EQUITY RESEARCH - COMPANY REPORT

KCE ELECTRONICS

THAILAND / ELECTRONIC COMPONENT

The recovery is starting in 3Q23

• We have a positive view from the analyst meeting yesterday. Poor 2Q23 results should be the bottom.

KCE TB

- Management is confident that the customer demand trend is improving in 3Q23 onward.
- Upgrade to BUY and roll over our 2024 TP to THB52.

Poor results in 2Q23, but should be the bottom

KCE posted a 2Q23 net profit of THB376m (+9% q-q, -34% y-y). Excluding an FX gain of THB59m and an overseas withholding tax on dividend receipt of THB3m, the company's 2Q23 core profit was equal to THB320m (+2% q-q, -47% y-y), missing our estimate by 18%. We are disappointed with the plunge in revenue and gross margin. To elaborate, KCE's 2Q23 USD revenue dropped by 5% q-q and 16.6% y-y, due to the slowdown in the global economy and customer overstocking. Its 2Q23 gross margin decreased to 19.1%, down from 19.6% in 1Q23 and 22.8% in 2Q22, due to a declining utilisation rate to 77%.

The recovery is starting on 3Q23 onward

We have a positive view from the analyst meeting yesterday. Management is confident that the customer demand trend is improving in 3Q23 after customer stock clearing. We expect its 3Q23 total revenue to recover by 11% q-q to USD126m, while its HDI revenue should turn around to grow q-q and y-y. Preliminarily, we estimate its 3Q23 core profit to rise by 59% q-q to THB510m (-20% y-y). Nevertheless, purchase orders should continue to grow in 4Q23, opposite to the seasonality.

2024 guidance is brighter than expected

With the poor 1H23 results, management has revised its 2023 revenue growth target down to -4-5% y-y from +4-6% y-y, and its gross margin target to 21-22% from 23%. However, management set its 2024 revenue growth target at 5-10% y-y, driven by a purchase order recovery to the normal level. In addition, management's 2024 gross margin target spiked to 26-27%, which is very aggressive in our view. However, KCE's third factory commercial run plan is still postponed to 2025.

Upgrade to BUY with new TP of THB52

We cut our 2023 core profit forecast by 6.9% to THB1.7b (-25.6% y-y). Meanwhile, we raise 2024-25E profit by 13.9% and 9% to THB2.45b (+44% y-y) and THB2.8b (+15% y-y), respectively. Our assumptions are more conservative than management's new targets. We roll forward our TP to 2024 resulting in a higher TP of THB52, based on 25x 2024E P/E. The share price has an upside of 14%, hence, we recommend BUY. KCE announced a 1H23 DPS of THB0.6, implying a dividend yield of 1.3%.



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BUY FROM HOLD

TARGET PRICE	THB52.00
CLOSE	THB45.75
UP/DOWNSIDE	+13.7%
PRIOR TP	THB35.50
CHANGE IN TP	+46.5%
TP vs CONSENSUS	+36.2%

KEY STOCK DATA

YE Dec (THB m)	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	18,456	16,444	17,677	19,180
Net profit	2,317	1,698	2,450	2,814
EPS (THB)	1.96	1.44	2.07	2.38
vs Consensus (%)	-	(4.9)	11.7	6.7
EBITDA	3,622	3,079	3,963	4,434
Recurring net profit	2,281	1,698	2,450	2,814
Core EPS (THB)	1.93	1.44	2.07	2.38
Chg. In EPS est. (%)	-	(6.9)	13.9	9.0
EPS growth (%)	1.7	(25.6)	44.3	14.9
Core P/E (x)	23.7	31.8	22.1	19.2
Dividend yield (%)	3.5	2.4	3.4	3.9
EV/EBITDA (x)	15.7	18.1	14.1	12.6
Price/book (x)	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.6
Net debt/Equity (%)	19.9	10.5	11.3	11.5
ROE (%)	17.0	12.5	17.4	19.1



Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates

PREPARED BY FSS INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT ADVISORY SECURITIES CO LTD (FSSIA). ANALYST CERTIFICATION AND IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES CAN BE FOUND AT THE END OF THIS REPORT

Investment thesis

We have a more positive outlook for KCE's earnings momentum in 2H23, as its customer demand is improving in 3Q23. We raise 2024-25E profit by 13.9% and 9% to THB2.45b (+44% y-y) and THB2.8b (+15% yy), respectively.

