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# รายงานผลประกอบการ 2Q23

# ผลประกอบการ 2Q23 โดยรวมอ่อนแอตามคาด

## Highlights

- เมื่อหักกำไรจากตราสารอนุพันธ์และอัตราแลกเปลี่ยน PSL รายงานกำไรปกติ 258 ลบ.
   ใน 2Q23 ลดลง 84% y-y ส่วนมากจากกำไรเฉลี่ยต่อลำเรือต่อวันที่ลดลงเหลือ
   USD11,424 จาก USD23,901 ใน 2Q22 (-52% y-y)
- เรามองว่ากำไรปกติที่ดีดกลับ 376% q-q ใน 2Q23 ได้ผ่านจุดต่ำสุดไปแล้วแต่ตลาดเรือ เทกองยังอ่อนแอตามลาด
- กำไรปกติ 2Q23 ดีกว่าที่เราคาดอยู่ 25% จากค่าใช้จ่ายในการดำเนินงาน (OPEX) และ ค่าใช้จ่ายในการบริหารที่ต่ำกว่าคาด ในขณะที่ค่าระวางอ่อนแอตามคาด EBITDA margin อยู่ที่ 54.6% ใน 2Q23 ปรับตัวดีขึ้น q-q แต่ยังต่ำกว่าเมื่อปีที่แล้ว
- ใน 2Q23 OPEX อยู่ที่ USD5,113 ต่อลำเรือต่อวัน ต่ำกว่าใน 1Q23 อยู่ 2% แต่สูงกว่าใน
   2Q22 อยู่ 9% จากค่าใช้จ่ายในการบำรุงรักษาเรือ (Dry-dock) และค่าสำรวจชนิดพิเศษ
- ค่าใช้จ่ายดอกเบี้ยเพิ่ม 6% q-q และ 16% y-y ใน 2Q23 จากอัตราดอกเบี้ยอ้างอิง
   LIBOR/SOFR ที่ปรับขึ้น โครงสร้างเงินทุนของ PSL ยังคงดีโดยมีหนี้สินรวมคิดเป็นเพียง
   32% ของสินทรัพย์รวมและสัดส่วนหนี้มีดอกเบี้ยต่อส่วนผู้ถือหุ้น (IBD/E) ที่ 0.4x
- สำหรับผลประกอบการในช่วง 1H23 PSL รายงานรายได้จากการให้บริการที่ 2.5พัน ลบ.
   (-50% y-y) และกำไรปกติที่ 312 ลบ. (-89% y-y) กำไรเฉลี่ยต่อลำเรือต่อวันลดลงแรง
   เหลือ USD10,727 จาก USD22,956 ในช่วง 1H22 (-53% y-y) ในขณะที่ OPEX เพิ่ม
   เป็น USD5,172 จาก USD4,797 ในช่วง 1H22 (+8% y-y)
- กำไรปกติ 1H23 คิดเป็น 24% ของประมาณการทั้งปีของเราที่ 1.3พัน ลบ. (-74% y-y)
   เราเชื่อว่าค่าระวางเรือเทกองน่าจะปรับตัวดีขึ้นในช่วง 2H23 จากปัจจัยด้านฤดูกาล
   อย่างไรก็ดีความเร็วในการพื้นตัว
- หุ้นขาดปัจจัยบวกในระยะสั้น เราคงแนะนำถือที่ราคาเป้าหมาย 10.3 บาท (12.6x ของค่า 2023E P/E)



# **KEY STOCK DATA**

YE Dec (THB m)	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	9,129	6,320	7,038	7,569
Net profit	4,851	1,278	1,915	2,388
EPS (THB)	3.11	0.82	1.23	1.53
vs Consensus (%)	-	15.0	(6.1)	(1.9)
EBITDA	6,553	3,016	3,674	4,132
Recurring net profit	4,850	1,278	1,915	2,388
Core EPS (THB)	3.11	0.82	1.23	1.53
EPS growth (%)	11.8	(73.7)	49.9	24.7
Core P/E (x)	2.8	10.8	7.2	5.8
Dividend yield (%)	19.8	3.7	5.6	8.7
EV/EBITDA (x)	3.0	6.2	5.0	4.3
Price/book (x)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Net debt/Equity (%)	34.4	30.0	25.4	22.6
ROE (%)	31.5	7.7	11.2	13.4



Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates



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**PSL TB** 

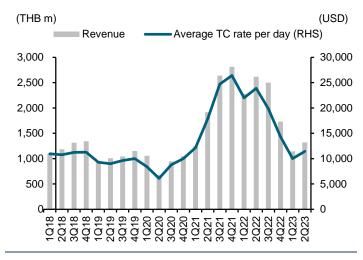
บทวิเคราะห์ฉบับนี้แปลมาจากต้นฉบับภาษาอังกฤษ ที่ออกรายงานเมื่อวันที่ 7 สิงหาคม 2023

### Exhibit 1: PSL – 2Q23 operations summary

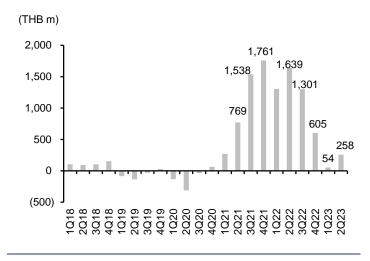
Year to Dec 31	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	1Q23	2Q23	Cha	ange	1H22	1H23	Change
	(THB m)	(q-q %)	(y-y %)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y %)				
Service revenue	2,616	2,500	1,731	1,146	1,322	15.4	(49.5)	4,896	2,466	(49.6)
Cost of services	(456)	(630)	(520)	(549)	(519)	(5.5)	13.8	(923)	(1,066)	15.4
Gross profit	2,160	1,870	1,211	596	803	34.6	(62.8)	3,972	1,400	(64.8)
Operating costs	(116)	(118)	(151)	(112)	(91)	(18.4)	(21.7)	(248)	(203)	(18.2)
Operating profit	1,727	1,397	719	156	365	133.2	(78.9)	3,113	521	(83.3)
Operating EBITDA	2,046	1,754	1,072	492	722	46.6	(64.7)	3,729	1,214	(67.4)
Other income	2	2	11	7	9	33.6	429.8	4	17	303.7
Interest expense	(95)	(107)	(109)	(104)	(110)	5.9	15.7	(177)	(213)	20.7
Profit before tax	1,632	1,291	610	53	255	383.3	(84.4)	2,936	308	(89.5)
Associates	7	10	10	2	2	32.6	(67.3)	8	4	(55.3)
Reported net profit	1,660	1,348	605	79	286	263.3	(82.8)	2,954	365	(87.7)
Core profit	1,639	1,301	605	54	258	375.9	(84.3)	2,944	312	(89.4)
Reported EPS (THB)	1.06	0.86	0.39	0.05	0.18	263.3	(82.8)	1.89	0.23	(87.7)
Core EPS (THB)	1.05	0.83	0.39	0.03	0.17	375.9	(84.3)	1.89	0.20	(89.4)
Key ratios (%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(ppt)	(ppt)	(%)	(%)	(ppt)
Gross margin	70.4	60.5	49.6	22.8	33.7	11.0	(36.6)	81.1	56.8	(24.4)
Operating margin	66.0	55.9	41.6	13.7	27.6	13.9	(38.4)	63.6	21.1	(42.4)
EBITDA margin	78.2	70.2	61.9	43.0	54.6	11.6	(23.6)	76.2	49.2	(26.9)
Core profit margin	62.7	52.1	35.0	4.7	19.5	14.8	(43.2)	60.1	12.6	(47.5)
SG&A / Sales	2.9	3.4	6.7	7.3	5.6	(1.7)	2.7	5.1	8.2	3.2
Operating statistics						(q-q %)	(y-y %)			(y-y %)
No. of vessels (no.)	37	38	38	38	38	0.0	2.7	38.0	38.0	0.0
BSI Index (Supramax) - average	2,627	1,793	1,327	925	978	5.7	(62.8)	2,457	952	(61.3)
BHSI Index (Handysize) - average	1,531	1,039	822	539	579	7.4	(62.2)	1,435	559	(61.0)
PSL's TC rate (USD/ship/day)	23,901	19,840	14,343	10,022	11,424	14.0	(52.2)	22,956	10,727	(53.3)
PSL's OPEX (USD/ship/day)	4,683	5,159	4,815	5,231	5,113	(2.3)	9.2	4,797	5,172	7.8

