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RBF TB

อัตรากำไร 1Q23 ฟื้นตัวดี

- กำไรปกติ 1Q23 โต q-q และ y-y สูงกว่าประมาณการของเราอยู่ 10%
- คงมุมมองเชิงบวกต่อแนวโน้มในช่วง 2H23 และคาดว่าแผนการขยายตลาดอินเดียจะมี พัฒนาการดี
- คงแนะนำซื้อที่ราคาเป้าหมาย 13 5 บาท

กำไรปกติ 1Q23 ดีกว่าคาด

RBF รายงานกำไรสุทธิ 1Q23 ที่ 147 ลบ. (+56% q-q, -10% y-y) เมื่อหักผลขาดทุนจากอัตรา แลกเปลี่ยน 11 ลบ. กำไรปกติอยู่ที่ 159 ลบ. (+47% q-q, +6% y-y) ดีกว่าที่เราคาด 10% ใน 1Q23 รายได้รวมโต 5% q-q และ 7% y-y จากรายได้ต่างประเทศที่โตดี (31% q-q, 42% y-y) จนทำสถิติสูงสุดใหม่โดยมีปัจจัยบวกสำคัญประกอบด้วย 1) การเติบโตที่ดีของโรงงานใน อินโดนีเซียและเวียดนาม; และ 2) ปริมาณส่งออกที่เพิ่มขึ้นส่วนมากมาจากความต้องการที่ สูงขึ้นและการขยายตลาดซึ่งทำให้สัดส่วนยอดขายต่างประเทศเพิ่มขึ้นเป็น 26.1% ของรายได้ รวมใน 1Q23 จาก 20.9% ใน 4Q22 และ 19.8% ใน 1Q22

การฟื้นตัวของอัตรากำไรขั้นต้นและความก้าวหน้าในตลาดอินเดีย

เราประทับใจกับอัตรากำไรขั้นต้น 1Q23 ที่ฟื้นตัวเป็น 36.1% จาก 32.1% ใน 4Q22 จาก 1) ต้นทุนวัตถุดิบที่ลดลง; และ 2) การเปลี่ยนแปลงในด้าน Product Mix นอกจากนี้สัดส่วน ค่าใช้จ่ายการขายและบริหารต่อยอดขายยังอยู่ที่ 18.4% ลดลงจาก 19.2% ใน 4Q22 และ 18.7% ใน 1Q22 จากปริมาณขายรวมที่สูงขึ้น ในขณะเดียวกันเราเห็นว่าการขยายตลาดอินเดีย ก็ปรับตัวดีขึ้นด้วย RBF รับรู้ส่วนแบ่งกำไรจากอินเดียจำนวน 0.96 ลบ. ใน 1Q23 เพิ่มจาก 0.02 ลบ. ใน 4Q22 หมายเหตุ RBF ส่งออกคำสั่งซื้อแรกไปยังอินเดียใน 4Q22 ใน 1Q23 รายได้จากอินเดีย (ผ่านกิจการร่วมค้ากล่าวคือ RBS-TU Food Ingredients Private Limited) อยู่ที่ 15 ลบ. และคิดเป็น 50% ของเป้ารายได้จากอินเดียของ RBF ในปี 2023 ที่ 30 ลบ.

คงมุมมองเชิงบวกต่อแหวโห้มในช่วง 2H23

กำไรปกติของ RBF ใน 1Q23 คิดเป็น 24% ของประมาณการเต็มปีของเรา เราคาดว่ากำไร ในช่วง 2H23 จะโตดีต่อเนื่อง h-h และ y-y จากปัจจัยด้านฤดูกาลของธุรกิจ ตันทุนวัตถุดิบที่ ลดลงและการเติบโตอย่างต่อเนื่องในอินเดีย RBS-TU ได้ซื้อที่ดินเพื่อก่อสร้างสายการผลิต Food Coating ในอินเดียเรียบร้อยแล้ว บริษัทฯ ระบุว่าการก่อสร้างโรงงานจะแล้วเสร็จภายใน 6-9 เดือนพร้อมคาดว่าการดำเนินงานจะเริ่มได้ในช่วง 1H24

