EQUITY RESEARCH – ANALYST MEETING

CENTRAL PATTANA

CPN TB

THAILAND / PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT





TARGET PRICE	THB82.00
CLOSE	THB67.75
UP/DOWNSIDE	+21.0%
TD VO CONCENCIA	.4 70/

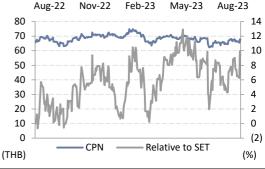
Key takeaways from analyst meeting

Highlights

- การประชุมนักวิเคราะห์เมื่อวันที่ 18 ส.ค. 2023 เป็นบวก การดำเนินงานของ CPN โตต่อเนื่องในทุกกลุ่มธุรกิจและสูงกว่าระดับก่อนโควิดในปี 2019 ไปแล้วตั้งแต่ 1Q23
- อัตราการเช่าของศูนย์การค้าแตะระดับปกติที่ 91% ใน 2Q23 ในขณะที่อัตราการเช่า
 Community mall ที่ลดลงในช่วง 1H23 เกิดจากการเปิดศูนย์การค้า Marche Thonglor
 ในเดือน มี.ค. 2023 ผู้บริหารคาดว่า Marche Thonglor จะมีอัตราการเช่าที่ 80% ภายใน สิ้นปี 2023
- งาน 'Pride Celebration 2023' ในกรุงเทพที่ Centralworld ในเดือน มิ.ย. 2023 เพิ่ม ตัวเลขผู้เข้าชมศูนย์การค้าโดยทางเท้ามาอยู่ที่ 40% เหนือช่วงที่ไม่มีกิจกรรม จาก ความสำเร็จของงานดังกล่าว CPN วางแผนจัดงานเพิ่มขึ้นอย่างต่อเนื่องและจะนำแบรนด์ ระดับโลกเข้าห้างเพิ่มขึ้น
- เมื่อวันที่ 31 ก.ค. 2023 ผู้ถือหน่วยลงทุนใน CPN Retail Growth Leasehold REIT (CPNREIT TB, NR) ได้อนุมัติการต่อสัญญาเช่าของ Central Pinklao และ Central Rama 2 รวมถึงแผนการหาเงินทุน CPN จะซื้อหุ้นเพิ่มเติมใน CPNREIT อีก 10% (จาก 30% เป็น 40%) เป็นเงินไม่เกิน 6พัน ลบ. รายการดังกล่าวน่าจะแล้วเสร็จในช่วง 2H24
- ในส่วนแผน 5 ปีของ CPN (2023-27) บริษัทฯ จะลงทุนประมาณ 135พัน ลบ. ใน ศูนย์การค้า 12 แห่ง, อาคารสำนักงาน 7 แห่ง, โรงแรม 31 แห่งและโครงการที่พักอาศัย 62 แห่ง ศูนย์การค้าที่กำลังดำเนินการประกอบด้วย Central Westville (4Q23), Central Nakhon Sawan (1Q24), Central Nakhon Pathom (2Q24), และ Central Krabi (4Q24) ในขณะที่โครงการที่ไม่ใช่ค้าปลีกที่กำลังดำเนินงานประกอบด้วยโครงการที่พักอาศัยเพิ่ม อีก 6 แห่ง (2H23), Dusit Thani Hotel (2Q24), GO! Hotels ในศรีราชาและชลบุรี (3Q23), และ Centara Ayutthaya และ Rayong (4Q23)
- ผู้บริหารคงเป้ารายได้ที่ 14-16% CAGR ในช่วงปี 2023-27 พร้อมส่วนแบ่งโครงการที่ ไม่ใช่ค้าปลีกที่ 20-25% ภายในปี 2027 เพิ่มจาก 14% ในช่วง 1H23 ถ้า CPN บรรลุ เป้าหมายดังกล่าว รายได้น่าจะแตะ 68-75พัน ลบ. ภายในปี 2027 ถ้าสมมติอัตรากำไร สุทธิที่ 33% เช่นเดียวกันกับใน 2Q23 กำไรสุทธิน่าจะอยู่ที่ 22-24พัน ลบ. สมมติฐานของ เราคาดว่ารายได้จะโต 8% CAGR ในปี 2023-27 และคาดกำไรสุทธิที่ 16พัน ลบ. ในปี 2027
- ปัจจุบันราคาหุ้นของ CPN ยังต่ำกว่าจุดสูงสุดในปี 2017 อยู่ 20% แม้เราจะคาดว่า
 EBITDA margin และกำไรจะแตะระดับสูงสุดในปี 2023 หุ้นมีการซื้อขายที่ 23.6x ของค่า
 2023E P/E ต่ำกว่าค่าเฉลี่ย ของ Modern Trade ที่ 30x เราคงแนะนำซื้อ CPN

