EQUITY RESEARCH - COMPANY REPORT

MUANGTHAI CAPITAL

THAILAND / FINANCE & SECURITIES

คาดการเก็บเงินสดและกำไรใน 2Q24 ยังมีเสถียรภาพที่ดี

- คาดผลประกอบการ 2Q24 จะยังเป็นบวกจากการควบคุมต้นทุนที่มีประสิทธิภาพ
- คุณภาพสินทรัพย์ยังไม่มีสัญญาณเตือนทั้งในส่วนของการเก็บเงิน สัดส่วนหนี้ด้อย
 คุณภาพและตันทุนความเสี่ยงในการปล่อยสินเชื่อ
- เราคงคำแนะนำซื้อที่ราคาเป้าหมายปี 2024 ที่ 50 บาท

คาดกำไร 2Q24 จะโตแม้ว่าจะมีปัจจัยกดดันหลายประการ

เราคาดว่ากำไรสุทธิ 2Q24 จะโด 0.8% q-q และ 16.6% y-y มาอยู่ที่ 1.40พัน ลบ. นอกจากนี้ กำไรก่อนหักสำรอง (PPOP) ก็น่าจะปรับขึ้น 1.4% q-q และ 9.0% y-y เป็น 2.91พัน ลบ. แม้ว่า จะมีปัจจัยกดดันหลายประการ MTC ยังยืนยันว่าสินเชื่อยังโตตามเป้าประมาณการปี 2024 ของ บริษัทฯ ที่ 15-20% y-y (เราคาดว่าจะโต 5.3% q-q, 17.0% y-y, และ 8.5% YTD) แม้ว่าจะมี การขายหนี้เท่ากับใน 1Q24 ที่ประมาณ 900 ลบ. ปัจจัยสำคัญต่อการเติบโตน่าจะยังอยู่ที่ สินเชื่อประเภทมีหลักทรัพย์ค้ำประกันกล่าวคือสินเชื่อรถ 2 และ 4 ล้อและสินเชื่อโฉนดที่ดิน ในขณะที่สินเชื่อประเภทไม่มีหลักทรัพย์ค้ำประกันกล่าวคือสินเชื่อส่วนบุคคลและ Nano-finance ยังชะลอตัว เราคาดว่า Loan spread จะหดตัว 48bp เป็น 13.30% ใน 2Q24 จากผลกระทบ ของต้นทุนในการกู้ (Cost of funds) ที่ปรับขึ้นอย่างต่อเนื่องและ Loan yield ที่ลดลงจากสินเชื่อ ที่มีการกระจุกตัวเพิ่มขึ้นในสินเชื่อโฉนดที่ดินแลกเงินที่ให้ผลตอบแทนต่ำ ทั้งนี้ ผลจากการเปิด สาขาใหม่ที่ลดลงใน 2Q24 กล่าวคือ 192 เทียบกับ 251 สาขาใน 1Q24 ประกอบกับเงินจูงใจ พิเศษสำหรับพนักงานติดตามหนี้ที่ลดลงทำให้ MTC สามารถบริหารอัตราส่วนค่าใช้จ่ายในการ ดำเนินงานต่อรายได้ให้ลดลงเหลือ 47.6% ในไตรมาสนี้สอดคล้องกับเป้าประมาณการปี 2024 ของบริษัทฯ ที่ 46-47%

้คุณภาพสินทรัพย์อยู่ในระดับที่จัดการได้โดยปราศจากสัญญาณเตือน

เราไม่เห็นสัญญาณเตือนในด้านคุณภาพสินทรัพย์ใน 2Q24 โดยคาดว่าสัดส่วนหนี้ด้อยคุณภาพ จะทรงตัวที่ 3.01% และต้นทุนความเสี่ยงในการปล่อยสินเชื่อจะลดลงเล็กน้อยเป็น 3.10% สอดคล้องกับเป้าประมาณการปี 2024 ของบริษัทฯ ที่ไม่เกิน 3.20% และ 3.50% ตามลำดับ เพราะฉะนั้น คาดสัดส่วนสำรองต่อหนี้ด้อยคุณภาพจึงทรงตัวที่ประมาณ 120.2% ในไตรมาสนี้ MTC คาดว่าผลขาดทุนจากการขายรถยึดจะดีขึ้นในกลุ่มสินเชื่อรถจักรยานยนต์แต่จะค่อนข้าง ผันผวนในกลุ่มสินเชื่อรถยนต์ นอกจากนี้บริษัทฯ ยังมีมุมมองเชิงบวกเกี่ยวกับมาตรการ Digital Wallet ของรัฐบาลที่กำลังจะเกิดขึ้นใน 4Q24 ซึ่งจะช่วยสนับสนุนแนวโน้มการเก็บเงินสดและ คุณภาพสินทรัพย์ให้ดีขึ้น

สินเชื่อยังเป็นปัจจัยหนุนสำคัญสำหรับการเติบโตของกำไรสุทธิในปี 2024-26

เราคงประมาณการปี 2024-26 ที่คาดว่ากำไรสุทธิจะโต 23.1% CAGR โดยได้ปัจจัยผลักดัน จากสินเชื่อที่คาดว่าจะโตเฉลี่ย 14.7-19.5% ต่อปี (จากการเปิดสาขาเชิงรุกในช่วงปี 2022-23 และประสิทธิภาพของการปล่อยสินเชื่อต่อสาขาที่ปรับตัวดีขึ้น) โดยจะมุ่งเน้นไปที่สินเชื่อ ประเภทมีหลักทรัพย์ค้ำประกัน ในขณะที่ต้นทุนความเสี่ยงในการปล่อยสินเชื่อที่คาดว่าจะลดลง ต่อเนื่องเป็น 2.67% ใน 2026 จะช่วยชดเชย Loan Spread ที่คาดว่าจะทรงตัวที่ค่าเฉลี่ย 13.84-13.85% ในช่วงปี 2024-26

ดงคำแนะนำซื้อที่ราคาเป้าหมายปี 2024 ที่ 50 บาท

เราคงคำแนะนำซื้อที่ราคาเป้าหมายปี 2024 ของเราที่ 50 บาท (GGM) ซึ่งคิดเป็นค่า P/BV ที่ 2.82x ภายใต้สมมติฐานค่า L-T ROE ที่ 18.6% และ COE ที่ 10.0%



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FSSIA ESG rating

 $\tau \star \star \star$

| | 011011/11020 |
|-----------------|--------------|
| TARGET PRICE | THB50.00 |
| CLOSE | THB41.00 |
| UP/DOWNSIDE | +22.0% |
| PRIOR TP | THB50.00 |
| CHANGE IN TP | UNCHANGED |
| TP vs CONSENSUS | +2.3% |
| | |

