

GLOBAL POWER SYNERGY
THAILAND / UTILITIES

GPSC TB

HOLD

UNCHANGED

รอบปัจจัยบวกใหม่

- คาดกำไรสุทธิ 1Q25 อยู่ที่ 1 พัน ลบ. (+8.5%, +25.5% y-y) โดยได้ปัจจัยหนุนจากอัตราค่าไถ่ในธุรกิจโรงไฟฟ้าขนาดเล็ก (SPP) ที่ปรับตัวดีขึ้นและผลขาดทุนจากถ่านหินคงคลังที่ลดลงของ GHECO-1
- คงประมาณการกำไรสุทธิปี 2025 ของเราที่ 3.7 พัน ลบ. (-8.6% y-y) ซึ่งสะท้อนค่า Ft ที่คาดว่าจะลดลงเป็นหลัก
- คงคำแนะนำถือที่ราคาเป้าหมายปี 2025 ที่ 30 บาท

TARGET PRICE	THB30.00
CLOSE	THB30.50
UP/DOWNSIDE	-1.6%
PRIOR TP	THB30.00
CHANGE IN TP	UNCHANGED
TP vs CONSENSUS	-22.7%

KEY STOCK DATA

YE Dec (THB m)	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Revenue	90,730	79,219	77,611	72,456
Net profit	4,062	3,714	3,594	4,176
EPS (THB)	1.44	1.32	1.27	1.48
vs Consensus (%)	-	(20.8)	(28.5)	(22.2)
EBITDA	20,678	15,285	15,958	15,232
Recurring net profit	4,062	3,714	3,594	4,176
Core EPS (THB)	1.44	1.32	1.27	1.48
Chg. In EPS est. (%)	-	-	-	-
EPS growth (%)	10.0	(8.6)	(3.2)	16.2
Core P/E (x)	21.2	23.2	23.9	20.6
Dividend yield (%)	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
EV/EBITDA (x)	9.8	13.1	13.5	13.8
Price/book (x)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Net debt/Equity (%)	87.8	83.4	93.5	86.3
ROE (%)	3.8	3.4	3.3	3.8

คาดว่ากำไรสุทธิ 1Q25 จะโต q-q และ y-y

เราคาดว่า GPSC จะรายงานกำไรสุทธิอยู่ที่ 1 พัน ลบ. ใน 1Q25 สูงขึ้น 25.5% y-y และ 8.5% q-q โดยได้ปัจจัยผลักดันจากราคาเชื้อเพลิงที่ลดลงจากราคาก๊าซที่ 330 บาท/MMbtu (+6% q-q, -4% y-y) และราคาถ่านหินที่ลดลง 10% q-q และ 20% y-y แม้ว่าค่า Ft จะลดลง 3 สตางค์/kWh เป็น 0.3672 บาท/kWh อัตราค่าไถ่ในธุรกิจ SPP น่าจะปรับตัวดีขึ้น ก๊าซน่าจะได้ประโยชน์จากต้นทุนถ่านหินที่ลดลงของ GHECO-1 จาก จำนวนวันที่พ.ส.ง.หยุดผลิตไฟฟ้าชั่วคราวแต่ยังได้รับค่าความพร้อมจ่ายเหมือนปกติ ที่สูงขึ้นในช่วงวันที่ 1-28 ม.ค. 2025 แม้ว่าการผลิตไฟฟ้าจะลดลง นอกจากนั้นส่วนแบ่งกำไรจาก Avaada ก็น่าจะสูงขึ้นหลังการเริ่มดำเนินงานเชิงพาณิชย์ของกำลังการผลิต 400MW ใน 1Q25 ในขณะที่กำไรของ XCPL น่าจะปรับตัวดีขึ้นจากผลขาดทุนจากอัตราแลกเปลี่ยนที่ลดลง ในด้านลบกำไรของ CFXD มีแนวโน้มอ่อนตัวลงจากต้นทุนการเงินที่อยู่ในระดับสูง อย่างไรก็ตามการแข็งตัวของค่าเงินบาทน่าจะทำให้เกิดผลขาดทุนจากอัตราแลกเปลี่ยนเพียงเล็กน้อยใน 1Q25 เทียบกับผลขาดทุนจากอัตราแลกเปลี่ยนที่มีนัยสำคัญใน 1Q24

คาดว่ากำไร 2Q25 จะอ่อนตัวจากการหยุดจ่ายไฟตามแผน

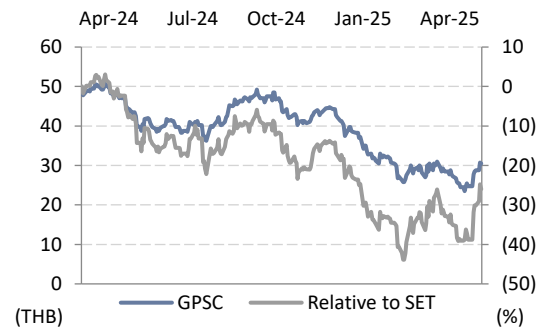
เราคาดว่ากำไรสุทธิของ GPSC จะลดลงใน 2Q25 จากการปิดซ่อมบำรุงตามแผนในหลายโรงไฟฟ้าและค่า Ft ที่ลดลง q-q และ y-y แม้ว่าต้นทุนค่าเชื้อเพลิงอาจทรงตัว อัตราค่าไถ่ในธุรกิจ SPP มีแนวโน้มที่จะหดตัว อย่างไรก็ตามค่าไถ่ที่น่าจะปรับตัวดีขึ้นจากส่วนแบ่งกำไรที่สูงขึ้นจาก Avaada จากกำลังการผลิตใหม่ประมาณ 400MW ที่คาดว่าจะเดินการผลิตเต็มกำลังในระหว่างไตรมาส นอกจากนี้ CFXD ยังมีแนวโน้มที่จะกลับมาทำกำไรโดยได้ปัจจัยผลักดันจากต้นทุนการเงินที่ลดลง ในทางตรงกันข้าม GHECO-1 อาจเผชิญแรงกดดันในด้านอัตราค่าไถ่จากต้นทุนถ่านหินที่สูงขึ้น หลังสำรองสำหรับจำนวนวันที่พ.ส.ง.หยุดผลิตไฟฟ้าชั่วคราวแต่ยังได้รับค่าความพร้อมจ่ายเหมือนปกติหายไป 2Q25