KEY STOCK DATA

YE Dec (THB m)	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	35,575	41,462	44,890	47,661
Net profit	10,760	12,898	14,064	14,927
EPS (THB)	2.40	2.87	3.13	3.33
vs Consensus (%)	-	1.9	(1.2)	(3.1)
EBITDA	19,608	23,096	25,387	27,208
Recurring net profit	10,945	12,898	14,064	14,927
Core EPS (THB)	2.44	2.87	3.13	3.33
EPS growth (%)	114.6	17.8	9.0	6.1
Core P/E (x)	27.8	23.6	21.6	20.4
Dividend yield (%)	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.8
EV/EBITDA (x)	22.0	17.8	16.6	15.8
Price/book (x)	3.7	3.4	3.1	2.8
Net debt/Equity (%)	133.7	100.4	101.4	100.1
ROE (%)	14.2	15.1	15.0	14.5



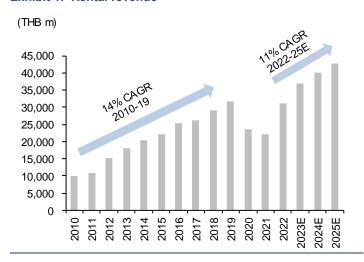
Share price performance	1 Month	3 Month	12 Month	
Absolute (%)	1.9	(1.5)	0.8	
Relative to country (%)	2.6	(1.8)	7.8	
Mkt cap (USD m)			8,439	
3m avg. daily turnover (USD m)			14.0	
Free float (%)			66	
Major shareholder	Chirathivat Family (37%)			
12m high/low (THB)	75.50/61.75			
Issued shares (m)			4,488.00	

Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates



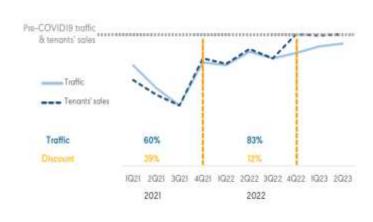
Jitra Amornthum Analyst register no. 014530 jitra.a@fssia.com, +66 2646 9966

Exhibit 1: Rental revenue



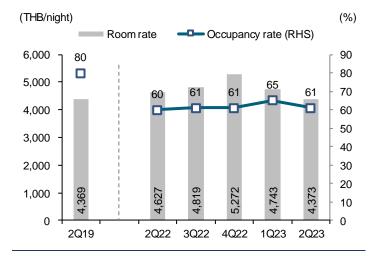
Sources: CPN, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 3: Mall traffic and tenant sales



