EQUITY RESEARCH - COMPANY REPORT

SUPALAI SPALITB

THAILAND / PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

แผนเชิงรุกผลักดันการเติบโตปี 2024

- ปี 2024 แผนเปิดโครงการใหม่ 5 หมื่นล้านบาท (+69% y-y) พร้อมตั้งเป้ายอด
 Presale และยอดโอนทำระดับสูงสุดใหม่ที่ 3.6 หมื่นล้านบาท ซึ่งเรามองว่าท้าทาย
- คาดกำไร 4Q23 +51% q-q แต่ -17% y-y ปรับประมาณการทั้งปีลงเป็น -29% y-y
- กำไรปี 2024 ฟื้นจากฐานต่ำ คงคาด +14% y-y บนมุมมองอนุรักษ์นิยมกว่าบริษัท

เดินหน้าเปิดโครงการใหม่สูงสุดเป็นประวัติการณ์

SPALI เปิดเผยแผนธุรกิจเชิงรุกในปี 2024 ทำ New High ในทุกมิติ ผ่านแผนเปิด โครงการใหม่ 42 โครงการ มูลค่ารวม 5 หมื่นล้านบาท (+69% y-y) ซึ่งรวมถึงโครงการที่ ถูกเลื่อนมาจาก 4Q23 ราว 9 พันล้านบาท ขณะที่การกระจายตัวดีขึ้นเป็นสัดส่วน มากกว่า 50% อยู่ใน 1H24 เพื่อรับรู้ได้ทันภายในปี โดยการเปิดตัวแนวราบ 38 โครงการ มูลค่า 4.35 หมื่นล้านบาท (+86% y-y) ทำต่างจังหวัด 22 แห่ง และกทม. 16 แห่ง เน้น กลุ่ม Mid-End ราคา 4-8 ล้านบาท พร้อมเพิ่มกลุ่ม High-end ราคามากกว่า 10 ล้านบาท ในสัดส่วน 10-15% ส่วนคอนโด เปิดตัว 4 โครงการใหม่ มูลค่า 6.5 พันล้านบาท เป็น กทม. 2 แห่ง และต่างจังหวัด 2 แห่ง เพื่อเติม Backlog ปี 2025-26 ที่มีไม่มาก

ยอด Presales และยอดโอนเติบโตจากโครงการใหม่และเน้นขายสต็อก

การรุกเปิดโครงการใหม่จำนวนมาก ควบคู่กับการเน้นขายสต็อก โดยเฉพาะคอนโดที่ สร้างเสร็จใหม่ในปีนี้ 5 แห่ง มูลค่ารวม 1.8 หมื่นล้านบาท มียอดขายเฉลี่ย 27% ผลักดัน สู่การตั้งเป้าเติบโตของยอด Presales ที่ 3.6 หมื่นล้านบาท (+25% y-y) แบ่งเป็นแนวราบ 76% ที่ 2.7 หมื่นล้านบาท (+39% y-y) และคอนโด 8.6 พันล้านบาท (-6% y-y) รวมถึง ตั้งเป้ายอดโอน 3.6 หมื่นล้านบาท (แนวราบ 70% และคอนโด 30%) พื้นตัวจากปี 2023 ที่เราคาดจบระดับ 3 หมื่นล้านบาท ขณะที่การลงทุนใหม่ในออสเตรเลีย 12 โครงการ (SPALI ถือ 49.9%) เริ่มรับรู้ตั้งแต่ 2Q24 หนุนส่วนแบ่งกำไร JV เพิ่มขึ้น

คาดกำไร 4Q23 +51% q-q แต่ -17% y-y ต่ำกว่าที่เคยมอง

เราประเมินกำไร 4Q23 อยู่ที่ 1.8 พันล้านบาท (+51% q-q, -17% y-y) ต่ำกว่าที่เคยมอง จากยอดโอนน้อยกว่าคาด ทำได้ 9.7 พันล้านบาท +35% q-q, ทรงตัว y-y ตามยอด Presales ชะลอ อย่างไรก็ตาม การลดลง y-y จากอัตรากำไรขั้นต้นอสังหาฯคาดปรับลง เป็น 36% (-55bps q-q, -156bps y-y) ตามยอดโอนที่มากขึ้นของโครงการออสเตรเลีย ซึ่งมาร์จิ้นต่ำกว่าไทย อีกทั้ง ส่วนแบ่งกำไรของโครงการ JV ในออสเตรเลียที่ลดลง ส่งผล ให้เราปรับลดประมาณการกำไรปี 2023 ลง 9% เป็น 5.8 พันล้านบาท (-29% y-y)

ปี 2024 ภาพฟื้นตัวจากฐานต่ำ คงราคาเหมาะสม 24 บาท ยังแนะนำซื้อ

ปี 2024 เรามองว่าเป้าบริษัทมีความท้าทายจากสภาพตลาดอสังหาฯที่ไม่แน่นอน ท่ามกลางการแข่งขันสูงและความเข้มงวดจากธนาคาร โดยคงคาดยอดโอนที่ 3.4 หมื่น ล้านบาท ต่ำกว่าเป้าบริษัท 7% ซึ่งมี Backlog รอรับรู้ 1.35 หมื่นล้านบาท รองรับแล้ว 40% คงประมาณการกำไรปี 2024 ที่ 6.6 พันล้านบาท (+14% y-y) และคงราคาเหมาะสม 24 บาท ยังแนะนำซื้อ โดยคาดปันผล 2H23 ที่ 0.60 บาท/หุ้น Yield 3%









