EQUITIES RESEARCH - SECTOR REPORT



# **Thailand Shipping**

# ค่าระวางเรือเทกองปรับฐานในปี 2025 จากอุปทานเพิ่ม

- ค่าระวางเรือเทกองมีแนวโน้มปรับลงในปี 2025 จากอุปสงค์ที่อ่อนแอและอุปทานที่เพิ่มขึ้น
- แม้ไม่มีความขัดแย้งทางการค้า ค่าระวางเรือมีแนวโน้มลดลงในปีนี้จากอุปสงค์-อุปทานที่ไม่สมดุล
- คาดการณ์กำไรกลุ่มเรือเทกองปรับลงในปี 2025 ก่อนจะเพิ่มขึ้นในปี 2026

#### คาดค่าระวางเรือเทกองปรับฐานในปี 2025

ปกติแล้ว ทุก disruptions มักส่งผลบวกต่ออัตราค่าระวางเรือในระยะสั้น เช่น กรณีการกีดกันการค้าหรือการขึ้นภาษีสินค้านำเข้าจาก ประเทศต่าง ๆ ของประธานาธิบดี Trump ทำให้ผู้นำเข้าเร่งรับสั่งสินค้าก่อนที่ภาษีจะถูกปรับขึ้น แต่ในระยะยาวกว่านั้นส่งผลลบ เพราะ ทำให้เกิดความไม่แน่นอนในเศรษฐกิจ การค้าโลกชะลอตัว และการย้ายฐานการผลิต ซึ่งทั้งหมดนี้ส่งผลกระทบต่อ demand ในการ ขนส่งสินค้าเทกอง

#### อุปสงค์-อุปทานไม่สมดุล

แต่ถึงแม้ไม่มีประเด็นความขัดแย้งทางการค้าของอภิมหาอำนาจของโลก เราเชื่อว่าอัตราค่าระวางเรือเทกองในปี 2025 อยู่ในทิศทางขา ลงจากความไม่สมดุลของอปสงค์และอุปทาน โดยอุปทานของเรือเทกองมีแนวโน้มเพิ่มขึ้น 2.9% y-y อ้างอิงการคาดการณ์ของ Clarksons Research ซึ่งปรับเพิ่มขึ้นจากเดือน มิ.ย. 2024 ที่คาดว่าอุปทานปี 2025 จะเพิ่มขึ้น 2.6% ในขณะที่อุปสงค์ความต้องการ ของเรือเทกองมีแนวโน้มเพิ่มขึ้นเพิ่มขึ้นเพียง 1.1% y-y แม้จะพิจารณาเฉพาะในกลุ่มของเรือ Minor bulk ซึ่งเรือของ PSL และ TTA อยู่ในกลุ่มนี้ Clarksons Research ประเมินว่าอุปสงค์ของเรือ Minor bulk ในปี 2025 จะเติบโตดีกว่าคือ +2.3% y-y แต่อุปทานก็เพิ่ม ในอัตราเร่งมากกว่าคือ +4.3% y-y

#### ุคาดการณ์กำไรกลุ่มเรือเทกองปรับลงใหปี 2025 ก่อนจะเพิ่มขึ้นใหปี 2026

ด้ชนี BSI ปัจจุบันอยู่ที่ 864 จุด (10 มี.ค. 2025) ยังคงลดลง 6.4% 2025YTD การสั่งต่อเรือใหม่ (Orderbook) ในปัจจุบันที่อยู่ในระดับ ต่ำ 10.6% ของกองเรือโลก ในขณะที่เรือที่อายุเกิน 20 ปีซึ่งจะต้องนำออกจากมหาสมุทรมีสัดส่วน 9.8% ของกองเรือโลก ประกอบกับ กฏระเบียบที่เข้มข้อของ EEXI และ CII ช่วยจำกัด Supply ของเรือ และช่วยจำกัดการร่วงลงแรงของค่าระวางเรือ แต่ด้วย demand ที่ อ่อนแอ (PMI ภาคการผลิตของจีนยังคงขึ้นลงอยู่บริเวณ 50 +/-) และความไม่แน่นอนของการค้าโลกในยุค Trump 2.0 ทำให้เราคาดว่า ค่าระวางเรือในปี 2025 มีความเสี่ยงปรับลงต่อ เราคาดกำไรปกติของกลุ่มเรือเทกองในปี 2025 ลดลง 18.2% y-y ก่อนจะฟื้น 13.9% yy ในปี 2026 และ +3.9% y-y ในปี 2027 คิดเป็นกำไรปกติโตเฉลี่ย 8.8% CAGR (2025E-27E) ปัจจุบันทั้ง PSL และ TTA ซื้อขายต่ำ กว่า 2025E Book value ถึง 60-70% ถูกกว่าในอดีตมากแต่เรายังไม่เห็น catalyst ในระยะสั้น จึงยังคงแนะนำถือทั้งคู่

#### **FSSIA** recommendations

Company	BBG code	share price	Rating		Target Price				
company	BBG Code	Sildre price	Current	Previous	Current	Previous	%change	Up/downside	
Thoresen Thai Agencies	TTA TB	4.48	HOLD	-	5.50	6.40	-14.06%	+20.1%	
Precious Shipping	PSL TB	6.40	HOLD	-	7.00	-	-	+8.5%	

Note: Priced at close of business 10/03/2025. Share prices and TPs are in listing currency. Sources: FSSIA estimates



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บทวิเคราะห์ฉบับนี้แปลมาจากต้นฉบับภาษาอังกฤษ ที่ออกรายงานเมื่อวันที่ 11 มีนาคม 2025

#### **Investment thesis**

Even without trade conflicts between global superpowers, we believe that dry bulk freight rates in 2025 will be on a downward trend due to the imbalance between supply and demand. According to Clarksons Research, dry bulk vessel supply is expected to grow by 2.9% y-y, an upward revision from the 2.6% growth forecast in June 2024. Meanwhile, demand for dry bulk shipping is projected to increase by only 1.1% y-y.

For 2025, freight rates started the year weak and remain under pressure from trade wars. We expect the average BSI index to decline by approximately 10% y-y, touching 1,110-1,120 points, which will directly impact the earnings of PSL and TTA. We estimate that the group's core profit will decline by 18.2% y-y in 2025, before recovering by 13.9% y-y in 2026 and 3.9% y-y in 2027, or a CAGR of 8.8% (2025-27E). Although both PSL and TTA are trading at a 60-70% discount to their 2025E book value, making them significantly cheaper than their historical levels, we do not see any near-term catalysts. Therefore, we maintain our HOLD rating on both stocks.

#### Catalysts

Key potential catalysts for the dry bulk carrier sector are:

- 1) Freight rates rising on improving global trade.
- Global GDP growth improves amid slowing inflation. The Chinese economy resumes its robust growth.
- 3) The demand-supply balance improves.

#### **Risks to our call**

Risks to our call include:

- The better-than-expected expansion of major economies like China and India, which materially drive the commodity demand.
- The Red Sea crisis continues with no resolution in sight, resulting in the prolonged disruption of shipping routes.
- 3) Ship delivery delays. Global port congestion escalates, taking out fleet capacity.
- 4) A pandemic occurs.

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THORESEN THAI AGENCIES (TTA TB, HOLD, TP THB5.50)
PRECIOUS SHIPPING (PSL TB, HOLD, TP THB7.00)

#### **Event Calendar**

Date	Event
20 March 2025	TTA: ex-dividend date
17 April 2025	PSL: ex-dividend date

#### Ocean freight rates to correct in 2025 as supply speeds up

Typically, disruptions tend to have a short-term positive impact on freight rates. For instance, trade barriers or tariff increases imposed by Trump on imports from various countries prompted importers to accelerate their orders prior to the tariffs taking effect.

However, in the longer term, such disruptions have a negative impact as they create economic uncertainty, slow down global trade, and lead to shifts in production bases— all of which adversely affect the demand for dry bulk shipping.

Even without trade conflicts between global superpowers, we believe that dry bulk freight rates in 2025 will be on a downward trend due to the imbalance between supply and demand. According to Clarksons Research, dry bulk vessel supply is expected to grow by 2.9% y-y, an upward revision from the 2.6% growth forecast in June 2024. Meanwhile, demand for dry bulk shipping is projected to increase by only 1.1% y-y in 2025.

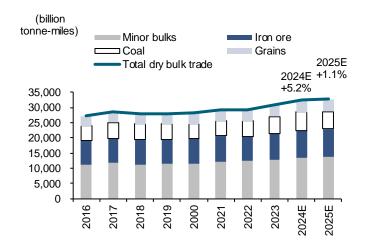
Even when focusing on the minor bulk segment, which includes vessels operated by PSL and TTA, Clarksons Research estimates that demand this year will grow by 2.3% y-y, a stronger rate than the overall market. However, supply in this segment is expected to expand at an even faster rate of 4.3% y-y, further reinforcing the downward pressure on freight rates.

#### Exhibit 1: Dry bulk demand-supply

(m tonne-mile)	2018	2019	2000	2021	2022	2023	2024E	2025E
Minor bulks	11,213	11,448	11,488	12,175	12,284	12,758	13,382	13,691
Iron ore	8,204	7,983	8,405	8,503	8,181	8,661	9,151	9,254
Coking coal	5,226	5,211	4,720	4,943	5,063	5,597	5,947	5,786
Grain	3,163	3,311	3,660	3,699	3,533	3,720	3,854	3,959
Total dry bulk trade	27,806	27,953	28,273	29,330	29,061	30,736	32,328	32,690
% Change in trade	2.30	0.09	1.15	3.73	(0.91)	5.76	5.18	1.12
Dry bulk fleet (m DWT)	840	880	914	947	974	1,004	1,034	1,065
% Change in fleet	3.40	4.00	3.81	3.63	2.87	3.07	3.07	2.92

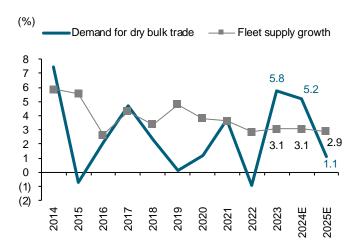
Sources: Clarksons World Seaborne Trade Timeseries (31 December 2024), PSL, FSSIA's compilation

#### Exhibit 2: Demand for dry bulk trade by product type



Sources: Clarksons World Seaborne Trade Timeseries (31 December 2024), PSL, FSSIA's compilation

#### Exhibit 3: Dry bulk demand-supply growth



Sources: Clarksons World Seaborne Trade Timeseries (31 December 2024), PSL, FSSIA's compilation



Jan-25

Sep-24

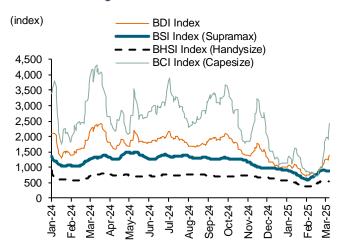
Vov-24

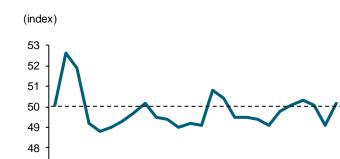
#### Low orderbook and stringent regulations help rates from a sharp decline

The BSI index has dropped 56% since mid-year 2024, reaching a low of 602 points during the Chinese New Year in late January 2025 before starting to recover. The sharp 9% single-day surge in the BDI index on 10 March 2025 across all vessel types was purely driven by speculation that China may introduce additional economic stimulus measures, as February's inflation data showed the lowest contraction in 13 months. We believe this BDI spike is only temporary, reflecting speculative momentum rather than a fundamental shift in the dry bulk market. The BSI index stood at 864 points as of 10 March 2025, still down 6.4% YTD.

