EQUITY RESEARCH - COMPANY REPORT

MINOR INTERNATIONAL

MINT TB

THAILAND / FOOD & BEVERAGE



UNCHANGED

TARGET PRICE THB43.00
CLOSE THB31.75
UP/DOWNSIDE +35.4%
PRIOR TP THB40.00
CHANGE IN TP +7.5%
TP vs CONSENSUS +9.1%

กำไรปกติ 2Q23 อาจทำสถิติสูงสุดใหม่

- คาดกำไรปกติของ NH Hotel จะทำสถิติสูงสุดใหม่ที่ EUR79ล้านซึ่งจะช่วยหนุนกำไร ปกติของ MINT ให้เพิ่มเป็น 2.9พัน ลบ. ใน 2Q23
- กำไรน่าจะดีต่อเนื่องใน 3Q23: กระแสเงินสดที่ดีบอกถึงความสามารถในการชำระหนี้
- คงแนะนำซื้อหลังปรับราคาเป้าหมายขึ้นเป็น 43 บาท (DCF)

คาดกำไรปกติ 2Q23 ของ NH Hotel จะสูงกว่าระดับก่อนโควิดถึง 48%

เราคาดว่า RevPAR ของ NH Hotel Group (NHH SM) จะโต 25% y-y ใน 2Q23 และสูงกว่า ระดับก่อนโควิตอยู่ 35% จากปัจจัยด้านฤดูกาลพร้อมคาดอัตราการเข้าพัก (OCC rate) ที่ 72% (เทียบกับ 69% ใน 2Q22 และ 75% ใน 2Q19) และอัตราค่าห้องรายวันเฉลี่ย (ADR) ที่ EUR154 (เทียบกับ EUR128 ใน 2Q22 และ EUR110 ใน 2Q19) ในภาพรวมเราคาดว่ารายได้ ของ NHH ใน 2Q23 จะเพิ่ม 18% y-y และสูงกว่าระดับก่อนโควิดถึง 28% ในขณะที่เราคาดว่า EBITDA margin จะปรับตัวดีขึ้นเป็น 35.4% (เทียบกับ 34.9% ใน 2Q22 และ 37.0% ใน 2Q19) ซึ่งน่าจะทำให้กำไรปกติทำสถิติสูงสุดใหม่ที่ EUR79ล้าน (เทียบกับสถิติสูงสุดก่อนหน้าที่ EUR64ล้านใน 2Q22 และ EUR53ล้านใน 2Q19) คิดเป็นส่วนแบ่งกำไรให้แก่ MINT ที่ ประมาณ 2.8พัน ลบ. ใน 2Q23

ธุรกิจอื่น ไม่รวม NHH จะรายงานกำไรปกติ 2Q23 เล็กน้อยจากฤดูกาลที่ซบเซา

ใน 2Q23 RevPAR ของโรงแรมในไทยน่าจะกระโดดเพิ่ม 79% y-y และสูงกุว่าระดับก่อนโควิด อยู่ 2% ในด้านลบ RevPAR ของโรงแรมในมัลดีฟล์น่าจะลดลง 20% y-y (ต่ำกว่าระดับก่อนโควิด อยู่ 15%) จากการแข่งขันที่รุนแรงและอุปทานโรงแรมที่เพิ่มขึ้น ในธุรกิจอาหารเราคาดการ เติบโตของยอดขายจากสาขาเดิม (SSSG) ของ Thai and China hubs ที่ 8% y-y และ 40% y-y ตามลำดับจากการพื้นตัวของยอดขาย Dine-in เราคาดว่า EBITDA margin ของธุรกิจอาหาร ใน 2Q23 จะเพิ่มเป็น 22% (เทียบกับ 17% ใน 2Q22) เพราะฉะนั้นเราจึงคาดว่ากำไรปกติของ ธุรกิจที่ไม่ใช่ NHH ที่ 0.1พัน ลบ. (เทียบกับ 0.3พัน ลบ. ใน 2Q19) ในภาพรวมเราคาดว่ากำไรปกติ 2Q23 ของ MINT จะโตเป็น 2.9พัน ลบ. (เทียบกับ 1.2พัน ลบ. ใน 2Q22 และ 2.1พัน ลบ. ใน 2Q19)

โรงแรมในยุโรปจะยังคงดีใน 3Q23

เราคาดว่าผลประกอบการของโรงแรมในยุโรปจะอยู่ในระดับดีต่อเนื่องใน 3Q23 ในขณะที่ โรงแรมในยุโรปยังอยู่ในช่วงฤดูท่องเที่ยว อย่างไรก็ดีผลประกอบการอาจลดลง q-q จาก กิจกรรมในธุรกิจ MICE ที่ลดลง ในด้านบวกเราคาดว่าโรงแรมในไทยและมัลดีฟส์จะปรับตัวดี ขึ้น q-q เนื่องจากโดยปกติ 2Q จะเป็นฤดูที่การท่องเที่ยวตกต่ำสุด นอกจากนี้ปัจจุบัน MINT มี EBITDA อยู่ไม่เกิน 10พัน ลบ./ไตรมาสและบริษัทฯ น่าจะใช้เงินบางส่วนเพื่อชำระหนี้ (110พัน ลบ. ณ. สิ้น 1Q23) ซึ่งจะทำให้ค่าใช้จ่ายดอกเบี้ยลดลง