UNCHANGE

 TARGET PRICE
 THB24.00

 CLOSE
 THB19.80

 UP/DOWNSIDE
 +21.2%

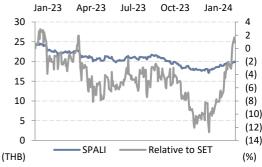
 PRIOR TP
 THB24.00

 CHANGE IN TP
 UNCHANGED

 TP vs CONSENSUS
 +4.3%

KEY STOCK DATA

YE Dec (THB m)	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	34,486	30,753	33,865	32,357
Net profit	8,173	5,776	6,612	6,195
EPS (THB)	4.18	2.96	3.39	3.17
vs Consensus (%)	-	(3.0)	(2.4)	(13.6)
EBITDA	9,514	7,215	8,100	7,504
Recurring net profit	8,173	5,776	6,612	6,195
Core EPS (THB)	4.18	2.96	3.39	3.17
Chg. In EPS est. (%)	-	(8.8)	0.0	0.4
EPS growth (%)	27.0	(29.3)	14.5	(6.3)
Core P/E (x)	4.7	6.7	5.8	6.2
Dividend yield (%)	7.3	6.0	6.6	6.6
EV/EBITDA (x)	6.6	8.5	7.7	8.1
Price/book (x)	8.0	0.8	0.7	0.7
Net debt/Equity (%)	48.9	43.1	40.9	35.2
ROE (%)	18.5	12.0	12.7	11.1



Share price performance	1 Month	3 Month	12 Month				
Absolute (%)	6.5	7.6	(17.2)				
Relative to country (%)	9.8	9.4	1.4				
Mkt cap (USD m)			1,093				
3m avg. daily turnover (USD m)			3.5				
Free float (%)			60				
Major shareholder	Tangmatitham Family (30%)						
12m high/low (THB)	24.80/17.10						
Issued shares (m)			1,953.05				

Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates



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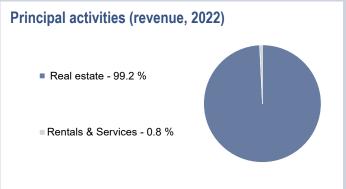
Investment thesis

SPALI เป็นผู้พัฒนาอสังหาริมทรัพย์ระดับแนวหน้าของประเทศ และ มีแบรนด์เป็นที่ยอมรับจากลูกค้า จุดแข็งคือมีพอร์ตสินค้าที่ยืดหยุ่น และกระจายตัวได้ดี ทั้งประเภทอสังหาฯ ประกอบด้วย บ้านเดี่ยว บ้านแฝด ทาวน์โฮม และอาคารชุด ซึ่งมีกลยุทธ์ขยายการเติบโตใน ด้านทำเลที่หลากหลายอย่างกรุงเทพฯและปริมณฑล รวมถึง ต่างจังหวัดรวม 28 จังหวัดในปี 2023 และมีแผนเพิ่มจังหวัดต่อเนื่อง ทุกปี อีกทั้ง ยังมีการลงทุนโครงการในออสเตรเลีย นอกจากนี้ บริษัท มีฐานะการเงินแข็งแกร่ง และสามารถรักษาอัตรากำไรขั้นต้นให้อยู่ใน ระดับที่สูงกว่าคู่แข่ง

Company profile

SPALI ก่อตั้งวันที่ 26 มิ.ย. 1989 และจดทะเบียนในตลท. 17 พ.ย. 1993 บริษัทประกอบธุรกิจพัฒนาอสังหาริมทรัพย์เพื่อเป็นที่อยู่อาศัย และเพื่อการพาณิชย์ ขณะที่ปี 2014 ได้ขยายการลงทุนไปยังประเทศ ออสเตรเลีย โดยเป็นการร่วมลงทุนกับบริษัทพัฒนาอสังหาฯรายใหญ่ ของประเทศออสเตรเลีย ทั้งนี้ ในปี 2023 มีสัดส่วนรายได้จาก โครงการแนวราบ, คอนโด และออสเตรเลียที่ 54%, 46% และ 2% ของรายได้รวม ตามลำดับ

www.supalai.com



Source: Supalai

Major shareholders

- Tangmatitham Family 30.0 %
- Thai NVDR 9.9 %
- Others 60.2 %

Source: Supalai

Catalysts

ปัจจัยบวกต่อราคาหุ้นคือ 1) ความสำเร็จของการรุกเปิดโครงการใหม่ 2) ความคืบหน้าการขายสต็อกคอนโดเหลือขาย 3) ส่วนแบ่งกำไรจากการ ลงทุนในโครงการในออสเตรเลียสูงกว่าคาด