However, we think its mid- to long-term prospects remain bullish, in line with the EV growth trajectory in the future. The company plans to expand its production capacity by 1 million sq ft/month (+27% from current capacity). The plant construction and installation of machinery should be completed within 18-20 months, with operations expected to start in 2H24. We believe this new factory will support the company's growth in 2025 onward.

Company profile

KCE produces and distributes printed circuit boards (PCB). Its key customer base comes from manufacturers of automotive electronic equipment, which accounted for 70% of total revenue in 2022. In particular, KCE is a supplier to the fast-growing electric vehicle (EV) market. Its crucial export markets include Europe (48.5% of total revenue in 2022), followed by the US (23.9%), China (13.2%), and Asia (5.9%), with Thailand representing 8.5%.

www.kcethai.in.th

Catalysts

Potential catalysts for KCE's earnings growth in 2023 are 1) a stronger global economy and the recovery of the automotive industry; 2) a decline in raw material costs; and 3) a faster-than-expected capacity expansion.

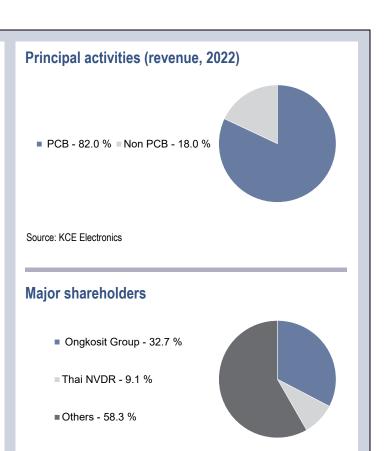
Risks to our call

Downside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) a slowerthan-expected automotive recovery; 2) a potential rise in raw material costs; and 3) a stronger-than-expected THB against USD.

Event calendar

 Date
 Event

 November 2023
 3Q23 results announcement



Source: KCE Electronics

Key assumptions

	2023E	2024E	2025E
Sales volume (m sq.ft.)	29.9	32.3	35.4
ASP (USD per sq.ft.)	13.6	13.8	14.1
Special PCB sales (USD m)	124	136	150
Total revenue (USD m)	498	536	581
FX rate (USD/THB)	33.0	33.0	33.0
Gross margin (%)	21.2	24.5	25.0

Source: FSSIA estimates

Earnings sensitivity

- For every 1% increase in USD revenue, we estimate 2023 net profit to rise by 0.9%, and vice versa, all else being equal.
- For every THB1/USD increase, we estimate 2023 net profit to fall by 6.5%, and vice versa, all else being equal.
- For every 0.5% increase in GPM, we estimate 2023 net profit to rise by 3.4%, and vice versa, all else being equal.
- For every 0.2% increase in SG&A to sales, we estimate 2023 net profit to fall by 1.8%, and vice versa, all else being equal.

Source: FSSIA estimates



Poor results in 2Q23, but should be the bottom

KCE posted a 2Q23 net profit of THB376m (+9% q-q, -34% y-y). Excluding an FX gain of THB59m and an overseas withholding tax on dividend receipt of THB3m, the company's 2Q23 core profit was equal to THB320m (+2% q-q, -47% y-y), missing our forecast and Bloomberg's consensus estimate by 18% and 14%, respectively.

We are disappointed with the plunge in revenue and gross margin. To elaborate, KCE's 2Q23 USD revenue dropped by 5% q-q and 16.6% y-y. This was mainly the result of lower PCB revenue due to the slowdown in the global economy and customer overstocking from aggressive stockpiling during the last year.

Its 2Q23 gross margin decreased to 19.1% – an 11-quarter low – down from 19.6% in 1Q23 and 22.8% in 2Q22. The main reasons were 1) a lower sales volume; and 2) a declining utilisation rate to 77% (vs 79% in 1Q23 and 85% in 2Q22).

