1,544	5,032	5,392	5,882	6,4
inorities etc.	24	27	29	29	;
otal shareholders' equity	1,568	5,059	5,420	5,911	6,5
ong term debt	1,740	2,045	2,506	2,647	2,6
ther long-term liabilities	392	425	422	454	4
ong-term liabilities	2,131	2,469	2,928	3,102	3,1
C payable	2,391	2,676	1,305	1,377	1,4
nort term debt ther current liabilities	1,001 196	564 166	518 1,636	518 1,761	5 1,8
ner current liabilities urrent liabilities	3,588	3,406	1,636 3,459	1,761 3,656	1,8 3,8
otal liabilities and shareholders' equity	7,287	10,934	11,807	12,668	13,5
et working capital	229	340	469	510	5
vested capital	4,212	5,945	8,312	9,423	10,1
ncludes convertibles and preferred stock which is bei	,	·		<u> </u>	
r share (THB)					
ok value per share	6.95	16.77	17.97	19.61	21.
ngible book value per share	6.95	16.77	17.97	19.61	21.
nancial strength					
et debt/equity (%)	143.7	9.1	45.6	51.7	48
et debt/total assets (%)	30.9	4.2	20.9	24.1	23
irrent ratio (x)	0.9	1.6	1.1	1.0	1
interest cover (x)	36.2	(8.5)	(11.4)	(0.2)	2
luation	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	202
curring P/E (x) *	6.5	7.2	11.6	8.9	7
ecurring P/E @ target price (x) *	7.2	8.0	13.0	9.9	8
eported P/E (x)	6.5	7.2	11.6	8.9	7
vidend yield (%)	20.5	5.6	3.4	4.5	5
ice/book (x)	3.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1
ice/tangible book (x)	3.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1
//EBITDA @ target price (x) **	5.2 5.7	4.4	7.1 7.7	6.2 6.7	5
//EBITDA @ target price (x) ** //invested capital (x)	5.7 1.8	4.9 1.3	7.7 1.2	6.7 1.1	1

Sources: Neo Corporate; FSSIA estimates

Neo Corporate PCL (NEO TB)

FSSIA ESG rating

n/a

Exhibit 17: FSSIA ESG score implication

Rating	Score	Implication
****	>79-100	Leading its industry peers in managing the most significant ESG risks which not only better cost efficiency but also lead to higher profitability.
***	>59-79	A mixed track record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities relative to industry peers.
***	>39-59	Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been constructively addressed, well-managed and incorporated into day-to-day operations, in which targets and achievements are evaluated annually.
**	>19-39	Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been identified with key management in charge for progress to be followed up on and to provide intensive disclosure. Most targets are conventional and achievable.
*	1-19	The company has adopted the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs), established sustainability management guidelines and fully complies with regulations or ESG suggested guidance from related organizations such as the SET and SEC.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 18: ESG – peer comparison

	FSSIA			Domesti	c ratings					Glob	al ratings			Blo	oomberg
	ESG score	DJSI	SET ESG	SET ESG Rating	CG score	AGM level	Thai CAC	Morningstar ESG risk	ESG Book	MSCI	Moody's	Refinitiv	S&P Global	ESG score	Disclosure score
SET100	67.71	5.69	4.38	4.05	4.77	4.43	4.02	Medium	57.34	BBB	22.70	60.82	67.31	1.19	35.34
Coverage	66.17	5.16	4.33	3.94	4.81	4.43	3.83	Medium	56.41	BBB	18.92	59.20	65.82	1.38	35.46
APCO	16.00				4.00	4.00	Declared								
DDD	15.00				5.00	5.00									
NEO	n/a														

