EQUITY RESEARCH - RESULTS FLASH

SANSIRI SIRITB

THAILAND / PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT





TARGET PRICE	THB2.30
CLOSE	THB1.82
UP/DOWNSIDE	+26.4%
TP vs CONSENSUS	+5.1%

2Q23 results at first glance

2Q23 results as strong as expected

Highlights

- SIRI reported a 2Q23 net profit of THB1.6b (+2.5% q-q, +77% y-y), in line with our forecast and BBG's consensus estimate. Excluding gains from land sales to its JV project worth THB402m (after tax), its core profit was THB1.2b (+27% q-q, +42% y-y) in 2Q23.
- We are impressed with the strong 2Q23 transfers worth THB8b (+19% q-q, +21% y-y) from both low-rise and condo transfer growth. Low-rise posted solid transfers of THB5.1b (+27% q-q, +4% y-y), mainly from luxury single-detached houses on a high backlog and two new projects which were well-received. Meanwhile, condo transfers significantly recovered y-y to THB2.9b (+6% q-q, +75% y-y), mainly from the continuous realisation of the backlog, plus the start of transfers from two small condos: The Muve Bangkhae (THB444m, 69% sold) and Dcondo Panaa (THB984m, 51% sold).
- As a result of an accounting adjustment in SIRI's financial statements, its project expenses such as staff costs moved from SG&A to cost of projects in 2Q23. This was reflected in the 2Q23 property gross margin decreasing to 32% from 35.8% in 1Q23, but was relatively stable with 2Q22.
- SG&A to revenue was 18.9% in 2Q23 (vs 18% in 1Q23 and 20.6% in 2Q22). Meanwhile, share of profits from its JVs amounted to THB66m in 2Q23 (-10% q-q, +26% y-y), mainly from the Burasiri Krungtheptha project.
- SIRI's 1H23 core profit of THB2.2b (+109% y-y) accounts for 44% of our full-year forecast. SIRI has announced a DPS of THB0.10 for its performance in 1H23, implying a high dividend yield of 5.5%. The stock's XD is on 28 August and the dividend will be paid on 12 September 2023.
- Looking forward, we expect 3Q23 core profit to grow q-q and y-y, driven by the gradual realisation of its strong backlog of THB10b (including JV) in 2H23 and numerous new launches. Additionally, there is one small newly built condo plus one prebuilt condo named Nia by Sansiri (worth THB1.4b) that is situated in the heart of Sukhumvit 71, which SIRI plans to introduce in 3Q23. We think 3Q23 net profit might slightly drop q-q due to smaller extra gains, but could see a y-y improvement.
- We maintain our 2023E core profit of THB4.97b (+23% y-y). Retain our BUY rating with the same target price at THB2.3.

KEY STOCK DATA

YE Dec (THB m)	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	33,712	40,940	38,577	38,415
Net profit	4,280	5,984	4,702	4,693
EPS (THB)	0.29	0.35	0.27	0.27
vs Consensus (%)	-	19.9	(4.9)	(7.8)
EBITDA	4,807	6,117	5,665	5,855
Recurring net profit	4,040	4,969	4,702	4,693
Core EPS (THB)	0.27	0.29	0.27	0.27
EPS growth (%)	99.7	7.1	(5.4)	(0.2)
Core P/E (x)	6.7	6.3	6.6	6.6
Dividend yield (%)	8.2	9.6	8.0	8.0
EV/EBITDA (x)	20.5	18.2	19.8	19.4
Price/book (x)	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7
Net debt/Equity (%)	158.4	162.6	156.1	164.6
ROE (%)	9.9	11.1	9.8	9.7



Share price performance	1 Month	3 Month	12 Month
Absolute (%)	(1.6)	(6.2)	80.2
Relative to country (%)	(4.1)	(4.2)	90.4
Mkt cap (USD m)			854
3m avg. daily turnover (USD n	n)		13.2
Free float (%)			0
Major shareholder	UBS AG Sir	ngapore Bra	nch (10%)
12m high/low (THB)			2.10/1.00
Issued shares (m)			15,397.75

Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates



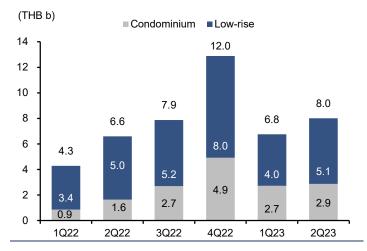
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Exhibit 1: SIRI – 2Q23 operations summary

	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	1Q23	2Q23	Ch	ange
	(THB m)	(q-q%)	(y-y%)				
Total revenue	7,269	8,669	12,835	7,648	9,185	20.1	26.4
Cost of sales	5,053	5,829	8,334	5,180	6,295	21.5	24.6
Gross profit	2,216	2,841	4,501	2,468	2,890	17.1	30.4
SG&A	1,496	1,553	2,926	1,379	1,731	25.5	15.8
Operating profit	720	1,288	1,575	1,088	1,158	6.4	60.8
Interest expense	231	104	78	120	116	(3.4)	(49.6)
Tax expense	264	357	337	410	301	(26.5)	14.4
Equity income from JV	52	151	272	73	66	(9.9)	26.5
Reported net profit	918	1,268	1,791	1,582	1,621	2.5	76.7
Core profit	856	1,258	1,741	959	1,219	27.1	42.4
Key ratios (%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(ppt)	(ppt)
Property gross margin	32.8	35.2	37.3	35.8	32.0	(3.8)	(0.8)
Gross margin	30.5	32.8	35.1	32.3	31.5	(0.8)	1.0
SG&A / Sales	20.6	17.9	22.8	18.0	18.9	0.8	(1.7)
Operating margin	9.9	14.9	12.3	14.2	12.6	(1.6)	2.7
Net margin	12.6	14.6	14.0	20.7	17.7	(3.0)	5.0
Normalised profit	11.8	14.5	13.6	12.5	13.3	0.7	1.5
Revenue breakdown	(THB m)	(q-q%)	(y-y%)				
Residential	6,596	7,869	11,964	6,754	8,007	18.6	21.4
Rental & Services	673	800	871	894	1177	31.8	75.0
Gross margin by business	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(ppt)	(ppt)
Residential	32.8	35.2	37.3	35.8	32.0	(3.8)	(0.8)
Rental & Services	7.7	9.2	4.9	5.6	27.8	22.2	20.2

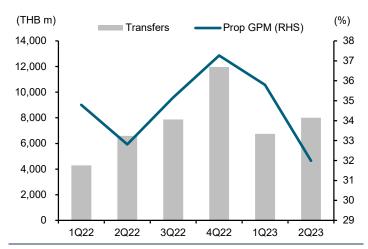
Sources: SIRI; FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 2: SIRI's quarterly transfers breakdown



Sources: SIRI; FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 3: Quarterly transfers and property GPM