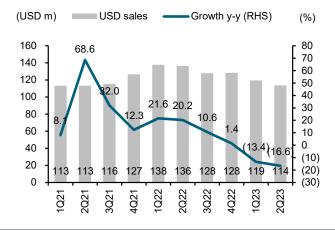
Exhibit 1: 2Q23 earnings results

	1Q22	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	1Q23	2Q23	Cha	nge	1H22	1H23	Change
	(THB m)	(q-q%)	(y-y%)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y%)					
Sales	4,533	4,667	4,634	4,622	4,025	3,898	(3.2)	(16.5)	9,200	7,923	(13.9)
Cost of sales	3,498	3,603	3,509	3,645	3,236	3,152	(2.6)	(12.5)	7,101	6,388	(10.0)
Gross profit	1,035	1,064	1,125	978	789	746	(5.5)	(29.9)	2,099	1,535	(26.9)
SG&A	479	450	523	467	480	415	(13.6)	(7.8)	929	896	(3.6)
Operating profit	556	614	602	511	309	330	7.0	(46.2)	1,170	639	(45.4)
Interest expense	12	17	19	24	24	29	23.0	71.7	29	52	83.1
Tax expense	35	54	22	32	25	24	(4.7)	(56.0)	89	49	(45.2)
Other gain (loss)	32	(30)	41	(7)	31	56	79.5	nm	2	87	3691.3
Reported net profit	590	572	655	500	345	376	8.9	(34.2)	1,162	722	(37.9)
Core profit	558	602	637	507	314	320	1.9	(46.8)	1,159	634	(45.3)
Key ratios (%)							(ppt)	(ppt)			(ppt)
Gross margin	22.8	22.8	24.3	21.1	19.6	19.1	(0.5)	(3.7)	22.8	19.4	(3.4)
SG&A to Sales	10.6	9.6	11.3	10.1	11.9	10.7	(1.3)	1.0	10.1	11.3	1.2
Operating margin	12.3	13.2	13.0	11.1	7.7	8.5	0.8	(4.7)	12.7	8.1	(4.6)
Net margin	13.0	12.3	14.1	10.8	8.6	9.7	1.1	(2.6)	12.6	9.1	(3.5)
Core margin	12.3	12.9	13.7	11.0	7.8	8.2	0.4	(4.7)	12.6	8.0	(4.6)
Operating statistics (USD m)											
PCB sales	113	113	111	98	103	93	(9.4)	(17.4)	226	196	(13.2)
Non-PCB sales	25	23	17	30	16	20	23.4	(12.6)	48	37	(23.3)
Total sales	138	136	128	128	119	114	(4.9)	(16.6)	274	233	(15.0)
Europe sales	53	51	59	48	52	45	(12.4)	(11.0)	104	97	(7.0)
USA sales	26	29	26	23	24	22	(6.3)	(21.4)	55	46	(15.6)
Asia sales	7	7	6	6	5	5	(10.9)	(31.9)	14	10	(24.7)
China sales	14	16	14	13	12	13	2.9	(21.6)	31	25	(17.5)
Thailand sales	13	10	6	8	10	8	(15.8)	(21.3)	23	18	(22.7)
02-layer sales	12	11	9	9	9	10	14.1	(3.3)	22	19	(14.1)
04-layer sales	48	47	42	37	37	33	(10.8)	(29.5)	95	70	(26.5)
06-layer sales	27	28	30	24	26	23	(8.4)	(16.6)	55	49	(11.1)
Special (HDI) sales	26	28	29	29	32	27	(15.1)	(3.5)	54	59	8.5

Sources: KCE, FSSIA's compilation

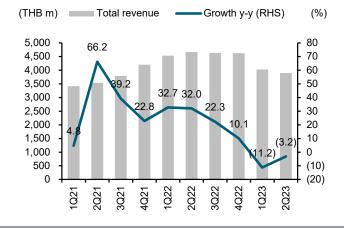
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Exhibit 2: Quarterly USD revenue and growth



Sources: KCE, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 4: Quarterly THB revenue and growth



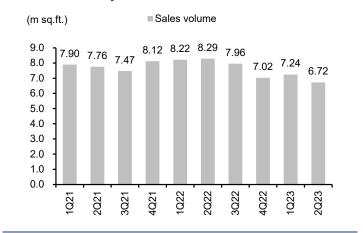
Sources: KCE, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 6: Key assumptions for KCE