The new ship orderbook remains low at 10.6% of the global fleet, while vessels over 20 years old, which will soon be phased out of operation, account for 9.8% of the global fleet. Additionally, the stricter EEXI and CII regulations should help limit fleet supply, thus limiting the sharp decline in dry bulk freight rates. However, due to weak demand (China's PMI continues to struggle around the 50 +/- level) and uncertainties over global trade under Trump 2.0, we anticipate that the freight rates in 2025 will face a continued downward trend.

#### Exhibit 4: Bulk freight rates





Sep-23

Jul-23

Mar-24

Jan-24

Vov-23

Jay-24

Jul-24

Source: Bloomberg, FSSIA's compilation

Source: Bloomberg, FSSIA's compilation

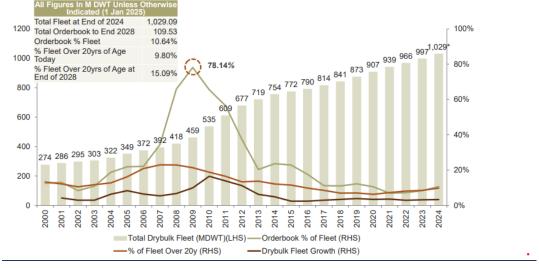
Mar-23 Vlay-23

Jan-23

47

46

Exhibit 5: China Manufacturing PMI



#### Exhibit 6: Orderbook for dry bulk fleet

Sources: PSL, FSSIA's compilation

#### Estimate the sector's profits to fall in 2025 before recovering in 2026

The BSI index in 2024 averaged 1,238 points (+20.2% y-y), rebounding from the previous year's downturn. This was supported by a strong global economic recovery in 1H24, which later slowed in the second half of the year. As a result, the dry bulk shipping sector's core profit surged by 75.3% y-y in 2024, primarily driven by PSL, which posted a remarkable profit increase of 92.9% y-y. Meanwhile, TTA faced challenges from its offshore services business, where revenue hit a new high, but its gross margin declined, leading to a core profit increase of 59.6% y-y.

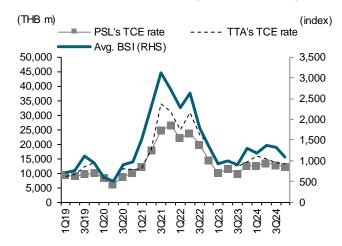
For 2025, freight rates started the year weak and remain under pressure from trade wars. We expect the average BSI index to decline by approximately 10% y-y, touching 1,110-1,120 points, which will directly impact the earnings of PSL and TTA.

- We estimate PSL's average TCE rate to decline by 7.2% y-y to USD11,785 per ship per day.
- TTA's TCE rate should decline by 4.6% y-y to USD13,794 per ship per day. From 2018 to 2024, TTA consistently achieved higher freight rates than PSL every year, with an average premium of 16.5%.

Thus, we estimate the group's core profit to decline by 18.2% y-y in 2025, before recovering by 13.9% y-y in 2026 and 3.9% y-y in 2027, or a CAGR of 8.8% (2025-27E).

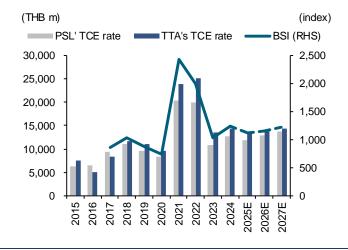
In addition, we have lowered our 2025-26 core profit forecasts for TTA by 17-18% per year, mainly due to higher-than-expected vessel operating costs and SG&A expenses.

#### Exhibit 7: Revenue per ship per day vs BSI, quarterly



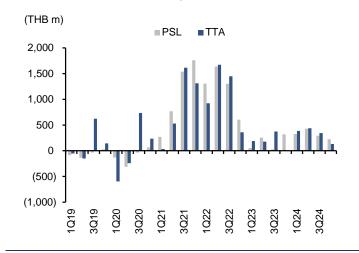
Sources: PSL, TTA, FSSIA's compilation





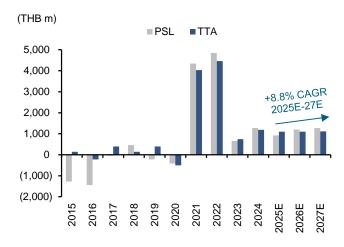
Sources: PSL, TTA, FSSIA estimates

#### Exhibit 8: Core profit, quarterly



Sources: PSL, TTA, FSSIA's compilation

#### Exhibit 10: Core profit, yearly



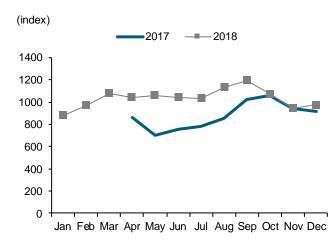
Source: Bloomberg, FSSIA's compilation

#### No near-term catalysts, maintain HOLD rating despite cheap valuations

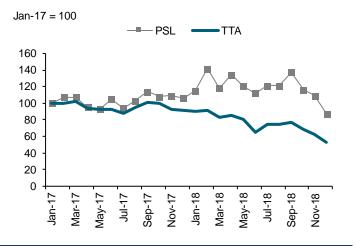
During 2017-18, before Covid-19, the BSI index did not surge significantly, as it was primarily driven by China's economic conditions. Meanwhile, PSL and TTA stocks underperformed the market, with TTA trading at a P/BV of 0.7-0.8x and PSL at 1.2-1.4x during that period.

Currently, both PSL and TTA are trading at a 60-70% discount to their 2025E book value, making them significantly cheaper than their historical levels. However, as we do not see any near-term catalysts, we maintain our HOLD rating on both stocks.

#### Exhibit 11: BSI index 2017-18

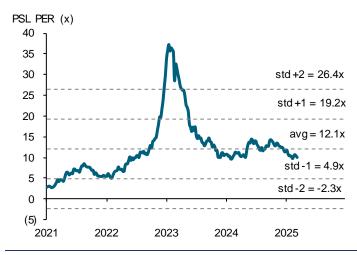


#### Exhibit 12: Share price performance 2017-18



Sources: Bloomberg, FSSIA's compilation





Sources: Bloomberg, FSSIA estimates

Sources: Bloomberg, FSSIA's compilation

#### Exhibit 14: TTA's one-year rolling forward P/E band



Sources: Bloomberg, FSSIA estimates

### Exhibit 15: Peers comparison as of 10 March 2025

Company	BBG	Share price	EPS g	rowth	PE		PB	/	EV/ EBI	TDA
		Current	25E	26E	25E	26E	25E	26E	25E	26E
		(LCY)	(%)	(%)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)
Thailand										
Thoresen Thai Agencies*	TTA TB	4.48	(15.8)	0.0	7.5	7.5	0.3	0.3	4.1	4.0
Precious Shipping*	PSL TB	6.40	(28.0)	30.6	10.9	8.3	0.6	0.6	5.3	4.8
Thailand average			(22.9)	15.3	9.2	7.9	0.4	0.4	4.7	4.4
Regional										
Cosco shipping Holding	601919 CH	13.78	100.8	(51.6)	9.2	10.5	0.9	0.9	3.3	3.6
Evergreen marine	2603 TT	224.50	261.0	(37.4)	5.6	7.5	1.0	1.1	2.8	3.9
Mitsui OSK Lines	9104 JP	5,563.00	55.2	(38.0)	5.3	8.6	0.8	0.7	12.9	12.3
Kawasaki Kisen Kaisha	9107 JP	2,194.00	167.6	(54.1)	5.4	11.7	0.8	0.8	9.7	9.7
Orient Oversea International	316 HK	110.30	47.5	(35.1)	5.8	8.6	0.7	0.7	1.7	2.4
Wan Hai Lines	2615 TT	86.00	2,052.4	(29.3)	9.0	n/a	0.9	n/a	2.7	n/a
Nanjing Tanker	601975 CH	3.07	22.9	1.7	6.9	6.7	1.2	1.0	3.9	3.7
Regional average			386.8	(34.8)	6.7	8.9	0.9	0.9	5.3	5.9
Global										
Hapag-Lloyd	HLAG GR	152.10	(16.1)	(71.0)	38.5	n/a	1.5	1.5	8.7	10.6
Maersk	MAERSKB DC	13,375.00	(80.6)	(129.9)	26.2	n/a	0.5	0.5	5.3	6.2
Star Bulk Carriers	SBLK US	15.75	(27.6)	93.0	9.1	4.7	0.7	0.7	5.9	4.3
Navios Maritime Partners	NMM US	39.1	(11.5)	20.5	3.9	3.2	0.3	0.3	4.2	3.9
D/S Norden	DNORD DC	186.30	(69.1)	82.0	11.9	6.5	0.7	0.6	2.8	2.4
Genco Shipping & Trading	GNK US	13.82	(56.1)	107.8	20.0	9.6	0.7	0.6	5.8	4.5
Diana Shipping	DSX US	1.77	(2.3)	383.3	29.5	6.1	0.4	0.4	6.6	5.2
Globus Maritime	GLBS US	1.25	n/a	n/a	n/a	6.9	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
Global average			(37.6)	69.4	19.3	6.2	0.6	0.6	4.9	4.7
Overall average			150.0	27.0	12.8	7.6	0.7	0.7	5.1	5.1

Sources: Bloomberg; \*FSSIA estimates

#### EQUITY RESEARCH - COMPANY REPORT

# THORESEN THAI AGENCIES

THAILAND / TRANSPORT & LOGISTIC

# Cheap but no catalysts

- We maintain our revenue forecasts for 2025-26 at -7.2% y-y and -6.5% y-y, in line with the expected decline in global freight rates...
- But we revise down our offshore gross margin estimates and raise SG&A expense forecasts, leading to a 17% profit cut in 2025-26.
- Cut TP to THR5 50: chean but no catalvete

#### 4Q24 profit dragged down by offshore business

TTA reported a net profit of THB858m in 4Q24, including gains from FX and the sale of Bitcoin. Excluding these non-recurring items, the core profit was only THB132m (-62% q-q), marking the lowest quarterly profit of the year and falling considerably short of our expectation. The weaker-than-expected profit was primarily due to the offshore services business, which reported an operating loss of THB7m, the first loss in seven quarters. This was due to higher costs and employee expenses. For the core business, shipping freight rates slipped 3% q-q and 5% y-y to USD13,247 per day, outperforming the BSI index, which fell 18% q-q and 16% y-y.