Source: PSL

## Exhibit 2: PSL's freight rates and revenue



# Exhibit 3: Core profit



Source: PSL

Source: PSL

# **Financial Statements**

Precious Shipping

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	8,615	9,129	6,320	7,038	7,569
Cost of goods sold	(3,305)	(3,401)	(4,119)	(4,129)	(4,152)
Gross profit	5,311	5,728	2,201	2,909	3,417
Other operating income	3	17	12	13	14
Operating costs	(581)	(517)	(545)	(577)	(608)
Operating EBITDA	5,947	6,553	3,016	3,674	4,132
Depreciation	(1,214)	(1,324)	(1,347)	(1,328)	(1,308)
Goodwill amortisation	0	0	0	0	0
Operating EBIT	4,734	5,229	1,669	2,346	2,824
Net financing costs	(415)	(392)	(401)	(382)	(373)
Associates	23	29	10	11	11
Recurring non-operating income	23	29	10	11	11
Non-recurring items	136	0	0	0	0
Profit before tax	4,477	4,866	1,278	1,974	2,462
Тах	(2)	(15)	0	(59)	(74)
Profit after tax	4,475	4,851	1,278	1,915	2,388
Minority interests	0	0	0	0	0
Preferred dividends	-	-	-	-	-
Other items	-	-	-	-	-
Reported net profit	4,475	4,851	1,278	1,915	2,388
Non-recurring items & goodwill (net)	(136)	0	0	0	0
Recurring net profit	4,339	4,850	1,278	1,915	2,388
Per share (THB)					
Recurring EPS *	2.78	3.11	0.82	1.23	1.53
Reported EPS	2.87	3.11	0.82	1.23	1.53
DPS	1.50	1.75	0.33	0.49	0.77
Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data)	1,559	1,559	1,559	1,559	1,559
Growth	,	,	,	,	,
Revenue (%)	131.0	6.0	(30.8)	11.4	7.5
Operating EBITDA (%)	327.8	10.2	(54.0)	21.8	12.5
Operating EBIT (%)	2,570.6	10.5	(68.1)	40.6	20.4
Recurring EPS (%)	2,070.0 nm	11.8	(73.7)	49.9	20.4
Reported EPS (%)	nm	8.4	(73.7)	49.9	24.7
Operating performance	1111	0.4	(73.7)	43.5	24.7
	61.6	60.7	24.0	44.0	45.1
Gross margin inc. depreciation (%)	61.6 75.7	62.7 77.3	34.8 56 1	41.3	45.1 62.4
Gross margin exc. depreciation (%)		77.3	56.1	60.2	
Operating EBITDA margin (%)	69.0 54.0	71.8	47.7	52.2	54.6
Operating EBIT margin (%)	54.9	57.3	26.4	33.3	37.3
Net margin (%)	50.4	53.1	20.2	27.2	31.6
Effective tax rate (%)	0.0	0.3	0.0	3.0	3.0
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	53.9	56.3	40.0	40.0	50.0
nterest cover (X)	11.5	13.4	4.2	6.2	7.6
Inventory days	4.9	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6
Debtor days	7.3	9.1	16.6	17.1	17.3
Creditor days	55.1	82.5	84.4	91.8	83.1
Operating ROIC (%)	19.3	19.9	6.2	8.8	10.5
ROIC (%)	19.0	19.5	6.0	8.5	10.1
ROE (%)	35.4	31.5	7.7	11.2	13.4
ROA (%)	20.8	21.6	6.6	9.0	10.8
* Pre exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted					
Revenue by Division (THB m)	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Time charter	7,723	8,992	6,196	6,803	7,291
Voyage charter	889	132	120	231	274