		Current			Previous			Change		
	2023E	2024E	2025E	2023E	2024E	2025E	2023E	2024E	2025E	
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(%)	(%)	(%)					
Total sales value (THB m)	16,444	17,677	19,180	16,444	17,677	19,180	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Costs	12,958	13,346	14,385	12,826	13,611	14,576	1.0	(1.9)	(1.3)	
Gross profit	3,486	4,331	4,795	3,618	4,066	4,603	(3.6)	6.5	4.2	
SG&A expense	1,842	1,909	2,014	1,842	1,909	2,014	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Interest expense	90	93	89	90	93	89	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Reported net profit	1,698	2,450	2,814	1,823	2,152	2,583	(6.9)	13.9	9.0	
Core profit	1,698	2,450	2,814	1,823	2,152	2,583	(6.9)	13.9	9.0	
Key ratios (%)										
Total revenue growth	(10.9)	7.5	8.5	(10.9)	7.5	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Net profit growth	(26.7)	44.3	14.9	(21.3)	18.1	20.0	(5.4)	26.3	(5.2)	
Core profit growth	(25.6)	44.3	14.9	(20.1)	18.1	20.0	(5.5)	26.3	(5.2)	
Gross margin	21.2	24.5	25.0	22.0	23.0	24.0	(0.8)	1.5	1.0	
SG&A to sales	11.2	10.8	10.5	11.2	10.8	10.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Net margin	10.3	13.9	14.7	11.1	12.2	13.5	(0.8)	1.7	1.2	
Core margin	10.3	13.9	14.7	11.1	12.2	13.5	(0.8)	1.7	1.2	
Operating statistics (THB m)										
Sales volume (m sq.ft.)	29.9	32.3	35.4	29.9	32.3	35.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	
ASP (USD per sq.ft.)	13.6	13.8	14.1	13.6	13.8	14.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total revenue (USD m)	498	536	581	498	536	581	0.0	0.0	0.0	
FX rate (THB/USD)	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

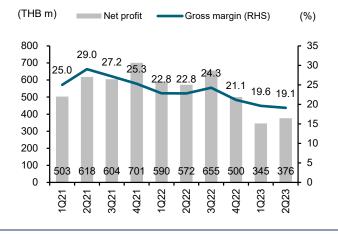
Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 3: Quarterly sales volume



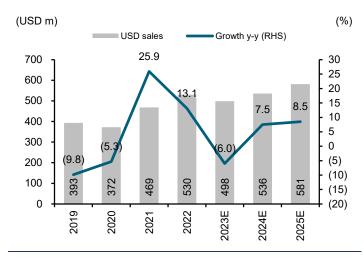
Sources: KCE, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 5: Quarterly net profit and gross margin



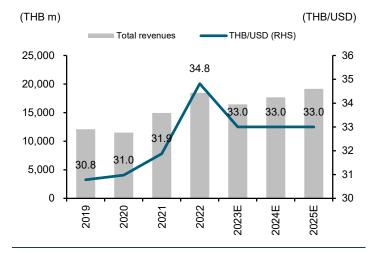
Sources: KCE, FSSIA's compilation

Exhibit 7: Yearly USD sales and growth



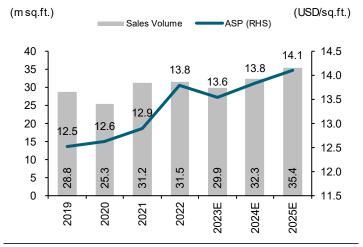
Sources: KCE; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 9: Yearly total revenue and THB/USD



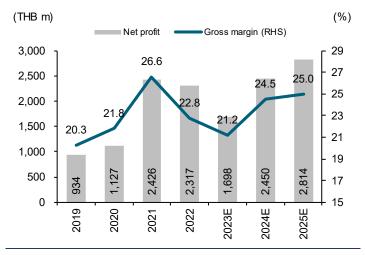
Sources: KCE; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 8: Yearly sales volume and average selling price (ASP)



Sources: KCE; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 10: Yearly net profit and gross margin