คงประมาณการกำไรปี 2025-26 ของเราซึ่งถูกถ่วงโดยแนวโน้มค่าไฟฟ้าที่ลดลง

เราคงประมาณการกำไรสุทธิปี 2025-26 ของเราที่ 3.7 พัน ลบ. ในปี 2025 (-9.4% y-y) และ 3.6 พัน ลบ. ในปี 2026 (-3.2% y-y) บนสมมติฐานค่าไฟฟ้าเฉลี่ยที่ 3.76 บาท/kWh ในปี 2025 และ 3.67 บาท/kWh ในปี 2026 ซึ่งยังสูงกว่าช่วงราคามาตรฐานนโยบายของรัฐบาลที่ 2-3 บาท/kWh และแม้ว่ารัฐบาลจะแสดงความตั้งใจลดค่าไฟฟ้าปัจจุบันที่ 3.99 บาท/kWh ในช่วงเดือน พ.ค. - ส.ค. 2025 เราเชื่อว่าการบรรลุเป้าหมายดังกล่าวเป็นเรื่องยากจากโครงสร้างราคาไฟฟ้าที่ต่ำกว่ากรณีฐานในสัญญาซื้อขายไฟฟ้าปัจจุบันเป็นหลัก ทั้งนี้การลดราคาค่าไฟฟ้าอย่างมีนัยสำคัญจะต้องผ่านการเจรจาปรับหรือต่อสัญญาซื้อขายไฟฟ้าซึ่งเราเชื่อว่าอาจสร้างความวุ่นวายเพิ่มเติมให้แก่ผู้ผลิตไฟฟ้า

ราคาหุ้นสะท้อนความกังวลเกี่ยวกับค่าไฟฟ้าไปแล้วแต่ยังขาดปัจจัยบวกใหม่

เราคงคำแนะนำถือเนื่องจากหุ้นมี Upside จำกัด ขาดปัจจัยบวกและความกังวลเกี่ยวกับค่าไฟฟ้าแม้ว่าราคาหุ้นจะสะท้อนความเสี่ยงส่วนมากไปแล้ว เราคงราคาเป้าหมายปี 2025 ที่ 30 บาท



Share price performance	1 Month	3 Month	12 Month
Absolute (%)	7.0	(4.7)	(36.8)
Relative to country (%)	10.1	11.0	(25.6)
Mkt cap (USD m)	2,575		
3m avg. daily turnover (USD m)	9.1		
Free float (%)	25		
Major shareholder	PTT Plc (47%)		
12m high/low (THB)	51.50/22.40		
Issued shares (m)	2,819.73		

Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates



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Investment thesis

We see GPSC as a leader in renewable power, given its renewable proportion target of 65% by 2030. It had an electricity-generating equity capacity of 6.85GW as of 3Q24 and has solid expansion plans to increase its committed capacity to 11.8GW. The company's financial performance in 2025-26 should see support from energy price normalization, a profit turnaround of its flagship solar business in India, Avaada Energy Private Limited (AEPL), the COD of its wind farm in Taiwan, Changfang and Xidao (CFXD), and other expansion projects in the pipeline.

Established as a power investment arm of the PTT Group, GPSC has long leveraged its solid ties with the group to expand its electricity generation capacity growth and capture domestic and international opportunities. Currently, GPSC generates electricity mainly from natural gas (52%), and most of its capacity is aimed at supporting PTT Group companies, given GPSC's shareholding structure, with a 75% stake owned by the PTT Group.

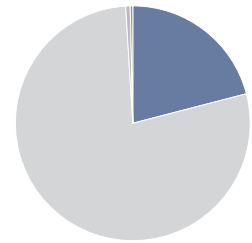
Company profile

GPSC is the power flagship company of PTT Group and is one of the largest power producers in Thailand. Its business portfolio includes gas-fired power plants, coal-fired power plants, renewables, and a battery business. The company has footprints in Thailand, Laos, India, Taiwan and China.

www.gpscgroup.com

Principal activities (revenue, 2024)

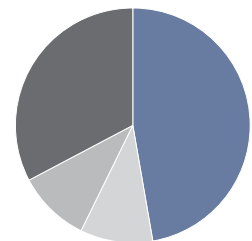
- Independent power producer - 21.0 %
- Small power producer - 78.1 %
- Very small power producer - 0.6 %
- Others - 0.4 %



Source: Global Power Synergy

Major shareholders

- PTT Plc - 47.3 %
- PTTGC Plc - 10.0 %
- TOP Plc - 10.0 %
- Others - 32.7 %



Source: Global Power Synergy

Catalysts

Key potential catalysts are 1) falling energy prices (i.e., gas and coal); 2) a higher Ft; 3) new M&As; 4) the resumption of operations at the GHECO-One power plant; 5) AEPL's operations meeting the company's targets and potentially winning renewable bids in India; and 6) a high potential to win new capacity in the renewable bidding phase 2.1 of around 250MW.