Risks to our call

ความเสี่ยงต่อประมาณการ 1) เศรษฐกิจและตลาดอสังหาฯชะลอตัว มากกว่าคาด 2) อัตราการขายโครงการต่ำกว่าคาด และการเปิดโครงการ ใหม่ล่าช้ากว่าแผน 3) ดอกเบี้ยขาขึ้นกระทบกำลังซื้อ 4) อัตราการปฏิเสธ สินเชื่อจากธนาคารและยอดยกเลิกจากลูกค้าสูงขึ้น 5) การก่อสร้างล่าช้า และการขาดแคลนแรงงาน 6) การแข่งขันรุนแรง และ 7) ผลประกอบการ ในโครงการออสเตรเลียต่ำกว่าคาด

Event calendar

Date	Event
20 February 2024	4Q23 results announcement

Key assumptions

	2023E	2024E	2025E
Project sales (THB m)	30,485	33,583	32,061
Rental and services income (THB m)	268	282	296
Property GPM (%)	36.0	36.3	36.1
GPM (%)	36.1	36.4	36.2
SG&A to sales (%)	13.0	12.8	13.4

Source: FSSIA estimates

Earnings sensitivity

- For every 5% increase in transfers, we estimate 2024 net profit to rise by 7%, and vice versa, all else being equal.
- For every 0.5% increase in property GPM, we estimate 2024 net profit to rise by 2%, and vice versa, all else being equal.
- For every 0.5% increase in SG&A to sales, we estimate 2024 net profit to fall by 2%, and vice versa, all else being equal.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 1: 4Q23 results preview

	4Q22	1Q23	2Q23	3Q23	4Q23E	Char	nge
	(THB m)	(q-q%)	(y-y%)				
Total revenue	9,723	5,734	8,165	7,166	9,677	35	(0)
Cost of sales	6,071	3,638	5,306	4,546	6,193	36	2
Gross profit	3,652	2,096	2,859	2,620	3,485	33	(5)
SG&A	1,248	815	957	982	1,259	28	1
Operating profit	4,900	2,911	3,816	3,602	4,744	32	(3)
Other income	323	168	279	26	200	670	(38)
Interest expense	81	96	103	137	140	2	72
Profit before tax	2,646	1,353	2,078	1,527	2,286	50	(14)
Tax	596	318	483	327	503	54	(16)
Associates	165	66	127	4	30	668	(82)
Reported net profit	2,171	1,080	1,701	1,191	1,800	51	(17)
Normalised profit	2,171	1,080	1,701	1,191	1,800	51	(17)
Key ratios (%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(ppt)	(ppt)
Property gross margin	37.6	36.4	35.0	36.6	36.0	(0.6)	(1.6)
Gross margin	37.6	36.6	35.0	36.6	36.0	(0.5)	(1.6)
Operating margin	50.4	50.8	46.7	50.3	49.0	(1.2)	(1.4)
Net profit margin	22.3	18.8	20.8	16.6	18.6	2.0	(3.7)
Normalised profit margin	22.3	18.8	20.8	16.6	18.6	2.0	(3.7)
Operating statistics	(THB m)	(q-q%)	(y-y%)				
Property transfers	9,646	5,641	8,089	7,089	9,600	35	(0)
Low-rise	5,795	3,893	5,015	4,395	6,720	53	16
High-rise	3,851	1,749	3,074	2,694	2,880	7	(25)
Presales	7,408	9,029	8,256	6,227	5,352	(14)	(28)
Low-rise	4,787	6,411	4,998	4,359	3,861	(11)	(19)
High-rise	2,621	2,618	3,258	1,868	1,491	(20)	(43)

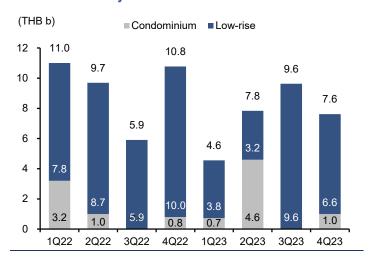
Sources: SPALI; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 2: Key assumptions for SPALI

	Current				Previous		Change		
	2023E	2024E	2025E	2023E	2024E	2025E	2023E	2024E	2025E
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(%)	(%)	(%)				
Revenue	30,753	33,865	32,357	32,565	33,865	32,357	(6)	0	0
- Transfers	30,485	33,583	32,061	32,297	33,583	32,061	(6)	0	0
- Management fees	268	282	296	268	282	296	0	0	0
Property gross margin (%)	36.0	36.3	36.1	36.3	36.3	36.0	(0.3)	0.0	0.1
Gross margin (%)	36.1	36.4	36.2	36.4	36.3	36.0	(0.3)	0.0	0.1
SG&A to revenue (%)	13.0	12.8	13.4	12.7	12.0	12.3	0.3	0.8	1.1
Equity income	300	300	300	300	300	300	0	0	0
Core profit	5,776	6,612	6,195	6,332	6,612	6,173	(9)	(0)	0
Net profit	5,776	6,612	6,195	6,332	6,612	6,173	(9)	(0)	0

Source : FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 3: Quarterly new launches



