**EQUITIES RESEARCH** 



# Thailand Market Strategy

## Impact on Thailand from the return of Trump

- Trump won the 2024 election and the return to his presidency raises uncertainty, which could potentially pressure the global market, especially in Asia.
- Higher budget deficit, bond yield, policy rate, and dollar appreciation expected.
- Trade tension escalation could indirectly hurt the Thai economy, but there is still a
  positive angle on production relocation and higher US orders.

## Trump 2.0 is coming to town

After Donald Trump won the 2024 US general election and secured his return to the presidency, the market has further reacted and priced-in his key policies. These mainly benefit the US economy, but could affect global markets, especially relating to trade. We expect that the following situations are likely to occur:

## Higher budget deficit, bond yield, policy rate, and dollar, at least in short term

Trump's tax cut policy and military expansion and modernization would lead to a higher budget deficit, requiring the government to issue more government bonds to the market. Moreover, the new tariff hike could lead to higher product prices. These would be reflected in higher bond yields, while the Fed's rate cut cycle might be slower than anticipated. The dollar index is likely to be higher. We think this scenario would provide negative sentiment to the finance and import sectors. Meanwhile, the banking and Thai export sectors, both goods and services, could benefit from slower rate cuts and THB depreciation.

#### Escalating trade tensions and impact on Thailand

In terms of trade policy, Donald Trump plans to implement a 10% tariff on all imported goods and 60% on all goods from China, which has created fears for the market regarding global economic impacts and global trade tensions. After the first tariff was imposed in 2018, the US trade deficit with China dropped by 18% and 10% in 2019-20, respectively, before increasing during the Covid-19 pandemic in 2021-22. However, the trade deficit resumed its decline by 27% in 2023 to USD279b, lower than the 2013-17 average of USD350b. For Thailand, the country's exports to China turned negative in 2022-23, due to China's economic deceleration and domestic-focused policy. Meanwhile, exports to the US continued to grow strongly by 11% CAGR in 2018-23. We think the escalation of trade tensions would indirectly pressure Thai exports and the economy on the back of the global impact. On the other hand, we anticipate that Thailand could benefit from the shift of production bases as they relocate from China, and there is a potential to secure more orders from the US, aligning with trends in global supply chain diversification.

## How did the SET index move during 2018-19?

During the first year after the US announced the imposition of tariffs on steel and aluminum imports, the SET index dropped by 9.7% from the negative sentiment and the pressure from the Fed's rate hike and quantitative tightening. However, we think the market's reaction this time around might be less severe, as it would not be as surprising as in 2018. Meanwhile, the domestic economy remains on a recovery path with more stimulus packages ahead. We think the SET index might retreat in the short term, but we maintain a positive view on the medium to long term. We think sectors that could outperform the market are electronics, food, ICT, healthcare, transport, commerce, finance, tourism, and Reit.



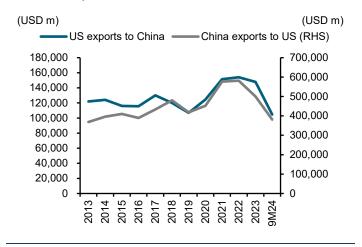
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Exhibit 1: Trump's key economic policies and impacts

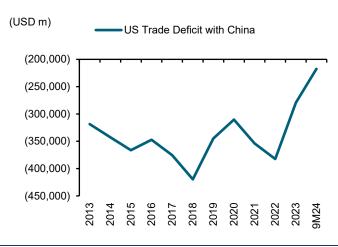
Policies	Donald Trump	Impact			
Trade	Implement a 10% universal tariff on all imported goods, and potentially up to a 60% tariff on all goods from China.	Higher product prices, which could lead to stickier inflation.			
Taxes	Extend his 2017 tax cuts and lower the corporate tax rate from 21% to 15%.	Higher budget deficit and bond yields from greater supply of treasury to the market.			
Foreign and defense	Wants the US to disentangle itself from conflicts elsewhere in the world. Negotiate with Russia to end the war in Ukraine.	Lower oil prices if the war ends.			
Jobs and wages	Deregulation to promote business growth; create jobs through energy and manufacturing.	Benefit to domestic consumption and economy.			
Climate and environment	Aims to cancel Biden's climate law. Support fossil fuel industries, expand oil and gas production.	Lower oil and gas prices from higher supply and production.			