คงแนะนำซื้อ

เราคงประมาณการกำไรปกติปี 2023 ไว้ที่ 664 ลบ. (+44.5% y-y) เราคงแนะนำซื้อที่ราคา เป้าหมาย 13.5 บาท (40x ของค่า 2023E P/E) ราคาหุ้นปรับตัวลดลงไปแล้ว 16% ตั้งแต่ตันปี 2023 ทำให้มี Upside อยู่ที่ 24%222

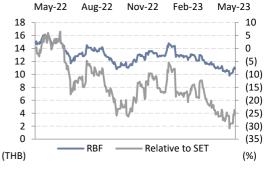




TARGET PRICE	THB13.50
CLOSE	THB10.90
UP/DOWNSIDE	+23.9%
TP vs CONSENSUS	+6.9%

KEY STOCK DATA

YE Dec (THB m)	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	3,961	4,554	5,104	5,677
Net profit	482	664	772	881
EPS (THB)	0.24	0.33	0.39	0.44
vs Consensus (%)	-	(2.1)	(0.8)	9.2
EBITDA	809	1,103	1,298	1,494
Core net profit	459	664	772	881
Core EPS (THB)	0.23	0.33	0.39	0.44
EPS growth (%)	(3.3)	44.5	16.3	14.1
Core P/E (x)	47.5	32.8	28.2	24.8
Dividend yield (%)	0.9	1.8	2.1	2.4
EV/EBITDA (x)	26.4	19.4	16.4	14.1
Price/book (x)	5.0	4.8	4.5	4.2
Net debt/Equity (%)	(11.4)	(9.3)	(11.3)	(14.7)
ROE (%)	10.7	14.8	16.3	17.4



Share price performance	1 Month	3 Month	12 Month
Absolute (%)	0.0	(14.8)	(25.3)
Relative to country (%)	2.0	(10.2)	(24.2)
Mkt cap (USD m)			641
3m avg. daily turnover (USD m)			0.9
Free float (%)			28
Major shareholder	Ratanapoo	ompinyo Far	milly (62%)
12m high/low (THB)			16.80/9.55
Issued shares (m)			2,000.00

Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates



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PREPARED BY FSS INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT ADVISORY SECURITIES CO LTD (FSSIA). ANALYST CERTIFICATION AND IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES CAN BE FOUND AT THE END OF THIS REPORT

Exhibit 1: 1Q23 earnings results

4Q21		1Q22	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	1Q23	Cha	nge
	(THB m)	(q-q%)	(y-y%)					
Sales	928	984	978	994	1,005	1,056	5.1	7.3
Cost of sales	633	615	643	675	682	674	(1.2)	9.7
Gross profit	295	370	335	319	323	382	18.3	3.2
SG&A	179	184	190	195	193	194	0.4	5.1
Operating profit	119	189	146	124	131	189	44.7	(0.1)
Interest expense	2.8	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.5	2.3	(5.7)	1.8
Tax expense	23	35	31	29	19	29	53.7	(16.0)
Profit (loss) sharing - India	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.96	nm	nm
Reported net profit	103	163	115	110	94	147	56.2	(9.9)
Core profit	93	150	112	90	108	159	47.2	5.9
Key ratios (%)							(ppt)	(ppt)
Gross margin	31.8	37.5	34.2	32.1	32.1	36.1	4.0	(1.4)
SG&A to sales	19.2	18.7	19.4	19.7	19.2	18.4	(0.9)	(0.4)
Operating margin	12.8	19.2	14.9	12.5	13.0	17.9	4.9	(1.3)
Net margin	11.1	16.5	11.8	11.1	9.4	13.9	4.5	(2.6)
Core margin	10.0	15.2	11.4	9.1	10.7	15.0	4.3	(0.2)
Operating statistics (THB m)								
Domestic	733	789	771	788	795	780	(1.9)	(1.2)
Overseas	195	195	207	205	210	276	31.3	41.5