Risks to our call

Upside risks to our SoTP-based TP include 1) higher-than-expected Ft; 2) faster MW expansion; and 3) lower interest rates. Downside risks to our SoTP-based TP include 1) lower-than-expected demand for electricity in Thailand; 2) higher-than-expected energy prices (i.e., coal and gas); and 3) lower-than-expected demand from industrial users.

Event calendar

Date	Event
8 May 2025	1Q25 results announcement
9 May 2025	1Q25 analyst meeting

Key assumptions

	2024A	2025E	2026E	2027E
IPP gas price (THB/mmbtu)	358	331	336	330
SPP gas price (THB/mmbtu)	345	320	320	320
Coal price (USD/tonne)	150	100	95	90
Ft (THB/kWh)	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.36
Regular Tariff (THB/kWh)	4.18	3.76	3.67	3.76

Source: FSSIA estimates

Earnings sensitivity

- For every THB1/mmbtu increase in gas price, we estimate 2025 earnings would decline by THB25m and vice versa, all else being equal.
- For every THB0.01/kWh increase in the fuel tariff, we estimate 2025 earnings would increase by THB50m and vice versa, all else being equal.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 1: GPSC's quarterly results preview

	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25E		
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(q-q%)	(y-y%)
Revenue	23,773	23,877	20,912	22,168	21,377	(3.6)	(10.1)
Operating costs	(20,996)	(20,716)	(18,166)	(19,428)	(18,596)	(4.3)	(11.4)
EBITDA	4,594	5,066	7,111	7,112	4,498	(36.8)	(2.1)
Depn & amort.	(2,327)	(2,413)	(2,371)	(2,645)	(2,227)	(15.8)	(4.3)
EBIT	2,267	2,653	2,212	1,720	2,271	32.0	0.1
Interest expense	(1,401)	(1,558)	(1,454)	(1,473)	(1,450)	(1.5)	3.5
Other income	500	1,625	1,064	(1,119)	686	(161.3)	37.2
Associates' contrib	(12)	(24)	29	299	(10)	(103.3)	(15.9)
Pretax profit	1,195	1,518	914	1,444	1,416	(1.9)	18.5
Tax	(135)	96	(12)	(250)	(135)	na	na
Minority interests	(196)	(186)	(133)	(194)	(196)	na	na
Net profit	864	1,429	770	1,000	1,085	8.5	25.5

Sources: GPSC, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 2: Valuation: WACC calculations

Cost of equity assumptions	(%)	Cost of debt assumptions	(%)
Risk-free rate	3.0	Pretax cost of debt	4.0
Market risk premium	11.0	Marginal tax rate	20.0
Stock beta	1.20		
Cost of equity, Ke	16.2	Net cost of debt, Kd	3.6
Weight applied	37.2	Weight applied	62.8
WACC (%)	8.3		

Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 3: Target price calculations

SoTP valuation estimate	(THB m)	(THB/share)	Comments
Core operating assets	173,422	61.5	Includes all SPPs and two hydropower plants
Investments	7,322	2.6	Estimated value for affiliates post 2015, assume EIRR of 12%
Cash	36,853	13.1	At end-2024E
Debt	(143,196)	(50.8)	At end-2024E
Minorities	(11,984)	(4.2)	At end-2024E
Residual ordinary equity	62,418	23.8	
GLOW	53,456	19.0	Excluding SPP replacement projects
XPCL	786	0.3	Assume EIRR 12%, COD Oct 2019
ERU – TOP's CFP project	(4,697)	(1.7)	Assume EIRR 9.4%, COD 2026E
GLOW SPP replacement	(35,624)	(12.6)	Including GEN phase 2, GSPP2&3, and GSPP11#1
AEPL - solar farms (India)	2,701	1.0	Assume EIRR 15%
CFXD - wind farms (Taiwan)	991	0.4	Assume EIRR 8%
Target price	80,032	30.0	

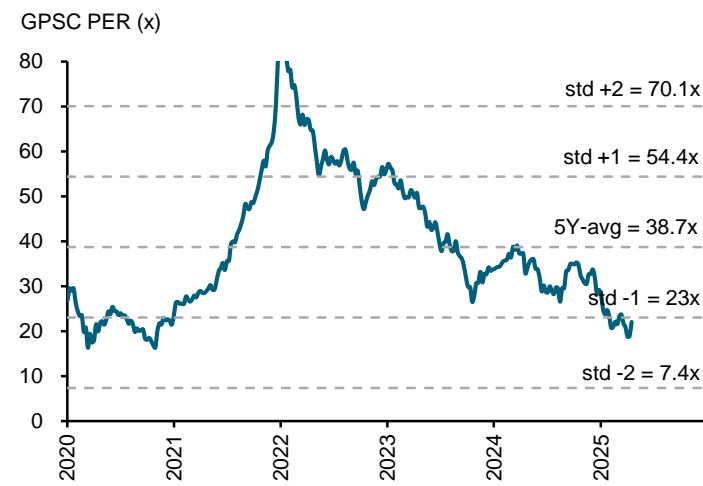
Sources: GPSC, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 4: Key valuations as of 23 Apr 2025