ปรับเพิ่มประมาณการกำไรปกติ; กำไร 2Q23 จะเป็นปัจจัยบวกให้แก่ราคาหุ้น

เราปรับเพิ่มประมาณการกำไรปกติปี 2023-25 ของเราขึ้น 3-18% เพื่อสะท้อนแนวโน้ม ADR ของโรงแรมในยุโรปที่อยู่ในเกณฑ์ดีและได้ราคาเป้าหมายปี 2024 ที่ 43 บาท (DCF) MINT มี การซื้อขายในระดับการประเมินมูลค่าที่น่าสนใจที่ 28x/25x ของค่า 2023E/2024E P/E (เทียบ กับค่าเฉลี่ย 5 ปีที่ 30x และค่าเฉลี่ยของกลุ่มฯ ที่ 29x ของค่า 2024E P/E) ปัจจัยบวกสำหรับ ราคาหุ้นน่าจะอยู่ที่กำไรปกติ 2Q23 ที่ออกมาดีพร้อมลุ้น Upside ที่จะทำสถิติรายไตรมาสสูงสุด ใหม่ (เทียบกับสถิติสูงสุดในปัจจุบันที่ 2.91พัน ลบ. ใน 4Q19)

KEY STOCK DATA

YE Dec (THB m)	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	119,364	142,783	150,610	157,665
Net profit	4,286	6,479	7,357	8,186
EPS (THB)	0.82	1.16	1.28	1.42
vs Consensus (%)	-	18.7	(4.9)	(11.7)
EBITDA	28,886	35,710	37,789	40,226
Recurring net profit	2,017	6,479	7,357	8,186
Core EPS (THB)	0.35	1.13	1.28	1.42
Chg. In EPS est. (%)	-	17.9	4.4	2.5
EPS growth (%)	nm	221.2	13.6	11.3
Core P/E (x)	90.6	28.2	24.8	22.3
Dividend yield (%)	-	1.2	1.4	1.5
EV/EBITDA (x)	12.5	10.2	10.2	9.3
Price/book (x)	2.3	2.0	2.7	2.5
Net debt/Equity (%)	222.9	175.0	235.2	202.9
ROE (%)	2.9	8.2	9.5	11.5



Share price performance	1 Month	3 Month	12 Month			
Absolute (%)	(8.6)	2.4	(4.5)			
Relative to country (%)	(9.1)	4.4	(3.4)			
Mkt cap (USD m)			5,044			
3m avg. daily turnover (USD m)	3m avg. daily turnover (USD m)					
Free float (%)			63			
Major shareholder	eholder Minor Holdings (Thai) (16%					
12m high/low (THB)	/low (THB) 35.00/24.10					
Issued shares (m) 5,754						

Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates



Teerapol Udomvej, CFA Register no. 080523 teerapol.udo@fssia.com, +66 2611 3535

PREPARED BY FSS INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT ADVISORY SECURITIES CO LTD (FSSIA). ANALYST CERTIFICATION AND IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES CAN BE FOUND AT THE END OF THIS REPORT

Investment thesis

MINT's earnings are now in a recovery mode. We expect core profit to continue to grow in 2023 led by Thai and European hotels and the food business.

NH Hotels should continue to deliver strong performance. We expect a recovery in business travel and pent-up demand from long-haul travellers to be the key growth drivers in 2023, which should offset rising staff costs and the potential for further interest rate hikes.

We expect MINT's core profit to return to the pre-Covid level by 2024, with a potential upside from an improved EBITDA margin following cost-saving measures which should permanently reduce some expenses.

Company profile

MINT is one of the largest hospitality and leisure companies in the Asia-Pacific region.

www.minor.com

Principal activities (revenue, 2022)

Hotel & Mixed-use - 75.9 %

F&B revenue - 22.0 %

■ Retail revenue - 2.1 %



Source: Minor International

Major shareholders

Minor Holdings (Thai) - 15.5 %

Thai NVDR - 11.6 %

■ Niti Osathanugrah - 9.4 %

■ Others - 63.5 %



Source: Minor International

Catalysts

Key potential growth drivers include 1) a faster occupancy rate ramp-up following the global tourism recovery; 2) improving consumption and economic growth resulting in strong SSSG; and 3) the return of Chinese tourists which should drive demand for Thai and Maldives hotels.

Risks to our call

Downside risks to our DCF-based target price include 1) extraordinary events such as political turmoil and natural disasters; 2) a higher hotel room supply and higher competition in the F&B business, which may result in price competition; and 3) the slower-than-expected recovery of international tourist numbers.

Event calendar

Date	Event
Aug 2023	2Q23 results announcement

Key assumptions

	2023E	2024E	2025E
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Owned & leased hotels			
- Number of rooms (no.)	55,364	55,364	55,630
- Occupancy rate (OCC)	66	69	70
- RevPAR growth	22	6	4
Food business			
- Number of outlets (no.)	2,658	2,737	2,819
- Same-Store Sales Growth (SSSG)	7	2	2
- Total System Sales Growth (TSSG)	12	5	5

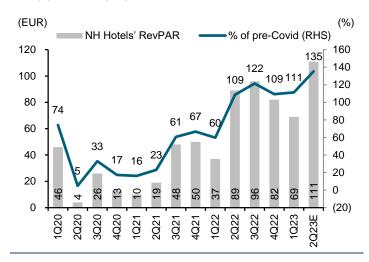
Source: FSSIA estimates

Earnings sensitivity

- For every 1% increase in OCC, we project a 2023 profit increase of 5%, and vice versa, all else being equal.
- For every 1% increase in SSSG, we project a 2023 profit increase of 1%, and vice versa, all else being equal.