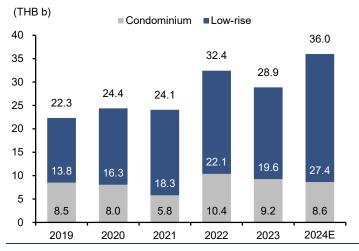
Sources: SPALI; FSSIA's compilations

Exhibit 5: Yearly new launches



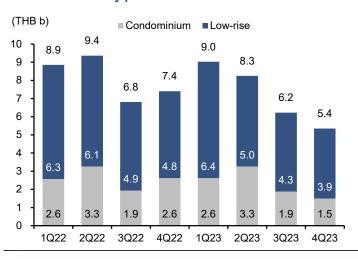
Sources: SPALI; FSSIA's compilations

Exhibit 7: Yearly presales



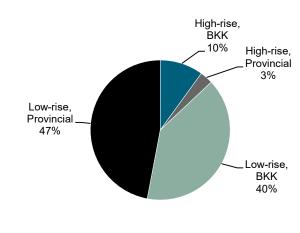
Sources: SPALI; FSSIA's compilations

Exhibit 4: Quarterly presales



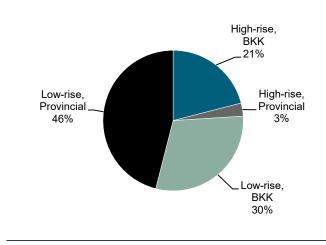
Sources: SPALI; FSSIA's compilations

Exhibit 6: 2024E Target presales by geography



Sources: SPALI; FSSIA's compilations

Exhibit 8: 2024E Launch plan by geography



Sources: SPALI; FSSIA's compilations

Exhibit 9: CAPEX

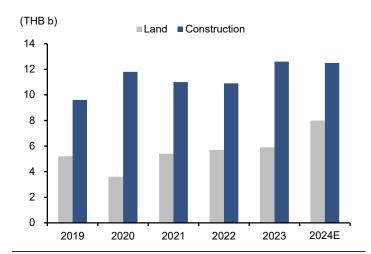
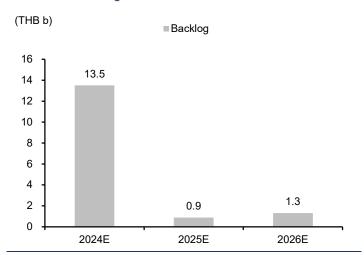


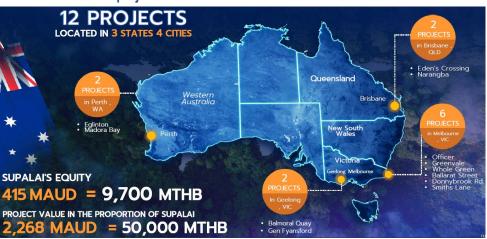
Exhibit 10: Backlog at end-23



Sources: SPALI; FSSIA's compilations

Sources: SPALI; FSSIA's compilations

Exhibit 11: Current projects in Australia



Source: SPALI

Exhibit 12: New projects in Australia



Source: SPALI

Exhibit 13: Condo value to be transferred in 2024



Source: SPALI

Exhibit 14: Historical P/E band

SPALI PER (x) 12 11 10 std + 2 = 9.4x9 std +1 = 8x8 -avg = 6.7x 7 6 = 5.3x5 std -2 = 3.9x4 3 2 2019 2020 2022 2023 2024 2021

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 15: Historical P/BV band



Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Supalai

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	29,160	34,486	30,753	33,865	32,357
Cost of goods sold	(17,518)	(21,070)	(19,663)	(21,553)	(20,656)
Gross profit	11,642	13,416	11,090	12,312	11,701
Other operating income	0	0	0	0	0
Operating costs	(3,321)	(4,029)	(4,005)	(4,347)	(4,337)
Operating EBITDA	8,444	9,514	7,215	8,100	7,504
Depreciation	(123)	(127)	(130)	(135)	(140)
Goodwill amortisation	0	0	0	0	0
Operating EBIT	8,321	9,387	7,085	7,965	7,364
Net financing costs	(259)	(277)	(476)	(493)	(437)
Associates	533	390	220	450	450
Recurring non-operating income	1,020	1,405	870	1,080	1,080
Non-recurring items	0	0	0	0	0
Profit before tax	9,083	10,515	7,479	8,552	8,007
Гах	(1,943)	(2,212)	(1,633)	(1,864)	(1,738)
Profit after tax	7,139	8,303	5,846	6,689	6,269
Minority interests	(69)	(130)	(70)	(77)	(74)
Preferred dividends	0	Ó	Ó	Ó	0
Other items	0	0	0	0	0
Reported net profit	7,070	8,173	5,776	6,612	6,195
Non-recurring items & goodwill (net)	0	0	0	0	. 0
Recurring net profit	7,070	8,173	5,776	6,612	6,195
Per share (THB)					
Recurring EPS *	3.30	4.18	2.96	3.39	3.17
Reported EPS	3.30	4.18	2.96	3.39	3.17
OPS .	1.25	1.45	1.18	1.30	1.30
Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data)	2,146	1,953	1,953	1,953	1,953
Growth					
Revenue (%)	41.6	18.3	(10.8)	10.1	(4.5)
Operating EBITDA (%)	57.4	12.7	(24.2)	12.3	(7.4)
Operating EBIT (%)	58.6	12.8	(24.5)	12.4	(7.5)
Recurring EPS (%)	66.3	27.0	(29.3)	14.5	(6.3)
Reported EPS (%)	66.3	27.0	(29.3)	14.5	(6.3)
Operating performance			, ,		,
Gross margin inc. depreciation (%)	39.9	38.9	36.1	36.4	36.2
Gross margin exc. depreciation (%)	40.3	39.3	36.5	36.8	36.6
Operating EBITDA margin (%)	29.0	27.6	23.5	23.9	23.2
Operating EBIT margin (%)	28.5	27.2	23.0	23.5	22.8
Net margin (%)	24.2	23.7	18.8	19.5	19.1
Effective tax rate (%)	22.7	21.7	22.5	23.0	23.0
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	37.9	34.6	40.0	38.4	41.0
nterest cover (X)	36.1	39.0	16.7	18.4	19.3
nventory days	1,280.5	1,113.5	1,270.4	1,238.2	1,348.0
Debtor days	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7
Creditor days	51.4	47.1	53.2	49.2	52.6
Operating ROIC (%)	11.6	12.3	8.6	9.2	8.1
ROIC (%)	12.0	12.7	8.5	9.1	8.2
ROE (%)	18.0	18.5	12.0	12.7	11.1
ROA (%)	10.5	11.3	7.6	8.1	7.3
FPre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted	10.5	11.3	7.0	0.1	1.3
Revenue by Division (THB m)	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
* * * *					
Real estate	28,938	34,222	30,485	33,583	32,061
Rentals & Services	222	264	268	282	296