Sources: Precious Shipping; FSSIA estimates

## **Financial Statements Precious Shipping**

	2024	2022	20225	20245	20255
Cash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Recurring net profit Depreciation	4,339 1,214	4,850 1,324	1,278 1,347	1,915 1,328	2,388 1,308
Associates & minorities	1,214	-	1,347	1,526	1,300
Other non-cash items	(2,160)	402	672	(357)	(468)
Change in working capital	(420)	28	49	(206)	(130)
Cash flow from operations	2,973	6,604	3,346	2,680	3,098
Capex - maintenance	-	-	-	-	-
Capex - new investment	(474)	(2,447)	(1,020)	(1,300)	(1,500)
Net acquisitions & disposals	516	0	0	0	0
Other investments (net)	415	30	(52)	(43)	(32)
Cash flow from investing	456	(2,416)	(1,072)	(1,343)	(1,532)
Dividends paid Equity finance	(1,169) 0	(3,508) 0	(511) 0	(766) 0	(1,194) 0
Debt finance	(1,309)	(1,818)	(260)	(362)	0
Other financing cash flows	0	(380)	(1,166)	0	0
Cash flow from financing	(2,478)	(5,705)	(1,937)	(1,129)	(1,194)
Non-recurring cash flows	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments	417	104	74	0	0
Net other adjustments	417	104	74	0	(386)
Movement in cash	1,368	(1,413)	411	209	(14)
Free cash flow to firm (FCFF)	3,844.58	4,580.64	2,675.30	1,719.40	1,939.43
Free cash flow to equity (FCFE)	2,537.14	2,095.00	922.31	974.61	1,180.30
Per share (THB)					
FCFF per share	2.47	2.94	1.72	1.10	1.24
FCFE per share	1.63	1.34	0.59	0.63	0.76
Recurring cash flow per share	2.18	4.22	2.11	1.85	2.07
Balance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Tangible fixed assets (gross)	29,643	32,817	33,473	34,275	35,150
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(9,358)	(10,769)	(11,846)	(12,675)	(13,309)
Tangible fixed assets (net)	20,285	22,048	21,627	21,599	21,841
Intangible fixed assets (net)	21	16	15	15	15
Long-term financial assets	-	-	-	-	-
Invest. in associates & subsidiaries	91	81	101	101	101
Cash & equivalents A/C receivable	2,468 175	1,056 279	1,467 294	1,675 366	1,662 352
Inventories	22	42	43	44	44
Other current assets	144	181	253	281	303
Current assets	2,810	1,557	2,056	2,367	2,361
Other assets	324	602	654	697	729
Total assets	23,531	24,304	24,453	24,779	25,047
Common equity	14,365	16,463	16,684	17,433	18,127
Minorities etc.	0	0	0	0	0
Total shareholders' equity	14,365	16,463	16,684	17,433	18,127
Long term debt	6,824	5,556	5,251	5,003	4,775
Other long-term liabilities Long-term liabilities	425 <b>7,249</b>	417 <b>5,974</b>	442	387 <b>5,390</b>	416 5 101
A/C payable	441	639	<b>5,693</b> 773	773	<b>5,191</b> 653
Short term debt	1,414	1,167	1,213	1,098	990
Other current liabilities	61	61	91	84	86
Current liabilities	1,917	1,867	2,076	1,955	1,728
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	23,531	24,304	24,453	24,779	25,047
Net working capital	(161)	(198)	(274)	(167)	(39)
Invested capital	20,560	22,548	22,123	22,245	22,646
* Includes convertibles and preferred stock which is be	ing treated as debt				
Per share (THB)					
Book value per share	9.21	10.56	10.70	11.18	11.63
Tangible book value per share	9.20	10.55	10.69	11.17	11.62
Financial strength					
Net debt/equity (%)	40.2	34.4	30.0	25.4	22.6
Net debt/total assets (%)	24.5	23.3	20.4	17.9	16.4
Current ratio (x)	1.5	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4
CF interest cover (x)	8.3	12.6	5.8	6.9	8.2
Valuation	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Recurring P/E (x) *	3.2	2.8	10.8	7.2	5.8
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) *	3.7	3.3	12.6	8.4	6.7
Reported P/E (x)	3.1	2.8	10.8	7.2	5.8
Dividend yield (%)	16.9	19.8	3.7	5.6	8.7
Price/book (x)	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Price/tangible book (x)	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
EV/EBITDA (x) ** EV/EBITDA @ target price (x) **	3.3 3.7	3.0 3.3	6.2 7.0	5.0 5.6	4.3 4.9
EV/EBITDA @ target price (x) EV/invested capital (x)	3.7 1.0	3.3 0.9	0.8	0.8	4.9
* Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted ** El					0.0

\* Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted \*\* EBITDA includes associate income and recurring non-operating income

Sources: Precious Shipping; FSSIA estimates



#### Public disclosures related to sustainable development evaluation of Thai listed companies

Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "<u>CG Score</u>" by the Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD); 2) "<u>AGM Checklist</u>" by the Thai Investors Association (TIA), a "<u>CAC certified member</u>" of the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC); and 3) <u>Sustainability Investment List (THSI)</u> by the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings.

#### CG Score by the Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD)<sup>1</sup>

The CG Score indicates corporate governance (CG) strength in the sustainable development of Thai listed companies. Annually, the Thai IOD, with support from the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET), surveys and assesses the CG practices of companies and publishes the results on the <u>Thai IOD website</u> in a bid to promote and enhance the CG of Thai listed companies in order to promote compliance with international standards for better investment decisions. The results are from the perspective of a third party, not an evaluation of operations, as of the date appearing in the report, and may be changed after that date.