#### Full-year 2024 profit rebounded due to the low base in 2023

For 2024, TTA's financial performance improved due to higher revenue recognition from the offshore services business, which rose to USD513m (vs USD275m in 2023). Meanwhile, in the shipping segment, despite achieving a freight rate of USD14,467 per day (+6.3% y-y), the stronger Thai baht led to an 8.1% y-y decline in revenue in Thai baht terms. Nevertheless, the 34.3% y-y increase in total operating revenue was sufficient to offset higher costs, SG&A expenses, and interest expenses, resulting in a 59.6% y-y growth in core profit to THB1.2b in 2024.

#### Revised down 2025-26 earnings due to higher costs trends

We maintain our TTA revenue forecasts for 2025-26 at -7.2% y-y and -6.5% y-y, in line with the expected decline in global freight rates this year and the gradual decrease in offshore services revenue recognition. With the fact that 2025 revenue recognition will primarily come from decommissioning, installation, and cable-laying projects, which generally have lower margins, we have revised down our offshore gross margin estimates for 2025-26 and raised our SG&A expense forecasts. As a result, TTA's core profit for 2025 and 2026 should remain at THB1.1b per year, which is 17-18% lower than our previous estimates.

#### Cut TP, maintain HOLD rating

We lower our TP to THB5.50 (based on a 2025E P/E of 9x, its four-year average). Although the stock offers an expected 22% upside, the lack of short-term catalysts and weak 1Q25 earnings outlook prompts us to maintain our HOLD rating.



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FSSIA ESG rating

 $\star$   $\star$   $\star$ 

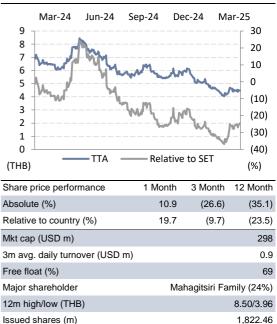


	00
TARGET PRICE	THB5.50
CLOSE	THB4.48
UP/DOWNSIDE	+22.8%
PRIOR TP	THB6.40
CHANGE IN TP	-14.1%
TP vs CONSENSU	S -12.7%

#### **KEY STOCK DATA**

TTA TB

YE Dec (THB m)	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Revenue	32,206	29,889	27,942	26,196
Net profit	1,323	1,095	1,095	1,116
EPS (THB)	0.73	0.60	0.60	0.61
vs Consensus (%)	-	(17.8)	(17.8)	-
EBITDA	4,764	4,350	4,582	9,754
Recurring net profit	1,187	1,095	1,095	1,116
Core EPS (THB)	0.65	0.60	0.60	0.61
Chg. In EPS est. (%)	nm	(17.7)	(17.4)	nm
EPS growth (%)	59.6	(15.8)	0.0	1.9
Core P/E (x)	6.3	7.5	7.5	7.3
Dividend yield (%)	4.9	4.0	4.0	4.1
EV/EBITDA (x)	3.4	4.1	4.0	1.8
Price/book (x)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Net debt/Equity (%)	14.8	19.7	20.4	16.9
ROE (%)	4.9	3.9	4.0	4.0



Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates

PREPARED BY FSS INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT ADVISORY SECURITIES CO LTD (FSSIA). ANALYST CERTIFICATION AND IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES CAN BE FOUND AT THE END OF THIS REPORT

#### **Investment thesis**

We maintain our TTA revenue forecasts for 2025-26 at - 7.2% y-y and -6.5% y-y, in line with the expected decline in global freight rates this year and the gradual decrease in offshore services revenue recognition.

With the fact that 2025 revenue recognition will primarily come from decommissioning, installation, and cablelaying projects, which generally have lower margins, we have revised down our offshore gross margin estimates for 2025-26 and raised our SG&A expense forecasts. As a result, TTA's core profit for 2025 and 2026 should remain at THB1.1b per year, which is 17-18% lower than our previous estimates.

#### **Company profile**

Thoresen Thai Agencies (TTA) is a strategic investment holding company with an investment policy of achieving growth through a balanced portfolio that is diversified both locally and internationally. Its current business portfolio includes shipping, offshore services, agrochemical, food & beverage, and investment group segments. As of December 2023, Thoresen Shipping owned 22 Supramax and 2 Ultramax vessels, making a total of 24 vessels.

www.thoresen.com

#### Catalysts

Key catalysts include 1) fewer ships being built, which could reduce global fleet capacity; 2) China's stimulus package to boost the economy; and 3) higher CAPEX by the global energy sector, which creates opportunities for TTA's offshore service segment.

#### **Risks to our call**

Downside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) a fall in freight rates (TCE); 2) exchange rate volatility; 3) slow economic growth in China; and 4) regulatory risks, including new EEXI and CII requirements, effective 1 Jan-23. Upside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) higher freight rates (TCE); 2) betterthan-expected economic growth in China; and 3) a prolonged Red Sea crisis and shipping disruptions.

#### **Event calendar**

Date	Event
20 March 2025	Ex-dividend date
3-10 April 2025	Subscription period

#### Principal activities (revenue, 2024)

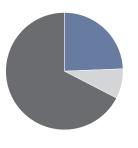
- Shipping revenue 21.0 %
- Offshore service 56.4 %
- Service & comission 3.0 %

Sales - 19.6 %

Source: Thoresen Thai Agencies

#### Major shareholders

- Mahagitsiri Family 24.4 %
- Credit Suisse AG, Singapore Branch - 8.2 %
- Others 67.4 %



Source: Thoresen Thai Agencies

#### Key assumptions

	2025E	2026E	2027E
TTA's TCE rate (USD/day)	13,794	14,125	14,408
TCE rate growth	-3.6%	2.4%	2.0%
Vessel OPEX (USD/day)	4,422	4,488	4,551
Gross margin by BU			
Shipping business	32.7%	33.0%	33.2%
Offshore business	7.7%	7.7%	7.7%
Agrochemical business	15.0%	15.0%	15.0%
Food & Beverage	41.0%	41.0%	41.0%

Source: FSSIA estimates

#### Earnings sensitivity

- For every 1% change in its TCE rate, we project TTA's 2025 net profit to change by 0.8%, all else being equal.
- For every 1% change in shipping gross margin, we project TTA's 2025 net profit to change by 3.8%, all else being equal.

Source: FSSIA estimates

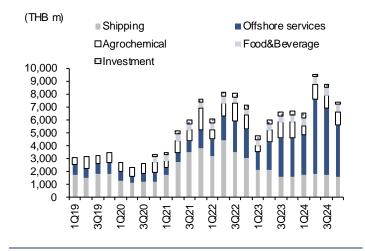


#### Exhibit 16: TTA – 4Q24 earnings summary

Year to Dec 31	4Q23	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	Cha	ange	2023	2024	Change
	(THB m)	(q-q %)	(y-y %)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y %)				
Sales	6,641	6,523	9,542	8,776	7,365	(16.1)	10.9	23,975	32,206	34.3
Cost of sales	(5,317)	(5,188)	(8,203)	(7,555)	(6,353)	(15.9)	19.5	(19,663)	(27,299)	38.8
Gross profit	1,324	1,335	1,339	1,221	1,012	(17.2)	(23.6)	4,313	4,908	13.8
Operating costs	(1,218)	(703)	(795)	(921)	(953)	3.5	(21.7)	(3,211)	(3,372)	5.0
Operating profit	155	716	707	434	433	(0.1)	179.6	1,970	2,290	16.2
Operating EBITDA	736	1,299	1,342	1,061	1,063	0.2	44.4	4,157	4,764	14.6
Other income	51	52	53	54	55	1.9	7.8	869	755	(13.2)
Interest expense	154	185	190	189	175	(7.1)	14.1	(700)	(739)	5.6
FX gain/loss and other extraordinaries	(520)	730	0	(1,434)	452	nm	nm	(322)	(252)	nm
Net profit	(198)	1,116	438	(1,089)	858	nm	nm	1,217	1,323	8.8
Core profit	(3)	386	438	345	132	(61.8)	nm	744	1,187	59.6
Reported EPS (THB)	(0.11)	0.61	0.24	(0.60)	0.48	(60.7)	(31.4)	0.67	0.73	8.8
Core EPS (THB)	(0.00)	0.21	0.24	0.19	0.07	13.5	(8.0)	0.41	0.65	59.6
Key ratios (%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(ppt)	(ppt)	(%)	(%)	(ppt)
Gross margin	19.9	20.5	14.0	13.9	13.7	(0.2)	(6.2)	18.0	15.2	(2.8)
Operating margin	2.3	11.0	7.4	4.9	5.9	0.9	3.6	8.2	7.1	(1.1)
EBITDA margin	11.1	19.9	14.1	12.1	14.4	2.3	3.3	17.3	14.8	(2.5)
Core profit margin	(2.1)	16.9	4.9	(12.1)	9.3	21.3	11.3	3.1	3.7	0.6
SG&A / Sales	18.3	10.8	8.3	10.5	12.9	2.5	(5.4)	(13.4)	(10.5)	2.9
Revenue breakdown	(THB m)	(q-q %)	(y-y %)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y %)				
Shipping	1,591	1,690	1,801	1,690	1,592	(5.8)	0.1	7,370	6,773	(8.1)
Offshore business	3,015	3,139	5,801	5,228	3,981	(23.8)	32.1	9,629	18,149	88.5
Agrochemical	1,213	712	1,151	959	1,025	6.9	(15.5)	3,779	3,847	1.8
Food and beverage	557	565	609	601	589	(1.9)	5.9	2,074	2,364	14.0
Investment	266	417	180	299	177	(40.8)	(33.4)	1,125	1,073	(4.6)
Core profit to TTA	(THB m)	(q-q %)	(y-y %)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y %)				
Shipping	394	656	533	306	345	12.9	(12.4)	1,135	1,495	31.8
Offshore business	85	7	59	22	(7)	nm	nm	110	88	(20.2)
Agrochemical	41	3	34	31	35	15.4	(13.7)	(1)	68	nm
Food and beverage	(10)	(1)	(4)	(6)	(21)	nm	nm	(76)	(11)	nm
Investment	(648)	434	(156)	(1,441)	329	nm	nm	(287)	(1,162)	nm
Operating statistics						(q-q %)	(y-y %)			(y-y %)
No. of vessels	25	25	25	26	27	3.8	6.7	25	27	6.7
BSI Index (Supramax) - average	1,286	1,178	1,364	1,320	1,079	(18.3)	(16.1)	1,022	1,241	21.4
TTA's TC rate (USD/ship/day)	13,914	15,932	14,964	13,668	13,247	(3.1)	(4.8)	13,612	14,467	6.3
TTA's OPEX (USD/ship/day)	3,817	4,113	4,157	4,540	4,481	(1.3)	17.4	4,258	4,324	1.6