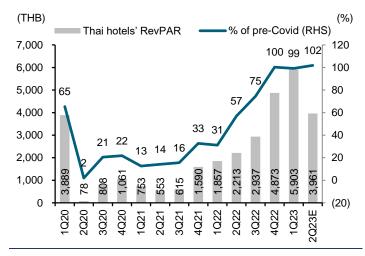
Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 1: NHH's RevPAR



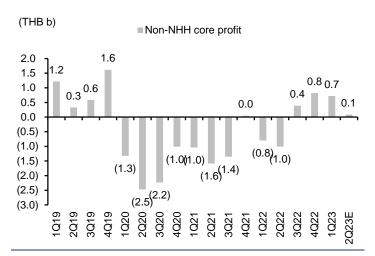
Source: NHH; MINT; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 3: RevPAR at Thai hotels



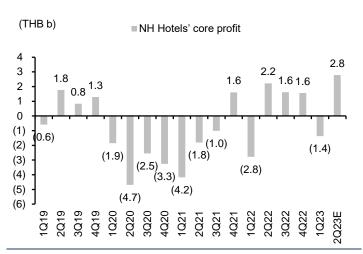
Source: MINT; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 5: Non-NHH core profit



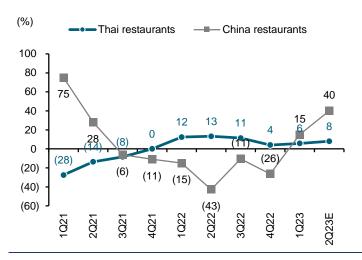
Source: MINT; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 2: NHH's core profit contribution to MINT



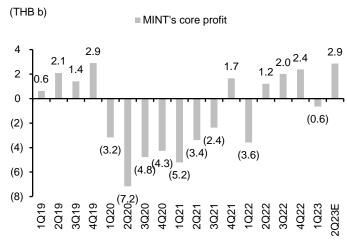
Note: Based on the 94% stake that MINT holds in NHH Source: NHH; MINT; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 4: Food business SSSG in Thailand and China



Source: MINT; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 6: MINT's core profit



Source: MINT; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 7: 2Q23 results preview

	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	1Q23	2Q23E	Char	ıge	2023
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(q-q %)	(y-y %)	(THB n
Sales	31,423	33,567	34,743	31,246	37,747	21	20	142,78
-Hotel & Mixed-use	24,770	25,893	27,014	23,357	29,924	28	21	110,54
-Restaurant	6,066	7,035	6,989	7,312	7,219	(1)	19	29,33
-Retail	587	639	741	577	604	5	3	2,89
COGS (incl. depreciation)	(17,064)	(18,240)	(18,859)	(18,483)	(19,629)	6	15	(77,80
Gross profit	14,359	15,327	15,884	12,763	18,119	42	26	64,97
SG&A	(10,797)	(11,293)	(10,886)	(11,941)	(12,538)	5	16	(49,52
Operating profit	3,562	4,035	4,999	822	5,581	579	57	15,44
Net other income	720	986	457	695	709	2	(2)	3,09
Dividend income	0	0	2	0	1	-	(-)	0,0
Interest income	174	238	302	277	277	0	59	4:
Interest expense	(2,157)	(2,289)	(2,501)	(2,434)	(2,531)	4	17	(10,02
Pretax profit	2,300	2,969	3,259	(640)	4,037	(731)	76	8,9
·								
Income Tax Associates	(812)	(963)	(724)	(232)	(1,143)	392	(252)	(2,42
Associates Minority interest	(137)	171	(202)	261	209	(20)	(253)	5
Minority interest	(140)	(168)	(203)	(35)	(224)	534	60	(65
Core profit	1,210	2,010	2,379	(647)	2,878	(545)	138	6,4
Extraordinaries, GW & FX	351	2,598	(468)	(329)		(100)	(100)	
Reported net profit	1,561	4,608	1,911	(976)	2,878	(395)	84	6,4
Shares out (end Q, m)	5,257	5,258	5,259	5,259	5,259	0	0	5,2
Core EPS	0.2	0.4	0.5	(0.1)	0.5	(545)	138	1
EPS	0.3	0.9	0.4	(0.2)	0.5	(395)	84	1
COGS (excl. depreciation)	(12,176)	(13,358)	(14,045)	(13,665)	(14,448)	6	19	(57,54
Depreciation	(4,888)	(4,882)	(4,814)	(4,818)	(5,181)	8	6	(20,26
EBITDA	9,208	10,312	10,620	6,872	11,957	74	30	35,7
Key Ratios	(0/)	(%)	(%)	(0/)	(%)	()		(9
,	(%)	(/0)	(70)	(%)	(, -,	(ppt)	(ppt)	
	46	46	46	41	48	(ppt) 7	(ppt)	
Gross margin							2	
Gross margin SG&A/Revenue	46	46	46	41	48	7		
Gross margin SG&A/Revenue Hotel EBITDA margin	46 34 31	46 34 32	46 31 32	41 38 21	48 33 33	7 (5) 12	2 (1) 2	;
Gross margin SG&A/Revenue Hotel EBITDA margin Food EBITDA margin	46 34 31 17	46 34 32 21	46 31 32 22	41 38 21 22	48 33 33 22	7 (5) 12 0	2 (1) 2 5	:
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Gross margin SG&A/Revenue Hotel EBITDA margin Food EBITDA margin Retail EBITDA margin Total EBITDA margin Net profit margin Operating stat Owned & leased RevPAR (y-y %) Total Thailand Maldives	46 34 31 17 20 28 5 334 300 38	46 34 32 21 22 30 13 96 378 8	46 31 32 22 15 30 5	41 38 21 22 13 21 (3) 87 218 (15)	48 33 33 22 13 31 7 26 79 (20)	7 (5) 12 0 0	2 (1) 2 5 (7) 3	
Gross margin SG&A/Revenue Hotel EBITDA margin Food EBITDA margin Retail EBITDA margin Total EBITDA margin Net profit margin Operating stat Owned & leased RevPAR (y-y %) Total Thailand Maldives Europe & The Americas (NHH)	46 34 31 17 20 28 5 334 300	46 34 32 21 22 30 13	46 31 32 22 15 30 5	41 38 21 22 13 21 (3) 87 218	48 33 33 22 13 31 7	7 (5) 12 0 0	2 (1) 2 5 (7) 3	
Gross margin SG&A/Revenue Hotel EBITDA margin Food EBITDA margin Retail EBITDA margin Total EBITDA margin Net profit margin Operating stat Owned & leased RevPAR (y-y %) Total Thailand Maldives Europe & The Americas (NHH) SSSG (y-y %)	46 34 31 17 20 28 5 5 334 300 38 368	46 34 32 21 22 30 13 96 378 8 100	46 31 32 22 15 30 5	41 38 21 22 13 21 (3) 87 218 (15) 86	48 33 33 22 13 31 7 26 79 (20) 25	7 (5) 12 0 0	2 (1) 2 5 (7) 3	
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Gross margin SG&A/Revenue Hotel EBITDA margin Food EBITDA margin Retail EBITDA margin Total EBITDA margin Net profit margin Operating stat Owned & leased RevPAR (y-y %) Total Thailand Maldives Europe & The Americas (NHH) SSSG (y-y %) Total Thailand	46 34 31 17 20 28 5 334 300 38 368	46 34 32 21 22 30 13 96 378 8 100	46 31 32 22 15 30 5 66 206 (11) 64	41 38 21 22 13 21 (3) 87 218 (15) 86	48 33 33 22 13 31 7 26 79 (20) 25	7 (5) 12 0 0	2 (1) 2 5 (7) 3	