KEY STOCK DATA

MTC TB

| YE Dec (THB m) | 2023 | 2024E | 2025E | 2026E |
|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Operating profit | 6,126 | 7,866 | 9,822 | 11,448 |
| Net profit | 4,906 | 6,292 | 7,858 | 9,159 |
| EPS (THB) | 2.31 | 2.97 | 3.71 | 4.32 |
| vs Consensus (%) | - | 7.0 | 12.4 | 8.9 |
| Recurring net profit | 4,906 | 6,292 | 7,858 | 9,159 |
| Core EPS (THB) | 2.31 | 2.97 | 3.71 | 4.32 |
| Chg. In EPS est. (%) | - | - | - | - |
| EPS growth (%) | (3.7) | 28.2 | 24.9 | 16.6 |
| Core P/E (x) | 17.7 | 13.8 | 11.1 | 9.5 |
| Dividend yield (%) | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.0 |
| Price/book (x) | 2.7 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.6 |
| ROE (%) | 16.1 | 18.1 | 19.0 | 18.7 |
| ROA (%) | 3.5 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.2 |



| Share price performance | 1 Month | 3 Month | 12 Month |
|--------------------------------|---------|-----------|------------|
| Absolute (%) | (4.1) | (6.8) | 13.1 |
| Relative to country (%) | (5.2) | (1.5) | 29.9 |
| Mkt cap (USD m) | | | 2,407 |
| 3m avg. daily turnover (USD m) | | | 10.3 |
| Free float (%) | | | 21 |
| Major shareholder | Pet | aumpai Fa | mily (67%) |
| 12m high/low (THB) | | 4 | 8.50/33.75 |
| Issued shares (m) | | | 2,120 |

Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates

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บทวิเคราะห์ฉบับนี้แปลมาจากต้นฉบับภาษาอังกฤษ ที่ออกรายงานเมื่อวันที่ 17 กรกฎาคม 2024

Investment thesis

We have a BUY call for MTC with a more positive view of its asset quality, summarized as follows:

- The declining trend of its NPL ratio and credit cost could validate its proactive debt management efforts to tackle the vintage bad debts and its prudent credit quality policy of granting new loans in 2023.
- We view the higher cost of funds as contained, which could create an upside risk to our forecast in the case of a reduction in the market interest rate.
- We expect 2024-26 net profit to grow at a 23.1% CAGR, driven by average loan growth of 14.7-19.5% p.a. (from aggressive branch openings and improved branch efficiencies) and a lower credit cost.

Company profile

MTC has provided lending services since 1992, focusing on motorcycle title loans, and commands the highest market share in Thailand. The company has also expanded its business to personal and other title loans such as car, agricultural and land title loans.

www.muangthaicap.com

Principal activities (revenue, 1Q24)

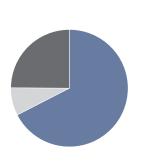
- Net interest income 94.9 %
- Non-interest income 5.1 %

Source: Muangthai Capital

Major shareholders

- Petaumpai Family 67.5 %
- Thai NVDR Co., Ltd. 7.7 %





Source: Muangthai Capital

Catalysts

- 1) A faster-than-expected economic recovery in Thailand;
- 2) Government stimulus measures;
- 3) A stronger-than-expected improvement in asset quality;
- 4) Better-than-expected control over operating costs.

Risks to our call

Downside risks to our GGM-based TP include 1) a further weakening of asset quality that could potentially hit both loan yield and credit cost; and 2) changes in financial regulations by the Bank of Thailand and the Office of Consumer Protection Board.

Event calendar

| Date | Event |
|------------|---------------------------|
| 6 Aug 2024 | 2Q24 results announcement |
| 8 Aug 2024 | Analyst meeting |

Key assumptions

| Key assumptions | 2024E | 2025E | 2026E |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Rey assumptions | 20246 | ZUZJL | 20201 |
| Loan growth | 19.55 | 16.58 | 14.68 |
| Interest spread | 13.84 | 13.85 | 13.85 |
| NPL ratio | 3.10 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| Credit cost | 3.08 | 2.75 | 2.67 |
| Cost to income | 46.94 | 46.94 | 46.94 |

Source: FSSIA estimates

Earnings sensitivity

| | | | 2024E | |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Loan growth | ±2ppt | 17.55 | 19.55 | 21.55 |
| % change in net profit | | (1.3) | | 1.3 |
| Interest spread (%) | ±5bp | 13.79 | 13.84 | 13.89 |
| % change in net profit | | (0.4) | | 0.4 |
| Credit cost (bp) | ±10bp | 2.98 | 3.08 | 3.18 |
| % change in net profit | | 2.0 | | (2.0) |