 $Sources: \underline{SETTRADE.com}; FSSIA's compilation$

Exhibit 19: ESG disclosure from the company's one report

FY ending Dec 31	FY 2023	FY ending Dec 31	FY 2023
Environmental		Governance	
Climate change policy	Yes	Board size / Independent directors (ID) / Female	9/4/3
Climate change opportunities discussed		No. of board meetings for the year / % attendance	9 / 98.8%
GHG scope 2 location-based policy	Yes	Company conducts board evaluations	Yes
Biodiversity policy	Yes	Number of non-executive directors on board	4
Energy efficiency policy	Yes	Director share ownership guidelines	No
Electricity used	Yes	Board age limit	No
Fuel used - crude oil/diesel	Yes	Age of the youngest / oldest director	30 / 62
Waste reduction policy	Yes	Number of executives / female	7/6
Water policy	Yes	Executive share ownership guidelines	No
Water consumption	Yes	Size of audit committee / ID	3/3
Social		Audit committee meetings	6
Human rights policy	Yes	Audit committee meeting attendance (%)	100
Policy against child labor	Yes	Size of compensation committee	3/2
Quality assurance and recall policy	Yes	Number of compensation committee meetings	2
Consumer data protection policy		Compensation committee meeting attendance (%)	100
Equal opportunity policy	Yes	Size of nomination committee / ID	3/2
Gender pay gap breakout		Number of nomination committee meetings	2
Pct women in workforce	Yes	Nomination committee meeting attendance (%)	100
Business ethics policy	Yes	Board compensation (THB m)	2.87
Anti-bribery ethics policy	Yes	Auditor fee (THB m)	3.93
Health and safety policy	Yes	(EY Office Limited)	
Lost time incident rate - employees			
Training policy	Yes		
Fair remuneration policy	Yes		
Number of employees - CSR			
Total hours spent by firm - employee training			
Social supply chain management	Yes		