Sources: SIRI; FSSIA's compilation

Financial Statements

Sansiri

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	28,642	33,712	40,940	38,577	38,415
Cost of goods sold	(19,607)	(22,591)	(27,971)	(26,181)	(25,920)
Gross profit	9,035	11,122	12,969	12,396	12,496
Other operating income	-	-	-	-	
Operating costs	(6,375)	(7,165)	(7,709)	(7,597)	(7,517)
Operating EBITDA	3,477	4,807	6,117	5,665	5,855
Depreciation	(817)	(850)	(856)	(866)	(876)
Goodwill amortisation	-	-	-	-	
Operating EBIT	2,660	3,957	5,261	4,799	4,978
Net financing costs	(976)	(508)	(394)	(436)	(425)
Associates	75	473	268	388	228
Recurring non-operating income	991	1,505	1,272	1,292	1,132
Non-recurring items	0	240	1,015	0	(
Profit before tax	2,675	5,193	7,154	5,655	5,685
Tax	(737)	(1,087)	(1,350)	(1,053)	(1,091)
Profit after tax	1,939	4,107	5,804	4,602	4,593
Minority interests	79	173	180	100	100
Preferred dividends	0	0	0	0	C
Other items	-	-	-	-	
Reported net profit	2,017	4,280	5,984	4,702	4,693
Non-recurring items & goodwill (net)	0	(240)	(1,015)	0	0
Recurring net profit	2,017	4,040	4,969	4,702	4,693
Per share (THB)					
Recurring EPS *	0.14	0.27	0.29	0.27	0.27
Reported EPS	0.14	0.29	0.35	0.27	0.27
DPS	0.06	0.15	0.17	0.15	0.15
Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data)	14,883	14,923	17,138	17,138	17,138
Growth					
Revenue (%)	(15.3)	17.7	21.4	(5.8)	(0.4)
Operating EBITDA (%)	43.0	38.2	27.3	(7.4)	3.3
Operating EBIT (%)	65.7	48.7	33.0	(8.8)	3.7
Recurring EPS (%)	28.4	99.7	7.1	(5.4)	(0.2)
Reported EPS (%)	20.4	111.6	21.7	(21.4)	(0.2)
Operating performance					
Gross margin inc. depreciation (%)	31.5	33.0	31.7	32.1	32.5
Gross margin exc. depreciation (%)	34.4	35.5	33.8	34.4	34.8
Operating EBITDA margin (%)	12.1	14.3	14.9	14.7	15.2
Operating EBIT margin (%)	9.3	11.7	12.9	12.4	13.0
Net margin (%)	7.0	12.0	12.1	12.2	12.2
Effective tax rate (%)	27.5	20.9	18.9	18.6	19.2
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	44.3	55.4	60.2	53.0	53.0
Interest cover (X)	3.7	10.8	16.6	14.0	14.4
Inventory days	1,080.3	1,183.6	1,218.1	1,378.8	1,395.6
Debtor days	19.4	12.8	13.0	17.8	17.3
Creditor days	32.0	19.5	19.0	22.2	21.8
Operating ROIC (%)	3.3	4.0	4.2	3.6	3.8
ROIC (%)	2.8	3.9	4.3	3.7	3.7
ROE (%)	5.3	9.9	11.1	9.8	9.7
ROA (%)	2.4	3.5	3.8	3.4	3.4
* Pre exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted					
Revenue by Division (THB m)	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
	26,170	30,716	37,276	34,939	34,666
Project sales	20,170				
	1,687		1,930	1,834	1,871
Project sales Business management Hotel management		1,679 548	1,930 603	1,834 633	1,871 665