Sources: MINT; FSSIA estimates

Forecast and TP revisions

We revise up our 2023 core profit assumption by 18% to reflect the strong ADR outlook of European hotels. We lift the 2023E ADR of NHH from EUR126 to EUR137, exceeding the pre-Covid level of EUR103 by 34%. The higher ADR should also lead to a higher EBITDA margin.

We forecast NHH's revenue to exceed the pre-Covid level by 29% this year. Thus, we estimate a core profit of EUR134m for NHH in 2023 (vs EUR103m in 2019). This implies a cTHB4.6b profit contribution to MINT in 2023.

We estimate a non-NHH core profit of THB1.9b in 2023, improving from a THB0.6b core loss in 2022. However, it would still be below the 2019 value of THB3.7b, as Thai hotels are in the beginning of the recovery stage and interest expenses are higher compared to pre-Covid due to larger interest-bearing debt and a higher interest rate.

We also revise up our 2024-25 core profit assumptions by 3-4% to reflect the promising ADR outlook. We expect MINT's 2024 core profit to surpass the pre-Covid level of THB7.1b. We roll forward our DCF valuation base to 2024 and derive a new TP of THB43/shr. Our new TP implies 34x 2024E P/E compared to its five-year average of 30x.

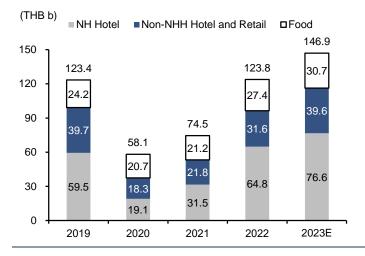
Exhibit 8: Changes in key assumptions

		Current		Previous			Change (%)			
	2023E	2024E	2025E	2023E	2024E	2025E	2023E	2024E	2025E	
Hotel - OCC (%)	66	69	70	69	71	72	(3.0)	(2.0)	(2.0)	
Hotel - RevPAR (THB)	3,700	3,912	4,094	3,673	3,853	4,031	0.7	1.5	1.5	
Food - SSSG (%)	7	2	2	7	2	2	-	-	-	
Food - TSSG (%)	12	5	5	12	5	5	-	-	-	
Revenue (THB b)	142.8	150.6	157.7	140.8	148.3	155.7	1.4	1.5	1.3	
EBITDA margin (%)	25.0	25.1	25.5	24.4	24.5	25.0	0.6	0.6	0.5	
Core earnings (THB b)	6.5	7.4	8.2	5.5	7.0	8.0	17.9	4.4	2.5	

Note: Change of items in percentage terms is represented in ppt change

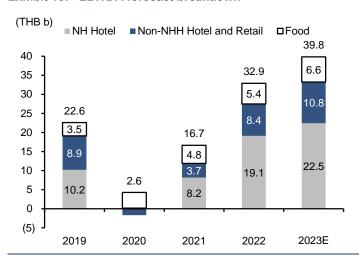
Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 9: Revenue forecast breakdown



Note: Revenue includes share income and other income Sources: NHH; MINT; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 10: EBITDA forecast breakdown



Note: 1) Revenue includes share income and other income; 2) EBITDA in 2019 excludes TFRS-16 accounting standard

Sources: NHH; MINT; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 11: NHH's annual core profit contribution to MINT

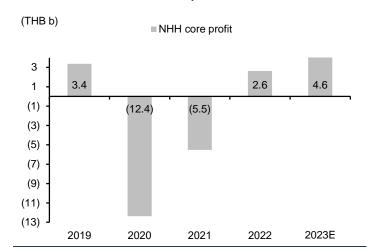
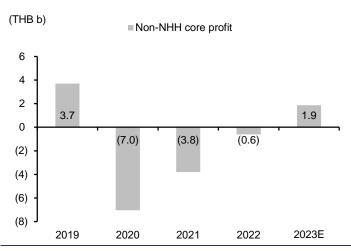


Exhibit 12: Annual non-NHH core profit



Note: Based on the 94% stake that MINT holds in NHH

Source: NHH; MINT; FSSIA estimates

Sources: MINT; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 13: DCF valuation