Source: FSSIA estimates



Exhibit 1: MTC – 2Q24 earnings preview

| | 2Q23 | 3Q23 | 4Q23 | 1Q24 | 2Q24E | Cha | nge | 1H23 | 1H24E | Change | % of | 2024E | Change |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|---------|---------|--------|-------|----------|--------|
| | (THB m) | (q-q%) | (y-y%) | (THB m) | (THB m) | (y-y%) | 2024E | (THB m) | (y-y%) |
| Interest income | 5,754 | 6,063 | 6,287 | 6,353 | 6,482 | 2.0 | 12.7 | 11,151 | 12,835 | 15.1 | 46 | 27,968 | 19.0 |
| Interest expense | (909) | (1,004) | (1,096) | (1,130) | (1,220) | 7.9 | 34.3 | (1,756) | (2,350) | 33.8 | 45 | (5,240) | 35.9 |
| Net interest income | 4,845 | 5,059 | 5,191 | 5,223 | 5,262 | 0.8 | 8.6 | 9,394 | 10,485 | 11.6 | 46 | 22,727 | 15.7 |
| Fee and other income | 287 | 236 | 269 | 278 | 288 | 3.7 | 0.2 | 521 | 565 | 8.6 | 52 | 1,096 | 6.8 |
| Total income | 5,132 | 5,295 | 5,459 | 5,500 | 5,550 | 0.9 | 8.1 | 9,915 | 11,050 | 11.4 | 46 | 23,823 | 15.3 |
| Operating expenses | (2,463) | (2,391) | (2,496) | (2,630) | (2,640) | 0.4 | 7.2 | (4,815) | (5,270) | 9.5 | 47 | (11,182) | 15.3 |
| PPOP before taxes | 2,669 | 2,904 | 2,963 | 2,870 | 2,910 | 1.4 | 9.0 | 5,100 | 5,780 | 13.3 | 46 | 12,641 | 15.3 |
| Expected credit losses | (1,017) | (965) | (998) | (858) | (886) | 3.2 | (12.9) | (1,971) | (1,744) | (11.5) | 45 | (3,875) | (1.5) |
| Profit after ECL | 1,653 | 1,939 | 1,965 | 2,012 | 2,024 | 0.6 | 22.5 | 3,129 | 4,036 | 29.0 | 46 | 8,766 | 24.6 |
| Gain (loss) from car repossessed | (183) | (334) | (278) | (276) | (274) | (0.7) | 49.6 | (295) | (550) | 86.6 | 61 | (900) | (0.7) |
| Operating profit | 1,469 | 1,605 | 1,687 | 1,736 | 1,750 | 0.8 | 19.1 | 2,834 | 3,486 | 23.0 | 44 | 7,866 | 28.4 |
| Income tax | (269) | (320) | (336) | (347) | (350) | 1.0 | 29.9 | (564) | (697) | 23.4 | 44 | (1,573) | 29.0 |
| Net profit | 1,200 | 1,285 | 1,351 | 1,389 | 1,400 | 0.8 | 16.6 | 2,270 | 2,789 | 22.9 | 44 | 6,292 | 28.2 |
| EPS (THB) | 0.57 | 0.61 | 0.64 | 0.66 | 0.66 | 0.8 | 16.6 | 1.07 | 1.32 | 22.9 | 44 | 2.97 | 28.2 |
| Loans | 131,257 | 137,081 | 141,559 | 145,859 | 153,626 | 5.3 | 17.0 | 131,257 | 137,081 | 4.4 | | 165,408 | 19.5 |
| Interest bearing debt | 106,327 | 112,329 | 114,770 | 116,820 | 126,136 | 8.0 | 18.6 | 106,327 | 112,329 | 5.6 | | 134,775 | 17.4 |
| Key ratios | 2Q23 | 3Q23 | 4Q23 | 1Q24 | 2Q24E | | | 1H23 | 1H24E | | | 2024E | |
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | | | (%) | (%) | | | (%) | |
| Yield on loan | 18.02 | 18.08 | 18.05 | 17.68 | 17.32 | | | 19.08 | 20.86 | | | 18.04 | |
| Cost of funds | 3.55 | 3.67 | 3.86 | 3.90 | 4.02 | | | 3.64 | 4.04 | | | 4.20 | |
| Spread | 14.47 | 14.40 | 14.19 | 13.78 | 13.30 | | | 15.23 | 14.07 | | | 13.84 | |
| Cost-to-income ratio | 47.99 | 45.15 | 45.72 | 47.82 | 47.57 | | | 48.56 | 47.70 | | | 46.94 | |
| Credit cost (including losses from car repossessions) | 3.76 | 3.87 | 3.66 | 3.16 | 3.10 | | | 3.82 | 3.22 | | | 3.08 | |
| NPL / Loan | 3.41 | 3.22 | 3.15 | 3.06 | 3.01 | | | 3.41 | 3.01 | | | 3.10 | |
| LLR / Loan | 3.58 | 3.55 | 3.65 | 3.70 | 3.61 | | | 3.58 | 3.61 | | | 2.99 | |
| Coverage ratio | 105.1 | 110.3 | 115.9 | 120.8 | 120.2 | | | 105.1 | 120.2 | | | 115.4 | |
| D/E (x) | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | | | 3.7 | 3.8 | | | 3.7 | |
| IDBE (x) | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.7 | | | 3.6 | 3.7 | | | 3.6 | |
| S/T debt/total debt (x) | 5.3 | 7.7 | 11.1 | 11.6 | 10.3 | | | 5.3 | 10.3 | | | 5.3 | |
| Loan growth q-q | 5.7 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 5.3 | | | | | | | | |
| Loan growth y-y | 23.6 | 21.1 | 18.9 | 17.4 | 17.0 | | | 23.6 | 17.0 | | | 19.5 | |
| Loan growth YTD | 10.2 | 15.1 | 18.9 | 3.0 | 8.5 | | | 10.2 | 8.5 | | | | |

Sources: MTC; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 2: MTC – Staged loans and ECL

| МТС | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 1Q24 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 1Q24 |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| | (THB m) | (THB m) | (THB m) | (THB m) |
| Loans and accrued interest | | | | | Staged loans % of to | tal loans | | |
| Stage 1 | 85,614 | 105,097 | 124,874 | 129,909 | 93.2 | 87.1 | 87.1 | 88.0 |
| Stage 2 | 4,923 | 12,009 | 13,983 | 13,211 | 5.4 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 9.0 |
| Stage 3 | 1,276 | 3,507 | 4,461 | 4,467 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Total | 91,812 | 120,613 | 143,318 | 147,587 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Expected credit loss (ECL) | | | | | ECL % of stage loan | S | | |
| Stage 1 | 729 | 767 | 1,225 | 1,490 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Stage 2 | 360 | 682 | 1,115 | 1,078 | 7.3 | 5.7 | 8.0 | 8.2 |
| Stage 3 | 743 | 2,237 | 2,829 | 2,831 | 58.2 | 63.8 | 63.4 | 63.4 |
| Total | 1,832 | 3,686 | 5,169 | 5,399 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.7 |
| LLR / Loans | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | | | | |
| Stage 1 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.1 | | | | |
| Stage 2 | 7.3 | 5.7 | 8.0 | 8.2 | | | | |
| Stage 3 | 58.2 | 63.8 | 63.4 | 63.4 | | | | |
| Total | 2.0 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.7 | | | | |
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | | | | |
| NPL / TL | 1.4 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.0 | | | | |
| NPL vs Stage 2 loans / TL | 6.8 | 12.9 | 12.9 | 12.0 | | | | |
| LLR / NPL | 143.6 | 105.1 | 115.9 | 120.9 | | | | |
| LLR / (NPL vs Stage 2 loans) | 29.6 | 23.8 | 28.0 | 30.5 | | | | |

Sources: MTC; FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 3: MTC – GGM-based 2024 TP

| Gordon Growth Model | 2024E |
|---------------------|-------|
| Sustainable ROE | 18.6% |
| g | 5.3% |
| ROE-g | 13.3% |
| Beta | 1.17 |
| Risk-free rate | 3.0% |
| Risk premium | 6.0% |
| COE | 10.0% |
| COE-g | 4.7% |
| ROE-g/COE-g (x) | 2.82 |

Exhibit 4: Share price performance of non-banks under coverage, as of 16 July 2024

| | | Pric | e performai | n ce | |
|-----------|--------|--------|-------------|-------------|--------|
| | 1M | 3M | 6M | 1Y | YTD |
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) | (%) |
| TIDLOR TB | (5.3) | (10.9) | (18.8) | (21.2) | (18.4) |
| МТС ТВ | (4.7) | (5.7) | (4.7) | 8.6 | (8.9) |
| SAWAD TB | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.1 | (15.6) | 0.5 |
| AEONTS TB | (9.5) | (26.1) | (22.0) | (28.3) | (25.6) |
| KTC TB | (8.2) | (11.3) | (7.6) | (15.6) | (9.8) |
| SAK TB | 2.9 | 9.5 | 28.6 | 6.0 | 27.4 |
| ASK TB | 0.0 | (20.1) | (32.2) | (46.5) | (32.2) |
| THANI TB | 0.0 | (9.4) | (10.3) | (28.0) | (10.3) |
| JMT TB | (17.4) | (40.5) | (48.6) | (64.9) | (49.8) |
| BAM TB | (8.8) | (26.0) | (9.9) | (32.9) | (11.0) |
| CHAYO TB | (7.3) | (30.3) | (37.9) | (49.8) | (39.1) |
| SETFIN | (5.5) | (15.4) | (17.1) | (26.2) | (18.8) |
| SET | 1.9 | (3.3) | (4.3) | (13.6) | (6.7) |