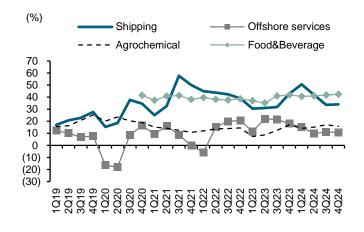
Sources: TTA, FSSIA's compilation

#### Exhibit 17: Revenue breakdown



Sources: TTA, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 18: Gross margin by business



Sources: TTA, FSSIA's compilation



#### Exhibit 19: Margins

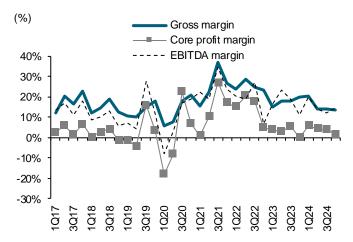
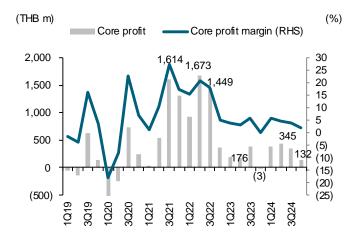


Exhibit 20: Core profit and core profit margin



Sources: TTA, FSSIA's compilation

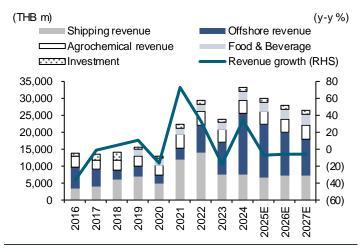
Sources: TTA, FSSIA's compilation

#### Exhibit 21: Key changes in assumptions

		Current			Previous			Change		
	2025E	2026E	2027E	2025E	2026E	2027E	2025E	2026E	2027E	
	(THB m)	(%)	(%)	(%)						
TCE rate (USD/day)	13,794	14,125	14,408	13,794	14,125	14,408	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Shipping	6,646	7,049	7,190	6,646	7,049	7,190	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Offshore services	15,502	12,763	10,725	15,502	12,763	10,725	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Agrochemical	3,916	3,994	4,074	3,916	3,994	4,074	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Food&Beverage	2,632	2,895	3,242	2,632	2,895	3,242	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other investments	1,193	1,241	1,290	1,193	1,241	1,290	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total revenue	29,889	27,942	26,196	29,889	27,942	26,196	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Cost of goods sold	(25,128)	(23,165)	(21,527)	(24,965)	(22,990)	(21,527)	0.7	0.8	0.0	
Gross profit	4,761	4,777	4,669	4,924	4,952	4,669	(3.3)	(3.5)	0.0	
SG&A	(3,288)	(3,311)	(3,327)	(3,168)	(3,241)	(3,327)	3.8	2.2	0.0	
Interest expense	722	719	695	747	720	695	(3.4)	(0.2)	0.0	
EBITDA	4,350	4,582	9,754	4,632	4,827	9,754	(6.1)	(5.1)	0.0	
Core profit	1,095	1,095	1,116	1,332	1,325	1,116	(17.7)	(17.4)	0.0	
Key ratios	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(ppt)	(ppt)	(ppt)	
Gross margin	15.9	17.1	17.8	16.5	17.7	17.8	(0.5)	(0.6)	0.0	
SG&A to sales	11	11.85	12.70	10.6	11.6	12.7	0.4	0.2	0.0	
EBITDA margin	14.6	16.4	37.2	15.5	17.3	37.2	(0.9)	(0.9)	0.0	
Core profit margin	3.7	3.9	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.3	(0.8)	(0.8)	0.0	

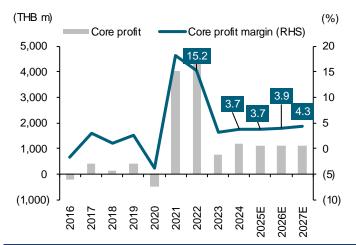
Sources: TTA, FSSIA estimates

#### Exhibit 22: Revenue breakdown



Sources: TTA, FSSIA estimates

#### Exhibit 23: Core profit and core profit margin



Sources: TTA, FSSIA estimates



### **Financial Statements**

Thoresen Thai Agencies

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Revenue	23,975	32,206	29,889	27,942	26,196
Cost of goods sold	(19,663)	(27,299)	(25,128)	(23,165)	(21,527)
Gross profit	4,313	4,908	4,761	4,777	4,669
Other operating income	396	755	418	405	505
Operating costs	(3,211)	(3,372)	(3,288)	(3,311)	(3,327)
Operating EBITDA	3,684	4,764	4,350	4,582	9,754
Depreciation	(2,187)	(2,474)	(2,458)	(2,711)	(7,907)
Goodwill amortisation	0	0	0	0	0
Operating EBIT	1,497	2,290	1,892	1,871	1,847
Net financing costs	(700)	(739)	(722)	(719)	(695)
Associates	179	142	118	122	128
Recurring non-operating income	179	142	118	122	128
Non-recurring items	373	(252)	0	0	C
Profit before tax	1,349	1,441	1,288	1,273	1,279
Гах	(19)	(153)	(94)	(92)	(92)
Profit after tax	1,330	1,288	1,195	1,181	1,187
Minority interests	(113)	(239)	(99)	(86)	(72)
Preferred dividends	-	-	-	-	-
Other items	-	-	-	-	
Reported net profit	1,217	1,323	1,095	1,095	1,116
Non-recurring items & goodwill (net)	(473)	(136)	0	0	Ċ
Recurring net profit	744	1,187	1,095	1,095	1,116
Per share (THB)					
Recurring EPS *	0.41	0.65	0.60	0.60	0.61
Reported EPS	0.67	0.73	0.60	0.60	0.61
DPS	0.18	0.22	0.18	0.18	0.18
Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data)	1,822	1,822	1,822	1,822	1,822
Growth					
Revenue (%)	(18.2)	34.3	(7.2)	(6.5)	(6.2)
Operating EBITDA (%)	(32.7)	29.3	(8.7)	5.3	112.9
Operating EBIT (%)	(58.7)	53.0	(17.4)	(1.1)	(1.3)
Recurring EPS (%)	(83.3)	59.6	(7.7)	0.0	1.9
Reported EPS (%)	(62.8)	8.8	(17.2)	0.0	1.9
Operating performance	. ,		. ,		
Gross margin inc. depreciation (%)	18.0	15.2	15.9	17.1	17.8
Gross margin exc. depreciation (%)	27.1	22.9	24.2	26.8	48.0
Operating EBITDA margin (%)	15.4	14.8	14.6	16.4	37.2
Operating EBIT margin (%)	6.2	7.1	6.3	6.7	7.1
Net margin (%)	5.1	4.1	3.7	3.9	4.3
Effective tax rate (%)	1.4	10.6	7.3	7.2	7.2
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	38.7	30.7	30.1	30.1	30.1
nterest cover (X)	2.4	3.3	2.8	2.8	2.8
nventory days	32.7	20.1	22.3	24.0	36.6
Debtor days	76.3	77.9	95.4	97.2	101.7
Creditor days	46.2	40.4	48.3	48.4	67.3
Operating ROIC (%)	7.4	9.6	7.5	6.9	6.6
ROIC (%)	5.4	6.4	5.0	4.8	4.8
ROE (%)	3.4	4.9	3.9	4.0	4.0
ROA (%)	3.9	4.7	3.8	3.9	3.9
Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted	5.5	7.1	0.0	0.9	0.5
		2024	20255	20265	-2027E
Revenue by Division (THB m)	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Shipping revenue	7,370	6,773	6,646	7,049	7,190
Offshore service	9,629	18,149	15,502	12,763	10,725
Service & comission	957	971	1,084	1,138	1,150
Sales	6,020	6,314	6,657	6,992	7,132