Company	BBG	Rec	Share Price (LCY)	Target price (LCY)	Up side (%)	Market Cap (USD m)	PE		ROE		PBV		EV/EBITDA	
							25E (x)	26E (x)	25E (%)	26E (%)	25E (x)	26E (x)	25E (x)	26E (x)
Thailand														
Global Power Synergy*	GPSC TB	HOLD	30.50	30	(2)	2,575	23.2	23.9	3.4	3.3	0.8	0.8	13.1	13.5
Ratch Group*	RATCH TB	BUY	26.00	35	34	1,693	8.2	8.3	7.0	6.6	0.6	0.5	17.1	19.0
CK Power*	CKP TB	BUY	2.80	3.40	21	682	15.1	14.7	5.3	5.3	0.8	0.8	12.4	12.2
WHA Utilities and Power*	WHAUP TB	BUY	3.40	4.50	32	389	10.8	10.1	8.8	9.1	0.9	0.9	17.2	16.7
Gulf Development*	GULF TB	BUY	45.50	58	27	20,355	26.6	22.8	7.4	8.1	1.9	1.8	32.2	30.1
B Grimm Power	BGRIM TB	n/a	11.00	n/a	n/a	855	15.1	12.4	4.8	5.6	0.7	0.6	11.1	10.7
BCPG	BCPG TB	n/a	7.05	n/a	n/a	621	14.9	11.2	3.8	6.1	0.7	0.6	12.4	9.9
Energy Absolute	EA TB	n/a	2.12	n/a	n/a	487	5.0	6.4	6.9	4.3	0.4	0.4	9.3	12.6
Electricity Generating	EGCO TB	n/a	100.50	n/a	n/a	1,586	7.1	7.3	7.7	7.3	0.5	0.4	10.6	11.5
Banpu Power	BPP TB	n/a	6.95	n/a	n/a	627	6.2	5.6	6.6	6.8	0.4	0.4	7.4	7.4
Gunkul Engineering	GUNKUL TB	n/a	1.60	n/a	n/a	410	8.6	7.9	11.4	12.1	1.0	0.9	7.4	7.3
Absolute Clean Energy	ACE TB	n/a	1.34	n/a	n/a	401	13.4	7.4	6.2	10.2	0.8	0.7	8.7	5.6
Thailand avg						30,682	12.8	11.5	6.6	7.1	0.8	0.7	13.2	13.0

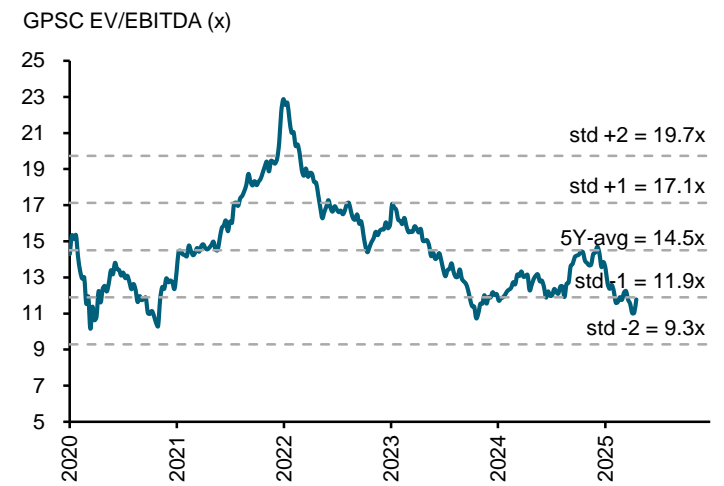
Sources: Bloomberg; *FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 5: One-year forward P/E band



Sources: Bloomberg, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 6: One-year forward EV/EBITDA band



Sources: Bloomberg, FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Global Power Synergy

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Revenue	91,079	90,730	79,219	77,611	72,456
Cost of goods sold	(80,654)	(79,307)	(68,907)	(67,331)	(63,564)
Gross profit	10,425	11,423	10,312	10,280	8,892
Other operating income	2,014	2,069	1,241	1,254	1,266
Operating costs	(3,054)	(2,571)	(2,409)	(2,100)	(2,100)
Operating EBITDA	18,994	20,678	15,285	15,958	15,232
Depreciation	(9,608)	(9,756)	(6,141)	(6,524)	(7,174)
Goodwill amortisation	0	0	0	0	0
Operating EBIT	9,386	10,921	9,145	9,434	8,058
Net financing costs	(5,142)	(6,143)	(5,923)	(5,733)	(5,389)
Associates	1,049	293	1,535	1,019	2,607
Recurring non-operating income	1,049	293	1,535	1,019	2,607
Non-recurring items	0	0	0	0	0
Profit before tax	5,293	5,071	4,757	4,720	5,276
Tax	(523)	(300)	(396)	(499)	(371)
Profit after tax	4,770	4,771	4,362	4,221	4,905
Minority interests	(1,076)	(709)	(648)	(627)	(729)
Preferred dividends	0	0	0	0	0
Other items	-	-	-	-	-
Reported net profit	3,694	4,062	3,714	3,594	4,176
Non-recurring items & goodwill (net)	0	0	0	0	0
Recurring net profit	3,694	4,062	3,714	3,594	4,176
Per share (THB)					
Recurring EPS *	1.31	1.44	1.32	1.27	1.48
Reported EPS	1.31	1.44	1.32	1.27	1.48
DPS	0.74	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data)	2,820	2,820	2,820	2,820	2,820
Growth					
Revenue (%)	(26.4)	(0.4)	(12.7)	(2.0)	(6.6)
Operating EBITDA (%)	28.5	8.9	(26.1)	4.4	(4.5)
Operating EBIT (%)	65.5	16.4	(16.3)	3.2	(14.6)
Recurring EPS (%)	32.9	10.0	(8.6)	(3.2)	16.2
Reported EPS (%)	314.3	10.0	(8.6)	(3.2)	16.2
Operating performance					
Gross margin inc. depreciation (%)	11.4	12.6	13.0	13.2	12.3
Gross margin exc. depreciation (%)	22.0	23.3	20.8	21.7	22.2
Operating EBITDA margin (%)	20.9	22.8	19.3	20.6	21.0
Operating EBIT margin (%)	10.3	12.0	11.5	12.2	11.1
Net margin (%)	4.1	4.5	4.7	4.6	5.8
Effective tax rate (%)	12.3	6.3	12.3	13.5	13.9
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	56.5	62.5	68.3	70.6	60.8
Interest cover (X)	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.0
Inventory days	60.4	50.7	48.1	50.3	49.0
Debtor days	66.0	50.5	56.0	55.4	57.5
Creditor days	46.1	33.6	33.4	34.5	37.2
Operating ROIC (%)	(10.2)	(12.2)	(19.1)	(26.7)	(28.3)
ROIC (%)	(4.9)	(5.3)	(9.4)	(12.9)	(16.9)
ROE (%)	3.5	3.8	3.4	3.3	3.8
ROA (%)	(0.5)	(0.9)	(3.0)	(4.8)	(6.0)
* Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted					
Revenue by Division (THB m)					
Independent power producer	12,412	19,014	16,378	12,394	12,394
Small power producer	77,502	70,836	57,875	58,518	53,602
Very small power producer	563	561	4,423	6,199	5,860
Others	602	319	543	500	600