Source: FSSIA's summary

**Exhibit 2: Exports between the US and China** 



**Exhibit 3: US trade deficit with China** 



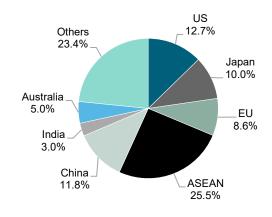
Source: Bloomberg Source: Bloomberg

Exhibit 4: Thailand's exports to China and the US



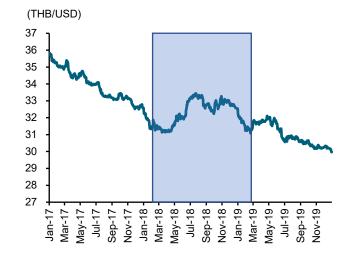
Source: Bloomberg

Exhibit 5: Thailand's exports by country (2019)



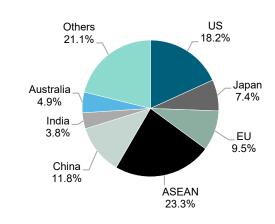
Source: Ministry of Commerce

Exhibit 7: THB/USD depreciated during 2018



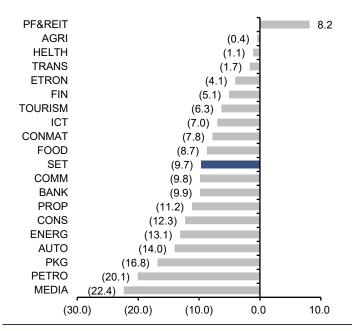
Source: NESDC

Exhibit 6: Thailand's exports by country (9M23)