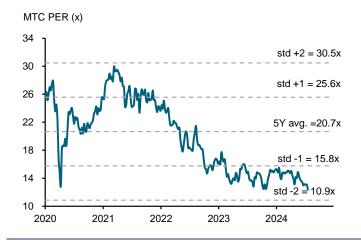
Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 5: MTC - one-year prospective P/BV band



Source: Bloomberg

Exhibit 6: MTC - one-year prospective PER band



Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA estimates

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 7: Peers comparison, as of 16 July 2024

| Company name | BBG | Rec | Share | Target | Up | PE | | PB | V | RO | E | Div y | /ld |
|--------------------------------|-----------|------|--------|--------|-------|------|------|-----|-----|------|------|-------|-----|
| | code | | price | price | side | 24E | 25E | 24E | 25E | 24E | 25E | 24E | 25E |
| | | | (LCY) | (LCY) | (%) | (x) | (x) | (x) | (x) | (%) | (%) | (x) | (x) |
| Auto title | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Muangthai Capital | МТС ТВ | BUY | 41.00 | 50.00 | 22.0 | 13.8 | 11.1 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 18.1 | 19.0 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| Srisawad Corp | SAWAD TB | HOLD | 37.00 | 40.00 | 8.1 | 10.3 | 9.1 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 18.4 | 18.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Ngern Tid Lor | TIDLOR TB | BUY | 17.70 | 21.00 | 18.6 | 11.0 | 9.3 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 15.4 | 16.2 | 2.7 | 3.2 |
| Saksiam Leasing | SAK TB | HOLD | 5.30 | 5.28 | (0.4) | 13.4 | 11.7 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 13.7 | 14.4 | 3.1 | 3.6 |
| Unsecured finance | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AEON Thana Sinsap (Thailand) | AEONTS TB | HOLD | 119.00 | 145.00 | 21.8 | 9.2 | 8.6 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 12.8 | 12.6 | 4.6 | 4.9 |
| Krungthai Card | КТС ТВ | HOLD | 39.25 | 40.00 | 1.9 | 13.2 | 12.7 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 20.3 | 19.0 | 3.4 | 3.6 |
| Hire-purchase truck | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Asia Sermkij Leasing | ASK TB | HOLD | 13.50 | 18.00 | 33.3 | 8.1 | 7.0 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 8.1 | 9.1 | 7.4 | 7.1 |
| Ratchthani Leasing | THANI TB | HOLD | 2.12 | 2.28 | 7.5 | 9.5 | 9.3 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 5.8 | 5.9 |
| AMCs | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bangkok Commercial Asset Mgmt. | BAM TB | HOLD | 7.25 | 8.75 | 20.7 | 13.2 | 12.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 5.2 | 5.3 |
| JMT Network services | JMT TB | HOLD | 12.80 | 17.00 | 32.8 | 11.4 | 9.4 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 6.1 | 7.2 | 5.3 | 6.4 |
| Chayo Group | CHAYO TB | HOLD | 3.32 | 4.20 | 26.5 | 13.0 | 8.4 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 8.1 | 11.1 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| Average | | | | | | 11.5 | 9.9 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 12.3 | 12.8 | 4.1 | 4.0 |

Noted: The Chairman of The Board of Directors of Finansia Syrus Securities PCL is also AEONTS's Director

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Muangthai Capital

| Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec | 2022 | 2023 | 2024E | 2025E | 2026E |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| nterest Income | 19,199 | 23,500 | 27,968 | 32,908 | 38,011 |
| nterest expense | (2,813) | (3,857) | (5,240) | (6,102) | (6,990) |
| let interest income | 16,386 | 19,644 | 22,727 | 26,805 | 31,021 |
| let fees & commission | 792 | 921 | 958 | 996 | 1,036 |
| oreign exchange trading income | - | - | - | - | |
| Securities trading income | - | - | - | - | |
| Dividend income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (|
| Other income | 78 | 105 | 138 | 154 | 131 |
| Ion interest income | 869 | 1,026 | 1,096 | 1,150 | 1,167 |
| otal income | 17,255 | 20,669 | 23,823 | 27,955 | 32,188 |
| Staff costs | (8,069) | (9,702) | (11,182) | (13,122) | (15,109) |
| Other operating costs | - | - | - | - | |
| Derating costs | (8,069) | (9,702) | (11,182) | (13,122) | (15,109) |
| Pre provision operating profit | 9,187 | 10,967 | 12,641 | 14,833 | 17,079 |
| Expected credit loss | (2,433) | (3,934) | (3,875) | (4,011) | (4,632) |
| Other provisions | (394) | (907) | (900) | (1,000) | (999) |
| Operating profit | 6,360 | 6,126 | 7,866 | 9,822 | 11,448 |
| Recurring non operating income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , (|
| ssociates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (|
| Goodwill amortization | - | - | - | - | |
| Ion recurring items | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (|
| Profit before tax | 6,360 | 6,126 | 7,866 | 9,822 | 11,448 |
| ax | (1,267) | (1,220) | (1,573) | (1,964) | (2,290) |
| Profit after tax | 5,093 | 4,906 | 6,292 | 7,858 | 9,159 |
| Ion-controlling interest | 0,000 | 1,000 | 0,202 | - | 0,100 |
| Preferred dividends | | | _ | - | |
| Dther items | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Reported net profit | 5,093 | 4,906 | 6,292 | 7,858 | 9,159 |
| | 5,095 | 4,900 | 0,292 | 0 | 9,158 |
| Ion recurring items & goodwill (net) Recurring net profit | 5,093 | 4,906 | 6,292 | 7,858 | 9,159 |
| | 5,095 | 4,900 | 0,292 | 7,858 | 9,158 |
| Per share (THB) | o 40 | | 0.07 | . = 1 | |
| Recurring EPS * | 2.40 | 2.31 | 2.97 | 3.71 | 4.32 |
| Reported EPS | 2.40 | 2.31 | 2.97 | 3.71 | 4.32 |
|)PS | 0.95 | 0.21 | 0.27 | 0.34 | 0.39 |
| Growth | | | | | |
| let interest income (%) | 25.4 | 19.9 | 15.7 | 17.9 | 15.7 |
| Ion interest income (%) | 3.1 | 18.0 | 6.8 | 5.0 | 1.5 |
| Pre provision operating profit (%) | 32.2 | 19.4 | 15.3 | 17.3 | 15.1 |
| Operating profit (%) | 2.6 | (3.7) | 28.4 | 24.9 | 16.6 |
| Reported net profit (%) | 3.0 | (3.7) | 28.2 | 24.9 | 16.6 |
| Recurring EPS (%) | 3.0 | (3.7) | 28.2 | 24.9 | 16.6 |
| Reported EPS (%) | 3.0 | (3.7) | 28.2 | 24.9 | 16.6 |
| ncome Breakdown | | | | | |
| let interest income (%) | 95.0 | 95.0 | 95.4 | 95.9 | 96.4 |
| let fees & commission (%) | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.2 |
| Foreign exchange trading income (%) | - | - | - | - | 0.1 |
| Securities trading income (%) | - | - | - | - | |
| Dividend income (%) | - | - | - | - | |
| Other income (%) | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.4 |
| Operating performance | 0.0 | | | | 5. |
| Gross interest yield (%) | 18.30 | 18.03 | 18.04 | 18.05 | 18.05 |
| Cost of funds (%) | 3.36 | 3.66 | 4.20 | 4.20 | 4.20 |
| let interest spread (%) | 3.36 14.94 | 3.66 14.37 | 4.20 13.84 | 4.20 13.85 | 4.20 |
| | | | | | |
| let interest margin (%) | 15.6 46.8 | 15.1 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 14.7 |
| Cost/income(%) | 46.8 | 46.9 | 46.9 | 46.9 | 46.9 |
| Cost/assets(%) | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 6.8 |
| ffective tax rate (%) | 19.9 | 19.9 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 |
| Dividend payout on recurring profit (%) | 39.5 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 |
| | 18.9 | 16.1 | 18.1 | 19.0 | 18.7 |
| ROE (%) | | | | | |
| ROE (%) ROE - COE (%) | 8.1 | 5.3 | 7.3 | 8.2 | |
| | 8.1 4.5 | 5.3 3.5 | 7.3 3.9 | 8.2 4.1 | 7.9 4.2 |