Source: RBF

Financial Statements

R&B Food Supply

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue	3,384	3,961	4,554	5,104	5,677
Cost of goods sold	(1,919)	(2,397)	(2,645)	(2,902)	(3,178)
Gross profit	1,465	1,565	1,909	2,202	2,499
Other operating income	7	7	14	15	17
Operating costs	(663)	(763)	(820)	(919)	(1,022)
Operating EBITDA	809	809	1,103	1,298	1,494
Depreciation	(207)	(219)	(279)	(339)	(399)
Goodwill amortisation	0	0	0	0	0
Operating EBIT	603	590	824	960	1,096
Net financing costs	(9)	(9)	(9)	(12)	(15)
Associates	-	-	-	-	-
Recurring non-operating income	0	0	0	0	0
Non-recurring items	(55)	23	0	0	0
Profit before tax	539	604	815	948	1,081
Tax	(116)	(113)	(147)	(171)	(195)
Profit after tax	423	491	668	777	886
Minority interests	(3)	(9)	(5)	(5)	(6)
Preferred dividends	0	Ó	Ó	Ó	Ó
Other items	-	-	-	-	-
Reported net profit	420	482	664	772	881
Non-recurring items & goodwill (net)	55	(23)	0	0	0
Recurring net profit	475	459	664	772	881
Per share (THB)					
Recurring EPS *	0.24	0.23	0.33	0.39	0.44
Reported EPS	0.21	0.24	0.33	0.39	0.44
DPS	0.15	0.10	0.20	0.23	0.26
Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data)	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Growth					
Revenue (%)	6.7	17.1	15.0	12.1	11.2
Operating EBITDA (%)	(5.3)	(0.1)	36.3	17.7	15.1
Operating EBIT (%)	(9.6)	(2.0)	39.6	16.4	14.2
Recurring EPS (%)	(11.8)	(3.3)	44.5	16.3	14.1
Reported EPS (%)	(19.1)	14.8	37.6	16.3	14.1
Operating performance					
Gross margin inc. depreciation (%)	37.2	34.0	35.8	36.5	37.0
Gross margin of key business (%)	37.2	34.0	35.8	36.5	37.0
Operating EBITDA margin (%)	23.9	20.4	24.2	25.4	26.3
Operating EBIT margin (%)	17.8	14.9	18.1	18.8	19.3
Net margin (%)	14.0	11.6	14.6	15.1	15.5
Effective tax rate (%)	21.5	18.7	18.0	18.0	18.0
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	63.1	43.5	60.0	60.0	60.0
Interest cover (X)	68.0	64.5	88.5	80.0	74.6
Inventory days	166.1	168.0	177.9	180.5	182.4
Debtor days	91.2	85.2	85.0	85.1	85.5
Creditor days	81.2	77.3	75.1	74.3	75.1
Operating ROIC (%)	14.9	13.7	17.1	18.9	(5.2)
ROIC (%)	14.3	13.0	16.1	17.7	(4.9)
ROE (%)	11.4	10.7	14.8	16.3	17.4
ROA (%)	9.8	9.3	12.7	14.0	14.6
* Pre exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted				• • • •	
Revenue by Division (THB m)	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Flavouring agents and Food colouring	1,194	1,292	1,550	1,782	1,996
Flood coating				2,184	2,409
•	1,335	1,787	1,987		
Dehydrated products Frozen	214 68	272 60	318 67	366 75	420 84
1 102611	00	00	07	75	04