Sources: KCE; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

KCE Electronics

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	14,938	18,456	16,444	17,677	19,180
Cost of goods sold	(10,965)	(14,254)	(12,958)	(13,346)	(14,385)
Gross profit	3,973	4,202	3,486	4,331	4,795
Other operating income	202	224	230	247	269
Operating costs	(1,656)	(1,919)	(1,842)	(1,909)	(2,014)
Operating EBITDA	3,559	3,622	3,079	3,963	4,434
Depreciation	(1,040)	(1,114)	(1,204)	(1,294)	(1,384)
Goodwill amortisation	0	0	0	0	C
Operating EBIT	2,519	2,508	1,875	2,669	3,050
Net financing costs	(44)	(72)	(90)	(93)	(89)
Associates	17	19	21	24	25
Recurring non-operating income	17	19	21	24	25
Non-recurring items	190	36	0	0	C
Profit before tax	2,683	2,490	1,806	2,600	2,985
Tax	(221)	(144)	(89)	(129)	(148)
Profit after tax	2,461	2,347	1,716	2,471	2,837
Minority interests	(35)	(29)	(19)	(21)	(23)
Preferred dividends	0	0	0	0	C
Other items	-	-	-	-	-
Reported net profit	2,426	2,317	1,698	2,450	2,814
Non-recurring items & goodwill (net)	(190)	(36)	0	0	C
Recurring net profit	2,237	2,281	1,698	2,450	2,814
Per share (THB)					
Recurring EPS *	1.90	1.93	1.44	2.07	2.38
Reported EPS	2.06	1.96	1.44	2.07	2.38
DPS	1.60	1.60	1.08	1.55	1.79
Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data)	1,178	1,182	1,182	1,182	1,182
Growth					
Revenue (%)	29.6	23.6	(10.9)	7.5	8.5
Operating EBITDA (%)	60.0	1.8	(15.0)	28.7	11.9
Operating EBIT (%)	115.5	(0.5)	(25.2)	42.4	14.2
Recurring EPS (%)	118.7	1.7	(25.6)	44.3	14.9
Reported EPS (%)	114.4	(4.8)	(26.7)	44.3	14.9
Operating performance					
Gross margin inc. depreciation (%)	26.6	22.8	21.2	24.5	25.0
Gross margin exc. depreciation (%)	33.6	28.8	28.5	31.8	32.2
Operating EBITDA margin (%)	23.8	19.6	18.7	22.4	23.1
Operating EBIT margin (%)	16.9	13.6	11.4	15.1	15.9
Net margin (%)	15.0	12.4	10.3	13.9	14.7
Effective tax rate (%)	8.3	5.8	4.9	5.0	5.0
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	84.3	82.9	75.0	75.0	75.0
nterest cover (X)	58.0	35.0	21.2	29.1	34.7
Inventory days	136.7	135.4	142.3	131.0	128.0
Debtor days	92.5	91.9	99.4	86.9	86.5
Creditor days	123.3	104.1	100.1	98.2	96.0
Operating ROIC (%)	15.6	13.4	10.0	14.2	15.4
ROIC (%)	14.5	12.6	9.4	13.4	14.6
ROE (%)	17.6	17.0	12.5	17.4	19.1
ROA (%)	11.7	11.0	8.6	12.1	13.2
* Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted					
Revenue by Division (THB m)	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
	12,846	15,134	13,626	14,648	15,820
PCB	12.040				