Sources: Muangthai Capital; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Muangthai Capital

| Balance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec | 2022 | 2023 | 2024E | 2025E | 2026E |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|
| Gross customer loans | 119,084 | 141,559 | 168,453 | 196,190 | 224,908 |
| Allowance for expected credit loss | (3,686) | (5,169) | (4,948) | (5,693) | (6,547) |
| nterest in suspense | 1,675 | 1,969 | 2,363 | 2,765 | 3,180 |
| let customer loans | 117,073 | 138,359 | 165,868 | 193,262 | 221,541 |
| Bank loans | - | - | - | - | |
| Government securities | - | - | - | - | |
| Frading securities | - | - | - | - | |
| nvestment securities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (|
| Cash & equivalents | 3,213 | 2,822 | 1,347 | 1,540 | 2,122 |
| Other interesting assets | - | - | - | - | |
| Tangible fixed assets | 2,037 | 2,134 | 2,348 | 2,582 | 2,840 |
| Associates | - | - | - | - | |
| Goodwill | - | - | - | - | |
| Other intangible assets | - | - | - | - | |
| Other assets | 5,743 | 6,841 | 7,411 | 8,473 | 9,699 |
| Total assets | 128,066 | 150,156 | 176,514 | 205,428 | 235,801 |
| Customer deposits | - | - | - | - | |
| Bank deposits | - | - | - | - | |
| Other interest bearing liabilities | 96,143 | 114,770 | 134,775 | 155,806 | 177,032 |
| Ion interest bearing liabilities | 2,833 | 3,469 | 4,046 | 4,740 | 5,581 |
| Hybrid Capital | - | - | - | - | |
| Total liabilities | 98,976 | 118,239 | 138,821 | 160,547 | 182,613 |
| Share capital | 2,120 | 2,120 | 2,120 | 2,120 | 2,120 |
| Reserves | 26,971 | 29,797 | 35,573 | 42,761 | 51,068 |
| Total equity | 29,091 | 31,917 | 37,693 | 44,881 | 53,188 |
| Non-controlling interest | - | - | - | - | |
| Total liabilities & equity | 128,066 | 150,156 | 176,514 | 205,428 | 235,801 |
| Supplementary items | | | | | |
| Risk weighted assets (RWA) | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Average interest earning assets | 104,892 | 130,321 | 155,006 | 182,321 | 210,549 |
| Average interest bearing liabilities | 83,734 | 105,456 | 124,772 | 145,291 | 166,419 |
| CET 1 capital | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Fotal capital | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (|
| Gross non performing loans (NPL) | 3,507 | 4,461 | 4,289 | 4,962 | 5,78 |
| Per share (THB) | | | | | |
| Book value per share | 13.72 | 15.06 | 17.78 | 21.17 | 25.09 |
| Fangible book value per share | 13.72 | 15.06 | 17.78 | 21.17 | 25.09 |
| Growth | | | | | |
| Gross customer loans | 31.3 | 18.9 | 19.0 | 16.5 | 14.6 |
| Average interest earning assets | 30.5 | 24.2 | 18.9 | 17.6 | 15.5 |
| Fotal asset (%) | 30.2 | 17.2 | 17.6 | 16.4 | 14.8 |
| Risk weighted assets (%) | - | - | - | - | |
| Customer deposits (%) | - | - | - | - | |
| everage & capital measures | | | | | |
| Customer loan/deposits (%) | - | - | - | - | |
| Equity/assets (%) | 22.7 | 21.3 | 21.4 | 21.8 | 22.6 |
| Tangible equity/assets (%) | 22.7 | 21.3 | 21.4 | 21.8 | 22.6 |
| RWA/assets (%) | - | - | - | - | |
| CET 1 CAR (%) | - | - | - | - | |
| Total CAR (%) | - | - | - | - | |
| Asset Quality (FSSIA's calculation) | | | | | |
| Change in NPL (%) | 174.8 | 27.2 | (3.9) | 15.7 | 16.0 |
| IPL/gross loans (%) | 2.9 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.0 |
| Allowance for ECL/gross loans (%) | 3.1 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Ilowance for ECL/NPL (%) | 105.1 | 115.9 | 115.4 | 114.7 | 113.3 |
| . , | | | | | |
| | 2022 | 2023 | 2024E | 2025E | 2026 |
| Recurring P/E (x) * | 17.1 | 17.7 | 13.8 | 11.1 | 9. |
| | 20.8 | 21.6 | 16.8 | 13.5 | 11. |
| | | 17.7 | 13.8 | 11.1 | 9. |
| | 17.1 | 17.7 | | | |
| Reported P/E (x) Dividend yield (%) | 2.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.8 | |
| Recurring P/E @ target price (x) * Reported P/E (x) Dividend yield (%) Price/book (x) | | | | | |
| Reported P/E (x) Dividend yield (%) | 2.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.0 1.0 1.0 2.0 |

Sources: Muangthai Capital; FSSIA estimates

Muangthai Capital PCL (MTC TB)