Sources: Sansiri; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Sansiri

Cash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025
Recurring net profit	2,017	4,040	4,969	4,702	4,69
Depreciation	817	850	856	866	87
Associates & minorities	- (70)	(470)	- (400)	- (400)	(400
Other non-cash items	(79)	(173)	(180)	(100)	(100
Change in working capital Cash flow from operations	(1,549) 1,207	(28,335) (23,618)	(10,559) (4,914)	(876) 4,592	1,17 6,64
Capex - maintenance	(7,551)	(23,010)	(3,607)	(3,063)	(976
Capex - new investment	(1,001)	_	(0,007)	(0,000)	(010
Net acquisitions & disposals	_	_	_	_	
Other investments (net)	-	19,685	_	-	
Cash flow from investing	(7,551)	19,685	(3,607)	(3,063)	(976
Dividends paid	(911)	(1,528)	(2,373)	(2,245)	(6,699
Equity finance	663	562	1,848	0	•
Debt finance	5,766	5,378	10,404	1,492	(226
Other financing cash flows	-	-	-	-	
Cash flow from financing	5,519	4,411	9,879	(753)	(6,925
lon-recurring cash flows	-	-	-	-	
Other adjustments	0	0	0	0	
Net other adjustments	0	0	0	0	
Movement in cash	(826)	479	1,358	776	(1,25
Free cash flow to firm (FCFF)	(5,178.84)	(3,195.32)	(7,887.42)	2,215.53	6,357.4
Free cash flow to equity (FCFE)	(577.76)	1,445.18	1,882.80	3,021.14	5,446.0
Per share (THB)					
FCFF per share	(0.34)	(0.21)	(0.51)	0.14	0.4
CFE per share	(0.04)	0.09	0.12	0.20	0.3
Recurring cash flow per share	0.19	0.32	0.33	0.32	0.3
Balance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025
				12 022	12.50
Гangible fixed assets (gross) _ess: Accumulated depreciation	11,493	11,706	12,609	13,023	13,52 (3,866
Fangible fixed assets (net)	(2,333) 9,160	(2,806) 8,899	(3,098) 9,510	(3,416) 9,607	9,65
ntangible fixed assets (net)	0	0,033	0,510	0,007	3,00
ong-term financial assets	-	-	-	-	
nvest. in associates & subsidiaries	38,900	18,609	20,765	22,865	22,9
Cash & equivalents	2,181	2,660	4,018	4,794	3,54
A/C receivable	1,385	983	1,945	1,827	1,81
nventories	55,143	85,859	95,119	96,143	95,36
Other current assets	7,330	7,753	8,731	8,201	8,15
Current assets	66,039	97,254	109,813	110,965	108,88
Other assets	2,533	2,672	2,977	2,833	2,81
Total assets	116,632	127,435	143,065	146,270	144,27
Common equity	39,225	42,433	46,877	49,334	47,32
Minorities etc.	1,741	1,608	1,608	1,608	1,60
Total shareholders' equity	40,967	44,041	48,485	50,941	48,93
∟ong term debt	36,699	39,922	55,592	57,652	50,76
Other long-term liabilities	1,321	1,173	1,786	1,678	1,66
Long-term liabilities	38,020	41,095	57,378	59,329	52,43
A/C payable	1,084	1,235	1,588	1,498	1,48
Short term debt	30,352	32,507	27,241	26,673	33,33
Other current liabilities	6,209	8,574	8,374	7,829	8,08
Current liabilities	37,645	42,316	37,203	35,999	42,90
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	116,632	127,451	143,065	146,270	144,27
Net working capital	56,565	84,785	95,833	96,844	95,77
nvested capital Includes convertibles and preferred stock which is be	107,158	114,966	129,086	132,150	131,16
includes conventibles and preferred stock which is be	eing treated as debt				
Per share (THB)					
Book value per share	2.64	2.84	2.74	2.88	2.7
angible book value per share	2.64	2.84	2.74	2.88	2.7
Financial strength					
Net debt/equity (%)	158.3	158.4	162.6	156.1	164
Net debt/total assets (%)	55.6	54.7	55.1	54.4	55
Current ratio (x)	1.8	2.3	3.0	3.1	2
CF interest cover (x)	0.4	3.8	5.8	7.9	13
/aluation	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2028
Recurring P/E (x) *	13.4	6.7	6.3	6.6	6
Recurring P/E (x) * Recurring P/E @ target price (x) *	17.0	8.5	7.9	8.4	8
Reported P/E (x)	13.4	6.3	5.2	6.6	6
Reported P/E (x) Dividend yield (%)	3.3	8.2	5.2 9.6	8.0	8
Price/book (x)	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0
Price/tangible book (x)	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0
EV/EBITDA (x) **	26.9	20.5	18.2	19.8	19
EV/EBITDA (x) EV/EBITDA (x) target price (x) **	29.0	22.0	19.6	21.3	20
9 9 ,	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0
EV/invested capital (x)	119				

Sources: Sansiri; FSSIA estimates

Public disclosures related to sustainable development evaluation of Thai listed companies

Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "CG Score" by the Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD); 2) "AGM Checklist" by the Thai Investors Association (TIA), a "CAC certified member" of the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC); and 3) Sustainability Investment List (THSI) by the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings.