Sources: R&B Food Supply; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

R&B Food Supply

Cash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Recurring net profit	475	459	664	772	881
Depreciation	207	219	279	339	399
Associates & minorities	0	0	0	0	(
Other non-cash items	14	11	(1)	2	(004)
Change in working capital Cash flow from operations	(135) 562	(354) 335	(234) 708	(221) 891	(231) 1,05 0
Capex - maintenance	502	-	700	091	1,030
Capex - maintenance Capex - new investment	-	(456)	(367)	(300)	(300
Net acquisitions & disposals	_	(430)	(507)	(500)	(300)
Other investments (net)	30	(109)	(28)	(9)	(9
Cash flow from investing	30	(565)	(395)	(309)	(309)
Dividends paid	(300)	(295)	(398)	(463)	(528
Equity finance	0	0	0	0	(020)
Debt finance	(129)	19	(10)	(10)	(11
Other financing cash flows	(1)	(3)	10	8	` g
Cash flow from financing	(430)	(278)	(398)	(465)	(530
Non-recurring cash flows	-	-	-	-	
Other adjustments	0	0	0	0	(
let other adjustments	0	0	0	0	(
Novement in cash	162	(508)	(85)	118	210
Free cash flow to firm (FCFF)	600.43	(220.64)	322.55	594.44	755.37
Free cash flow to equity (FCFE)	461.77	(213.05)	313.20	580.70	738.77
Per share (THB)					
FCFF per share	0.30	(0.11)	0.16	0.30	0.38
FCFE per share	0.23	(0.11)	0.16	0.29	0.37
Recurring cash flow per share	0.35	0.34	0.47	0.56	0.64
Balance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
angible fixed assets (gross)	3,031	3,133	3,433	3,733	4,033
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,188)	(1,092)	(1,370)	(1,709)	(2,108)
Tangible fixed assets (net)	1,842	2,041	2,063	2,024	1,925
ntangible fixed assets (net)	6	6	11	11	11
ong-term financial assets	-	-	-	-	400
nvest. in associates & subsidiaries	69	180	180	180	180
Cash & equivalents	1,176	668	583	700	910
A/C receivable	850	998	1,123	1,259	1,400
nventories Other current assets	989 23	1,217 44	1,362 50	1,510 56	1,666 62
Current assets	3,039	2,927	3,117	3,524	4,038
Other assets	5,039	2,927 51	73	3,324 82	4,03 0
Total assets	5,006	5,204	5,444	5,821	6,246
Common equity	4,224	4,373	4,572	4,881	5,233
Ainorities etc.	12	23	22	24	26
Total shareholders' equity	4,237	4,397	4,594	4,905	5,259
ong term debt	156	157	147	136	12
Other long-term liabilities	61	58	68	77	8
ong-term liabilities	217	215	215	213	21
VC payable	487	528	561	622	686
Short term debt	12	10	10	11	1′
Other current liabilities	53	54	64	71	79
Current liabilities	552	593	634	704	770
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	5,006	5,204	5,444	5,821	6,246
Net working capital	1,323	1,676	1,910	2,131	2,363
nvested capital	3,290	3,954	4,237	4,428	4,570
Includes convertibles and preferred stock which is being	ng treated as debt				
Per share (THB)					
Book value per share	2.11	2.19	2.29	2.44	2.6
angible book value per share	2.11	2.18	2.28	2.43	2.6
Financial strength					2.0
let debt/equity (%)	(23.8)	(11.4)	(9.3)	(11.3)	(14.7
let debt/total assets (%)	(20.1)	(9.6)	(7.8)	(9.5)	(12.4
Current ratio (x)	5.5	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.
CF interest cover (x)	53.1	27.5	74.0	74.4	71.
aluation	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025
Recurring P/E (x) *	45.9	47.5	32.8	28.2	24.
Recurring P/E @ target price (x) *	56.8	58.8	40.7	35.0	30.
Reported P/E (x)	51.9	45.2	32.8	28.2	24.
Dividend yield (%)	1.4	0.9	1.8	2.1	2.
Price/book (x)	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.5	4.
Price/tangible book (x)	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.5	4.
EV/EBITDA (x) **	25.7	26.4	19.4	16.4	14.
			044	20.4	17.
EV/EBITDA @ target price (x) ** EV/invested capital (x)	32.1 6.3	32.8 5.4	24.1 5.1	4.8	4.