Cost of equity assumptions	(%)		Cost of debt assumptions	(%)
Risk-free rate	3.0		Pre-tax cost of debt	4.0
Market risk premium	8.0		Marginal tax rate	20.0
Stock beta	1.3			
Cost of equity, Ke	13.3		Net cost of debt, Kd	3.2
Weight applied	50.0		Weight applied	50.0
WACC	8.3			
DCF valuation estimate	(THB b)	(THB/share)	Comments	
NPV	173.0	30.1	WACC 8.3%, risk-free rate 3%, risk premium 8%	
Terminal value	261.9	45.5	Terminal growth 2.5%	
Cash & liquid assets	8.6	1.5	At end-2024E	
Investments	16.2	2.8	At end-2024E	
Debt	(199.1)	(34.6)	At end-2024E	
Minorities	(13.0)	(2.3)	At end-2024E	
Residual ordinary equity	247.6	43.0		

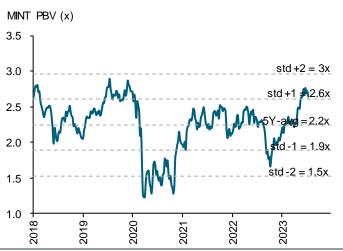
Source: FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 14: Historical P/E band



Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 15: Historical P/BV band



Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 16: Peer comparisons as of 21 July 2023

Company	BBG	Rec	5	Share pric	e	Market		PE		R	0E	P	BV	EV/ E	BITDA
			Current	Target	Upside	сар	23E	24E	25E	23E	24E	23E	24E	23E	24E
			(LCY)	(LCY)	(%)	(USD m)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(%)	(%)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)
Thailand															
Asset World Corp	AWC TB	BUY	4.40	6.80	55	4,090	66.8	38.2	34.3	2.5	4.1	1.6	1.5	36.6	26.6
Minor International	MINT TB	BUY	31.75	43.00	35	5,044	28.2	24.8	22.3	8.2	9.5	2.0	2.7	10.2	10.2
Central Plaza Hotel	CENTEL TB	BUY	44.50	55.00	24	1,745	35.3	28.4	25.4	8.8	10.1	3.0	2.8	15.5	13.5
Erawan Group	ERW TB	BUY	4.46	5.70	28	587	32.5	33.5	29.4	10.4	9.2	3.2	2.8	15.4	14.3
S Hotels & Resorts	SHR TB	BUY	2.78	4.80	73	290	58.6	19.6	15.6	1.1	3.1	0.6	0.6	9.2	7.5
Dusit Thani	DUSIT TB	BUY	11.60	18.00	55	286	192.9	40.3	4.0	1.2	5.7	2.4	2.3	41.6	32.1
Bound and Beyond	BEYOND TB	BUY	13.00	24.00	85	110	162.0	17.1	13.4	0.4	3.6	0.6	0.6	12.3	8.8
Thailand average						12,151	82.3	28.8	20.6	4.6	6.5	1.9	1.9	20.1	16.2
Regional															
Btg Hotels Group	600258 CH	n/a	19.75	n/a	n/a	3,068	28.7	20.2	17.0	7.2	9.3	2.0	1.8	12.2	9.8
Sh Jinjiang Intl Hotels	900934 CH	n/a	1.90	n/a	n/a	6,066	10.0	6.8	5.6	8.2	11.1	0.8	0.7	15.2	11.8
Huangshan Tourism Dev.	900942 CH	n/a	0.75	n/a	n/a	1,111	12.5	9.6	8.6	7.2	9.0	0.9	0.8	10.7	9.0
Genting Bhd	GENT MK	n/a	4.21	n/a	n/a	3,540	15.9	11.0	9.4	3.8	4.7	0.5	0.5	6.1	5.5
Huazhu Group	HTHT US	n/a	41.46	n/a	n/a	13,213	29.9	24.7	20.5	27.5	24.7	8.2	6.5	17.1	14.2
Indian Hotels	IH IN	n/a	393.75	n/a	n/a	6,809	60.6	43.8	37.2	12.6	14.4	7.1	6.2	32.4	26.7
Lemon Tree Hotels	LEMONTRE IN	n/a	91.65	n/a	n/a	883	62.8	49.1	27.6	12.3	15.0	7.9	6.6	23.1	19.3
Lippo Karawaci	LPKR IJ	n/a	101.00	n/a	n/a	486	5.8	6.6	4.2	2.2	5.8	0.4	0.4	7.6	6.9
Regional average						35,176	28.3	21.5	16.2	10.1	11.7	3.5	2.9	15.5	12.9
Overall average						47,327	53.5	24.9	18.3	7.6	9.3	2.8	2.4	17.7	14.4