Sources: Supalai; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Supalai

Supaiai					
Cash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Recurring net profit	7,070	8,173	5,776	6,612	6,195
Depreciation	123	127	130	135	140
Associates & minorities	-	-	-	-	-
Other non-cash items Change in working capital	(2,648)	(5,013)	(2,784)	(4,240)	(1,827)
Cash flow from operations	4,545	3,288	3,121	2,507	4,508
Capex - maintenance	-	-	-	-	-,000
Capex - new investment	(1,272)	(4,608)	-	(634)	(214)
Net acquisitions & disposals	-	-	351	-	-
Other investments (net)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash flow from investing	(1,272)	(4,608)	351	(634)	(214)
Dividends paid	(1,864)	(5,111)	(2,310)	(2,539)	(2,540)
Equity finance	324	1,474	70	77	74
Debt finance Other financing cash flows	(1,442) 0	4,646 0	(719) 0	221 0	(1,621) 0
Cash flow from financing	(2,982)	1,010	(2,960)	(2,241)	(4,087)
Non-recurring cash flows	(=,00=)	-,0.0	-	-,,	(., ,
Other adjustments	0	0	0	0	0
Net other adjustments	0	0	0	0	0
Movement in cash	291	(311)	513	(368)	207
Free cash flow to firm (FCFF)	3,532.04	(1,043.62)	3,948.69	2,365.82	4,731.28
ree cash flow to equity (FCFE)	1,830.99	3,325.97	2,753.08	2,094.04	2,673.41
Per share (THB)					
FCFF per share	1.81	(0.53)	2.02	1.21	2.42
FCFE per share	0.94	1.70	1.41	1.07	1.37
Recurring cash flow per share	3.35	4.25	3.02	3.45	3.24
Balance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Tangible fixed assets (gross)	2,850	2,947	3,053	3,169	3,298
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,346)	(1,471)	(1,601)	(1,736)	(1,876)
Tangible fixed assets (net)	1,505	1,476	1,451	1,433	1,421
ntangible fixed assets (net)	0	0	0	0	, 0
ong-term financial assets	0	0	0	0	1
nvest. in associates & subsidiaries	4,404	8,863	8,457	8,974	9,060
Cash & equivalents	1,626	1,315	1,828	1,460	1,667
A/C receivable	51	38	62	68	65
nventories	62,104	65,675	70,303	75,010	76,524
Other current assets	1,407	2,065	1,691	1,863	1,780
Current assets Other assets	65,188 336	69,093 441	73,883 461	78,401 508	80,036 485
Fotal assets	71,432	79,873	84,253	89,316	91,003
Common equity	42,070	46,514	49,980	54,053	57,709
Minorities etc.	857	949	1,019	1,096	1,169
Total shareholders' equity	42,926	47,463	50,998	55,148	58,878
ong term debt	3,976	3,886	8,438	5,817	5,888
Other long-term liabilities	713	804	787	862	827
Long-term liabilities	4,689	4,690	9,224	6,679	6,715
A/C payable	2,469	2,939	2,753	3,017	2,892
Short term debt	15,913	20,650	15,379	18,221	16,529
Other current liabilities	5,435	4,182	5,899	6,250	5,991
Current liabilities Fotal liabilities and shareholders' equity	23,817 71,432	27,772 79,924	24,031 84,253	27,489 89,316	25,412 91,005
Net working capital	55,659	60,657	63,404	67,673	69,486
nvested capital	61,903	71,437	73,774	78,588	80,453
Includes convertibles and preferred stock which is be		,	. 2,	. 5,555	,
Por chare (TUP)					
Per share (THB)	10.61	22.02	25.50	27.68	29.55
Book value per share Tangible book value per share	19.61 19.61	23.82 23.82	25.59 25.59	27.68	29.55
Financial strength	10.01	20.02	20.00	27.00	20.00
Net debt/equity (%)	42.5	48.9	43.1	40.9	35.2
Net debt/total assets (%)	25.6	29.1	26.1	25.3	22.8
Current ratio (x)	2.7	2.5	3.1	2.9	3.1
CF interest cover (x)	13.0	29.7	6.8	6.5	7.6
/aluation	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Recurring P/E (x) * Recurring P/E @ target price (x) *	6.0 7.3	4.7 5.7	6.7 8.1	5.8 7.1	6.2 7.6
Reported P/E (x)	6.0	5.7 4.7	6.7	5.8	6.2
Dividend yield (%)	6.3	7.3	6.0	6.6	6.6
Price/book (x)	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7
Price/tangible book (x)	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7
EV/EBITDA (x) **	7.3	6.6	8.5	7.7	8.1
EV/EBITDA @ target price (x) **	8.4	7.5	9.7	8.7	9.2
EV/invested capital (x)	1.0 BITDA includes associate	0.9	0.8	8.0	0.8