Sources: KCE Electronics; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

KCE Electronics

				000/5	
Cash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025
ecurring net profit	2,237	2,281	1,698	2,450	2,814
Depreciation	1,040	1,114	1,204	1,294	1,384
ssociates & minorities	-	-	-	-	(
other non-cash items	(17)	(19)	(21)	(24)	(25
change in working capital	(1,769)	(1,186)	1,211	(321)	(419
ash flow from operations	1,490	2,191	4,092	3,400	3,75
apex - maintenance	- (1.022)	-	-	-	(1 900
Capex - new investment	(1,932)	(993)	(1,800)	(1,800)	(1,800
let acquisitions & disposals	- (72)	- 121	40	-	(11
Other investments (net)	(72)			(9)	(11
cash flow from investing	(2,005) (1,181)	(872)	(1,760)	(1,809)	(1,811
ividends paid quity finance	(1,181) 98	(2,322) 10	(1,273) 0	(1,838) 0	(2,111
bebt finance	1,184	173	(414)	107	3
other financing cash flows	36	(2)	(32)	(1)	(1
ash flow from financing	137	(2,141)	(1,719)	(1,732)	(2,073
lon-recurring cash flows		(_,,	(.,	(.,. •_)	(_,• · •
other adjustments	0	0	0	0	(
let other adjustments	ů	Ő	ů	ů	
lovement in cash	(377)	(821)	613	(141)	(128
ree cash flow to firm (FCFF)	(470.45)	1,391.42	2,421.45	1,683.73	2,032.98
ree cash flow to equity (FCFE)	705.95	1,490.66	1,886.46	1,696.91	1,982.3
er share (THB) CFF per share	(0.40)	1.18	2.05	1.42	1.72
CFE per share	0.60	1.10	1.60	1.42	1.6
Recurring cash flow per share	2.77	2.86	2.44	3.15	3.5
alance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	20256
, , <u> </u>					
angible fixed assets (gross)	17,020	16,777	18,577	20,377	22,17
ess: Accumulated depreciation	(8,020)	(7,899)	(9,103)	(10,397)	(11,781
angible fixed assets (net)	8,999	8,878	9,474	9,980	10,39
ntangible fixed assets (net)	365	323	307	307	30
ong-term financial assets	-	-	-	-	
nvest. in associates & subsidiaries	590	575	575	575	57
Cash & equivalents	1,966	1,145	1,758	1,617	1,48
/C receivable	4,394	4,900	4,055	4,359	4,72
nventories	4,841 592	4,908 127	4,260 115	4,388	4,72
Other current assets Current assets				106	11
Other assets	11,794 203	11,079 138	10,187 115	10,470 124	11,06 134
otal assets	203	20,993	20,658	21,455	22,474
Common equity	13,380	13,389	13,783	14,396	15,099
/inorities etc.	62	56	55	54	5
'otal shareholders' equity	13,442	13,445	13,838	14,449	15,15
ong term debt	1,126	910	858	819	90
Other long-term liabilities	435	395	329	371	403
ong-term liabilities	1,561	1,305	1,187	1,190	1,30
/C payable	4,246	3,249	3,195	3,291	3,54
Short term debt	2,543	2,915	2,356	2,436	2,33
Other current liabilities	159	80	82	88	134
current liabilities	6,948	6,244	5,633	5,815	6,014
otal liabilities and shareholders' equity	21,951	20,993	20,658	21,455	22,47
let working capital	5,423	6,606	5,153	5,473	5,892
ivested capital	15,580	16,520	15,623	16,459	17,30
Includes convertibles and preferred stock which is bein					
er share (THB)					
ook value per share	11.36	11.33	11.67	12.18	12.7
angible book value per share	11.05	11.06	11.41	11.92	12.5
inancial strength					
let debt/equity (%)	12.7	19.9	10.5	11.3	11.
let debt/total assets (%)	7.8	12.8	7.0	7.6	7.
current ratio (x)	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.
F interest cover (x)	61.4	35.5	42.2	38.8	43.
aluation	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025
ecurring P/E (x) *	2021	23.7	31.8	2024	19.1
ecurring P/E (x) *	24.1 27.4	23.7	31.8 36.2	22.1	19.
eported P/E (x)	22.2	23.3	3 6.2 31.8	23.1	21. 19.
ividend yield (%)	3.5	3.5	2.4	3.4	3.
rice/book (x)	4.0	3.5 4.0	3.9	3.4	3.
rice/book (x) rice/tangible book (x)	4.0	4.0 4.1	3.9 4.0	3.8 3.8	3.
noenanyible book (x)		4.1 15.7	4.0 18.1	3.8 14.1	3. 12.
			101	14.1	12.
V/EBITDA (x) **	15.6 17 7				
V/EBITDA (x) ** V/EBITDA @ target price (x) ** :V/invested capital (x)	15.6 17.7 3.6	17.7 3.4	20.4 3.6	15.9 3.4	14.: 3.:

Sources: KCE Electronics; FSSIA estimates



Public disclosures related to sustainable development evaluation of Thai listed companies

Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "CG Score" by the Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD); 2) "AGM Checklist" by the Thai Investors Association (TIA), a "CAC certified member" of the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC); and 3) Sustainability Investment List (THSI) by the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings.