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Minor International

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	68,251	119,364	142,783	150,610	157,665
Cost of goods sold	(47,417)	(67,753)	(77,809)	(82,166)	(85,816)
Gross profit	20,834	51,610	64,974	68,444	71,849
Other operating income	-	-	-	-	-
Operating costs	(31,188)	(41,999)	(49,525)	(51,938)	(54,056)
Operating EBITDA	9,588	28,886	35,710	37,789	40,226
Depreciation	(19,942)	(19,275)	(20,260)	(21,283)	(22,432)
Goodwill amortisation	-	-	-	-	-
Operating EBIT	(10,354)	9,612	15,449	16,506	17,793
Net financing costs	(7,484)	(8,138)	(9,567)	(9,455)	(9,535)
Associates	(209)	136	579	666	700
Recurring non-operating income	5,888	3,133	3,669	3,849	3,978
Non-recurring items	(3,852)	2,269	0	0	0
Profit before tax	(15,802)	6,877	9,551	10,900	12,237
Тах	1,627	(2,354)	(2,422)	(2,763)	(3,115)
Profit after tax	(14,175)	4,523	7,129	8,137	9,122
Minority interests	1,009	(236)	(650)	(780)	(936)
Preferred dividends	-	-	-	-	-
Other items	-	-	-	-	-
Reported net profit	(13,167)	4,286	6,479	7,357	8,186
Non-recurring items & goodwill (net)	3,852	(2,269)	0	0	0
Recurring net profit	(9,315)	2,017	6,479	7,357	8,186
Per share (THB)					
Recurring EPS *	(1.79)	0.35	1.13	1.28	1.42
Reported EPS	(2.53)	0.82	1.16	1.28	1.42
DPS	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.43	0.48
Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data)	5,214	5,755	5,755	5,755	5,755
Growth					
Revenue (%)	22.2	74.9	19.6	5.5	4.7
Operating EBITDA (%)	1,850.7	201.3	23.6	5.8	6.4
Operating EBIT (%)	nm	nm	60.7	6.8	7.8
Recurring EPS (%)	nm	nm	221.2	13.6	11.3
Reported EPS (%)	nm	nm	41.8	10.4	11.3
Operating performance					
Gross margin inc. depreciation (%)	30.5	43.2	45.5	45.4	45.6
Gross margin exc. depreciation (%)	59.7	59.4	59.7	59.6	59.8
Operating EBITDA margin (%)	14.0	24.2	25.0	25.1	25.5
Operating EBIT margin (%)	(15.2)	8.1	10.8	11.0	11.3
Net margin (%)	(13.6)	1.7	4.5	4.9	5.2
Effective tax rate (%)	13.9	52.6	27.0	27.0	27.0
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	=	-	35.0	34.0	34.0
Interest cover (X)	(0.6)	1.6	2.0	2.2	2.3
Inventory days	47.6	27.9	26.0	26.5	26.7
Debtor days	72.0	48.5	47.2	50.1	49.6
Creditor days	223.9	151.3	135.0	128.1	129.1
Operating ROIC (%)	(3.1)	1.6	4.1	4.4	4.8
ROIC (%)	(1.2)	1.9	4.6	4.8	5.2
ROE (%)	(13.8)	2.9	8.2	9.5	11.5
ROA (%)	(1.1)	1.7	3.9	4.2	4.7
* Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted					
Revenue by Division (THB m)	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
	45,160	90,644	110,549	116,821	122,247
			1 10,070	1 10,02 1	122,241
Hotel & Mixed-use F&B revenue	20,321	26,213	29,336	30,802	32,343

Sources: Minor International; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Minor International

Cash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025
Recurring net profit	(9,315)	2,017	6,479	7,357	8,18
Depreciation	19,942	19,275	20,260	21,283	22,43
ssociates & minorities	-	-	-		
Other non-cash items	(5,186)	(1,997)	650	780	93
Change in working capital	6,605	2,644	(8,805)	(551)	71
Cash flow from operations	12,046	21,939	18,584	28,869	32,27
Capex - maintenance	(27,042)	(5,900)	(17,000)	(20,000)	(17,000
Capex - new investment Net acquisitions & disposals	(197)	(1)	0	0	
Other investments (net)	(197)	(1)	-	-	,
Cash flow from investing	(27,238)	(5,902)	(17,000)	(20,000)	(17,000
Dividends paid	0	(3,302)	(17,000)	(2,203)	(2,501
Equity finance	(453)	(514)	9,276	(23,932)	(2,501
Debt finance	(5,883)	(17,932)	(5,000)	(3,000)	(10,000
Other financing cash flows	20,436	278	0	0	(10,000
Cash flow from financing	14,101	(18,168)	4,276	(29,135)	(12,501
lon-recurring cash flows	, -	-	· -	. , ,	• ,
Other adjustments	0	0	0	0	
let other adjustments	0	0	0	0	
Novement in cash	(1,092)	(2,130)	5,860	(20,266)	2,76
ree cash flow to firm (FCFF)	(7,074.20)	25,040.43	11,610.44	18,900.53	24,976.9
ree cash flow to equity (FCFE)	(638.87)	(1,616.77)	(3,416.23)	5,869.24	5,270.6
er share (THB)					
CFF per share	(1.23)	4.35	2.02	3.28	4.3
CFE per share	(0.11)	(0.28)	(0.59)	1.02	0.9
Recurring cash flow per share	1.04	3.68	4.90	5.11	5.4
Balance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	20251
Tangible fixed assets (gross) Less: Accumulated depreciation	392,452 (104,820)	381,640 (107,248)	398,640 (127,508)	418,640 (148,791)	435,64 (171,224
angible fixed assets (net)	287,632	274,392	271,132	269,848	264,41
ntangible fixed assets (net)	0	0	0	0	204,41
ong-term financial assets	-	-	-	-	
nvest. in associates & subsidiaries	16,249	16,250	16,250	16,250	16,25
Cash & equivalents	25,097	22,966	28,826	8,560	11,33
VC receivable	14,638	17,052	19,908	21,414	21,41
nventories	3,490	3,909	4,290	4,539	4,72
Other current assets	5,602	6,369	6,711	7,079	7,41
Current assets	48,827	50,296	59,735	41,592	44,87
Other assets	16,926	17,272	17,272	17,272	17,27
Total assets	369,633	358,210	364,388	344,962	342,81
Common equity	68,023	71,059	86,814	68,036	73,72
Minorities etc.	11,470	11,550	12,200	12,980	13,91
Total shareholders' equity	79,492	82,609	99,014	81,016	87,63
ong term debt	224,576	207,126	202,126	199,126	189,12
Other long-term liabilities	38,610	35,759	35,759	35,759	35,75
ong-term liabilities	263,187	242,885	237,885	234,885	224,88
A/C payable	18,394	21,807	20,768	21,971	22,87
Short term debt	482	0	0	0	
Other current liabilities	8,079	10,910	6,722	7,091	7,42
Current liabilities	26,954	32,716	27,490	29,061	30,29
otal liabilities and shareholders' equity	369,633	358,210	364,388	344,962	342,81
let working capital	(2,742)	(5,386)	3,419	3,970	3,25
nvested capital Includes convertibles and preferred stock which is be	318,064	302,527	308,073	307,340	301,19
includes convertibles and preferred stock which is be	ing treated as debt				
Per share (THB)					
Book value per share	13.05	13.54	15.52	11.82	12.8
angible book value per share	13.05	13.54	15.52	11.82	12.8
inancial strength					
let debt/equity (%)	251.5	222.9	175.0	235.2	202.
let debt/total assets (%)	54.1	51.4	47.6	55.2	51.
Current ratio (x)	1.8	1.5	2.2	1.4	1.
CF interest cover (x)	0.9	0.8	0.6	1.6	1.
'aluation	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025
Recurring P/E (x) *	(17.8)	90.6	28.2	24.8	22.
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) *	(24.1)	122.7	38.2	33.6	30.
Reported P/E (x)	(12.6)	38.9	27.4	24.8	22.
Dividend yield (%)		-	1.2	1.4	1.
Price/book (x)	2.4	2.3	2.0	2.7	2.
Price/tangible book (x)	2.4	2.3	2.0	2.7	2.
EV/EBITDA (x) **	39.3	12.5	10.2	10.2	9.
EV/EBITDA @ target price (x) **	45.4	14.6	11.9	11.9	10.
EV/invested capital (x)	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.
		1/	1.∠	1.3	