Sources: Thoresen Thai Agencies; FSSIA estimates

### **Financial Statements**

Thoresen Thai Agencies

Cash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
ecurring net profit	844	1,301	1,095	1,095	1,116
epreciation	2,187	2,474	2,458	2,711	7,907
ssociates & minorities	113	239	99	86	72
ther non-cash items	3	(366)	(2,281)	(295)	(267
change in working capital	(480)	(1,447)	1,930	617	(46
Cash flow from operations	2,668	2,201	3,301	4,215	8,781
Capex - maintenance	-	-	-	-	
Capex - new investment	(3,027)	(2,187)	(4,735)	(4,500)	(7,700
let acquisitions & disposals	183	30	0	0	(
Other investments (net)	(315)	(1,812)	660	148	(74
Cash flow from investing	(3,160)	(3,970)	(4,076)	(4,352)	(7,774
Dividends paid	(410)	(341)	(330)	(330)	(336
quity finance	0	0	0	0	(500
Debt finance	(314)	2,376	(371)	(878)	(506
Other financing cash flows	(650)	(677)	2	3	(000
Cash flow from financing	(1,375)	1,358	(699)	(1,205)	(838
Ion-recurring cash flows	-	-	-	- 0	(
Other adjustments	505 <b>505</b>	640		0	(
let other adjustments		640 229	(313)		
Novement in cash	(1,362)		(1,786)	(1,342)	169
ree cash flow to firm (FCFF) ree cash flow to equity (FCFE)	208 (952)	(1,030) 570	(53) (1,456)	582 (1,012)	1,702 505
,	(932)	570	(1,+50)	(1,012)	500
er share (THB)		· ·			
CFF per share	0.11	(0.57)	(0.03)	0.32	0.93
CFE per share	(0.52) 1.73	0.31	(0.80)	(0.56)	0.28
Recurring cash flow per share	1./3	2.00	0.75	1.97	4.84
Balance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
angible fixed assets (gross)	41,300	42,666	47,401	51,901	59,601
ess: Accumulated depreciation	(25,480)	(26,420)	(28,878)	(31,589)	(39,496
angible fixed assets (net)	15,820	16,246	18,524	20,312	20,106
ntangible fixed assets (net)	5,566	7,061	5,971	5,392	5,033
ong-term financial assets	1,177	1,224	1,224	1,224	1,224
nvest. in associates & subsidiaries	2,627	2,569	2,569	2,569	2,569
Cash & equivalents	7,068	7,297	5,510	4,168	4,33
VC receivable	5,733	8,008	7,616	7,273	7,32
nventories	1,327	1,410	1,364	1,328	1,404
Other current assets	1,931	2,616	1,799	1,702	1,61
Current assets	16,059	19,331	16,289	14,471	14,670
Other assets	1,724	3,599	3,532	3,467	3,403
Total assets	42,973	50,030	48,109	47,435	47,011
Common equity	25,007	28,439	27,228	27,845	28,476
Minorities etc.	3,282	3,485	3,554	3,625	3,698
Total shareholders' equity	28,290	31,923	30,782	31,470	32,174
ong term debt	7,439	9,604	9,022	8,389	8,003
Other long-term liabilities	355	502	448	419	393
ong-term liabilities	7,794	10,106	9,470	8,808	8,396
A/C payable	2,409	3,302	2,960	2,729	2,536
Short term debt	2,365	2,405	2,555	2,206	1,782
Other current liabilities	2,114	2,294	2,341	2,221	2,123
Current liabilities	6,889	8,001	7,856	7,156	6,441
otal liabilities and shareholders' equity	42,973	50,030	48,109	47,435	47,011
let working capital	4,467	6,438	5,478	5,352	5,680
nvested capital	31,381	37,137	37,298	38,316	38,014
Includes convertibles and preferred stock which is bein	ng treated as debt				
er share (THB)					
Book value per share	13.72	15.60	14.94	15.28	15.63
angible book value per share	10.67	11.73	11.66	12.32	12.80
inancial strength					
let debt/equity (%)	9.7	14.8	19.7	20.4	16.9
let debt/total assets (%)	6.4	9.4	12.6	13.5	11.0
Current ratio (x)	2.3	2.4	2.1	2.0	2.3
F interest cover (x)	4.0	4.7	5.5	5.9	12.8
aluation	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	20276
tecurring P/E (x) * tecurring P/E @ target price (x) *	9.7 11.9	6.3 7 7	7.5 9.0	7.5 9.0	7.: 8.6
		7.7 7.8	<b>9.0</b> 7.5		
teported P/E (x)	6.7	7.8		7.5	7.3
Dividend yield (%)	4.0	4.9	4.0	4.0	4.1
Price/book (x) Price/tangible book (x)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Price/tangible book (x)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
V/EBITDA (x) ** V/EBITDA @ target price (x) **	3.8	3.4	4.1	4.0	1.8
EV/EBITDA @ target price (x) ** EV/invested capital (x)	4.4 0.5	3.8 0.4	4.5 0.5	4.4 0.5	2.0 0.5

Sources: Thoresen Thai Agencies; FSSIA estimates



# Thoresen Thai Agencies (TTA TB)



65.35 /100

#### Exhibit 24: FSSIA ESG score implication

Rating	Score	Implication
****	>79-100	Leading its industry peers in managing the most significant ESG risks which not only better cost efficiency but also lead to higher profitability.
****	>59-79	A mixed track record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities relative to industry peers.
***	>39-59	Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been constructively addressed, well-managed and incorporated into day-to-day operations, in which targets and achievements are evaluated annually.
$\star\star$	>19-39	Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been identified with key management in charge for progress to be followed up on and to provide intensive disclosure. Most targets are conventional and achievable.
$\star$	1-19	The company has adopted the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs), established sustainability management guidelines and fully complies with regulations or ESG suggested guidance from related organizations such as the SET and SEC.

Sources: FSSIA estimates

#### Exhibit 25: ESG – peer comparison

	FSSIA	1		Dome	stic ratings -					Glol	bal ratings			BI	oomberg
	ESG score	DJSI	SET ESG	SET ESG rating	CG score	AGM level	Thai CAC	Morningstar ESG risk	ESG Book	MSCI	Moody's	Refinitiv	S&P Global	ESG score	Disclosure score
SET100	69.20	5.34	4.40	4.40	4.76	4.65	3.84	Medium	51.76	BBB	20.87	58.72	63.91	3.72	28.17
Coverage	67.12	5.11	4.15	4.17	4.83	4.71	3.53	Medium	52.04	BB	16.97	56.85	62.09	3.40	31.94
NYT	43.79			Y	5.00	5.00			53.86			57.61		6.57	45.96
PSL	55.45		Y	Y	5.00	5.00	Certified	Medium	59.76	BB			51.00		
RCL	27.51				4.00	4.00		High	41.46			20.37	13.00	.94	30.36
SJWD	42.41		Y	Y	5.00	5.00			56.00			42.01		3.44	41.46
TTA	65.35		Y	Y	5.00	5.00	Certified	Medium	56.56	AA		50.79	25.00	3.31	56.20

Sources: <u>SETTRADE.com</u>; FSSIA's compilation

#### Exhibit 26: ESG score by Bloomberg

FY ending Dec 31	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
ESG financial materiality scores - ESG score	—	_	4.82	3.31
BESG environmental pillar score	_	_	4.86	2.13
BESG social pillar score	_	_	7.33	6.02
BESG governance pillar score	—	_	3.34	3.29
ESG disclosure score	40.92	46.13	53.95	56.20
Environmental disclosure score	16.79	26.31	34.25	37.24
Social disclosure score	24.73	30.86	46.40	50.18
Governance disclosure score	81.10	81.10	81.10	81.10
Environmental				
Emissions reduction initiatives	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Climate change policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Climate change opportunities discussed	No	No	No	No
Risks of climate change discussed	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
GHG scope 1	—	_	24	35
GHG scope 2 location-based	—	_	1	0
GHG Scope 3	_	_	0	—
Carbon per unit of production	_	_	_	_
Biodiversity policy	No	No	No	No
Energy efficiency policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Total energy consumption	_	_	1	1
Renewable energy use	—	—	—	—
Electricity used	—	1	1	1
Fuel used - natural gas				

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA's compilation

#### Exhibit 27: ESG score by Bloomberg (cont.)

FY ending Dec 31	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
Fuel used - crude oil/diesel	No	No	No	No
Waste reduction policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hazardous waste	_	_	_	_
Total waste	_	_	0	0
Waste recycled	_	_	_	_
Waste sent to landfills	_	_	_	_
Environmental supply chain management	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Water policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Water consumption	—	_	_	224
Social				
Human rights policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Policy against child labor	No	No	Yes	Yes
Quality assurance and recall policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Consumer data protection policy	No	No	No	No
Equal opportunity policy	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Gender pay gap breakout	No	No	No	No
Pct women in workforce	35	64	64	67
Pct disabled in workforce	0	0	0	0
Business ethics policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Anti-bribery ethics policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Health and safety policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Lost time incident rate - employees	_	_	0	0
Total recordable incident rate - employees	_	_	0	0
Training policy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Fair remuneration policy	No	No	No	No
Number of employees – CSR	104	81	76	85
Employee turnover pct	54	30	24	5
Total hours spent by firm - employee training	501	296	310	629
Social supply chain management	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Governance				
Board size	11	11	10	11
No. of independent directors (ID)	5	5	5	5
No. of women on board	1	1	1	1
No. of non-executive directors on board	6	7	8	8
Company conducts board evaluations	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
No. of board meetings for the year	8	10	8	8
Board meeting attendance pct	94	90	94	97
Board duration (years)	3	3	3	3
Director share ownership guidelines	No	No	No	No
Age of the youngest director	39	40	41	42
Age of the oldest director	59 79	80	81	42
No. of executives / company managers	7	7	7	7
No. of female executives	0	1	1	1
Executive share ownership guidelines Size of audit committee	No 3	No <b>3</b>	No <b>3</b>	No 3
No. of ID on audit committee	3	3	3	3
Audit committee meetings	7	7	6	7
Audit meeting attendance %	100	95	100	100
Size of compensation committee	3	3	3	3
No. of ID on compensation committee	2	2	2	2
No. of compensation committee meetings	2	2	3	2
Compensation meeting attendance %	83	67	67	100
Size of nomination committee	3	3	3	3
No. of nomination committee meetings	2	2	3	2
Nomination meeting attendance %	83	67	67	100
Sustainability governance				
Verification type	No	No	No	No

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA's compilation

#### EQUITY RESEARCH - COMPANY REPORT

# PRECIOUS SHIPPING

**PSL TB** 

# Navigating challenging waters

- The 2024 core profit sharply increased by 92.9% y-y, primarily due to the freight rates correction in 2023.
- We believe 2025 will be different due to the acceleration of fleet and trade conflicts between global superpowers.
- Maintain our projection and HOLD rating

#### 4Q24 profit declined in line with the bulk industry trend

PSL reported a net profit of THB249m in 4Q24. Excluding FX gains, the core profit stood at THB225m (-23.2% q-q, -29.6% y-y). Although this exceeded our expectations by 76% due to a higher-than-expected gross margin and revenue, the overall profit trend was in line with expectations, showing a decline both q-q and y-y. The decline in core profit was driven by 1) a decrease in shipping revenue; 2) higher operating expenses; and 3) a sharp increase in interest expenses.