The five underlying categories and weighting used for the CG scoring in 2022 include the rights of shareholders and equitable treatment of shareholders (weight 25% combined), the role of stakeholders (25%), disclosure and transparency (15%), and board responsibilities (35%).

The CGR report rates CG in six categories: 5 for Excellent (score range 90-100), 4 for Very Good (score range 80-89), 3 for Good (Score range 70-79), 2 for Fair (score range 60-69), 1 for Pass (score range 60-69), and not rated (score below 50).

#### Corporate Governance Report Disclaimer

The disclosure of the survey result of the Thai Institute of Directors Association ("IOD") regarding corporate governance is made pursuant to the policy of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The survey of the IOD is based on the information of companies listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Market of Alternative Investment disclosed to the public and able to be accessed by a general public investor at <u>Thai IOD website</u>. The result, therefore, is from the perspective of a third party. It is not an evaluation of operation and is not based on inside information.

The survey result is as of the data appearing in the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies. As a result, the survey result may be changed after that date. **FSSIA** does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such survey result.

#### AGM Checklist by the Thai Investors Association (TIA)<sup>2</sup>

The "AGM Checklist" quantifies the extent to which shareholders' rights and equitable treatment are incorporated into business operations and the extent to which information is sufficiently disclosed and the level of its transparency. All the considered factors form important elements of two out of five the CG components. Annually, the TIA, with support from the SEC, leads the project to evaluate the quality of Annual General Meetings of Shareholders (AGMs) and to rate quality of the meetings.

The <u>Checklist</u> contains the minimum requirements under law that companies must comply with, or best practices according to international CG guidance. Representatives of the TIA will attend the meetings and perform the evaluation. The assessment criteria cover AGM procedures before the meeting (45%), at the meeting date (45%), and after the meeting (10%). The first assesses 1) advance circulation of sufficient information for voting; and 2) facilitating of how voting rights can be exercised. The second assesses 1) the ease of attending meetings; 2) transparency and verifiability; and 3) openness for Q&A. The third involves the meeting minutes that should contain discussion issues, resolutions and voting results.

The results are classified into four categories: 5 for Excellent (score 100), 4 for Very Good (score 90-99), 3 for Fair (score 80-89), and not rated (score below 79).

#### CAC certified member by the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC)<sup>3</sup>

A <u>CAC certified member</u> is a listed company whose Checklist satisfies the CAC Certification's criteria and is approved by the CAC Council. The core elements of the Checklist include corruption risk assessment, establishment of key controls, and the monitoring and developing of policies. Note that the CAC does not certify the behaviour of the employees nor whether the companies have engaged in bribery, and Certification is good for three years.

Companies deciding to become a CAC certified member <u>start with</u> by submitting a Declaration of Intent signed by the Chairman of the Board to kick off the 18-month deadline for companies to submit the CAC Checklist for Certification. The 18-month provision is for risk assessment, in place of policy and control, training of managers and employees, establishment of whistleblowing channels, and communication of policies to all stakeholders.

The checklist document will be reviewed by the CAC Certification Committee for adequate information and evidence. It is worth noting that the committee consists of nine professionals in business law, corporate governance, internal audit, financial audit and experienced representatives from certified members.

A passed Checklist will move on to the <u>CAC Council</u> for granting certification approvals. The CAC Council consists of twelve prominent individuals who are highly respected in professionalism and ethical achievements. Among them are former ministers, a former central bank governor, the former head of the Thai Listed Companies Association, Chairman of Anti-Corruption Organizations (Thailand), Chairman of Thai Institute of Directors, and reputable academic scholars.

#### Sustainability Investment (THSI)<sup>4</sup> by the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET)

Thailand Sustainability Investment (THSI) quantifies responsibility in <u>Environmental</u>, and <u>Social</u> issues, by managing business with transparency in <u>Governance</u>. The THSI serves as another choice for investors who desire to adopt a responsible investment approach, according to the SET.