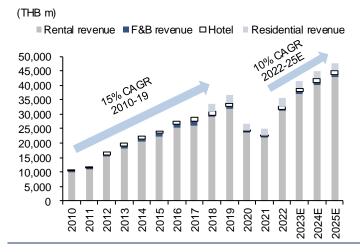
Source: CPN

Exhibit 5: Hotel operations



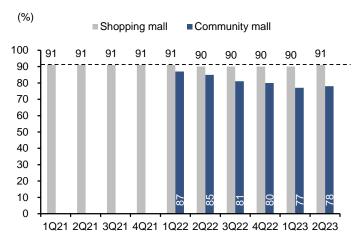
Source: CPN

Exhibit 2: Total revenue



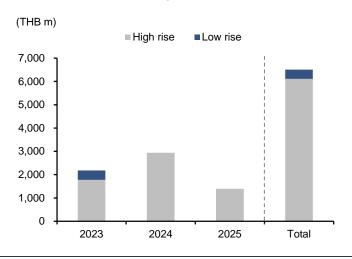
Sources: CPN, FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 4: Mall occupancy rate



Source: CPN

Exhibit 6: Residential backlog



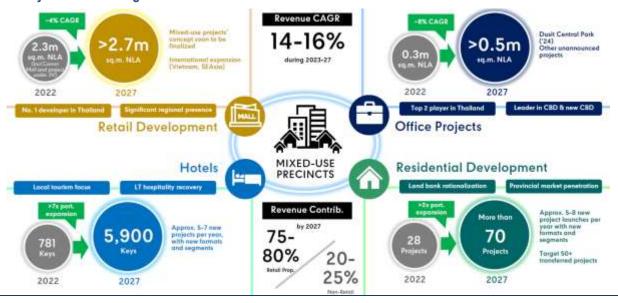
Source: CPN

Exhibit 7: Shopping malls in pipeline



Source: CPN

Exhibit 8: Five-year financial targets



Source: CPN

Financial Statements

Central Pattana

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	24,840	35,575	41,462	44,890	47,661
Cost of goods sold	(14,784)	(18,033)	(20,916)	(22,235)	(23,326)
Gross profit	10,056	17,542	20,546	22,654	24,335
Other operating income	-	-	-	-	-
Operating costs	(5,414)	(6,483)	(6,510)	(7,093)	(7,721)
Operating EBITDA	12,766	19,608	23,096	25,387	27,208
Depreciation	(8,124)	(8,550)	(9,059)	(9,825)	(10,594)
Goodwill amortisation	0	0	0	0	0
Operating EBIT	4,642	11,058	14,037	15,562	16,614
Net financing costs	(1,790)	(2,204)	(2,137)	(2,286)	(2,486)
Associates	704	1,560	1,658	1,749	1,860
Recurring non-operating income	3,594	4,692	4,084	4,163	4,310
Non-recurring items	2,048	(186)	0	0	0
Profit before tax	8,495	13,361	15,984	17,439	18,438
Tax	(1,265)	(2,487)	(2,965)	(3,248)	(3,383)
Profit after tax	7,230	10,874	13,019	14,191	15,055
Minority interests	(81)	(114)	(120)	(127)	(127)
Preferred dividends	0	0	0	0	0
Other items	0	0	0	0	0
Reported net profit	7,148	10,760	12,898	14,064	14,927
Non-recurring items & goodwill (net)	(2,048)	186	0	0	0
Recurring net profit	5,100	10,945	12,898	14,064	14,927
Per share (THB)					
Recurring EPS *	1.14	2.44	2.87	3.13	3.33
Reported EPS	1.59	2.40	2.87	3.13	3.33
DPS	0.60	0.90	1.08	1.18	1.23
Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data)	4,488	4,488	4,488	4,488	4,488
Growth					
Revenue (%)	(7.1)	43.2	16.6	8.3	6.2
Operating EBITDA (%)	(5.7)	53.6	17.8	9.9	7.2
Operating EBIT (%)	(17.5)	138.2	26.9	10.9	6.8
Recurring EPS (%)	(9.3)	114.6	17.8	9.0	6.1
Reported EPS (%)	(25.2)	50.5	19.9	9.0	6.1
Operating performance					
Gross margin inc. depreciation (%)	40.5	49.3	49.6	50.5	51.1
Gross margin exc. depreciation (%)	73.2	73.3	71.4	72.4	73.3
Operating EBITDA margin (%)	51.4	55.1	55.7	56.6	57.1
Operating EBIT margin (%)	18.7	31.1	33.9	34.7	34.9
Net margin (%)	20.5	30.8	31.1	31.3	31.3
Effective tax rate (%)	22.0	20.7	20.7	20.7	20.7
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	52.8	37.0	37.7	37.7	37.1
Interest cover (X)	4.6	7.1	8.5	8.6	8.4
Inventory days	-	-	-	-	-
Debtor days	94.8	65.9	52.0	53.8	54.3
Creditor days	319.5	267.0	253.1	267.9	275.8
Operating ROIC (%)	2.1	5.0	6.1	6.2	6.2
ROIC (%)	2.9	5.0	5.5	5.6	5.7
ROE (%)	7.2	14.2	15.1	15.0	14.5
ROA (%) * Pre exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted	2.7	4.8	5.2	5.3	5.4
Revenue by Division (THB m)	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue from rent and services	22,073	31,131	36,988	40,236	42,847
Revenue from food and beverage	325	655	725	762	800
Revenue from hotel operation	2,443	3,788	3,749	3,892	4,014