 $Source: FSSIA's \ compilation$

Disclaimer for ESG scoring

ESG score	Methodolog	у			Rating				
The Dow	_		ansparent, rules-based	component selection		nd invited to the	ne annual S&P G	Global Corpora	te
Jones			anies' Total Sustainabili				SA) for DJSI. Co		
Sustainability			Corporate Sustainabilit				of the S&P Glob		
ndices (DJSI)	, ,	ranked compan	ies within each industry	y are selected for			fied. The constitu	uents of the D	JSI indices ar
By S&P Global	inclusion.				selected from th	e Eligible Uni	verse.		
SET ESG	SET ESG qu	antifies respons	sibility in Environmental	and Social issues by			clusion, verified		
Ratings List			sparency in Governand				cator, unless the		
SETESG)			reemptive criteria, with				The scoring will be		ted against th
by The Stock Exchange of			board members and exand combined holding n				and materiality. rom the SET ES		nanies whos
Thailand		,	lifying criteria include: 1	•			35b (~USD150b)		
SET)	70%; 2) inde	pendent directo	rs and free float violation	n; 3) executives'	liquidity >0.5%	of paid-up cap	ital for at least 9	out of 12 mon	ths. The
			ocial & environmental in				apitalisation-weig		
			nings in red for > 3 yea				and no cap for r		
CG Score by Thai			in sustainable developn th support from the Sto				ories: 5 for Excell -79), 2 for Fair (6		
Institute of			are from the perspectiv				v 50. Weightings		
Directors	,	of operations.					olders (weight 2	,	• ,
Association		•			,	, . ,	sure & transpare	ncy (15%); an	d 5) board
(Thai IOD)					responsibilities	(35%).			
AGM level			ich shareholders' rights				four categories:		
By Thai		•	nto business operations		Very Good (90-	99), 3 for Fair	(80-89), and not	rated for scor	es below 79.
Investors Association			disclosed. All form impo nts to be evaluated ann						
TIA) with			es before the meeting (
support from		•	eeting (10%). (The first a	. ,,					
the SEC				ing how voting rights can be					
			 the ease of attending m for Q&A. The third involve 						
	should contain	discussion issues	, resolutions and voting res	sults.)					
Thai CAC			ecklist include corruption				d by a committe		
By Thai Private Sector			s, and the monitoring a good for three years.	nd developing of	•		r granting certific e twelve highly r	,	
Collective			a CAC certified member st	art by submitting a	professionalism			especied man	iluuais III
Action Against	Declaration of I	Intent to kick off ar	n 18-month deadline to sub	mit the CAC Checklist for	prorocoronamonn	and ouncer a			
Corruption			sment, in place of policy ar lishment of whistleblowing						
(CAC)		of policies to all s		onannois, and					
<u>Morningstar</u>	The Sustaina	llytics' ESG risk	rating provides an ove	rall company score	A company's ES	G risk rating	score is the sum	of unmanage	d risk. The
<u>Sustainalytics</u>			how much of a compar	•	more risk is unn	nanaged, the	higher ESG risk	is scored.	
			o be reviewed include corp r media, NGO reports/webs						
	information, co.	mpany feedback,	ESG controversies, issuer		NEGL	Low	Medium	High	Severe
	reports, and qu	ality & peer reviev	vs.		0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40+
								ad cum of the	features
ESG Book			stainable companies th				ated as a weight		
ESG Book	positioned to	outperform over	er the long term. The me	ethodology considers	scores using ma	ateriality-base	d weights. The s	core is scaled	
ESG Book	positioned to the principle	outperform ove of financial mate	er the long term. The me eriality including inform	ethodology considers ation that significantly	scores using ma	ateriality-base		core is scaled	
ESG Book	positioned to the principle helps explain	outperform ove of financial mate future risk-adju	er the long term. The mo eriality including informa usted performance. Mat	ethodology considers ation that significantly reriality is applied by	scores using ma	ateriality-base	d weights. The s	core is scaled	
ESG Book	positioned to the principle helps explain over-weightir	outperform ove of financial mate future risk-adju	er the long term. The mo eriality including informa usted performance. Mat higher materiality and	ethodology considers ation that significantly reriality is applied by	scores using ma	ateriality-base	d weights. The s	core is scaled	
	positioned to the principle helps explain over-weightir weights on a MSCI ESG ra	outperform over of financial mate future risk-adjung features with rolling quarterly atings aim to me	er the long term. The me eriality including informa usted performance. Mat higher materiality and y basis. easure a company's ma	ethodology considers ation that significantly iteriality is applied by rebalancing these anagement of financially r	scores using ma and 100 with hig elevant ESG risk	ateriality-base gher scores in s and opportu	d weights. The s dicating better po- dicating better po- dicating better po-	core is scaled erformance. rules-based m	between 0
	positioned to the principle helps explain over-weightir weights on a MSCI ESG ra	outperform over of financial mate future risk-adjung features with rolling quarterly atings aim to me	er the long term. The me eriality including informa usted performance. Mat higher materiality and y basis. easure a company's ma	ethodology considers ation that significantly teriality is applied by rebalancing these	scores using ma and 100 with hig elevant ESG risk	ateriality-base gher scores in s and opportu	d weights. The s dicating better po- dicating better po- dicating better po-	core is scaled erformance. rules-based m	between 0
	positioned to the principle helps explain over-weightir weights on a MSCI ESG ra	outperform over of financial mate future risk-adjung features with rolling quarterly atings aim to me	er the long term. The meriality including informated performance. Mat higher materiality and y basis. Beasure a company's malaggards according to	ethodology considers ation that significantly teriality is applied by rebalancing these anagement of financially r their exposure to ESG ris	scores using ma and 100 with hig relevant ESG risk ks and how well	ateriality-base ther scores in s and opportu	d weights. The s dicating better po- dicating	core is scaled erformance. rules-based m ve to peers.	between 0
	positioned to the principle helps explain over-weightir weights on a MSCI ESG ra identify indus	outperform over of financial mate future risk-adjung features with rolling quarterly atings aim to me try leaders and	er the long term. The me eriality including informa usted performance. Mat higher materiality and y basis. easure a company's ma	ethodology considers ation that significantly iteriality is applied by rebalancing these anagement of financially r	scores using ma and 100 with hig relevant ESG risk ks and how well	ateriality-base ther scores in s and opportu	d weights. The s dicating better po- dicating	core is scaled erformance. rules-based m ve to peers.	between 0