CG Score by the Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD) 1

The CG Score indicates corporate governance (CG) strength in the sustainable development of Thai listed companies. Annually, the Thai IOD, with support from the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET), surveys and assesses the CG practices of companies and publishes the results on the Thai IOD website in a bid to promote and enhance the CG of Thai listed companies in order to promote compliance with international standards for better investment decisions. The results are from the perspective of a third party, not an evaluation of operations, as of the date appearing in the report, and may be changed after that date.

The five underlying categories and weighting used for the CG scoring in 2022 include the rights of shareholders and equitable treatment of shareholders (weight 25% combined), the role of stakeholders (25%), disclosure and transparency (15%), and board responsibilities (35%).

The CGR report rates CG in six categories: 5 for Excellent (score range 90-100), 4 for Very Good (score range 80-89), 3 for Good (Score range 70-79), 2 for Fair (score range 60-69), 1 for Pass (score range 60-69), and not rated (score below 50).

Corporate Governance Report Disclaimer

The disclosure of the survey result of the Thai Institute of Directors Association ("IOD") regarding corporate governance is made pursuant to the policy of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The survey of the IOD is based on the information of companies listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Market of Alternative Investment disclosed to the public and able to be accessed by a general public investor at https://prescription.org/ The result, therefore, is from the perspective of a third party. It is not an evaluation of operation and is not based on inside information.

The survey result is as of the data appearing in the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies. As a result, the survey result may be changed after that date. **FSSIA** does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such survey result.

AGM Checklist by the Thai Investors Association (TIA) 2

The "AGM Checklist" quantifies the extent to which shareholders' rights and equitable treatment are incorporated into business operations and the extent to which information is sufficiently disclosed and the level of its transparency. All the considered factors form important elements of two out of five the CG components. Annually, the TIA, with support from the SEC, leads the project to evaluate the quality of Annual General Meetings of Shareholders (AGMs) and to rate quality of the meetings.

The Checklist contains the minimum requirements under law that companies must comply with, or best practices according to international CG guidance. Representatives of the TIA will attend the meetings and perform the evaluation. The assessment criteria cover AGM procedures before the meeting (45%), at the meeting date (45%), and after the meeting (10%). The first assesses 1) advance circulation of sufficient information for voting; and 2) facilitating of how voting rights can be exercised. The second assesses 1) the ease of attending meetings; 2) transparency and verifiability; and 3) openness for Q&A. The third involves the meeting minutes that should contain discussion issues, resolutions and voting results.

The results are classified into four categories: 5 for Excellent (score 100), 4 for Very Good (score 90-99), 3 for Fair (score 80-89), and not rated (score below 79).

CAC certified member by the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC)3

A <u>CAC certified member</u> is a listed company whose Checklist satisfies the CAC Certification's criteria and is approved by the CAC Council. The core elements of the Checklist include corruption risk assessment, establishment of key controls, and the monitoring and developing of policies. Note that the CAC does not certify the behaviour of the employees nor whether the companies have engaged in bribery, and Certification is good for three years.

Companies deciding to become a CAC certified member start with by submitting a Declaration of Intent signed by the Chairman of the Board to kick off the 18-month deadline for companies to submit the CAC Checklist for Certification. The 18-month provision is for risk assessment, in place of policy and control, training of managers and employees, establishment of whistleblowing channels, and communication of policies to all stakeholders.

The checklist document will be reviewed by the CAC Certification Committee for adequate information and evidence. It is worth noting that the committee consists of nine professionals in business law, corporate governance, internal audit, financial audit and experienced representatives from certified members.

A passed Checklist will move on to the <u>CAC Council</u> for granting certification approvals. The CAC Council consists of twelve prominent individuals who are highly respected in professionalism and ethical achievements. Among them are former ministers, a former central bank governor, the former head of the Thai Listed Companies Association, Chairman of Anti-Corruption Organizations (Thailand), Chairman of Thai Institute of Directors, and reputable academic scholars.

Sustainability Investment (THSI)⁴ by the Stock Exchange of Thailand (<u>SET</u>)

Thailand Sustainability Investment (THSI) quantifies responsibility in <u>E</u>nvironmental, and <u>S</u>ocial issues, by managing business with transparency in <u>G</u>overnance. The THSI serves as another choice for investors who desire to adopt a responsible investment approach, according to the SET.