Sources: Central Pattana; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Central Pattana

Central Pattana					
Cash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Recurring net profit	5,100	10,945	12,898	14,064	14,927
Depreciation	8,124	8,550	9,059	9,825	10,594
Associates & minorities	558	(942)	0	0	0
Other non-cash items	81	2,150	120	127	127
Change in working capital	(1,750)	(4,317)	(706)	(653)	(458)
Cash flow from operations	12,114	16,387	21,372	23,364	25,191
-	(14,748)	(11,409)	(21,400)	(24,000)	(21,600)
Capex - maintenance	* * *				, , ,
Capex - new investment	0	0	0	0	0
Net acquisitions & disposals	(32,648)	(6,029)	(3,464)	(1,051)	888
Other investments (net)	0	10,001	15,001	15,001	15,001
Cash flow from investing	(47,396)	(7,438)	(9,863)	(10,050)	(5,711)
Dividends paid	(2,693)	(2,709)	(4,859)	(5,298)	(5,535)
Equity finance	(144)	293	0	0	0
Debt finance	34,951	1,991	(21,812)	37,838	8,800
Other financing cash flows	0	(8,445)	0	0	0
Cash flow from financing	32,114	(8,871)	(26,671)	32,540	3,265
Non-recurring cash flows	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments	0	0	14,999	0	0
Net other adjustments	0	(15)	14,999	(46,008)	(22,891)
Movement in cash	(3,168)	63	(162)	(154)	(147)
Free cash flow to firm (FCFF)	(33,492.06)	11,152.76	13,646.37	15,600.00	21,965.76
Free cash flow to equity (FCFE)	(331.39)	2,479.58	4,696.33	5,143.93	5,388.82
, , , ,	(661.66)	2,170.00	1,000.00	0,110.00	0,000.02
Per share (THB)					
FCFF per share	(7.46)	2.49	3.04	3.48	4.89
FCFE per share	(0.07)	0.55	1.05	1.15	1.20
Recurring cash flow per share	3.09	4.61	4.92	5.35	5.72
Balance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Tangible fixed assets (gross)	246,508	257,917	279,317	303,317	324,917
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(76,660)	(85,210)	(94,270)	(104,095)	(114,689)
Tangible fixed assets (net)	169,848	172,707	185,048	199,223	210,229
Intangible fixed assets (net)	0	0	0	0	0
Long-term financial assets	0	0	0	0	(
Invest. in associates & subsidiaries	42,381	41,306	41,306	42,316	43,306
Cash & equivalents	6,057	6,121	5,958	5,804	5,658
A/C receivable	7,395	5,455	6,358	6,883	7,308
Inventories	0	0	0	0	0
Other current assets	10,062	13,667	15,928	17,245	18,310
Current assets	23,515	25,242	28,245	29,933	31,276
Other assets	27,677	33,436	38,970	37,972	34,269
Total assets	263,421	272,692	293,568	309,443	319,079
Common equity	73,102	81,475	89,514	98,280	107,440
Minorities etc.	8,973	8,145	8,266	8,393	8,521
Total shareholders' equity	82,075	89,620	97,780	106,674	115,960
Long term debt	94,176	98,522	79,119	87,863	94,548
Other long-term liabilities	43,677	42,517	74,588	70,541	62,059
Long-term liabilities	137,853	141,040	153,707	158,404	156,606
A/C payable	·	•		•	9,849
	6,259	7,614	8,832	9,389	
Short term debt	29,796	27,441	25,032	26,126	27,241
Other current liabilities	7,437	6,976	8,218	8,851	9,421
Current liabilities	43,492	42,032	42,082	44,366	46,512
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	263,420	272,691	293,569	309,443	319,078