Source: Ministry of Commerce

Exhibit 8: Sector returns during Mar-18 to Feb-19



Source: SETSMART

## **Disclaimer for ESG scoring**

ESG score	Methodolog	у			Rating						
The Dow Jones Sustainability Indices ( <u>DJSI</u> ) By S&P Global	process bas from the ann	ed on the comp nual S&P Globa	ransparent, rules-based panies' Total Sustainabili al Corporate Sustainabilit anies within each industry	Be a member and invited to the annual S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA) for DJSI. Companies with an S&P Global ESG Score of less than 45% of the S&P Global ESG Score of the highest scoring company are disqualified. The constituents of the DJSI indices are selected from the Eligible Universe.							
Sustainability nvestment List (THSI) by The Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET)	managing b Candidates 1) no irregul float of >150 up capital. S 70%; 2) inde wrongdoing	usiness with tra must pass the partrading of the shareholders, some key disque ependent direct related to CG,	ity in Environmental and ansparency in Governand preemptive criteria, with e board members and es and combined holding alifying criteria include: 1 tors and free float violatic social & environmental in arnings in red for > 3 year	To be eligible for THSI inclusion, verified data must be scored at a minimum of 50% for each indicator, unless the company is a part of DJSI during the assessment year. The scoring will be fairly weighted against the nature of the relevant industry and materiality.  SETTHSI Index is extended from the THSI companies whose 1) market capitalization > THB5b (~USD150b); 2) free float >20%; and 3) liquidity >0.5% of paid-up capital for at least 9 out of 12 months. The SETTHSI Index is a market capitalisation-weighted index, cap 5% quarterly weight a maximum, and no cap for number of stocks.							
CG Score by Thai nstitute of Directors Association Thai IOD)	annually by Thailand (SI	the Thai IOD, v	n in sustainable developn with support from the Sto s are from the perspectiv s.	Scores are rated in six categories: 5 for Excellent (90-100), 4 for Very Good (80-89), 3 for Good (70-79), 2 for Fair (60-69), 1 for Pass (60-69), and not rated for scores below 50. Weightings include: 1) the rights; 2) an equitable treatment of shareholders (weight 25% combined); 3) the role of stakeholders (25%); 4) disclosure & transparency (15%); and 5) board responsibilities (35%).							
AGM level By Thai nvestors Association (TIA) with support from the SEC	It quantifies the extent to which shareholders' rights and equitable treatment are incorporated into business operations and information is transparent and sufficiently disclosed. All form important elements of two out of five the CG components to be evaluated annually. The assessment criteria cover AGM procedures before the meeting (45%), at the meeting date (45%), and after the meeting (10%). (The first assesses 1) advance circulation of sufficient information for voting; and 2) facilitating how voting rights can be exercised. The second assesses 1) the ease of attending meetings; 2) transparency and verifiability; and 3) openness for Q&A. The third involves the meeting minutes that should contain discussion issues, resolutions and voting results.)								· //		
Fhai CAC By Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption CAC)	The core elements of the Checklist include corruption risk assessment, establishment of key controls, and the monitoring and developing of policies. The Certification is good for three years.  (Companies deciding to become a CAC certified member start by submitting a Declaration of Intent to kick off an 18-month deadline to submit the CAC Checklist for Certification, including risk assessment, in place of policy and control, training of managers and employees, establishment of whistleblowing channels, and communication of policies to all stakeholders.)				The document will be reviewed by a committee of nine professionals. A passed Checklist will move for granting certification by the CAC Council approvals whose members are twelve highly respected individuals in professionalism and ethical achievements.						
Morningstar Sustainalytics	The Sustainalytics' ESG risk rating provides an overall company score based on an assessment of how much of a company's exposure to ESG risk is unmanaged. Sources to be reviewed include corporate publications and regulatory filings, news and other media, NGO reports/websites, multi-sector information, company feedback, ESG controversies, issuer feedback on draft ESG reports, and quality & peer reviews.				A company's ESG risk rating score is the sum of unmanaged risk. The more risk is unmanaged, the higher ESG risk is scored.						
					<b>NEGL</b> 0-10	Low 10-20	Medium 20-30	<b>High</b> 30-40	Severe 40+		
ESG Book	positioned to the principle helps explai over-weighti	o outperform ov of financial ma n future risk-ad	ustainable companies the ver the long term. The me ateriality including informa justed performance. Mat h higher materiality and in thy basis.	The total ESG score is calculated as a weighted sum of the features scores using materiality-based weights. The score is scaled between 0 and 100 with higher scores indicating better performance.							
MSCI	MSCI ESG ratings aim to measure a company's management of financially relevant ESG risks and opportunities. It uses a rules-based methodology to identify industry leaders and laggards according to their exposure to ESG risks and how well they manage those risks relative to peers.										
	AAA	8.571-10.000	)	to a discontinuity in decident in the		: : E00	-1 1				
	AA	7.143-8.570	Leader:	leading its industry in m	anaying the most s	igilliloanit ESG N	ana ana opportunitie	70			
	Α	5.714-7.142		a material de la constant de la cons	a mixed or unexceptional track record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities relative to industry peers						
	BBB	4.286-5.713	Average:								
	ВВ	2.857-4.285									
	В	1.429-2.856	Laggard:	lagging its industry based on its high exposure and failure to manage significant ESG risks							
	CCC	0.000-1.428	99*****	55 5 ··· ··· ·· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	g., expoc		gg3di				
Moody's ESG olutions	Moody's assesses the degree to which companies take into account ESG objectives in the definition and implementation of their strategy policies. It believes that a company integrating ESG factors into its business model and relatively outperforming its peers is better positioned to mitigate risks and create sustainable value for shareholders over the medium to long term.										
Refinitiv ESG ating	Designed to transparently and objectively measure a company's relative ESG performance, commitment and effectiveness across 10 main themes, based on publicly available and auditable data. The score ranges from 0 to 100 on relative ESG performance and insufficient degree of transparency in reporting material ESG data publicly. (Score ratings are 0 to 25 = poor; >25 to 50 = satisfactory; >50 to 75 = good; and >75 to 100 = excellent.)										
S&P Global			e is a relative score mea n the same industry clas				of ESG risks, op	portunities, ar	id impacts		
Bloomberg	ESG Score  Bloomberg score evaluating the company's aggregated Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) performance. The score is based on Bloomberg's view of ESG financial materiality. The score is a weighted generalized mean (power mean) of Pillar Scores, where the weights are determined by the pillar priority ranking. Values range from 0 to 10; 10 is the best.										
	ESG Disclos		Disclosure of a compan								

Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "CG Score"; 2) "AGM Level"; 3) "Thai CAC"; and 4) THSI. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSSIA does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings.

Source: FSSIA's compilation

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### Veeravat Virochpoka FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

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Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited.

All share prices are as at market close on, unless otherwise stated.

#### RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

### Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price\* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

\* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

## **Industry Recommendations**

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months.

Neutral. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months.

Underweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

## **Country (Strategy) Recommendations**

**Overweight (O).** Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

**Neutral (N).** Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

**Underweight (U).** Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.