Annually, the SET will announce the voluntary participation of the company candidates which pass the preemptive criteria, and whose two key crucial conditions are met, i.e. no irregular trading of the board members and executives and a free float of >150 by the number of shareholders, and combined holding must >15% of paid-up capital. Some key disqualifying criteria include a CG score of below 70%; independent directors and free float violation; executives' wrongdoing related to CG, social and environmental impacts, equity in negative territory, and earnings in the red for more than three years in the last five years. To become eligible for THSI, the candidate must pass three indicators in data declaration: Economic (CG, risk management, customer relation management, supply chain management, and innovation); Environmental management, eco-efficiency, and climate risk); Social (human rights, talent attraction, operational health & safety, community development, and stakeholder engagement); and the incorporation of ESG in business operations.

To be approved for THSI inclusion, verified data must be scored at a 50% minimum for each indicator, unless the company is a part of the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices⁵ (DJSI) during the assessment year. The scoring will be fairly weighted against the nature of the relevant industry and materiality.

Note that, from the <u>THSI list</u>, the SET further developed a sustainability <u>SETTHSI Index</u> in June 2018 from selected THSI companies whose 1) market capitalisation > THB5b (~USD150b); 2) free float >20%; and 3) liquidity >0.5% of paid-up capital for at least 9 out of 12 months. The SETTHSI Index is a market capitalisation-weighted index, cap 5% quarterly weight at maximum, and no cap for number of stocks.

Sources: SEC; Thai IOD; Thai CAC; SET; FSSIA's compilation

Disclaimer:

¹ Thai Institute of Directors Association (<u>Thai IOD</u>) was established in December 1999 and is a membership organisation that strives to promote professionalism in directorship. The Thai IOD offers directors certification and professional development courses, provides a variety of seminars, forums and networking events, and conducts research on board governance issues and practices. Membership comprises board members from companies ranging from large publicly listed companies to small private firms.

² Thai Investors Association (TIA) was established in 1983 with a mission to promote investment knowledge and to protect the investment rights of Thai investors. In 2002, the association was appointed by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) to represent individual shareholders. To obtain information for evaluation, the association recruits volunteer investors to join AGMs and score the meetings. Weightings for each meeting are at a 45:45:10 ratio. They have been applied since 2017 and subject to change.

Thai Private Sector Collective Action against Corruption (CAC) was founded in 2010 and is 100% privately funded. It is an initiative by the Thai private sector to take part in tackling corruption problems via collective action. The CAC promotes the implementation of effective anti-corruption policies in order to create a transparent business ecosystem by developing a unique certification program for large/medium/small companies to apply for and to control corruption risk systematically and efficiently. The CAC's operations are sponsored by the US-based Center for Private Enterprise (CIPE) and the UK Prosperity Fund.

⁴ Sustainability Investment List (THSI), created by the Stock Exchange of Thailand in 2015, comprises the listed companies that conduct sustainable business operations.

⁵ Dow Jones Sustainability Indices – Wikipedia – Launched in 1999, DJSI evaluates the sustainability performance of companies based on corporate economic, environmental, and social performance.

GENERAL DISCLAIMER

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History of change in investment rating and/or target price



Thanyatorn Songwutti started covering this stock from 06-Feb-2023

Price and TP are in local currency

Source: FSSIA estimates

Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
Sansiri	SIRI TB	THB 1.82	BUY	Downside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) weaker-than-expected take-up rates of new launches; 2) rising competition; 3) construction delays and increasing raw material prices; 4) the impact of the expiration of loan-to-value (LTV) limit easing; and 5) a high level of IBD/E.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited

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All share prices are as at market close on 11-Aug-2023 unless otherwise stated.

RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

Industry Recommendations

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months.

Neutral. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months.

Underweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

Country (Strategy) Recommendations

Overweight (O). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.