Sources: Minor International; FSSIA estimates

Public disclosures related to sustainable development evaluation of Thai listed companies

Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "CG Score" by the Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD); 2) "AGM Checklist" by the Thai Investors Association (TIA), a "CAC certified member" of the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC); and 3) Sustainability Investment List (THSI) by the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings.

CG Score by the Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD) 1

The CG Score indicates corporate governance (CG) strength in the sustainable development of Thai listed companies. Annually, the Thai IOD, with support from the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET), surveys and assesses the CG practices of companies and publishes the results on the Thai IOD website in a bid to promote and enhance the CG of Thai listed companies in order to promote compliance with international standards for better investment decisions. The results are from the perspective of a third party, not an evaluation of operations, as of the date appearing in the report, and may be changed after that date.

The five underlying categories and weighting used for the CG scoring in 2022 include the rights of shareholders and equitable treatment of shareholders (weight 25% combined), the role of stakeholders (25%), disclosure and transparency (15%), and board responsibilities (35%).

The CGR report rates CG in six categories: 5 for Excellent (score range 90-100), 4 for Very Good (score range 80-89), 3 for Good (Score range 70-79), 2 for Fair (score range 60-69), 1 for Pass (score range 60-69), and not rated (score below 50).

AGM Checklist by the Thai Investors Association (TIA)2

The "AGM Checklist" quantifies the extent to which shareholders' rights and equitable treatment are incorporated into business operations and the extent to which information is sufficiently disclosed and the level of its transparency. All the considered factors form important elements of two out of five the CG components. Annually, the TIA, with support from the SEC, leads the project to evaluate the quality of Annual General Meetings of Shareholders (AGMs) and to rate quality of the meetings.

The <u>Checklist</u> contains the minimum requirements under law that companies must comply with, or best practices according to international CG guidance. Representatives of the TIA will attend the meetings and perform the evaluation. The assessment criteria cover AGM procedures before the meeting (45%), at the meeting date (45%), and after the meeting (10%). The first assesses 1) advance circulation of sufficient information for voting; and 2) facilitating of how voting rights can be exercised. The second assesses 1) the ease of attending meetings; 2) transparency and verifiability; and 3) openness for Q&A. The third involves the meeting minutes that should contain discussion issues, resolutions and voting results.

The results are classified into four categories: 5 for Excellent (score 100), 4 for Very Good (score 90-99), 3 for Fair (score 80-89), and not rated (score below 79).

CAC certified member by the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC)3

A <u>CAC certified member</u> is a listed company whose Checklist satisfies the CAC Certification's criteria and is approved by the CAC Council. The core elements of the Checklist include corruption risk assessment, establishment of key controls, and the monitoring and developing of policies. Note that the CAC does not certify the behaviour of the employees nor whether the companies have engaged in bribery, and Certification is good for three years.

Companies deciding to become a CAC certified member start with by submitting a Declaration of Intent signed by the Chairman of the Board to kick off the 18-month deadline for companies to submit the CAC Checklist for Certification. The 18-month provision is for risk assessment, in place of policy and control, training of managers and employees, establishment of whistleblowing channels, and communication of policies to all stakeholders.

The checklist document will be reviewed by the CAC Certification Committee for adequate information and evidence. It is worth noting that the committee consists of nine professionals in business law, corporate governance, internal audit, financial audit and experienced representatives from certified members.

A passed Checklist will move on to the <u>CAC Council</u> for granting certification approvals. The CAC Council consists of twelve prominent individuals who are highly respected in professionalism and ethical achievements. Among them are former ministers, a former central bank governor, the former head of the Thai Listed Companies Association, Chairman of Anti-Corruption Organizations (Thailand), Chairman of Thai Institute of Directors, and reputable academic scholars.

Sustainability Investment (THSI)⁴ by the Stock Exchange of Thailand (<u>SET</u>)

Thailand Sustainability Investment (THSI) quantifies responsibility in Environmental, and Social issues, by managing business with transparency in Governance. The THSI serves as another choice for investors who desire to adopt a responsible investment approach, according to the SET.