Annually, the SET will announce the voluntary participation of the company candidates which pass the preemptive criteria, and whose two key crucial conditions are met, i.e. no irregular trading of the board members and executives and a free float of >150 by the number of shareholders, and combined holding must >15% of paid-up capital. Some key disqualifying criteria include a CG score of below 70%; independent directors and free float violation; executives' wrongdoing related to CG, social and environmental impacts, equity in negative territory, and earnings in the red for more than three years in the last five years. To become eligible for THSI, the candidate must pass three indicators in data declaration: <u>E</u>conomic (CG, risk management, customer relation management, supply chain management, and innovation); <u>E</u>nvironmental (environmental management, eco-efficiency, and climate risk); <u>S</u>ocial (human rights, talent attraction, operational health & safety, community development, and stakeholder engagement); and the incorporation of ESG in business operations.

To be approved for THSI inclusion, verified data must be scored at a 50% minimum for each indicator, unless the company is a part of the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices<sup>5</sup> (DJSI) during the assessment year. The scoring will be fairly weighted against the nature of the relevant industry and materiality.

Note that, from the <u>THSI list</u>, the SET further developed a sustainability <u>SETTHSI Index</u> in June 2018 from selected THSI companies whose 1) market capitalisation > THB5b (~USD150b); 2) free float >20%; and 3) liquidity >0.5% of paid-up capital for at least 9 out of 12 months. The SETTHSI Index is a market capitalisation-weighted index, cap 5% quarterly weight at maximum, and no cap for number of stocks.

Sources: SEC; Thai IOD; Thai CAC; SET; FSSIA's compilation

#### **Disclaimer:**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Dow Jones Sustainability Indices – <u>Wikipedia</u> – Launched in 1999, DJSI evaluates the sustainability performance of companies based on corporate economic, environmental, and social performance.



Thai Institute of Directors Association (<u>Thai IOD</u>) was established in December 1999 and is a membership organisation that strives to promote professionalism in directorship. The Thai IOD offers directors certification and professional development courses, provides a variety of seminars, forums and networking events, and conducts research on board governance issues and practices. Membership comprises board members from companies ranging from large publicly listed companies to small private firms.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Thai Investors Association (<u>TIA</u>) was established in 1983 with a mission to promote investment knowledge and to protect the investment rights of Thai investors. In 2002, the association was appointed by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) to represent individual shareholders. To obtain information for evaluation, the association recruits volunteer investors to join AGMs and score the meetings. Weightings for each meeting are at a 45:45:10 ratio. They have been applied since 2017 and subject to change.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Thai Private Sector Collective Action against Corruption (CAC) was founded in 2010 and is 100% privately funded. It is an initiative by the Thai private sector to take part in tackling corruption problems via collective action. The CAC promotes the implementation of effective anti-corruption policies in order to create a transparent business ecosystem by developing a unique certification program for large/medium/small companies to apply for and to control corruption risk systematically and efficiently. The CAC's operations are sponsored by the US-based Center for Private Enterprise (CIPE) and the UK Prosperity Fund.

Sustainability Investment List (THSI), created by the Stock Exchange of Thailand in 2015, comprises the listed companies that conduct sustainable business operations.

# **GENERAL DISCLAIMER**

## ANALYST(S) CERTIFICATION

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The individual(s) identified above certify(ies) that (i) all views expressed in this report accurately reflect the personal view of the analyst(s) with regard to any and all of the subject securities, companies or issuers mentioned in this report; and (ii) no part of the compensation of the analyst(s) was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed herein.

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#### History of change in investment rating and/or target price



Jitra Amornthum started covering this stock from 13-Feb-2023

Price and TP are in local currency

Source: FSSIA estimates

Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
Precious Shipping	PSL TB	THB 8.85	HOLD	Downside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) a fall in freight rates (time charter equivalent (TCE)); 2) exchange rate volatility; 3) China's slow economic growth; and 4) regulatory risks, including new EEXI and CII requirements, effective 1 Jan-23. Upside risks include 1) China's stimulus to revive the economy; and 2) the end of the Russia-Ukraine war or the end of sanctions.

Source: FSSIA estimates

#### Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited

FSSIA may incorporate the recommendations and target prices of companies currently covered by FSS Research into equity research reports, denoted by an 'FSS' before the recommendation. FSS Research is part of Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited, which is the parent company of FSSIA.

All share prices are as at market close on 04-Aug-2023 unless otherwise stated.

# **RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE**

#### **Stock ratings**

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price\* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

\* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

#### **Industry Recommendations**

**Overweight.** The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months. **Neutral.** The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months. **Underweight.** The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

#### **Country (Strategy) Recommendations**

**Overweight (O).** Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

**Neutral (N).** Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.