CG Score by the Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD) 1

The CG Score indicates corporate governance (CG) strength in the sustainable development of Thai listed companies. Annually, the Thai IOD, with support from the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET), surveys and assesses the CG practices of companies and publishes the results on the <u>Thai IOD website</u> in a bid to promote and enhance the CG of Thai listed companies in order to promote compliance with international standards for better investment decisions. The results are from the perspective of a third party, not an evaluation of operations, as of the date appearing in the report, and may be changed after that date.

The five underlying categories and weighting used for the CG scoring in 2022 include the rights of shareholders and equitable treatment of shareholders (weight 25% combined), the role of stakeholders (25%), disclosure and transparency (15%), and board responsibilities (35%).

The CGR report rates CG in six categories: 5 for Excellent (score range 90-100), 4 for Very Good (score range 80-89), 3 for Good (Score range 70-79), 2 for Fair (score range 60-69), 1 for Pass (score range 60-69), and not rated (score below 50).

Corporate Governance Report Disclaimer

The disclosure of the survey result of the Thai Institute of Directors Association ("IOD") regarding corporate governance is made pursuant to the policy of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The survey of the IOD is based on the information of companies listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Market of Alternative Investment disclosed to the public and able to be accessed by a general public investor at <u>Thai IOD website</u>. The result, therefore, is from the perspective of a third party. It is not an evaluation of operation and is not based on inside information.

The survey result is as of the data appearing in the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies. As a result, the survey result may be changed after that date. **FSSIA** does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such survey result.

AGM Checklist by the Thai Investors Association (TIA)²

The "<u>AGM Checklist</u>" quantifies the extent to which shareholders' rights and equitable treatment are incorporated into business operations and the extent to which information is sufficiently disclosed and the level of its transparency. All the considered factors form important elements of two out of five the CG components. Annually, the TIA, with support from the SEC, leads the project to evaluate the quality of Annual General Meetings of Shareholders (AGMs) and to rate quality of the meetings.

The <u>Checklist</u> contains the minimum requirements under law that companies must comply with, or best practices according to international CG guidance. Representatives of the TIA will attend the meetings and perform the evaluation. The assessment criteria cover AGM procedures before the meeting (45%), at the meeting date (45%), and after the meeting (10%). The first assesses 1) advance circulation of sufficient information for voting; and 2) facilitating of how voting rights can be exercised. The second assesses 1) the ease of attending meetings; 2) transparency and verifiability; and 3) openness for Q&A. The third involves the meeting minutes that should contain discussion issues, resolutions and voting results.

The results are classified into four categories: 5 for Excellent (score 100), 4 for Very Good (score 90-99), 3 for Fair (score 80-89), and not rated (score below 79).

CAC certified member by the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC)³

A <u>CAC certified member</u> is a listed company whose Checklist satisfies the CAC Certification's criteria and is approved by the CAC Council. The core elements of the Checklist include corruption risk assessment, establishment of key controls, and the monitoring and developing of policies. Note that the CAC does not certify the behaviour of the employees nor whether the companies have engaged in bribery, and Certification is good for three years.

Companies deciding to become a CAC certified member start with by submitting a Declaration of Intent signed by the Chairman of the Board to kick off the 18-month deadline for companies to submit the CAC Checklist for Certification. The 18-month provision is for risk assessment, in place of policy and control, training of managers and employees, establishment of whistleblowing channels, and communication of policies to all stakeholders.

The checklist document will be reviewed by the CAC Certification Committee for adequate information and evidence. It is worth noting that the committee consists of nine professionals in business law, corporate governance, internal audit, financial audit and experienced representatives from certified members.

A passed Checklist will move on to the <u>CAC Council</u> for granting certification approvals. The CAC Council consists of twelve prominent individuals who are highly respected in professionalism and ethical achievements. Among them are former ministers, a former central bank governor, the former head of the Thai Listed Companies Association, Chairman of Anti-Corruption Organizations (Thailand), Chairman of Thai Institute of Directors, and reputable academic scholars.

Sustainability Investment (THSI)⁴ by the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET)

Thailand Sustainability Investment (THSI) quantifies responsibility in Environmental, and Social issues, by managing business with transparency in Governance. The THSI serves as another choice for investors who desire to adopt a responsible investment approach, according to the SET.