Annually, the SET will announce the voluntary participation of the company candidates which pass the preemptive criteria, and whose two key crucial conditions are met, i.e. no irregular trading of the board members and executives and a free float of >150 by the number of shareholders, and combined holding must >15% of paid-up capital. Some key disqualifying criteria include a CG score of below 70%; independent directors and free float violation; executives' wrongdoing related to CG, social and environmental impacts, equity in negative territory, and earnings in the red for more than three years in the last five years. To become eligible for THSI, the candidate must pass three indicators in data declaration: Economic (CG, risk management, customer relation management, supply chain management, and innovation); Environmental (environmental management, eco-efficiency, and climate risk); Social (human rights, talent attraction, operational health & safety, community development, and stakeholder engagement); and the incorporation of ESG in business operations.

To be approved for THSI inclusion, verified data must be scored at a 50% minimum for each indicator, unless the company is a part of the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSI) during the assessment year. The scoring will be fairly weighted against the nature of the relevant industry and materiality.

Note that, from the THSI list, the SET further developed a sustainability <u>SETTHSI Index</u> in June 2018 from selected THSI companies whose 1) market capitalisation > THB5b (~USD150b); 2) free float >20%; and 3) liquidity >0.5% of paid-up capital for at least 9 out of 12 months. The SETTHSI Index is a market capitalisation-weighted index, cap 5% quarterly weight at maximum, and no cap for number of stocks.

Sources: SEC; Thai IOD; Thai CAC; SET; FSSIA's compilation

Disclaimer:

Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD) was established in December 1999 and is a membership organisation that strives to promote professionalism in directorship. The Thai IOD offers directors certification and professional development courses, provides a variety of seminars, forums and networking events, and conducts research on board governance issues and practices. Membership comprises board members from companies ranging from large publicly listed companies to small private firms.

FINANSIA

Thai Investors Association (TIA) was established in 1983 with a mission to promote investment knowledge and to protect the investment rights of Thai investors. In 2002, the association was appointed by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) to represent individual shareholders. To obtain information for evaluation, the association recruits volunteer investors to join AGMs and score the meetings. Weightings for each meeting are at a 45:45:10 ratio. They have been applied since 2017 and subject to change.

Thai Private Sector Collective Action against Corruption (CAC) was founded in 2010 and is 100% privately funded. It is an initiative by the Thai private sector to take part in tackling corruption problems via collective action. The CAC promotes the implementation of effective anti-corruption policies in order to create a transparent business ecosystem by developing a unique certification program for large/medium/small companies to apply for and to control corruption risk systematically and efficiently. The CAC's operations are sponsored by the US-based Center for Private Enterprise (CIPE) and the UK Prosperity Fund.

Sustainability Investment List (THSI), created by the Stock Exchange of Thailand in 2015, comprises the listed companies that conduct sustainable business operations.

⁵ Dow Jones Sustainability Indices – Wikipedia – Launched in 1999, DJSI evaluates the sustainability performance of companies based on corporate economic, environmental, and social performance.

GENERAL DISCLAIMER

ANALYST(S) CERTIFICATION

Teerapol Udomvej, CFA FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

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Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
Minor International	MINT TB	THB 31.75	BUY	Downside risks to our DCF-based target price include 1) extraordinary events such as political turmoil and natural disasters; 2) a higher hotel room supply and higher competition in the F&B business, which may result in price competition; and 3) the slower-than-expected recovery of international tourist numbers.
Asset World Corp	AWC TB	THB 4.40	BUY	Downside risks to our DCF-based target price include 1) extraordinary events such as political turmoil and natural disasters; 2) a higher hotel room supply, which may result in price competition; and 3) the slower-than-expected recovery of international tourist numbers.
Central Plaza Hotel	CENTEL TB	THB 44.50	BUY	Downside risks to our DCF-based target price include 1) extraordinary events such as political turmoil and natural disasters; 2) a higher hotel room supply and higher competition in the F&B business, which may result in price competition; and 3) the slower-than-expected recovery of international tourist numbers.
The Erawan Group	ERW TB	THB 4.46	BUY	Downside risks to our DCF-based target price include 1) extraordinary events such as political turmoil and natural disasters; 2) a higher hotel room supply, which may result in price competition; and 3) the slower-than-expected recovery of international tourist numbers.
S Hotels and Resorts	SHR TB	THB 2.78	BUY	Downside risks to our DCF-based target price include 1) extraordinary events such as political turmoil and natural disasters; 2) a higher hotel room supply, which may result in price competition; and 3) the slower-than-expected recovery of international tourist numbers.
Dusit Thani	DUSIT TB	THB 11.60	BUY	Downside risks to our DCF-based target price include 1) extraordinary events such as political turmoil and natural disasters; 2) a higher hotel room supply, which may result in price competition; and 3) the slower-than-expected recovery of international tourist numbers.
Bound and Beyond	BEYOND TB	THB 13.00	BUY	Downside risks to our DCF-based target price include 1) extraordinary events such as political turmoil and natural disasters; 2) a higher hotel room supply, which may result in price competition; and 3) the slower-than-expected recovery of international tourist numbers.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited

FSSIA may incorporate the recommendations and target prices of companies currently covered by FSS Research into equity research reports, denoted by an 'FSS' before the recommendation. FSS Research is part of Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited, which is the parent company of FSSIA.

All share prices are as at market close on 21-Jul-2023 unless otherwise stated.

RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

Industry Recommendations

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months.

Neutral. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months.

Underweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

Country (Strategy) Recommendations

Overweight (O). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.