Sources: Global Power Synergy; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Global Power Synergy

Cash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Recurring net profit	3,694	4,062	3,714	3,594	4,176
Depreciation	9,608	9,756	6,141	6,524	7,174
Associates & minorities	1,049	293	1,535	1,019	2,607
Other non-cash items	1,319	1,319	1,320	1,321	1,322
Change in working capital	931	3,524	(41)	1,913	1,675
Cash flow from operations	16,601	18,954	12,668	14,372	16,955
Capex - maintenance	(6,236)	(6,235)	(6,141)	(6,524)	(7,174)
Capex - new investment	(15,994)	(15,664)	(11,139)	(31,523)	(12,173)
Net acquisitions & disposals	(18,912)	(9,839)	(12,281)	(13,049)	(14,349)
Other investments (net)	0	0	0	0	0
Cash flow from investing	(41,142)	(31,738)	(29,561)	(51,096)	(33,696)
Dividends paid	0	0	(2,538)	(2,538)	(2,538)
Equity finance	0	0	0	0	0
Debt finance	16,281	4,426	0	0	0
Other financing cash flows	7,295	38,587	34,656	36,888	37,064
Cash flow from financing	23,576	43,013	32,118	34,350	34,526
Non-recurring cash flows	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments	0	0	0	0	0
Net other adjustments	(74)	(17,934)	(11,844)	(12,106)	(11,370)
Movement in cash	(1,039)	12,295	3,381	(14,481)	6,415
Free cash flow to firm (FCFF)	(19,147.91)	(6,898.35)	(11,429.00)	(31,391.09)	(11,407.60)
Free cash flow to equity (FCFE)	(1,039.03)	12,295.34	5,919.11	(11,942.88)	8,953.14

Per share (THB)

FCFF per share	(6.79)	(2.45)	(4.05)	(11.13)	(4.05)
FCFE per share	(0.37)	4.36	2.10	(4.24)	3.18
Recurring cash flow per share	5.56	5.47	4.51	4.42	5.42

Balance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Tangible fixed assets (gross)	168,387	168,060	173,060	198,060	203,060
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(75,588)	(75,587)	(81,728)	(88,252)	(95,427)
Tangible fixed assets (net)	92,799	92,473	91,332	109,808	107,633
Intangible fixed assets (net)	2,140	3,737	3,738	3,739	3,740
Long-term financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
Invest. in associates & subsidiaries	50,812	48,181	48,181	48,181	48,181
Cash & equivalents	13,197	25,492	28,873	14,392	20,807
A/C receivable	12,765	12,334	11,958	11,589	11,245
Inventories	11,605	7,733	8,795	7,965	7,178
Other current assets	4,256	4,220	3,684	3,610	3,370
Current assets	41,823	49,779	53,310	37,556	42,600
Other assets	94,129	93,967	93,967	93,967	93,967
Total assets	281,703	288,136	290,527	293,249	296,121
Common equity	106,195	107,558	108,733	109,789	111,428
Minorities etc.	11,330	11,584	12,732	13,959	15,288
Total shareholders' equity	117,525	119,142	121,465	123,749	126,716
Long term debt	98,736	117,888	117,888	117,888	117,888
Other long-term liabilities	26,775	27,981	27,981	27,981	27,981
Long-term liabilities	125,511	145,869	145,869	145,869	145,869
A/C payable	7,060	5,740	5,740	5,740	5,740
Short term debt	26,960	12,234	12,234	12,234	12,234
Other current liabilities	4,647	5,152	5,261	5,900	6,205
Current liabilities	38,667	23,126	23,234	23,873	24,178
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	281,703	288,136	290,568	293,490	296,763
Net working capital	16,919	13,395	13,437	11,524	9,849
Invested capital	256,799	251,752	250,654	267,217	263,369

* Includes convertibles and preferred stock which is being treated as debt

Per share (THB)

Book value per share	37.66	38.14	38.56	38.94	39.52
Tangible book value per share	36.90	36.82	37.24	37.61	38.19

Financial strength

Net debt/equity (%)	95.7	87.8	83.4	93.5	86.3
Net debt/total assets (%)	39.9	36.3	34.8	39.5	36.9
Current ratio (x)	1.1	2.2	2.3	1.6	1.8
CF interest cover (x)	3.9	5.6	3.9	4.4	4.9