Net working capital	3,762	4,531	5,237	5,889	6,347
nvested capital	243,668	251,981	270,560	285,399	294,150
* Includes convertibles and preferred stock which is bei	ng treated as debt				
Per share (THB)					
Book value per share	16.29	18.15	19.95	21.90	23.94
Fangible book value per share	16.29	18.15	19.95	21.90	23.94
Financial strength					
Net debt/equity (%)	143.7	133.7	100.4	101.4	100.1
Net debt/total assets (%)	44.8	43.9	33.4	35.0	36.4
* /					
Current ratio (x) CF interest cover (x)	0.5 0.8	0.6 2.1	0.7 3.2	0.7 3.3	0.7 3.2
Valuation	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Recurring P/E (x) *	59.6	27.8	23.6	21.6	20.4
	70.0	33.6	28.5	26.2	24.7
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) *	72.2		23.6	21.6	20.4
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) * Reported P/E (x)	42.5	28.3			
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) * Reported P/E (x)		28.3 1.3	1.6	1.7	1.8
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) * Reported P/E (x) Dividend yield (%)	42.5				
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) * Reported P/E (x) Dividend yield (%) Price/book (x)	42.5 0.9	1.3	1.6	1.7	2.8
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) * Reported P/E (x) Dividend yield (%) Price/book (x) Price/tangible book (x) EV/EBITDA (x) **	42.5 0.9 4.2	1.3 3.7	1.6 3.4	1.7 3.1	2.8 2.8
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) * Reported P/E (x) Dividend yield (%) Price/book (x) Price/tangible book (x)	42.5 0.9 4.2 4.2	1.3 3.7 3.7	1.6 3.4 3.4	1.7 3.1 3.1	2.8 2.8 15.8
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) * Reported P/E (x) Dividend yield (%) Price/book (x) Price/tangible book (x) EV/EBITDA (x) **	42.5 0.9 4.2 4.2 33.8	1.3 3.7 3.7 22.0	1.6 3.4 3.4 17.8	1.7 3.1 3.1 16.6	1.8 2.8 2.8 15.8 18.1 1.5

Sources: Central Pattana; FSSIA estimates

Public disclosures related to sustainable development evaluation of Thai listed companies

Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "CG Score" by the Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD); 2) "AGM Checklist" by the Thai Investors Association (TIA), a "CAC certified member" of the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC); and 3) Sustainability Investment List (THSI) by the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings.

CG Score by the Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD) 1

The CG Score indicates corporate governance (CG) strength in the sustainable development of Thai listed companies. Annually, the Thai IOD, with support from the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET), surveys and assesses the CG practices of companies and publishes the results on the Thai IOD website in a bid to promote and enhance the CG of Thai listed companies in order to promote compliance with international standards for better investment decisions. The results are from the perspective of a third party, not an evaluation of operations, as of the date appearing in the report, and may be changed after that date.