68.21 /100

Exhibit 8: FSSIA ESG score implication

| Rating | Score | Implication |
|---------------------|---------|--|
| **** | >79-100 | Leading its industry peers in managing the most significant ESG risks which not only better cost efficiency but also lead to higher profitability. |
| **** | >59-79 | A mixed track record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities relative to industry peers. |
| $\star \star \star$ | >39-59 | Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been constructively addressed, well-managed and incorporated into day-to-day operations, in which targets and achievements are evaluated annually. |
| $\star\star$ | >19-39 | Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been identified with key management in charge for progress to be followed up on and to provide intensive disclosure. Most targets are conventional and achievable. |
| * | 1-19 | The company has adopted the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs), established sustainability management guidelines and fully complies with regulations or ESG suggested guidance from related organizations such as the SET and SEC. |

Sources: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 9: ESG – peer comparison

| | FSSIA | Domestic ratings | | | | | | Global ratings | | | | | | Bloomberg | | |
|----------|--------------|------------------|-------------|------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------|------|---------|-----------|---------------|--------------|---------------------|--|
| | ESG score | DJSI | SET THSI | THSI | CG score | AGM level | Thai CAC | Morningstar ESG risk | ESG Book | MSCI | Moody's | Refinitiv | S&P Global | ESG score | Disclosure score | |
| SET100 | 69.20 | 5.34 | 4.40 | 4.40 | 4.76 | 4.65 | 3.84 | Medium | 51.76 | BBB | 20.87 | 58.72 | 63.91 | 3.72 | 28.17 | |
| Coverage | 67.12 | 5.11 | 4.15 | 4.17 | 4.83 | 4.71 | 3.53 | Medium | 52.04 | BB | 16.97 | 56.85 | 62.09 | 3.40 | 31.94 | |
| MTC | 68.21 | | Y | Y | 5.00 | 5.00 | Certified | Low | 42.19 | AA | | 58.09 | 42.00 | 3.31 | | |
| SAWAD | 46.52 | | Y | Y | 4.00 | 5.00 | | Medium | 43.97 | BB | | 20.18 | 13.00 | 1.93 | 40.04 | |
| TIDLOR | 36.71 | | | | 4.00 | 4.00 | Certified | Medium | 37.03 | | | 23.69 | 19.00 | 1.66 | | |
| SAK | 45.28 | | Y | Y | 4.00 | 4.00 | Certified | High | 40.10 | | | 43.87 | | 2.02 | 36.23 | |
| ТК | 15.00 | | | | 5.00 | 5.00 | | | | | | | | | | |
| HENG | 20.00 | | | | 5.00 | 5.00 | Certified | | | | | | | | | |
| S11 | 13.00 | | | | 4.00 | 4.00 | | | | | | | | | | |
| NCAP | 18.00 | | | | 4.00 | 4.00 | Certified | | | | | | | | | |

Sources: <u>SETTRADE.com</u>; FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 10: ESG score by Bloomberg

| FY ending Dec 31 | FY 2015 | FY 2016 | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| ESG financial materiality scores - ESG score | 1.36 | 1.51 | 2.07 | 2.16 | 2.39 | 4.00 | 3.27 | 3.31 |
| BESG environmental pillar score | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 | 0.02 | 0.03 | — |
| BESG social pillar score | 0.37 | 0.58 | 1.37 | 1.37 | 1.69 | 4.57 | 3.27 | _ |
| BESG governance pillar score | 4.42 | 4.41 | 4.57 | 4.91 | 4.95 | 4.95 | 4.82 | - |
| ESG disclosure score | 26.85 | 32.18 | 32.89 | 35.76 | 39.62 | 44.88 | 50.20 | 52.08 |
| Environmental disclosure score | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.33 | 7.28 | 15.22 | 32.74 | 34.40 |
| Social disclosure score | 11.67 | 15.84 | 17.41 | 25.70 | 30.35 | 31.92 | 30.35 | 34.34 |
| Governance disclosure score | 68.72 | 80.52 | 81.10 | 81.10 | 81.10 | 87.36 | 87.36 | 87.36 |
| Environmental | | | | | | | | |
| Emissions reduction initiatives | No |
| Climate change policy | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Climate change opportunities discussed | No |
| Risks of climate change discussed | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| GHG scope 1 | — | — | — | — | 2 | 7 | 6 | 8 |
| GHG scope 2 location-based | — | — | — | — | — | 16 | 18 | 21 |
| GHG Scope 3 | — | — | — | — | — | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Carbon per unit of production | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | _ |
| Biodiversity policy | No |
| Energy efficiency policy | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Total energy consumption | — | — | — | — | 9 | 55 | 36 | 69 |
| Renewable energy use | — | — | _ | _ | _ | — | 0 | _ |
| Electricity used | — | _ | _ | _ | _ | 32 | 36 | 42 |
| Fuel used - natural gas | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | — |

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 11: ESG score by Bloomberg (cont.)

| FY ending Dec 31 | FY 2015 | FY 2016 | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Fuel used - crude oil/diesel | No |
| Waste reduction policy | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Hazardous waste | — | _ | _ | — | — | — | — | _ |
| Total waste | — | _ | _ | — | — | _ | — | |
| Waste recycled | — | _ | _ | — | — | _ | — | |
| Waste sent to landfills | _ | | | | | _ | _ | _ |
| Environmental supply chain management | No | No | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes |
| Water policy | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Water consumption | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | 987 | _ | |
| Social | | | | | | ., | | |
| Human rights policy | Yes |
| Policy against child labor | Yes |
| Quality assurance and recall policy | No |
| Consumer data protection policy | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Equal opportunity policy | Yes |
| Gender pay gap breakout | No | Yes |
| Pct women in workforce | — | — | — | — | _ | 11 | 11 | 10 |
| Pct disabled in workforce | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Business ethics policy | Yes |
| Anti-bribery ethics policy | Yes |
| Health and safety policy | Yes |
| Lost time incident rate - employees | — | _ | — | — | _ | _ | — | 0 |
| Total recordable incident rate - employees | — | _ | — | — | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Training policy | Yes |
| Fair remuneration policy | No |
| Number of employees – CSR | 2,617 | 4,185 | 5,893 | 7,660 | 9,576 | 10,328 | 11,460 | 13,005 |
| Employee turnover pct | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 29 |
| Total hours spent by firm - employee training | — | — | — | 70,395 | 60,328 | 34,082 | 34,036 | 78,030 |
| Social supply chain management | No | Yes |
| Governance | | | | | | | | |
| Board size | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 7 |
| No. of independent directors (ID) | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 |
| No. of women on board | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| No. of non-executive directors on board | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 |
| Company conducts board evaluations | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| No. of board meetings for the year | 6 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 9 | 8 | 8 |
| Board meeting attendance pct | 100 | 100 | 96 | 100 | 94 | 96 | 100 | 100 |
| Board duration (years) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Director share ownership guidelines | No |
| Age of the youngest director | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 36 | 39 | 40 | 41 |
| Age of the oldest director | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 |
| No. of executives / company managers | 12 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 13 | 13 |
| No. of female executives | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Executive share ownership guidelines | No |
| Size of audit committee | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| No. of ID on audit committee | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Audit committee meetings | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 7 |
| Audit meeting attendance % | 100 | 100 | 92 | 100 | 92 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Size of compensation committee | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| No. of ID on compensation committee | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| No. of compensation committee meetings | _ | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Compensation meeting attendance % | _ | 100 | 83 | 100 | 83 | 83 | 100 | 100 |
| Size of nomination committee | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| No. of nomination committee meetings | _ | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Nomination meeting attendance % | _ | 100 | 83 | 100 | 83 | 83 | 100 | 100 |
| Sustainability governance | | | | | | | | |
| • • | No | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA's compilation