	positioned to the principle helps explain over-weightin weights on a MSCI ESG re identify indus	outperform over of financial mate future risk-adjung of features with rolling quarterly atings aim to me try leaders and 8.571-10.000	er the long term. The meriality including informated performance. Mat higher materiality and y basis. Beasure a company's malaggards according to	ethodology considers ation that significantly teriality is applied by rebalancing these anagement of financially r their exposure to ESG ris	scores using ma and 100 with hig relevant ESG risk ks and how well	ateriality-base ther scores in s and opportu	d weights. The s dicating better po- dicating	core is scaled erformance. rules-based m ve to peers.	between 0
	positioned to the principle helps explain over-weightin weights on a MSCI ESG raidentify indus AAA AA	outperform over of financial mature financial mature risk-adjung fig features with rolling quarterly attings aim to mature leaders and 8.571-10.000 7.143-8.570	er the long term. The meriality including informated performance. Mat higher materiality and y basis. Beasure a company's malaggards according to	ethodology considers ation that significantly seriality is applied by rebalancing these anagement of financially retheir exposure to ESG ris leading its industry in magarity and a mixed or unexceptional	scores using ma and 100 with hig elevant ESG risk ks and how well anaging the most sig	s and opportu they manage	d weights. The s dicating better p inities. It uses a those risks relati	core is scaled erformance. rules-based m ve to peers.	between 0
	positioned to the principle helps explain over-weightir weights on a MSCI ESG ra identify indus AAA AA ABBB	outperform over of financial mature risk-adju g features with rolling quarterly atings aim to me try leaders and 8.571-10.000 7.143-8.570 5.714-7.142 4.286-5.713	er the long term. The me eriality including inform. usted performance. Mat higher materiality and y basis. easure a company's ma laggards according to Leader:	ethodology considers ation that significantly teriality is applied by rebalancing these anagement of financially reperture their exposure to ESG ris leading its industry in magement of the significant their exposure to ESG ris leading its industry in magement.	scores using ma and 100 with hig elevant ESG risk ks and how well anaging the most sig	s and opportu they manage	d weights. The s dicating better p inities. It uses a those risks relati	core is scaled erformance. rules-based m ve to peers.	between 0
	positioned to the principle helps explain over-weightir weights on a MSCI ESG ra identify indus AAA AA BBB BB	outperform over of financial mature risk-adjusted to the future risk-adjusted to the future risk-adjusted to the future risk-adjusted to the future risk and the future risk-adjusted to the future ri	er the long term. The me eriality including inform. usted performance. Mat higher materiality and y basis. easure a company's ma laggards according to Leader:	ethodology considers ation that significantly seriality is applied by rebalancing these anagement of financially retheir exposure to ESG ris leading its industry in magarity and a mixed or unexceptional	scores using ma and 100 with hig elevant ESG risk ks and how well anaging the most sig	s and opportu they manage	d weights. The s dicating better p inities. It uses a those risks relati	core is scaled erformance. rules-based m ve to peers.	between 0
	positioned to the principle helps explain over-weightir weights on a MSCI ESG ra identify indus AAA AA BBB BB B	outperform over of financial mature risk-adjusted to the future risk-adjusted to the future risk-adjusted to the future risk-adjusted to mature leaders and 8.571-10.000 7.143-8.570 5.714-7.142 4.286-5.713 2.857-4.285 1.429-2.856	er the long term. The me eriality including inform. usted performance. Mat higher materiality and y basis. easure a company's ma laggards according to Leader:	ethodology considers ation that significantly seriality is applied by rebalancing these anagement of financially retheir exposure to ESG ris leading its industry in magarity and a mixed or unexceptional	scores using ma and 100 with hig relevant ESG risk ks and how well anaging the most sig	s and opportu they manage prificant ESG ris	d weights. The s dicating better p inities. It uses a those risks relati ks and opportunitie	core is scaled erformance. rules-based m ve to peers.	between 0
MSCI	positioned to the principle helps explain over-weights on a MSCI ESG raidentify indus AAA AA BBB BB BB CCC	outperform over of financial mature risk-adjusted for the future risk-adju	er the long term. The meriality including informated performance. Mathigher materiality and y basis. easure a company's malaggards according to be according	ethodology considers ation that significantly seriality is applied by rebalancing these anagement of financially retheir exposure to ESG ris leading its industry in management or unexceptional industry peers	scores using ma and 100 with high and 100 with high elevant ESG risk ks and how well anaging the most signal track record of mand on its high exposure.	s and opportu they manage unificant ESG ris maging the most	d weights. The s dicating better p dicating better p directions. It uses a those risks relation ks and opportunities significant ESG ris manage significant	core is scaled erformance. rules-based m ve to peers. ss sks and opportun t ESG risks	between 0 ethodology to
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Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "CG Score"; 2) "AGM Level"; 3) "Thai CAC"; and 4) THSI. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSSIA does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings.

Source: FSSIA's compilation

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Sureeporn Teewasuwet FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

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History of change in investment rating and/or target price



Date	Rating	Target price	Date	Rating	Target price	Date	Rating	Target price
06-Jun-2024	BUY	64.00	06-Dec-2024	BUY	49.50	11-Jul-2025	BUY	30.00

Sureeporn Teewasuwet started covering this stock from 06-Jun-2024

Price and TP are in local currency

Source: FSSIA estimates

Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
Neo Corporate	NEO TB	THB 24.20	BUY	Downside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) a slower-than-expected consumption recovery; 2) the high volatility of raw material prices; 3) changing consumer demand and lifestyles; and 4) a failure of new products.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited.

All share prices are as at market close on 08-Aug-2025 unless otherwise stated.

RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

Industry Recommendations

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months.

Neutral. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months.

Underweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

Country (Strategy) Recommendations

Overweight (O). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

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