The five underlying categories and weighting used for the CG scoring in 2022 include the rights of shareholders and equitable treatment of shareholders (weight 25% combined), the role of stakeholders (25%), disclosure and transparency (15%), and board responsibilities (35%).

The CGR report rates CG in six categories: 5 for Excellent (score range 90-100), 4 for Very Good (score range 80-89), 3 for Good (Score range 70-79), 2 for Fair (score range 60-69), 1 for Pass (score range 60-69), and not rated (score below 50).

Corporate Governance Report Disclaimer

The disclosure of the survey result of the Thai Institute of Directors Association ("IOD") regarding corporate governance is made pursuant to the policy of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The survey of the IOD is based on the information of companies listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Market of Alternative Investment disclosed to the public and able to be accessed by a general public investor at Thail IOD website. The result, therefore, is from the perspective of a third party. It is not an evaluation of operation and is not based on inside information.

The survey result is as of the data appearing in the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies. As a result, the survey result may be changed after that date. **FSSIA** does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such survey result.

AGM Checklist by the Thai Investors Association (TIA)²

The "AGM Checklist" quantifies the extent to which shareholders' rights and equitable treatment are incorporated into business operations and the extent to which information is sufficiently disclosed and the level of its transparency. All the considered factors form important elements of two out of five the CG components. Annually, the TIA, with support from the SEC, leads the project to evaluate the quality of Annual General Meetings of Shareholders (AGMs) and to rate quality of the meetings.

The Checklist contains the minimum requirements under law that companies must comply with, or best practices according to international CG guidance. Representatives of the TIA will attend the meetings and perform the evaluation. The assessment criteria cover AGM procedures before the meeting (45%), at the meeting date (45%), and after the meeting (10%). The first assesses 1) advance circulation of sufficient information for voting; and 2) facilitating of how voting rights can be exercised. The second assesses 1) the ease of attending meetings; 2) transparency and verifiability; and 3) openness for Q&A. The third involves the meeting minutes that should contain discussion issues, resolutions and voting results.

The results are classified into four categories: 5 for Excellent (score 100), 4 for Very Good (score 90-99), 3 for Fair (score 80-89), and not rated (score below 79).

CAC certified member by the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC)3

A <u>CAC certified member</u> is a listed company whose Checklist satisfies the CAC Certification's criteria and is approved by the CAC Council. The core elements of the Checklist include corruption risk assessment, establishment of key controls, and the monitoring and developing of policies. Note that the CAC does not certify the behaviour of the employees nor whether the companies have engaged in bribery, and Certification is good for three years.

Companies deciding to become a CAC certified member start with by submitting a Declaration of Intent signed by the Chairman of the Board to kick off the 18-month deadline for companies to submit the CAC Checklist for Certification. The 18-month provision is for risk assessment, in place of policy and control, training of managers and employees, establishment of whistleblowing channels, and communication of policies to all stakeholders.

The checklist document will be reviewed by the CAC Certification Committee for adequate information and evidence. It is worth noting that the committee consists of nine professionals in business law, corporate governance, internal audit, financial audit and experienced representatives from certified members.

A passed Checklist will move on to the <u>CAC Council</u> for granting certification approvals. The CAC Council consists of twelve prominent individuals who are highly respected in professionalism and ethical achievements. Among them are former ministers, a former central bank governor, the former head of the Thai Listed Companies Association, Chairman of Anti-Corruption Organizations (Thailand), Chairman of Thai Institute of Directors, and reputable academic scholars.

Sustainability Investment (THSI)4 by the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET)

Thailand Sustainability Investment (THSI) quantifies responsibility in <u>Environmental</u>, and <u>Social</u> issues, by managing business with transparency in <u>Governance</u>. The THSI serves as another choice for investors who desire to adopt a responsible investment approach, according to the SET.