Annually, the SET will announce the voluntary participation of the company candidates which pass the preemptive criteria, and whose two key crucial conditions are met, i.e. no irregular trading of the board members and executives and a free float of >150 by the number of shareholders, and combined holding must >15% of paid-up capital. Some key disqualifying criteria include a CG score of below 70%; independent directors and free float violation; executives' wrongdoing related to CG, social and environmental impacts, equity in negative territory, and earnings in the red for more than three years in the last five years. To become eligible for THSI, the candidate must pass three indicators in data declaration: <u>E</u>conomic (CG, risk management, customer relation management, supply chain management, and innovation); <u>E</u>nvironmental (environmental management, eco-efficiency, and climate risk); <u>S</u>ocial (human rights, talent attraction, operational health & safety, community development, and stakeholder engagement); and the incorporation of ESG in business operations.

To be approved for THSI inclusion, verified data must be scored at a 50% minimum for each indicator, unless the company is a part of the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices⁵ (DJSI) during the assessment year. The scoring will be fairly weighted against the nature of the relevant industry and materiality.

Note that, from the <u>THSI list</u>, the SET further developed a sustainability <u>SETTHSI Index</u> in June 2018 from selected THSI companies whose 1) market capitalisation > THB5b (~USD150b); 2) free float >20%; and 3) liquidity >0.5% of paid-up capital for at least 9 out of 12 months. The SETTHSI Index is a market capitalisation-weighted index, cap 5% quarterly weight at maximum, and no cap for number of stocks.

Sources: SEC; Thai IOD; Thai CAC; SET; FSSIA's compilation

Disclaimer:

⁵ Dow Jones Sustainability Indices – <u>Wikipedia</u> – Launched in 1999, DJSI evaluates the sustainability performance of companies based on corporate economic, environmental, and social performance.



¹ Thai Institute of Directors Association (<u>Thai IOD</u>) was established in December 1999 and is a membership organisation that strives to promote professionalism in directorship. The Thai IOD offers directors certification and professional development courses, provides a variety of seminars, forums and networking events, and conducts research on board governance issues and practices. Membership comprises board members from companies ranging from large publicly listed companies to small private firms.

² Thai Investors Association (<u>TIA</u>) was established in 1983 with a mission to promote investment knowledge and to protect the investment rights of Thai investors. In 2002, the association was appointed by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) to represent individual shareholders. To obtain information for evaluation, the association recruits volunteer investors to join AGMs and score the meetings. Weightings for each meeting are at a 45:45:10 ratio. They have been applied since 2017 and subject to change.

³ Thai Private Sector Collective Action against Corruption (<u>CAC</u>) was founded in 2010 and is 100% privately funded. It is an initiative by the Thai private sector to take part in tackling corruption problems via collective action. The CAC promotes the implementation of effective anti-corruption policies in order to create a transparent business ecosystem by developing a unique certification program for large/medium/small companies to apply for and to control corruption risk systematically and efficiently. The CAC's operations are sponsored by the US-based Center for Private Enterprise (CIPE) and the UK Prosperity Fund.

⁴ Sustainability Investment List (<u>THSI</u>), created by the Stock Exchange of Thailand in 2015, comprises the listed companies that conduct sustainable business operations.

GENERAL DISCLAIMER

ANALYST(S) CERTIFICATION

Sureeporn Teewasuwet FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

The individual(s) identified above certify(ies) that (i) all views expressed in this report accurately reflect the personal view of the analyst(s) with regard to any and all of the subject securities, companies or issuers mentioned in this report; and (ii) no part of the compensation of the analyst(s) was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed herein.

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History of change in investment rating and/or target price



Sureeporn Teewasuwet started covering this stock from 09-Feb-2023

Price and TP are in local currency

Source: FSSIA estimates

Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
KCE Electronics	KCE TB	THB 45.75	BUY	Downside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) a slower-than-expected automotive recovery; 2) a potential rise in raw material costs; and 3) a stronger-than-expected THB against USD.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited

FSSIA may incorporate the recommendations and target prices of companies currently covered by FSS Research into equity research reports, denoted by an 'FSS' before the recommendation. FSS Research is part of Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited, which is the parent company of FSSIA.

All share prices are as at market close on 09-Aug-2023 unless otherwise stated.



RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

Industry Recommendations

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months. **Neutral.** The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months. **Underweight.** The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

Country (Strategy) Recommendations

Overweight (O). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