#### Costs and expenses increased in 4Q24, could continue in 2025

The daily earnings per vessel in 4Q24 dropped by 4.5% q-q and 2.0% y-y to USD12,177, the lowest in five quarters, in line with the BSI and BHSI indices. However, the impact was partially offset by the two handysize vessels acquired in October 2024, resulting in total revenue in Thai baht of THB1.5b (+1.5% q-q, -1.5% y-y). Vessel operating expenses increased to USD5,382 per day per vessel, higher than the company's estimate, due to rising dry-docking expenses. As a result, the 4Q24 operating margin declined to 26.0% (-450bps q-q, -220bps y-y). Interest expenses increased by 13.8% q-q and 15.2% y-y due to an additional loan of approximately THB500m and the issuance of sustainability-linked debentures worth THB1.4b (an average interest rate of 3.75%) during the quarter.

#### 2024 profit recovery driven by a rebound from 2023 low base

For the full-year 2024, the core profit reached THB1.3b, a sharp increase of 92.9% y-y, primarily due to the freight rates correction in 2023 and the addition of two vessels. However, freight rates in 2024 showed a clear decline in 2H24, driven by concerns over the US-China trade war and the gradual increase in vessel supply.

#### Maintain our projection and HOLD rating

For 2025, freight rates started the year weak and remain under pressure from trade wars and demand/supply imbalances. We expect the average BSI index to decline by approximately 10% y-y. We maintain our 2025 profit forecast at THB919m (-28% y-y) and our TP at THB7 (2025E P/E of 12x). PSL's 1Q25 earnings are likely to be pressured by the continued decline in sea freight rates. We maintain or HOLD rating.



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# 

TARGET PRICE	THB7.00
CLOSE	THB6.40
UP/DOWNSIDE	+9.4%
PRIOR TP	THB7.00
CHANGE IN TP	UNCHANGED
TP vs CONSENSUS	-11.9%

### **KEY STOCK DATA**

YE Dec (THB m)	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Revenue	5,985	5,895	6,060	6,268
Net profit	1,468	919	1,200	1,269
EPS (THB)	0.94	0.59	0.77	0.81
vs Consensus (%)	-	68.6	180.0	678.8
EBITDA	3,344	3,026	3,325	3,424
Recurring net profit	1,276	919	1,200	1,269
Core EPS (THB)	0.82	0.59	0.77	0.81
Chg. In EPS est. (%)	-	-	-	-
EPS growth (%)	92.9	(28.0)	30.6	5.8
Core P/E (x)	7.8	10.9	8.3	7.9
Dividend yield (%)	6.3	4.6	6.0	6.4
EV/EBITDA (x)	4.9	5.3	4.8	4.4
Price/book (x)	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5
Net debt/Equity (%)	37.4	35.5	32.5	26.7
ROE (%)	7.7	5.4	6.8	7.0



Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates

PREPARED BY FSS INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT ADVISORY SECURITIES CO LTD (FSSIA). ANALYST CERTIFICATION AND IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES CAN BE FOUND AT THE END OF THIS REPORT

#### **Investment thesis**

For 2025, freight rates started the year weak and remain under pressure from trade wars and demand/supply imbalances. We expect the average BSI index to decline by approximately 10% y-y.

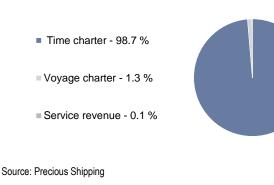
We maintain our 2025 profit forecast at THB919m (-28% y-y) and our TP at THB7 (2025E P/E of 12x). PSL's 1Q25 earnings are likely to be pressured by the continued decline in sea freight rates. We maintain or HOLD rating.

#### **Company profile**

Precious Shipping (PSL) is a pure dry cargo ship-owner operating in the Handysize, Supramax and Ultramax sectors of the tramp freight market. PSL was founded in 1989, commenced commercial operations in March 1991, and listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand in September 1993. As of end-2024, PSL has 40 fleet vessels, with an aggregate capacity of 1,737,504 DWT.

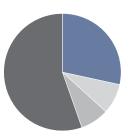
www.preciousshipping.com

#### Principal activities (revenue, 2024)



#### **Major shareholders**

- Globex Corporation Limited -28.4 %
- Graintrade Limited 8.3 %
- Bank Julius Baer & Co. Ltd., Singapore - 7.9 %
- Others 55.4 %



Source: Precious Shipping

#### Catalysts

Key potential catalysts include 1) fewer ships being built, which could reduce global fleet capacity; and 2) China's stimulus to boost the economy.

#### **Risks to our call**

Downside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) a fall in freight rates (time charter equivalent (TCE)); 2) exchange rate volatility; 3) China's slow economic growth; and 4) regulatory risks, including new EEXI and CII requirements, effective 1 Jan-23. Upside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) higher freight rates (TCE); 2) better-than-expected economic growth in China; and 3) a prolonged Red Sea crisis and shipping disruptions.

#### Event calendar

Date	Event
4 April 2025	Annual general meeting of shareholders
17 April 2025	Ex-dividend date

#### **Key assumptions**

	2025E	2026E	2027E
TCE rate (USD/day)	11,785	12,858	13,762
TCE rate growth (%)	(7.2)	9.1	7.0
OPEX (USD/day)	5,235	5,238	5,364
Gross margin (%)	33.2	37.3	38.0
SG&A to sales (%)	7.8	7.8	7.8

Source: FSSIA estimates

#### Earnings sensitivity

- For every 1% change in its TCE rate, we project PSL's 2025 net profit to change by 3.8%, all else being equal.
- For every 1% change in gross margin, we project PSL's 2025 net profit to change by 4.0%, all else being equal.

Source: FSSIA estimates

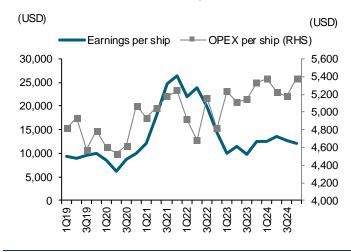


#### Exhibit 28: PSL – 4Q24 results summary

Year to Dec 31	4Q23	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	Cha	nge	2023	2024	Change
	(THB m)	(q-q %)	(y-y %)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y %)				
Service revenue	1,480	1,479	1,612	1,436	1,458	1.5	(1.5)	5,099	5,985	17.4
Cost of services	(905)	(935)	(929)	(876)	(954)	9.0	5.5	(3,589)	(3,692)	2.9
Gross profit	575	544	683	561	503	(10.2)	(12.5)	1,510	2,294	51.9
Operating costs	(109)	(112)	(141)	(160)	(143)	(10.1)	31.1	(425)	(556)	30.6
Operating profit	450	450	572	420	379	(9.8)	(15.8)	1,124	1,821	62.0
Operating EBITDA	789	825	961	787	774	(1.7)	(1.9)	2,553	3,346	31.0
Interest expense	(136)	(120)	(146)	(138)	(157)	13.8	15.2	(481)	(561)	16.7
Profit before tax	314	330	426	282	222	(21.3)	(29.2)	644	1,260	95.8
FX gain/loss and asset sold	(74)	82	99	(14)	24	nm	nm	48	45	(5.8)
Reported net profit	246	409	530	280	249	(11.0)	1.2	709	1,468	107.0
Core profit	320	327	430	294	225	(23.2)	(29.6)	661	1,276	92.9
Reported EPS (THB)	0.16	0.26	0.34	0.18	0.16	(13.2)	(1.4)	0.45	0.94	107.0
Core EPS (THB)	0.21	0.21	0.27	0.18	0.14	(23.2)	(31.4)	0.42	0.82	92.9
Key ratios (%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(ppt)	(ppt)	(%)	(%)	(ppt)
Gross margin	36.8	36.7	42.4	39.1	34.6	(4.5)	(2.2)	29.5	38.2	8.7
Operating margin	30.4	30.5	35.5	29.3	26.0	(3.3)	(4.4)	22.1	30.5	8.4
EBITDA margin	53.3	55.8	59.6	54.8	53.1	(1.7)	(0.2)	50.1	56.0	5.8
Core profit margin	21.6	22.1	26.7	20.5	15.5	(5.0)	(6.2)	13.0	21.3	8.4
SG&A / Sales	5.9	6.0	6.8	8.6	8.0	(0.6)	2.1	6.6	7.3	0.8
Operating statistics						(q-q %)	(y-y %)			(y-y %)
No. of vessels	38	37	36	38	40	5.3	5.3	38.0	40.0	5.3
BSI Index (Supramax) - average	1,293	1,178	1,364	1,320	1,084	(17.9)	(16.2)	1,030	1,241	20.5
BHSI Index (Handysize) - average	714	666	725	740	672	(9.2)	(5.9)	586	703	20.0
PSL's TC rate (USD/ship/day)	12,429	12,433	13,483	12,755	12,177	(4.5)	(2.0)	10,904	12,712	16.6
PSL's OPEX (USD/ship/day)	5,332	5,379	5,226	5,175	5,382	4.0	0.9	5,204	5,291	1.7