Sources: R&B Food Supply; FSSIA estimates

Public disclosures related to sustainable development evaluation of Thai listed companies

Rating regarding the sustainable development of Thai listed companies, both on the SET and MAI, are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand (SEC). Currently, ratings available are 1) "CG Score" by the Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD); 2) "AGM Checklist" by the Thai Investors Association (TIA), a "CAC certified member" of the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC); and 3) Sustainability Investment List (THSI) by the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The ratings are updated on an annual basis. FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such ratings.

CG Score by the Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD) 1

The CG Score indicates corporate governance (CG) strength in the sustainable development of Thai listed companies. Annually, the Thai IOD, with support from the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET), surveys and assesses the CG practices of companies and publishes the results on the Thai IOD website in a bid to promote and enhance the CG of Thai listed companies in order to promote compliance with international standards for better investment decisions. The results are from the perspective of a third party, not an evaluation of operations, as of the date appearing in the report, and may be changed after that date.

The five underlying categories and weighting used for the CG scoring in 2022 include the rights of shareholders and equitable treatment of shareholders (weight 25% combined), the role of stakeholders (25%), disclosure and transparency (15%), and board responsibilities (35%).

The CGR report rates CG in six categories: 5 for Excellent (score range 90-100), 4 for Very Good (score range 80-89), 3 for Good (Score range 70-79), 2 for Fair (score range 60-69), 1 for Pass (score range 60-69), and not rated (score below 50).

AGM Checklist by the Thai Investors Association (TIA)²

The "AGM Checklist" quantifies the extent to which shareholders' rights and equitable treatment are incorporated into business operations and the extent to which information is sufficiently disclosed and the level of its transparency. All the considered factors form important elements of two out of five the CG components. Annually, the TIA, with support from the SEC, leads the project to evaluate the quality of Annual General Meetings of Shareholders (AGMs) and to rate quality of the meetings.

The Checklist contains the minimum requirements under law that companies must comply with, or best practices according to international CG guidance. Representatives of the TIA will attend the meetings and perform the evaluation. The assessment criteria cover AGM procedures before the meeting (45%), at the meeting date (45%), and after the meeting (10%). The first assesses 1) advance circulation of sufficient information for voting; and 2) facilitating of how voting rights can be exercised. The second assesses 1) the ease of attending meetings; 2) transparency and verifiability; and 3) openness for Q&A. The third involves the meeting minutes that should contain discussion issues, resolutions and voting results.

The results are classified into four categories: 5 for Excellent (score 100), 4 for Very Good (score 90-99), 3 for Fair (score 80-89), and not rated (score below 79).

CAC certified member by the Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption (CAC)3

A <u>CAC certified member</u> is a listed company whose Checklist satisfies the CAC Certification's criteria and is approved by the CAC Council. The core elements of the Checklist include corruption risk assessment, establishment of key controls, and the monitoring and developing of policies. Note that the CAC does not certify the behaviour of the employees nor whether the companies have engaged in bribery, and Certification is good for three years.

Companies deciding to become a CAC certified member start with by submitting a Declaration of Intent signed by the Chairman of the Board to kick off the 18-month deadline for companies to submit the CAC Checklist for Certification. The 18-month provision is for risk assessment, in place of policy and control, training of managers and employees, establishment of whistleblowing channels, and communication of policies to all stakeholders.

The checklist document will be reviewed by the CAC Certification Committee for adequate information and evidence. It is worth noting that the committee consists of nine professionals in business law, corporate governance, internal audit, financial audit and experienced representatives from certified members.

A passed Checklist will move on to the <u>CAC Council</u> for granting certification approvals. The CAC Council consists of twelve prominent individuals who are highly respected in professionalism and ethical achievements. Among them are former ministers, a former central bank governor, the former head of the Thai Listed Companies Association, Chairman of Anti-Corruption Organizations (Thailand), Chairman of Thai Institute of Directors, and reputable academic scholars.