Valuation	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Recurring P/E (x) *	23.3	21.2	23.2	23.9	20.6
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) *	22.9	20.8	22.8	23.5	20.3
Reported P/E (x)	23.3	21.2	23.2	23.9	20.6
Dividend yield (%)	2.4	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Price/book (x)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Price/tangible book (x)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
EV/EBITDA (x) **	11.0	9.8	13.1	13.5	13.8
EV/EBITDA @ target price (x) **	11.0	9.7	13.0	13.4	13.7
EV/invested capital (x)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8

* Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted ** EBITDA includes associate income and recurring non-operating income

Sources: Global Power Synergy; FSSIA estimates

Global Power Synergy (GPSC TB)

FSSIA ESG rating

71.89 / 100
Exhibit 7: FSSIA ESG score implication

Rating	Score	Implication
★★★★★	>79-100	Leading its industry peers in managing the most significant ESG risks which not only better cost efficiency but also lead to higher profitability.
★★★★★	>59-79	A mixed track record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities relative to industry peers.
★★★★	>39-59	Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been constructively addressed, well-managed and incorporated into day-to-day operations, in which targets and achievements are evaluated annually.
★★★	>19-39	Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been identified with key management in charge for progress to be followed up on and to provide intensive disclosure. Most targets are conventional and achievable.
★	1-19	The company has adopted the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs), established sustainability management guidelines and fully complies with regulations or ESG suggested guidance from related organizations such as the SET and SEC.

Sources: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 8: ESG – peer comparison

	FSSIA ESG score	Domestic ratings						Global ratings						Bloomberg	
		DJSI	SET ESG	SET ESG Rating	CG score	AGM level	Thai CAC	Morningstar ESG risk	ESG Book	MSCI	Moody's	Refinitiv	S&P Global	ESG score	Disclosure score
SET100	67.71	5.69	4.38	4.05	4.77	4.43	4.02	Medium	57.34	BBB	22.70	60.82	67.31	1.19	35.34
Coverage	66.17	5.16	4.33	3.94	4.81	4.43	3.83	Medium	56.41	BBB	18.92	59.20	65.82	1.38	35.46
BCPG	62.74	--	Y	AA	5.00	5.00	Certified	Medium	61.24	A	--	55.65	31.00	--	59.11
BGRIM	65.91	--	Y	AAA	5.00	5.00	Certified	High	62.27	BBB	--	54.54	84.00	--	73.28
GULF	59.23	--	Y	AA	5.00	5.00	Certified	High	58.96	B	--	53.88	66.00	--	62.42
GPSC	71.89	Y	Y	AA	5.00	5.00	Certified	Medium	64.56	B	--	54.57	86.00	--	--
GUNKUL	68.07	--	Y	AA	5.00	5.00	Certified	Medium	63.88	AAA	--	66.66	38.00	--	59.97

Sources: SETTRADE.com; FSSIA's compilation
Exhibit 9: ESG score by Bloomberg

FY ending Dec 31	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
ESG financial materiality scores - ESG score	4.44	4.46	4.65	4.86	4.68	4.69	4.64	—
BESG environmental pillar score	3.89	3.73	4.20	4.60	4.09	4.00	3.84	—
BESG social pillar score	5.13	5.13	5.07	4.17	4.66	5.06	5.17	—
BESG governance pillar score	4.71	5.10	5.01	6.07	5.77	5.53	5.52	—
ESG disclosure score	64.13	68.40	71.71	76.11	75.18	74.59	74.51	—
Environmental disclosure score	55.97	59.35	71.85	76.44	81.55	79.76	79.52	—
Social disclosure score	48.97	52.15	49.58	55.68	54.08	54.08	54.08	—
Governance disclosure score	87.36	93.62	93.62	96.12	89.86	89.86	89.86	—
Environmental								
Emissions reduction initiatives	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Climate change policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Climate change opportunities discussed	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Risks of climate change discussed	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
GHG scope 1	2,795	2,524	2,805	2,283	11,178	11,845	12,681	8,544
GHG scope 2 location-based	9	4	2	2	21	23	28	29
GHG Scope 3	385	357	344	184	327	1,394	1,555	1,051
Carbon per unit of production	0.33	0.30	0.33	0.30	0.37	0.44	0.45	0.38
Biodiversity policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Energy efficiency policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Total energy consumption	13,748	10,912	10,582	9,815	36,425	50,019	52,895	8,263
Renewable energy use	—	—	—	0	0	3	4	1
Electricity used	23	11	3	4	39	25	56	17
Fuel used - natural gas	1,315,460	1,043,640	2,928,960	2,804,980	2,867,270	3,298,150	3,184,120	3,140,820

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 10: ESG score by Bloomberg (cont.)