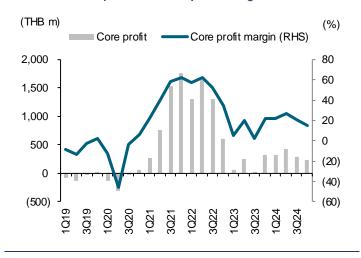
Sources: PSL, FSSIA's compilation

#### Exhibit 29: Revenue and operating expenses



Sources: PSL, FSSIA's compilation

#### Exhibit 30: Core profit and core profit margin



Sources: PSL, FSSIA's compilation

#### **Financial Statements**

Precious Shipping

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Revenue	5,099	5,985	5,895	6,060	6,268
Cost of goods sold	(3,595)	(3,699)	(3,937)	(3,802)	(3,888)
Gross profit	1,504	2,287	1,958	2,258	2,380
Other operating income	46	90	83	87	85
Operating costs	(425)	(556)	(592)	(612)	(646)
Operating EBITDA	2,553	3,344	3,026	3,325	3,424
Depreciation	(1,429)	(1,523)	(1,577)	(1,592)	(1,605)
Goodwill amortisation	0	0	0	0	0
Operating EBIT	1,124	1,821	1,449	1,733	1,819
Net financing costs	(481)	(561)	(540)	(534)	(551)
Associates	21	20	19	20	20
Recurring non-operating income	21	20	19	20	20
Non-recurring items	48	192	0	0	0
Profit before tax	713	1,473	928	1,218	1,288
Tax	(4)	(5)	(9)	(18)	(19)
Profit after tax	709	1,468	919	1,200	1,269
Minority interests	0	0	0	0	0
Preferred dividends	-	-	-	-	-
Other items	709	4 469	- 919	4 200	4 260
Reported net profit Non-recurring items & goodwill (net)	(48)	1,468 (192)	919	1,200 0	1,269 0
Recurring net profit	661	1,276	919	1,200	1,269
Per share (THB)		, -		,	,
Recurring EPS *	0.42	0.82	0.59	0.77	0.81
Reported EPS	0.45	0.94	0.59	0.77	0.81
DPS	0.25	0.40	0.29	0.38	0.01
Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data)	1,559	1,559	1,559	1,559	1,559
Growth	,	,	,	,	,
Revenue (%)	(44.1)	17.4	(1.5)	2.8	3.4
Operating EBITDA (%)	(61.0)	31.0	(9.5)	9.9	3.0
Operating EBIT (%)	(78.5)	62.0	(20.4)	19.6	5.0
Recurring EPS (%)	(86.4)	92.9	(28.0)	30.6	5.8
Reported EPS (%)	(85.4)	107.0	(37.4)	30.6	5.8
Operating performance					
Gross margin inc. depreciation (%)	29.5	38.2	33.2	37.3	38.0
Gross margin exc. depreciation (%)	57.5	63.7	60.0	63.5	63.6
Operating EBITDA margin (%)	50.1	55.9	51.3	54.9	54.6
Operating EBIT margin (%)	22.1	30.4	24.6	28.6	29.0
Net margin (%)	13.0	21.3	15.6	19.8	20.2
Effective tax rate (%)	0.5	0.3	1.0	1.5	1.5
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	58.9	48.9	50.0	50.0	50.0
Interest cover (X)	2.4	3.3	2.7	3.3	3.3
Inventory days	6.1	3.8	2.3	2.5	2.5
Debtor days	20.6	21.3	24.0	22.7	22.1
Creditor days	83.2	62.4	57.2	64.9	64.8
Operating ROIC (%)	4.2	6.7	5.2	6.1	(1.6)
ROIC (%)	4.2	6.6	5.0	5.9	(1.5)
ROE (%)	4.0	7.7	5.4	6.8	7.0
ROA (%)	4.3	6.8	5.1	6.1	4.2
* Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted					
Revenue by Division (THB m)	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Time charter	5,016	5,905	5,830	5,977	6,184
Voyage charter	79	75	60	78	78
Service revenue	5	5	5	6	6

Sources: Precious Shipping; FSSIA estimates

#### **Financial Statements**

Precious Shipping

Cash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
Recurring net profit	661	1,276	919	1,200	1,269
epreciation	1,429	1,523	1,577	1,592	1,605
ssociates & minorities	-	-	-	-	-
her non-cash items	413	497	(42)	21	(100)
hange in working capital	(336)	(26)	(74)	(66)	235
ash flow from operations	2,167	3,270	2,379	2,747	3,009
apex - maintenance	-	-	-	-	
apex - new investment	(562)	(4,439)	(1,800)	(1,800)	(1,605)
et acquisitions & disposals	1	1,429	0	0	0
ther investments (net)	21	(483)	43	(23)	96
ash flow from investing	(541)	(3,493)	(1,757)	(1,823)	(1,509)
lividends paid	(624)	(624)	(459) 0	(600)	(635) C
quity finance lebt finance	0 710	0 1,198	(100)	0 (18)	19
Other financing cash flows	(455)	(501)	(100)	(18)	2
cash flow from financing	(368)	73	(559)	(617)	(613)
lon-recurring cash flows	-	-	-	-	(0.0)
other adjustments	1	0	0	0	C
let other adjustments	1	0	0	0	C
lovement in cash	1,259	(149)	63	307	887
ree cash flow to firm (FCFF)	2,106.72	338.14	1,163.08	1,458.56	2,051.97
ree cash flow to equity (FCFE)	1,882.57	474.55	522.71	906.59	1,522.00
er share (THB)					
CFF per share	1.35	0.22	0.75	0.94	1.32
CFE per share	1.35	0.22	0.75	0.58	0.98
ecurring cash flow per share	1.61	2.11	1.57	1.80	1.78
alance Sheet (THP m) Year Fuding Dee			-20255	-2020E	
alance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
angible fixed assets (gross)	32,689	34,690	35,532	36,389	37,070
ess: Accumulated depreciation	(11,854)	(12,362)	(12,980)	(13,629)	(14,311)
angible fixed assets (net)	20,836	22,328	22,552	22,759	22,759
ntangible fixed assets (net)	9	21	21	20	20
ong-term financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
vest. in associates & subsidiaries	82	81	81	81	81
cash & equivalents	2,315	2,166	2,229	2,536	3,423
/C receivable	295	405	371	382	377
nventories	30	15	15 236	15	16
Other current assets Current assets	250 <b>2,890</b>	233 <b>2,818</b>	236 2,851	242 3,175	250 <b>4,067</b>
Other assets	<b>2,090</b> 529	<b>2,818</b> 960	<b>2,851</b> 917	940	<b>4,00</b> 7 844
otal assets	24,346	26,208	26,421	26,975	27,771
Common equity	16,246	16,863	17,323	17,923	18,557
Ainorities etc.	0	0	0	0	10,007 C
otal shareholders' equity	16,246	16,864	17,323	17,923	18,558
ong term debt	5,548	7,081	7,002	7,008	7,120
Other long-term liabilities	276	211	207	189	252
ong-term liabilities	5,824	7,292	7,209	7,197	7,372
/C payable	447	362	432	416	455
short term debt	1,788	1,399	1,380	1,355	1,262
ther current liabilities	41	291	77	84	125
urrent liabilities	2,276	2,053	1,889	1,856	1,842
otal liabilities and shareholders' equity	24,346	26,208	26,421	26,975	27,771
let working capital	87	(1)	112	138	64
wested capital	21,542	23,389	23,682	23,939	23,768
Includes convertibles and preferred stock which is bein	ng treated as debt				
er share (THB)					
ook value per share	10.42	10.81	11.11	11.49	11.90
angible book value per share	10.41	10.80	11.10	11.48	11.89
inancial strength					
et debt/equity (%)	30.9	37.4	35.5	32.5	26.7
et debt/total assets (%)	20.6	24.1	23.3	21.6	17.9
urrent ratio (x)	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.2
F interest cover (x)	6.1	9.8	5.3	6.1	6.7
aluation	2023	2024	2025E	2026E	2027E
ecurring P/E (x) *	15.1	7.8	10.9	8.3	7.9
ecurring P/E (x) * ecurring P/E @ target price (x) *	15.1	7.8 8.6	10.9	8.3 9.1	7.9 8.6
eported P/E (x)	14.1	<b>6.8</b>	10.9	8.3	<b>0.0</b> 7.9
ividend yield (%)	3.9	6.3	4.6	6.0	6.4
rice/book (x)	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5
rice/tangible book (x)	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5
V/EBITDA (x) **	5.9	4.9	5.3	4.8	4.4
V/EBITDA @ target price (x) **	6.2	5.2	5.6	5.0	4.6
	0.2	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6
V/invested capital (x)					

Sources: Precious Shipping; FSSIA estimates



# **PRECIOUS SHIPPING PCL (PSL TB)**



 $\star \star \star$ 

55.45 /100

#### Exhibit 31: FSSIA ESG score implication

Rating	Score	Implication
****	>79-100	Leading its industry peers in managing the most significant ESG risks which not only better cost efficiency but also lead to higher profitability.
$\star\star\star\star$	>59-79	A mixed track record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities relative to industry peers.
$\star\star\star$	>39-59	Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been constructively addressed, well-managed and incorporated into day-to-day operations, in which targets and achievements are evaluated annually.
**	>19-39	Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been identified with key management in charge for progress to be followed up on and to provide intensive disclosure. Most targets are conventional and achievable.
*	1-19	The company has adopted the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs), established sustainability management guidelines and fully complies with regulations or ESG suggested guidance from related organizations such as the SET and SEC.

Sources: FSSIA estimates

#### Exhibit 32: ESG – peer comparison

	FSSIA			Domestic	ratings			Global ratings						Bloomberg	
	ESG score	DJSI	SET ESG	SET ESG Rating	CG score	AGM level	Thai CAC	Morningstar ESG risk	ESG Book	MSCI	Moody's	Refinitiv	S&P Global	ESG score	Disclosure score
SET100	69.20	5.34	4.40	4.40	4.76	4.65	3.84	Medium	51.76	BBB	20.87	58.72	63.91	3.72	28.17
Coverage	67.12	5.11	4.15	4.17	4.83	4.71	3.53	Medium	52.04	BB	16.97	56.85	62.09	3.40	31.94
NYT	43.79			Y	5.00	5.00			53.86			57.61		6.57	45.96
PSL	55.45		Y	Y	5.00	5.00	Certified	Medium	59.76	BB			51.00		
RCL	27.51				4.00	4.00		High	41.46			20.37	13.00	.94	30.36
SJWD	42.41		Y	Y	5.00	5.00			56.00			42.01		3.44	41.46
TTA	65.35		Y	Y	5.00	5.00	Certified	Medium	56.56	AA		50.79	25.00	3.31	56.20