Sustainability Investment (THSI)⁴ by the Stock Exchange of Thailand (<u>SET</u>)

Thailand Sustainability Investment (THSI) quantifies responsibility in Environmental, and Social issues, by managing business with transparency in Governance. The THSI serves as another choice for investors who desire to adopt a responsible investment approach, according to the SET.

Annually, the SET will announce the voluntary participation of the company candidates which pass the preemptive criteria, and whose two key crucial conditions are met, i.e. no irregular trading of the board members and executives and a free float of >150 by the number of shareholders, and combined holding must >15% of paid-up capital. Some key disqualifying criteria include a CG score of below 70%; independent directors and free float violation; executives' wrongdoing related to CG, social and environmental impacts, equity in negative territory, and earnings in the red for more than three years in the last five years. To become eligible for THSI, the candidate must pass three indicators in data declaration: Economic (CG, risk management, customer relation management, supply chain management, and innovation); Environmental (environmental management, eco-efficiency, and climate risk); Social (human rights, talent attraction, operational health & safety, community development, and stakeholder engagement); and the incorporation of ESG in business operations.

To be approved for THSI inclusion, verified data must be scored at a 50% minimum for each indicator, unless the company is a part of the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices⁵ (DJSI) during the assessment year. The scoring will be fairly weighted against the nature of the relevant industry and materiality.

Note that, from the THSI list, the SET further developed a sustainability <u>SETTHSI Index</u> in June 2018 from selected THSI companies whose 1) market capitalisation > THB5b (~USD150b); 2) free float >20%; and 3) liquidity >0.5% of paid-up capital for at least 9 out of 12 months. The SETTHSI Index is a market capitalisation-weighted index, cap 5% quarterly weight at maximum, and no cap for number of stocks.

Sources: <u>SEC</u>; <u>Thai IOD</u>; <u>Thai CAC</u>; <u>SET</u>; FSSIA's compilation

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Thai Institute of Directors Association (Thai IOD) was established in December 1999 and is a membership organisation that strives to promote professionalism in directorship. The Thai IOD offers directors certification and professional development courses, provides a variety of seminars, forums and networking events, and conducts research on board governance issues and practices. Membership comprises board members from companies ranging from large publicly listed companies to small private firms.

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Thai Private Sector Collective Action against Corruption (CAC) was founded in 2010 and is 100% privately funded. It is an initiative by the Thai private sector to take part in tackling corruption problems via collective action. The CAC promotes the implementation of effective anti-corruption policies in order to create a transparent business ecosystem by developing a unique certification program for large/medium/small companies to apply for and to control corruption risk systematically and efficiently. The CAC's operations are sponsored by the US-based Center for Private Enterprise (CIPE) and the UK Prosperity Fund.

Sustainability Investment List (THSI), created by the Stock Exchange of Thailand in 2015, comprises the listed companies that conduct sustainable business operations.

⁵ Dow Jones Sustainability Indices – Wikipedia – Launched in 1999, DJSI evaluates the sustainability performance of companies based on corporate economic, environmental, and social performance.

GENERAL DISCLAIMER

ANALYST(S) CERTIFICATION

Sureeporn Teewasuwet FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

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History of change in investment rating and/or target price



Sureeporn Teewasuwet started covering this stock from 20-Mar-2023

Price and TP are in local currency

Source: FSSIA estimates

Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
R&B Food Supply	RBF TB	THB 10.90	BUY	Downside risks to our P/E-based TP include 1) a slower-than-expected consumption recovery; 2) high volatility in raw material costs; 3) a weaker THB than expected; and 4) a slower-than-expected India expansion.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited

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All share prices are as at market close on 12-May-2023 unless otherwise stated.

RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

Industry Recommendations

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months.

Neutral. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months.

Underweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

Country (Strategy) Recommendations

Overweight (O). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.