Sources: Supalai; FSSIA estimates

Supalai PCL (SPALI TB)



Exhibit 16: FSSIA ESG score implication

59.80 /100

Rating	Score	Implication
****	>79-100	Leading its industry peers in managing the most significant ESG risks which not only better cost efficiency but also lead to higher profitability.
****	>59-79	A mixed track record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities relative to industry peers.
***	>39-59	Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been constructively addressed, well-managed and incorporated into day-to-day operations, in which targets and achievements are evaluated annually.
**	>19-39	Relevant ESG materiality matrix has been identified with key management in charge for progress to be followed up on and to provide intensive disclosure. Most targets are conventional and achievable.
*	1-19	The company has adopted the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs), established sustainability management guidelines and fully complies with regulations or ESG suggested guidance from related organizations such as the SET and SEC.

Sources: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 17: ESG – peer comparison

	FSSIA			Dome:	stic ratings	;		Global ratings						Bloomberg	
	ESG score	DJSI	SET THSI	THSI	CG score	AGM level	Thai CAC	Morningstar ESG risk	ESG Book	MSCI	Moody's	Refinitiv	S&P Global	ESG score	Disclosure score
SET100	69.20	5.34	4.40	4.40	4.76	4.65	3.84	Medium	51.76	BBB	20.87	58.72	63.91	3.72	28.17
Coverage	67.12	5.11	4.15	4.17	4.83	4.71	3.53	Medium	52.04	BB	16.97	56.85	62.09	3.40	31.94
AP	53.36		Y	Υ	5.00	5.00	Certified	Low	43.30			16.91	24.00	1.89	34.26
ASW	27.00		Υ	Υ	5.00	4.00	Declared								
BRI	16.00				4.00	4.00	Declared								
NOBLE	30.88		Υ	Υ	5.00	5.00	Certified						7.00		
ORI	53.22		Υ	Υ	5.00	5.00	Certified	Medium	41.33			48.60		3.82	52.01
SC	60.14		Υ	Y	5.00	4.00	Certified	Low	45.20			70.85	25.00	2.34	42.60
SIRI	66.14		Υ	Υ	5.00	5.00	Certified	Low	43.82	Α		57.85	23.00	3.00	61.14
SPALI	59.80		Υ	Υ	5.00	5.00	Certified	Low	52.93	BB		36.30	24.00	2.19	42.36

Sources: SETTRADE.com; FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 18: ESG score by Bloomberg

FY ending Dec 31	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
ESG financial materiality scores - ESG score	1.80	2.22	2.06	2.11	2.06	2.05	1.98	2.19
BESG environmental pillar score	0.00	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.71	1.14
BESG social pillar score	5.95	5.91	3.67	3.67	3.67	3.67	3.67	3.67
BESG governance pillar score	4.06	3.78	3.93	4.12	3.95	3.92	3.60	3.37
ESG disclosure score	40.17	41.80	41.62	41.62	41.62	41.73	42.11	42.36
Environmental disclosure score	14.80	16.49	16.49	16.49	16.49	16.82	17.97	17.97
Social disclosure score	21.95	25.15	24.61	24.61	24.61	24.61	24.61	25.36
Governance disclosure score	83.59	83.59	83.59	83.59	83.59	83.59	83.59	83.59
Environmental								
Emissions reduction initiatives	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Climate change policy	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Climate change opportunities discussed	No							
Risks of climate change discussed	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
GHG scope 1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
GHG scope 2 location-based	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
GHG Scope 3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Carbon per unit of production	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Biodiversity policy	No	Yes						
Energy efficiency policy	Yes							
Total energy consumption	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Renewable energy use	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Electricity used	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fuel used - natural gas	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 19: ESG score by Bloomberg (cont.)