Annually, the SET will announce the voluntary participation of the company candidates which pass the preemptive criteria, and whose two key crucial conditions are met, i.e. no irregular trading of the board members and executives and a free float of >150 by the number of shareholders, and combined holding must >15% of paid-up capital. Some key disqualifying criteria include a CG score of below 70%; independent directors and free float violation; executives' wrongdoing related to CG, social and environmental impacts, equity in negative territory, and earnings in the red for more than three years in the last five years. To become eligible for THSI, the candidate must pass three indicators in data declaration: Economic (CG, risk management, customer relation management, supply chain management, and innovation); Environmental (environmental management, eco-efficiency, and climate risk); Social (human rights, talent attraction, operational health & safety, community development, and stakeholder engagement); and the incorporation of ESG in business operations.

To be approved for THSI inclusion, verified data must be scored at a 50% minimum for each indicator, unless the company is a part of the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices⁵ (DJSI) during the assessment year. The scoring will be fairly weighted against the nature of the relevant industry and materiality.

Note that, from the THSI list, the SET further developed a sustainability SETTHSI Index in June 2018 from selected THSI companies whose 1) market capitalisation > THB5b (~USD150b); 2) free float >20%; and 3) liquidity >0.5% of paid-up capital for at least 9 out of 12 months. The SETTHSI Index is a market capitalisation-weighted index, cap 5% quarterly weight at maximum, and no cap for number of stocks.

Sources: <u>SEC</u>; <u>Thai IOD</u>; <u>Thai CAC</u>; <u>SET</u>; FSSIA's compilation

Disclaimer:

Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD) was established in December 1999 and is a membership organisation that strives to promote professionalism in directorship. The Thai IOD offers directors certification and professional development courses, provides a variety of seminars, forums and networking events, and conducts research on board governance issues and practices. Membership comprises board members from companies ranging from large publicly listed companies to small private firms.

Thai Investors Association (TIA) was established in 1983 with a mission to promote investment knowledge and to protect the investment rights of Thai investors. In 2002, the association was appointed by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) to represent individual shareholders. To obtain information for evaluation, the association recruits volunteer investors to join AGMs and score the meetings. Weightings for each meeting are at a 45:45:10 ratio. They have been applied since 2017 and subject to change.

Thai Private Sector Collective Action against Corruption (CAC) was founded in 2010 and is 100% privately funded. It is an initiative by the Thai private sector to take part in tackling corruption problems via collective action. The CAC promotes the implementation of effective anti-corruption policies in order to create a transparent business ecosystem by developing a unique certification program for large/medium/small companies to apply for and to control corruption risk systematically and efficiently. The CAC's operations are sponsored by the US-based Center for Private Enterprise (CIPE) and the UK Prosperity Fund.

4 Sustainability Investment List (THSI), created by the Stock Exchange of Thailand in 2015, comprises the listed companies that conduct sustainable business operations.

5 Dow Jones Sustainability Indices – Wikipedia – Launched in 1999, DJSI evaluates the sustainability performance of companies based on corporate economic, environmental, and social performance.

GENERAL DISCLAIMER

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Jitra Amornthum FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

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History of change in investment rating and/or target price



Date	Rating	Target price	Date	Rating	Target price	Date	Rating	Target price
25-Dec-2020 19-May-2021 10-Aug-2021	BUY BUY BUY	68.00 64.00 60.00	08-Nov-2021 06-Jun-2022 29-Jun-2022	BUY BUY BUY	68.00 82.00 85.00	23-Dec-2022	BUY	82.00

Jitra Amornthum started covering this stock from 23-Dec-2022

Price and TP are in local currency

Source: FSSIA estimates

Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
Central Pattana	CPN TB	THB 67.75	BUY	Key downside risks to our DCF-derived TP are deviations to our estimates on rental and occupancy rates, returns on its new investments, capex, and interest rates.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited

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All share prices are as at market close on 17-Aug-2023 unless otherwise stated.

RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

Industry Recommendations

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months.

Neutral. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months.

Underweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

Country (Strategy) Recommendations

Overweight (O). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.