Disclaimer for ESG scoring

| ESG score | Methodolog | У | | | Rating | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| The Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (<u>DJSI</u>) By S&P Global | process base from the ann Only the top- inclusion. | ed on the con ual S&P Glob ranked comp | panies within each indus | bility Scores resulting bility Assessment (CSA). stry are selected for | Be a member and invited to the annual S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA) for DJSI. Companies with an S&P Globa ESG Score of less than 45% of the S&P Global ESG Score of the highest scoring company are disqualified. The constituents of the DJSI indices are selected from the Eligible Universe. | | | | | | |
| Sustainability Investment List (<u>THSI</u>) by The Stock Exchange of Thailand (<u>SET</u>) | managing bu Candidates n 1) no irregula float of >150 up capital. So 70%; 2) indep wrongdoing n | siness with to nust pass the ar trading of to shareholders ome key disq pendent direct related to CG | e preemptive criteria, wi he board members and | ance, updated annually. th two crucial conditions: executives; and 2) free g must be >15% of paid- :: 1) CG score of below attion; 3) executives' al impacts; 4) equity in | To be eligible for <u>THSI inclusion</u> , verified data must be scored at a minimum of 50% for each indicator, unless the company is a part of DJSI during the assessment year. The scoring will be fairly weighted against the nature of the relevant industry and materiality. <u>SETTHSI Index</u> is extended from the THSI companies whose 1) market capitalization > THB5b (~USD150b); 2) free float >20%; and 3) liquidity >0.5% of paid-up capital for at least 9 out of 12 months. The SETTHSI Index is a market capitalisation-weighted index, cap 5% quarterly weight a maximum, and no cap for number of stocks. | | | | | | |
| CG Score by Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD) | annually by t | he Thai IOD, T). The resu | | | Good (80-89), 3 and not rated fo equitable treatm | for Good (70- r scores below ent of shareh 5%); 4) disclos | ories: 5 for Excell -79), 2 for Fair (6 v 50. Weightings olders (weight 25 sure & transpare | 0-69), 1 for P include: 1) th 5% combined) | ass (60-69), e rights; 2) and ; 3) the role of | | |
| AGM level By Thai Investors Association (TIA) with support from the SEC | treatment are transparent a out of five the criteria cover date (45%), a circulation of su exercised. The and verifiability | e incorporate and sufficient e CG compor AGM proced and after the ufficient informa second assess r; and 3) openn | nents to be evaluated a dures before the meetin meeting (10%). (The firs ation for voting; and 2) facili ses 1) the ease of attending | ons and information is portant elements of two nnually. The assessment g (45%), at the meeting t assesses 1) advance tating how voting rights can be i meetings; 2) transparency tves the meeting minutes that | The scores are classified into four categories: 5 for Excellent (100), 4 for Very Good (90-99), 3 for Fair (80-89), and not rated for scores below 79. | | | | | | |
| Thai CAC By Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC) | establishmen policies. The (Companies de Declaration of I Certification, in managers and | t of key cont Certification eciding to becon Intent to kick of cluding risk ass employees, es | Checklist include corrup trols, and the monitoring is good for three years. me a CAC certified member ff an 18-month deadline to s sessment, in place of policy stablishment of whistleblowii all stakeholders.) | and developing of start by submitting a submit the CAC Checklist for and control, training of | The document will be reviewed by a committee of nine professionals. A passed Checklist will move for granting certification by the CAC Council approvals whose members are twelve highly respected individuals in professionalism and ethical achievements. | | | | | | |
| <u>Morningstar</u> Sustainalytics | based on an risk is unman regulatory filing | assessment naged. Source gs, news and of | es to be reviewed include co ther media, NGO reports/w | any's exposure to ESG prorate publications and absites, multi-sector | | | score is the sum higher ESG risk i Medium | s scored. | d risk. The Severe | | |
| | information, co. reports, and qu | | ck, ESG controversies, issu views. | er feedback on draft ESG | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | High 30-40 | 40+ | | |
| ESG Book | positioned to the principle helps explain | outperform of of financial m future risk-a ng features w | nateriality including info adjusted performance. N vith higher materiality ar | methodology considers mation that significantly lateriality is applied by | scores using ma | teriality-base | ated as a weighte d weights. The so dicating better pe | core is scaled | | | |
| <u>MSCI</u> | | | | management of financially to their exposure to ESG ris | | | | | ethodology to | | |
| | AAA | 8.571-10.00 | Leader: | leading its industry in m | anaging the most sig | nificant ESG ris | ks and opportunitie | s | | | |
| | AA | 7.143-8.57 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 5.714-7.14 | | | | | | | nities relative to | | |
| | A BBB | | | a mixed or unexception | al track record of ma | naging the most | significant ESG ris | ks and opportur | | | |
| | A BBB BB | 4.286-5.71 | 3 Average: | a mixed or unexceptiona industry peers | al track record of ma | naging the most | significant ESG ris | ks and opportur | | | |
| | BBB | 4.286-5.71 | 3 Average: | industry peers | | | - | | | | |
| | BBB BB | 4.286-5.71 2.857-4.28 | 3 Average: 5 6 Laggard: | | | | - | | | | |
| <u>Moody's ESG</u> solutions | BBB BB B CCC Moody's asse believes that | 4.286-5.71 2.857-4.28 1.429-2.85 0.000-1.42 esses the dea a company i | 3 Average: 5 6 8 gree to which companie | industry peers lagging its industry base as take into account ESG of into its business model and | d on its high exposu | re and failure to | manage significan | t ESG risks their strategy | | | |
| | BBB BB B CCC Moody's asset believes that create sustai Designed to to based on put | 4.286-5.71 2.857-4.28 1.429-2.85 0.000-1.42 esses the de a company i nable value f transparently blicly availabl | 3 Average: 15 16 28 Bare to which companie integrating ESG factors for shareholders over the 7 and objectively measure le and auditable data. T | industry peers lagging its industry base as take into account ESG of into its business model and | ed on its high expose ojectives in the de I relatively outper G performance, c 100 on relative ES | finition and in finition and in forming its pe ommitment an SG performan | manage significan nplementation of ers is better posi nd effectiveness ce and insufficier | t ESG risks their strategy tioned to mitio across 10 ma nt degree of tr | in themes, | | |
| solutions Refinitiv ESG | BBB BB B CCC Moody's asset believes that create sustai Designed to based on put reporting mat | 4.286-5.71 2.857-4.28 1.429-2.85 0.000-1.42 esses the de- a company i nable value f transparently blicly availabl terial ESG da bbal ESG Scc | Average: 45 46 48 49 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 | industry peers lagging its industry base as take into account ESG of into its business model and e medium to long term. re a company's relative ES he score ranges from 0 to | d on its high expose ojectives in the de I relatively outper G performance, c 100 on relative ES = satisfactory; >50 to prmance on and r | re and failure to finition and in forming its pe ommitment al GG performan 75 = good; and nanagement of | manage significan nplementation of ers is better posi nd effectiveness ce and insufficier />75 to 100 = excer | t ESG risks their strategy tioned to mitig across 10 ma t degree of tr <i>lent.</i>) | in themes, ansparency in | | |
| solutions Refinitiv ESG rating | BBB BB B CCC Moody's asset believes that create sustai Designed to based on put reporting mat | 4.286-5.71 2.857-4.28 1.429-2.85 0.000-1.42 esses the de- a company i nable value f transparently blicly availabl terial ESG da bbal ESG Scc | 3 Average: 3 Laggard: 3 rest to which companie 3 integrating ESG factors for shareholders over the 4 and objectively measule 1 e and auditable data. Ta ata publicly. (<i>Score rating</i> pre is a relative score me hin the same industry cl Bloomberg score eva score is based on Blo | industry peers lagging its industry base es take into account ESG of into its business model and e medium to long term. re a company's relative ES he score ranges from 0 to s are 0 to 25 = poor; >25 to 50 easuring a company's perf | d on its high expose ojectives in the de relatively outper G performance, c 100 on relative ES <i>satisfactory; >50 tc</i> ormance on and r ges from 0 to 100 regated Environm ncial materiality. | re and failure to finition and in forming its pe- ommitment ai GG performan 75 = good; and nanagement of - ental, Social a The score is a | manage significan applementation of ers is better posi and effectiveness ce and insufficier >75 to 100 = excer of ESG risks, opp and Governance weighted gener | t ESG risks their strategy tioned to mitig across 10 ma t degree of tr <i>lent.</i>) portunities, an (ESG) perfor alized mean (| in themes, ansparency in d impacts mance. The power mean) | | |

Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "CG Score"; 2) "AGM Level"; 3) "Thai CAC"; and 4) THSI. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSSIA does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings. Source: FSSIA's compilation

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Usanee Liurut, CISA FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

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| Company | Ticker | Price | Rating | Valuation & Risks |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|--------|---|
| Muangthai Capital | MTC TB | THB 41.00 | BUY | Downside risks to our GGM-based TP include 1) a further weakening of asset quality that could potentially hit both loan yield and credit cost; and 2) changes in financial regulations by the Bank of Thailand and the Office of Consumer Protection Board. |
| Saksiam Leasing | SAK TB | THB 5.30 | HOLD | Upside risks to our GGM-derived TP include 1) loan expansion on a broad-based economic recovery; 2) a reduction in cost of funds due to the downward interest rate trend; and 3) an accelerated decrease in credit costs on rising consumer purchasing power. Downside risks include 1) competition from existing and new players; 2) regulatory changes by the BoT; and 3) slower-than-expected reduction in cost of funds due to a shift toward more long-term loans. |
| Krungthai Card | КТС ТВ | THB 39.25 | HOLD | Downside risks are: 1) regulatory actions to curb industry growth; 2) a higher-than- expected policy rate; and 3) deteriorating asset quality. Upside risks are: 1) better-than- estimated economic improvement; 2) stronger-than-estimated improvement in the overall asset quality; and 3) less pressure from the market yield and cost of funds. |
| Aeon Thana Sinsap (Thailand |) AEONTS TB | THB 119.00 | HOLD | Downside risks are: 1) regulatory actions to curb industry growth; 2) a higher-than- expected policy rate; and 3) deteriorating asset quality. Upside risks are: 1) better-than- estimated economic improvement; 2) stronger-than-estimated improvement in the overall asset quality; and 3) less pressure from the market yield and cost of funds. |
| Ngern Tid Lor | TIDLOR TB | THB 17.70 | BUY | Downside risks to our GGM-based TP include 1) the expansion into auto-title loans by the Government Savings Bank and Auto X (subsidiary of SCB X); 2) further weakening asset quality could potentially hit both loan yield and credit cost; and 3) tighter supervision from related regulators. |
| Srisawad Corp | SAWAD TB | THB 37.00 | HOLD | Downside risks to our GGM-based TP include 1) a further weakening of asset quality that could potentially hit both loan yield and credit cost; and 2) changes in financial regulations by the Bank of Thailand and the Office of Consumer Protection Board. Upside risks include 1) a faster-than-expected decline in losses on sales of repossessed cars for SCAP; and 2) an interest rate downtrend could push its interest spread. |
| Asia Sermkij Leasing PCL | ASK TB | THB 13.50 | HOLD | Downside risks to our GGM-derived TP include 1) an economic slowdown, especially for logistics activities and private investment; 2) deteriorating asset quality; and 3) changes in financial regulations from the Bank of Thailand. Upside risks include 1) a better-than-expected macroeconomic improvement; 2) downtrend of policy rate could reduce cost of funds and enhance interest spreads; and 3) a faster-than-expected decline in ECL expense. |
| Ratchthani Leasing | THANI TB | THB 2.12 | HOLD | Downside risks to our GGM-derived TP include 1) an economic slowdown, especially for logistics activities and private investment; 2) deteriorating asset quality; and 3) changes in financial regulations from the Bank of Thailand. Upside risks include 1) a better-than- expected macroeconomic improvement; 2) a downtrend in the policy rate could reduce cost of funds and enhance interest spreads; and 3) a faster-than-expected decline in ECL expense. |
| JMT Network Services | JMT TB | THB 12.80 | HOLD | Downside risks to our P/BV-based TP include 1) lower cash collection from both debt management and debt tracking collection services; and 2) higher-than-expected funding costs and operating expenses. Upside risks include 1) better-than-expected purchasing power and cash collection 2) lower-than-expected operating and financing expense |
| Bangkok Commercial Asset Mngt. | BAM TB | THB 7.25 | HOLD | Downside risks to our NAV-based TP include 1) lower cash collection than estimated; 2) lower-than-expected bad debt acquisition; and 3) a slowdown in the property market. Upsides include 1) better-than-expected economic conditions and debt repayment momentum; and 2) an acceleration in the demand for NPAs. |
| Chayo Group | CHAYO TB | THB 3.32 | HOLD | Downside risks to our GGM-based TP include 1) lower-than-expected bad debt acquisition; and 2) higher-than-expected operating expenses. Upside risks include 1) better-than- expected cash collection performance and lower pressure from ECL, 2) stronger-than- expected loan growth, and 3) better cost control than expected. |

Source: FSSIA estimates

Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited.

All share prices are as at market close on 16-Jul-2024 unless otherwise stated.

RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

Industry Recommendations

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months. **Neutral.** The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months. **Underweight.** The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

Country (Strategy) Recommendations

Overweight (O). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.