Wase reduction policy No No No No No No No Ves	FY ending Dec 31	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
Hazandosa waste	Fuel used - crude oil/diesel	No							
Total waste		No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Wates persyload —		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Waste policy No		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Emironmental supply chain management Yes Y	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water consumption No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Social Human rights policy Yes		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water consumption									
Name	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	No				Yes	Yes		Yes
Human rights policy Yes			_	_				_	_
Policy against child labor		V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Cousing assurance and recall policy	• , ,								
Consumer data protection policy Yes									
Equal opportunity policy Yes Y									
Gender pay gap breakout									
Pet women in workforce									
Pct disabled in workforce									
Business ethics policy Yes Yes									49
Anti-bribery ethics policy									0 Vac
Health and safety policy									
Lost time incident rate - employees									
Total recordable incident rate - employees		Yes							
Training policy		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Fair remuneration policy No No No No No No No N									_
Number of employees - CSR									
Employee turnover pct	· · · ·								
Total hours spent by firm - employee training 25,253 28,997 36,318 39,677 39,168 35,234 12,091 80,454 Social supply chain management Yes Y									
Social supply chain management Yes Governance Sovernance Sovernanc									
Sovernance Sov									
No. of independent directors (ID)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Yes							
No. of independent directors (ID) 5 5 5 4 4 4 4 4 A									
No. of women on board 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1									
No. of non-executive directors on board 7									4
Company conducts board evaluations Yes No. <							•		
No. of board meetings for the year 12 12 12 12 13 12 13 12 12 Board meeting attendance pct 96 98 99 99 99 99 99 100 98 Board duration (years) 3 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>6</td>									6
Board meeting attendance pct 96 98 99 99 99 99 99 99	' '								
Board duration (years) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3									12
Director share ownership guidelines	-								
Age of the youngest director 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 Age of the oldest director 73 74 77 78 79 80 81 82 No. of executives / company managers 9 10 12 10 14 14 13 13 No. of female executives 3 3 4 4 5	- ,								3
Age of the oldest director 73 74 77 78 79 80 81 82 No. of executives / company managers 9 10 12 10 14 14 13 13 No. of female executives 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 Executive share ownership guidelines No	, •								
No. of executives / company managers 9 10 12 10 14 14 13 13 No. of female executives 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 Executive share ownership guidelines No No </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
No. of female executives 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 Executive share ownership guidelines No	_								
Executive share ownership guidelines No									
Size of audit committee 3									5
No. of ID on audit committee 3 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									
Audit committee meetings 12									3
Audit meeting attendance % 92 100 100 100 94 100 97 97 Size of compensation committee 3									3
Size of compensation committee 3 <th< td=""><td>C .</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>12</td></th<>	C .								12
No. of ID on compensation committee 2	-								97
No. of compensation committee meetings 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 Compensation meeting attendance % 100	-								3
Compensation meeting attendance % 100 <t< td=""><td>·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td></t<>	·								2
Size of nomination committee 3									2
No. of nomination committee meetings 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 Nomination meeting attendance % 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1									100
Nomination meeting attendance % 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1									3
Sustainability governance									2
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