Sources: <u>SETTRADE.com</u>; \* FSSIA estimate; FSSIA's compilation

#### Exhibit 33: ESG disclosure from company's one report

FY ending Dec 31	FY 2022	FY ending Dec 31	FY 2022
Environmental		Governance	
Climate change policy	Yes	Board size / Independent directors (ID) / Female	11/4/4
Climate change opportunities discussed		No. of board meetings for the year / % attendance	7 / 98%
GHG scope 2 location-based policy	Yes	Company conducts board evaluations	Yes
Biodiversity policy	Yes	Number of non-executive directors on board	8
Energy efficiency policy	Yes	Director share ownership guidelines	No
Electricity used	Yes	Board age limit	
Fuel used - crude oil/diesel	Yes	Age of the youngest / oldest director	34 / 69
Waste reduction policy	Yes	Number of executives / female	3 / 0
Water policy	Yes	Executive share ownership guidelines	No
Water consumption	Yes	Size of audit committee / ID	3/3
Social		Audit committee meetings	4
Human rights policy	Yes	Audit committee meeting attendance (%)	100
Policy against child labor	Yes	Size of compensation committee / ID	3/2
Quality assurance and recall policy		Number of compensation committee meetings	3
Consumer data protection policy	Yes	Compensation committee meeting attendance (%)	100
Equal opportunity policy	Yes	Size of nomination committee / ID	3/3
Gender pay gap breakout		Number of nomination committee meetings	3
Pct women in workforce	56	Nomination committee meeting attendance (%)	100
Business ethics policy	Yes	Board compensation (THB m)	8.5
Anti-bribery ethics policy	Yes	Executive compensation (THB m)	94.84
Health and safety policy	Yes	Auditor fee (THB m)	11.11
Lost time incident rate - employees		(EY Office Limited)	
Training policy	Yes	Total employee (no.)	133
Fair remuneration policy	Yes	Employee compensation (THB m)	315.37
Number of employees - CSR	Yes		
Total hours spent by firm - employee training	44286		
Social supply chain management	Yes		

Source: FSSIA's compilation

#### **Disclaimer for ESG scoring**

ESG score	Methodolog	У			Rating							
The Dow Jones Sustainability Indices ( <u>DJSI</u> ) By S&P Global	process base from the ann Only the top- inclusion.	ed on the com ual S&P Glob ranked comp	transparent, rules-based npanies' Total Sustainabi oal Corporate Sustainabil nanies within each industr	ility Scores resulting ity Assessment (CSA). ry are selected for	Be a member and invited to the annual S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA) for DJSI. Companies with an S&P Global ESG Score of less than 45% of the S&P Global ESG Score of the highest scoring company are disqualified. The constituents of the DJSI indices are selected from the Eligible Universe.							
SET ESG Ratings List (SETESG) by The Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET)	managing bu Candidates r 1) no irregula float of >150 up capital. S 70%; 2) inde wrongdoing	usiness with tr must pass the ar trading of th shareholders ome key disq pendent direc related to CG	ponsibility in Environmenta ransparency in Governan e preemptive criteria, with he board members and e s, and combined holding ualifying criteria include: ctors and free float violati , social & environmental earnings in red for > 3 year	ace, updated annually. a two crucial conditions: executives; and 2) free must be >15% of paid- 1) CG score of below on; 3) executives' impacts; 4) equity in	To be eligible for <u>SETESG inclusion</u> , verified data must be scored at a minimum of 50% for each indicator, unless the company is a part of DJSI during the assessment year. The scoring will be fairly weighted against the nature of the relevant industry and materiality. <u>SETESG Index</u> is extended from the SET ESG Ratings companies whose 1) market capitalization > THB5b (-USD150b); 2) free float >20%; and 3) liquidity >0.5% of paid-up capital for at least 9 out of 12 months. The SETTHSI Index is a market capitalisation-weighted index, cap 5% quarterly weight at maximum, and no cap for number of stocks.							
CG Score by Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD)	annually by t Thailand (SE	he Thai IOD,	th in sustainable develop with support from the St ts are from the perspecti s.	ock Exchange of	Scores are rated in six categories: 5 for Excellent (90-100), 4 for Very Good (80-89), 3 for Good (70-79), 2 for Fair (60-69), 1 for Pass (60-69), and not rated for scores below 50. Weightings include: 1) the rights; 2) and equitable treatment of shareholders (weight 25% combined); 3) the role of stakeholders (25%); 4) disclosure & transparency (15%); and 5) board responsibilities (35%).							
AGM level By Thai Investors Association (TIA) with support from the SEC	treatment are transparent a out of five the criteria cover date (45%), a <i>circulation of s</i> <i>exercised. The</i> <i>and verifiability</i>	e incorporated and sufficientl e CG compor r AGM procect and after the i ufficient informat e second assess r; and 3) openne	which shareholders' right: d into business operation y disclosed. All form impu- nents to be evaluated and dures before the meeting meeting (10%). (The first a tion for voting; and 2) facilita ses 1) the ease of attending n ses for Q&A. The third involve less, resolutions and voting re	is and information is ortant elements of two nually. The assessment (45%), at the meeting assesses 1) advance ting how voting rights can be meetings; 2) transparency es the meeting minutes that	The scores are classified into four categories: 5 for Excellent (100), 4 for Very Good (90-99), 3 for Fair (80-89), and not rated for scores below 79.							
Thai CAC By Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC)	establishmer policies. The (Companies de Declaration of Certification, in managers and	nt of key contr Certification eciding to becom Intent to kick of including risk ass employees, est	Checklist include corrupti rols, and the monitoring a is good for three years. me a CAC certified member s f an 18-month deadline to su sessment, in place of policy a tablishment of whistleblowing ul stakeholders.)	and developing of start by submitting a bmit the CAC Checklist for ind control, training of	The document will be reviewed by a committee of nine professionals. A passed Checklist will move for granting certification by the CAC Council approvals whose members are twelve highly respected individuals in professionalism and ethical achievements.							
<u>Morningstar</u> Sustainalytics						A company's ESG risk rating score is the sum of unmanaged risk. The more risk is unmanaged, the higher ESG risk is scored.						
	information, co		ck, ESG controversies, issuer		<b>NEGL</b> 0-10	Low 10-20	<b>Medium</b> 20-30	High 30-40	Severe 40+			
ESG Book	positioned to the principle helps explair over-weightin	outperform c of financial m future risk-a	sustainable companies th over the long term. The m nateriality including inform djusted performance. Ma tith higher materiality and erly basis.	The total ESG scores using m	The total ESG score is calculated as a weighted sum of the features scores using materiality-based weights. The score is scaled between 0 and 100 with higher scores indicating better performance.							
<u>MSCI</u>				anagement of financially their exposure to ESG ris					ethodology to			
	AAA 8.571-10.000 AA 7.143-8.570 AA 7.143-8.570							5				
	A     5.714-7.142       BBB     4.286-5.713     Average:     a mixed or unexceptional track record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunindustry peers       BB     2.857-4.285							ities relative to				
	B CCC	1.429-2.850 0.000-1.428	Laggard:	lagging its industry base	d on its high exposure and failure to manage significant ESG risks							
Moody's ESG solutions	believes that	esses the dec a company in	gree to which companies	take into account ESG o nto its business model and medium to long term.								
Refinitiv ESG rating	based on pu	blicly available	e and auditable data. The	e a company's relative ES e score ranges from 0 to are 0 to 25 = poor; >25 to 50 =	100 on relative E	SG performan	ce and insufficier	t degree of t				
S&P Global				asuring a company's perf ssification. The score ran			of ESG risks, opp	ortunities, an	d impacts			
Bloomberg	compared to its peers within the same industry classification. The score ranges from 0 to 100.         ESG Score       Bloomberg score evaluating the company's aggregated Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) performance. The score is based on Bloomberg's view of ESG financial materiality. The score is a weighted generalized mean (power mean) of Pillar Scores, where the weights are determined by the pillar priority ranking. Values range from 0 to 10; 10 is the best.											
				the weights are determin		riority ranking.	Values range fro	m 0 to 10; 10	is the best.			

Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "CG Score"; 2) "AGM Level"; 3) "Thai CAC"; and 4) THSI. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSSIA does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings. Source: FSSIA's compilation

#### **GENERAL DISCLAIMER**

#### ANALYST(S) CERTIFICATION

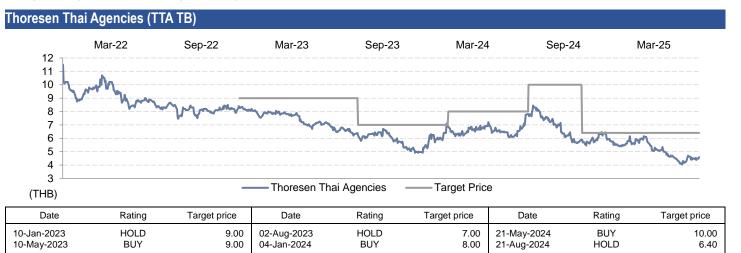
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#### History of change in investment rating and/or target price



Jitra Amornthum started covering this stock from 10-Jan-2023

Price and TP are in local currency

Source: FSSIA estimates

#### Precious Shipping (PSL TB)



BUY

11.00

06-Aug-2024

10.30

HOLD Jitra Amornthum started covering this stock from 13-Feb-2023

Price and TP are in local currency

Source: FSSIA estimates

02-Aug-2023

Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
Thoresen Thai Agencies	ΤΤΑ ΤΒ	THB 4.48	HOLD	Downside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) a fall in freight rates (TCE); 2) exchange rate volatility; 3) slow economic growth in China; and 4) regulatory risks, including new EEXI and CII requirements, effective 1 Jan-23. Upside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) higher freight rates (TCE); 2) better-than-expected economic growth in China; and 3) a prolonged Red Sea crisis and shipping disruptions.
Precious Shipping	PSL TB	THB 6.40	HOLD	Downside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) a fall in freight rates (time charter equivalent (TCE)); 2) exchange rate volatility; 3) China's slow economic growth; and 4) regulatory risks, including new EEXI and CII requirements, effective 1 Jan-23. Upside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) higher freight rates (TCE); 2) better-than-expected economic growth in China; and 3) a prolonged Red Sea crisis and shipping disruptions.

Source: FSSIA estimates

#### **Additional Disclosures**

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited.

All share prices are as at market close on 10-Mar-2025 unless otherwise stated.

#### **RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE**

#### Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price\* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

\* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

#### **Industry Recommendations**

**Overweight.** The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months. **Neutral.** The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months. **Underweight.** The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

#### **Country (Strategy) Recommendations**

**Overweight (O).** Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

**Underweight (U).** Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.