FY ending Dec 31	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Fuel used - crude oil/diesel	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Waste reduction policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hazardous waste	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1
Total waste	1	1	1	1	23	214	237	147
Waste recycled	0	0	0	0	0	199	222	144
Waste sent to landfills	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.78	11.46	—	—
Environmental supply chain management	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Water policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Water consumption	—	—	—	—	47,051.60	34,136.90	35,086.90	30,779.90
Social								
Human rights policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Policy against child labor	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
Quality assurance and recall policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Consumer data protection policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Equal opportunity policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Gender pay gap breakout	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pct women in workforce	30.23	32.19	32.39	32.75	29.83	29.96	29.43	29.44
Pct disabled in workforce	—	—	—	—	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Business ethics policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Anti-bribery ethics policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Health and safety policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Lost time incident rate - employees	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total recordable incident rate - employees	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.09	0.00	0.00
Training policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Fair remuneration policy	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Number of employees – CSR	258.00	292.00	318.00	345.00	1,076.00	1,108.00	1,128.00	1,104.00
Employee turnover pct	4.02	2.54	3.61	5.22	2.97	3.16	5.76	5.89
Total hours spent by firm - employee training	9,571.80	8,143.88	11,797.80	13,127.20	27,524.10	30,990.80	31,663.00	41,521.40
Social supply chain management	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Governance								
Board size	12	12	13	13	15	15	13	13
No. of independent directors (ID)	5	4	5	5	7	7	6	6
No. of women on board	1	2	3	2	2	2	2	2
No. of non-executive directors on board	11	11	12	12	14	14	12	12
Company conducts board evaluations	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
No. of board meetings for the year	14	14	19	16	15	12	16	14
Board meeting attendance pct	95	92	90	94	99	100	96	99
Board duration (years)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Director share ownership guidelines	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Age of the youngest director	54	50	48	49	50	48	54	53
Age of the oldest director	67	68	67	67	68	69	67	67
No. of executives / company managers	15	19	19	20	32	36	34	35
No. of female executives	2	4	5	9	11	11	12	9
Executive share ownership guidelines	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Size of audit committee	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
No. of ID on audit committee	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
Audit committee meetings	18	11	12	7	6	7	6	7
Audit meeting attendance %	99	100	100	100	100	100	94	100
Size of compensation committee	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
No. of ID on compensation committee	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	1
No. of compensation committee meetings	5	7	5	10	5	5	3	3
Compensation meeting attendance %	87	100	100	97	100	100	100	100
Size of nomination committee	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
No. of nomination committee meetings	5	7	5	10	5	5	3	3
Nomination meeting attendance %	87	100	100	97	100	100	100	100
Sustainability governance								
Verification type	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA's compilation

Disclaimer for ESG scoring

ESG score	Methodology	Rating																			
The Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSI) By S&P Global	The DJSI World applies a transparent, rules-based component selection process based on the companies' Total Sustainability Scores resulting from the annual S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA). Only the top-ranked companies within each industry are selected for inclusion.	Be a member and invited to the annual S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA) for DJSI. Companies with an S&P Global ESG Score of less than 45% of the S&P Global ESG Score of the highest scoring company are disqualified. The constituents of the DJSI indices are selected from the Eligible Universe.																			
SET ESG Ratings List (SETESG) by The Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET)	SET ESG quantifies responsibility in Environmental and Social issues by managing business with transparency in Governance, updated annually. Candidates must pass the preemptive criteria, with two crucial conditions: 1) no irregular trading of the board members and executives; and 2) free float of >150 shareholders, and combined holding must be >15% of paid-up capital. Some key disqualifying criteria include: 1) CG score of below 70%; 2) independent directors and free float violation; 3) executives' wrongdoing related to CG, social & environmental impacts; 4) equity in negative territory; and 5) earnings in red for > 3 years in the last 5 years.	To be eligible for SETESG inclusion , verified data must be scored at a minimum of 50% for each indicator, unless the company is a part of DJSI during the assessment year. The scoring will be fairly weighted against the nature of the relevant industry and materiality. SETESG Index is extended from the SET ESG Ratings companies whose 1) market capitalization > THB5b (~USD150b); 2) free float >20%; and 3) liquidity >0.5% of paid-up capital for at least 9 out of 12 months. The SETTHSI Index is a market capitalisation-weighted index, cap 5% quarterly weight at maximum, and no cap for number of stocks.																			
CG Score by Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD)	An indicator of CG strength in sustainable development, measured annually by the Thai IOD, with support from the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET). The results are from the perspective of a third party, not an evaluation of operations.	Scores are rated in six categories: 5 for Excellent (90-100), 4 for Very Good (80-89), 3 for Good (70-79), 2 for Fair (60-69), 1 for Pass (60-69), and not rated for scores below 50. Weightings include: 1) the rights; 2) and equitable treatment of shareholders (weight 25% combined); 3) the role of stakeholders (25%); 4) disclosure & transparency (15%); and 5) board responsibilities (35%).																			
AGM level By Thai Investors Association (TIA) with support from the SEC	It quantifies the extent to which shareholders' rights and equitable treatment are incorporated into business operations and information is transparent and sufficiently disclosed. All form important elements of two out of five the CG components to be evaluated annually. The assessment criteria cover AGM procedures before the meeting (45%), at the meeting date (45%), and after the meeting (10%). <i>(The first assesses 1) advance circulation of sufficient information for voting; and 2) facilitating how voting rights can be exercised. The second assesses 1) the ease of attending meetings; 2) transparency and verifiability; and 3) openness for Q&A. The third involves the meeting minutes that should contain discussion issues, resolutions and voting results.)</i>	The scores are classified into four categories: 5 for Excellent (100), 4 for Very Good (90-99), 3 for Fair (80-89), and not rated for scores below 79.																			
Thai CAC By Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC)	The core elements of the Checklist include corruption risk assessment, establishment of key controls, and the monitoring and developing of policies. The Certification is good for three years. <i>(Companies deciding to become a CAC certified member start by submitting a Declaration of Intent to kick off an 18-month deadline to submit the CAC Checklist for Certification, including risk assessment, in place of policy and control, training of managers and employees, establishment of whistleblowing channels, and communication of policies to all stakeholders.)</i>	The document will be reviewed by a committee of nine professionals. A passed Checklist will move for granting certification by the CAC Council approvals whose members are twelve highly respected individuals in professionalism and ethical achievements.																			
Morningstar Sustainalytics	The Sustainalytics' ESG risk rating provides an overall company score based on an assessment of how much of a company's exposure to ESG risk is unmanaged. <i>Sources to be reviewed include corporate publications and regulatory filings, news and other media, NGO reports/websites, multi-sector information, company feedback, ESG controversies, issuer feedback on draft ESG reports, and quality & peer reviews.</i>	A company's ESG risk rating score is the sum of unmanaged risk. The more risk is unmanaged, the higher ESG risk is scored. <table border="1" style="margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>NEGL</th> <th>Low</th> <th>Medium</th> <th>High</th> <th>Severe</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0-10</td> <td>10-20</td> <td>20-30</td> <td>30-40</td> <td>40+</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	NEGL	Low	Medium	High	Severe	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40+									
NEGL	Low	Medium	High	Severe																	
0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40+																	
ESG Book	The ESG score identifies sustainable companies that are better positioned to outperform over the long term. The methodology considers the principle of financial materiality including information that significantly helps explain future risk-adjusted performance. Materiality is applied by over-weighting features with higher materiality and rebalancing these weights on a rolling quarterly basis.	The total ESG score is calculated as a weighted sum of the features scores using materiality-based weights. The score is scaled between 0 and 100 with higher scores indicating better performance.																			
MSCI	MSCI ESG ratings aim to measure a company's management of financially relevant ESG risks and opportunities. It uses a rules-based methodology to identify industry leaders and laggards according to their exposure to ESG risks and how well they manage those risks relative to peers. <table border="1" style="margin-top: 10px;"> <tbody> <tr> <td>AAA</td> <td>8.571-10.000</td> <td rowspan="3">Leader:</td> <td rowspan="3">leading its industry in managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities</td> </tr> <tr> <td>AA</td> <td>7.143-8.570</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>5.714-7.142</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BBB</td> <td>4.286-5.713</td> <td rowspan="3">Average:</td> <td rowspan="3">a mixed or unexceptional track record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities relative to industry peers</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BB</td> <td>2.857-4.285</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>1.429-2.856</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CCC</td> <td>0.000-1.428</td> <td>Laggard:</td> <td>lagging its industry based on its high exposure and failure to manage significant ESG risks</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	AAA	8.571-10.000	Leader:	leading its industry in managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities	AA	7.143-8.570	A	5.714-7.142	BBB	4.286-5.713	Average:	a mixed or unexceptional track record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities relative to industry peers	BB	2.857-4.285	B	1.429-2.856	CCC	0.000-1.428	Laggard:	lagging its industry based on its high exposure and failure to manage significant ESG risks
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Moody's ESG solutions	Moody's assesses the degree to which companies take into account ESG objectives in the definition and implementation of their strategy policies. It believes that a company integrating ESG factors into its business model and relatively outperforming its peers is better positioned to mitigate risks and create sustainable value for shareholders over the medium to long term.																				
Refinitiv ESG rating	Designed to transparently and objectively measure a company's relative ESG performance, commitment and effectiveness across 10 main themes, based on publicly available and auditable data. The score ranges from 0 to 100 on relative ESG performance and insufficient degree of transparency in reporting material ESG data publicly. <i>(Score ratings are 0 to 25 = poor; >25 to 50 = satisfactory; >50 to 75 = good; and >75 to 100 = excellent.)</i>																				
S&P Global	The S&P Global ESG Score is a relative score measuring a company's performance on and management of ESG risks, opportunities, and impacts compared to its peers within the same industry classification. The score ranges from 0 to 100.																				
Bloomberg	ESG Score	Bloomberg score evaluating the company's aggregated Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) performance. The score is based on Bloomberg's view of ESG financial materiality. The score is a weighted generalized mean (power mean) of Pillar Scores, where the weights are determined by the pillar priority ranking. Values range from 0 to 10; 10 is the best.																			
Bloomberg	ESG Disclosure Score	Disclosure of a company's ESG used for Bloomberg ESG score. The score ranges from 0 for none to 100 for disclosure of every data point, measuring the amount of ESG data reported publicly, and not the performance on any data point.																			

Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "CG Score"; 2) "AGM Level"; 3) "Thai CAC"; and 4) THSI. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSSIA does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings.

Source: FSSIA's compilation

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Songklod Wongchai FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

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Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
Global Power Synergy	GPSC TB	THB 30.50	HOLD	Upside risks to our SoTP-based TP include 1) higher-than-expected Ft; 2) faster MW expansion; and 3) lower interest rates. Downside risks to our SoTP-based TP include 1) lower-than-expected demand for electricity in Thailand; 2) higher-than-expected energy prices (i.e., coal and gas); and 3) lower-than-expected demand from industrial users.
Ratch Group	RATCH TB	THB 26.00	BUY	The downside risks to our SoTP-based TP include 1) lower-than-expected demand for electricity in Thailand; 2) lower crude price; and 3) delays in starting new projects.
CK Power	CKP TB	THB 2.80	BUY	The downside risks to our SoTP-based TP include lower-than-expected demand for electricity in Thailand and a lower-than-expected water supply for hydro projects.
WHA Utilities and Power	WHAUP TB	THB 3.40	BUY	The downside risks to our SoTP-based TP include higher gas prices with lower electricity tariffs, pressured by government policies, resulting in significantly lower power margins. And upside risk to expanding new customer base from WHA industrial estates' expansion outlook, rising in water supply and electricity demand from factories in industrial estates, signing contracts to sell water to new customers, and higher water charges
Gulf Development	GULF TB	THB 45.50	BUY	The downside risks to our SoTP-based TP for GULF include 1) a lower-than-expected Ft; 2) a higher-than-expected gas cost; and 3) delays in project commercial operation dates.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited.

All share prices are as at market close on 23-Apr-2025 unless otherwise stated.

RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

Industry Recommendations

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months.

Neutral. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months.

Underweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

Country (Strategy) Recommendations

Overweight (O). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.