 $Sources: Bloomberg; \ FSSIA's \ compilation$

Disclaimer for ESG scoring

ESG score	Methodolog	у			Rating					
The Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (<u>DJSI</u>) By S&P Global	process bas from the ann	DJSI World applies a transparent, rules-based component selection ass based on the companies' Total Sustainability Scores resulting the annual S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA). the top-ranked companies within each industry are selected for sion.			Be a member and invited to the annual S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA) for DJSI. Companies with an S&P Global ESG Score of less than 45% of the S&P Global ESG Score of the highest scoring company are disqualified. The constituents of the DJSI indices are selected from the Eligible Universe.					
Sustainability Investment List (THSI) by The Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET)	managing be Candidates 1) no irregul float of >150 up capital. S 70%; 2) inde wrongdoing	uantifies responsibility in Environmental and Social issues by ng business with transparency in Governance, updated annually, ates must pass the preemptive criteria, with two crucial conditions: regular trading of the board members and executives; and 2) free >150 shareholders, and combined holding must be >15% of paid-tal. Some key disqualifying criteria include: 1) CG score of below 0 independent directors and free float violation; 3) executives' oing related to CG, social & environmental impacts; 4) equity in e territory; and 5) earnings in red for > 3 years in the last 5 years.				To be eligible for THSI inclusion, verified data must be scored at a minimum of 50% for each indicator, unless the company is a part of DJSI during the assessment year. The scoring will be fairly weighted against the nature of the relevant industry and materiality. SETTHSI Index is extended from the THSI companies whose 1) market capitalization > THB5b (~USD150b); 2) free float >20%; and 3) liquidity >0.5% of paid-up capital for at least 9 out of 12 months. The SETTHSI Index is a market capitalisation-weighted index, cap 5% quarterly weight at maximum, and no cap for number of stocks.				
CG Score by Thai nstitute of Directors Association Thai IOD)	annually by Thailand (SI	the Thai IOD,	h in sustainable developn with support from the Sto ts are from the perspectiv s.	Scores are rated in six categories: 5 for Excellent (90-100), 4 for Very Good (80-89), 3 for Good (70-79), 2 for Fair (60-69), 1 for Pass (60-69), and not rated for scores below 50. Weightings include: 1) the rights; 2) and equitable treatment of shareholders (weight 25% combined); 3) the role of stakeholders (25%); 4) disclosure & transparency (15%); and 5) board responsibilities (35%).						
AGM level By Thai nvestors Association TIA) with support from he SEC	It quantifies the extent to which shareholders' rights and equitable treatment are incorporated into business operations and information is transparent and sufficiently disclosed. All form important elements of two out of five the CG components to be evaluated annually. The assessment criteria cover AGM procedures before the meeting (45%), at the meeting date (45%), and after the meeting (10%). (The first assesses 1) advance circulation of sufficient information for voting; and 2) facilitating how voting rights can be exercised. The second assesses 1) the ease of attending meetings; 2) transparency and verifiability; and 3) openness for Q&A. The third involves the meeting minutes that should contain discussion issues, resolutions and voting results.)				The scores are classified into four categories: 5 for Excellent (100), 4 for Very Good (90-99), 3 for Fair (80-89), and not rated for scores below 79.					
Fhai CAC By Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption CAC)	establishme policies. The (Companies of Declaration of Certification, in managers and	nt of key contree Certification is leciding to becond intent to kick off Intent to kick off Including risk ass	Checklist include corruptions, and the monitoring a is good for three years. In a CAC certified member store an 18-month deadline to subsessment, in place of policy are ablishment of whistleblowing all stakeholders.)	The document will be reviewed by a committee of nine professionals. A passed Checklist will move for granting certification by the CAC Council approvals whose members are twelve highly respected individuals in professionalism and ethical achievements.						
Morningstar Bustainalytics										
		ompany feedbac uality & peer rev	k, ESG controversies, issuer i iews.	NEGL 0-10	Low 10-20	Medium 20-30	High 30-40	Severe 40+		
ESG Book	positioned to the principle helps explai over-weighti	ESG score identifies sustainable companies that are better itioned to outperform over the long term. The methodology considers principle of financial materiality including information that significantly os explain future risk-adjusted performance. Materiality is applied by r-weighting features with higher materiality and rebalancing these ghts on a rolling quarterly basis.				The total ESG score is calculated as a weighted sum of the features scores using materiality-based weights. The score is scaled between 0 and 100 with higher scores indicating better performance.				
<u>MSCI</u>			measure a company's mand laggards according to						nethodology to	
	AAA	8.571-10.00	0 Leader:	leading its industry in m	anaging the most s	anificant ESG ri	eke and opportunitie	26		
	AA	7.143-8.570)	loading to madotry in m	leading its industry in managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities					
	Α	5.714-7.142	2	a mixed or unexceptional track record of managing the most significant ESG risks and opportunities relative to						
	BBB	4.286-5.713	<u>-</u>	industry peers						
	ВВ	2.857-4.285								
	В	1.429-2.856	Laggard:	lagging its industry based on its high exposure and failure to manage significant ESG risks						
	CCC	0.000-1.428	3							
loody's ESG olutions	Moody's assesses the degree to which companies take into account ESG objectives in the definition and implementation of their strategy policies. It believes that a company integrating ESG factors into its business model and relatively outperforming its peers is better positioned to mitigate risks and create sustainable value for shareholders over the medium to long term.									
Refinitiv ESG rating	Designed to transparently and objectively measure a company's relative ESG performance, commitment and effectiveness across 10 main themes, based on publicly available and auditable data. The score ranges from 0 to 100 on relative ESG performance and insufficient degree of transparency in reporting material ESG data publicly. (Score ratings are 0 to 25 = poor; >25 to 50 = satisfactory; >50 to 75 = good; and >75 to 100 = excellent.)									
S&P Global	The S&P Global ESG Score is a relative score measuring a company's performance on and management of ESG risks, opportunities, and impacts compared to its peers within the same industry classification. The score ranges from 0 to 100.									
Bloomberg	ESG Score Bloomberg score evaluating the company's aggregated Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) performance. The score is based on Bloomberg's view of ESG financial materiality. The score is a weighted generalized mean (power mean) of Pillar Scores, where the weights are determined by the pillar priority ranking. Values range from 0 to 10; 10 is the best.									
			ESG Disclosure Score Disclosure of a company's ESG used for Bloomberg ESG score. The score ranges from 0 for none to 100 for disclosure every data point, measuring the amount of ESG data reported publicly, and not the performance on any data point.							

Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "CG Score"; 2) "AGM Level"; 3) "Thai CAC"; and 4) THSI. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSSIA does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings.

Source: FSSIA's compilation

GENERAL DISCLAIMER

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Thanyatorn Songwutti FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

The individual(s) identified above certify(ies) that (i) all views expressed in this report accurately reflect the personal view of the analyst(s) with regard to any and all of the subject securities, companies or issuers mentioned in this report; and (ii) no part of the compensation of the analyst(s) was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed herein.

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History of change in investment rating and/or target price



Date	Rating	Target price	Date	Rating	Target price	Date	Rating	Target price
01-Feb-2021 26-Oct-2021	BUY BUY	26.00 28.00	27-Jan-2023 20-Jul-2023	BUY BUY	27.00 24.00	-	-	-

Thanyatorn Songwutti started covering this stock from 27-Jan-2023

Price and TP are in local currency

Source: FSSIA estimates

Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
Supalai	SPALI TB	THB 19.80	BUY	Downside risks to our P/E derived TP are cost overruns; delays or poor receptions for new launches; presale cancellations; inability of homebuyers to obtain mortgage financing; and weak take-up rates and reduced pricing power from rising competition.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited.

All share prices are as at market close on 30-Jan-2024 unless otherwise stated.

RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

Industry Recommendations

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months.

Neutral. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months.

Underweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

Country (Strategy) Recommendations

Overweight (O). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.