

Thailand Media and Publishing

Selecting a diamond in the rough

- We revise down our adex growth forecast in 2022 from 7.4% to 4.7% due to the uncertain factors in 2H22.
- Despite the lower adex forecast, we think the situation in 2H22 won't be worse than 1H22 – but there is still a risk of no significant improvement in 3Q22.
- Downgrade sector weight to NEUTRAL. ONEE and PLANB are our top picks.

Expect 2022 adex to grow by 4.7%

We revise our adex growth forecast for 2022 down from 7.4% to 4.7% to reflect the weak economic outlook, high inflation, and weak consumer purchasing power. We think TV adex could fall 2% y-y, but out-of-home (OOH) adex could surge by 27% thanks to the public's resumption of OOH activity. However, we anticipate no significant improvement in adex in 3Q22 before the arrival of the high season in 4Q22, when the recovery momentum of the Thai economy should manifest. Our adex forecast is in line with the Media Agency Association of Thailand (MAAT)'s projected total adex growth for 2022 of 5-8% y-y.

OTT will play an important role in the future

According to data from the Digital Advertising Association (Thailand) (DAAT), online video is expected to be the media platform with the highest growth potential in 2022 as Thai people have started to watch more content via online media, called over the top (OTT) media. With OTT in Thailand expected to grow rapidly from 2022 onward, the celling is still high given that the OTT penetration rate in Thailand remains low compared to other countries in Southeast Asia. Furthermore, growth in the OTT platform means demand for more content. Media Partners Asia (MPA) also indicated that Southeast Asia's OTT audience watches only 4% Thai content, which is a lot lower than South Korean or Chinese content at 26% and 12%, respectively. Therefore, we believe this to be an opportunity for Thai content creators to create more content and shift their focus toward the OTT platform.

Earnings and momentum are key for 2H22 share prices

Earnings for media companies under our coverage in 1H22 showed a poor performance due to the Omicron variant and led us as well as the Bloomberg consensus to revise down the sector's earnings forecast for 2022. Currently, we believe that while there is no growth in sight for TV earnings, OOH companies still have profit potential. Therefore, we believe the key drivers for media company share prices are earnings visibility and momentum in 2H22.

Downgrade sector weight to NEUTRAL

Uncertainty regarding the Thai economy should continue to pressure adex in 2H22, and we expect the share price performance of media companies to be sluggish at least during 3Q22. Therefore, we downgrade our sector weighting to NEUTRAL from Overweight. We suggest investors target companies in the media sector selectively based on the recovery momentum seen in 2H22. Plan B Media (PLANB TB, BUY, TP THB7.60) and The One Enterprise (ONEE TB, BUY, TP THB12) are our top picks. PLANB is a solid earnings visibility play, while ONEE is a laggard play with a discounted valuation.



Naruedom Mujjalinkool naruedom.muj@fssia.com +66 2611 3566

Adex in July 2022 showed some growth

According to Nielsen, YTD (Jan-Jul) advertising expenditure (adex) grew by 6.4% y-y to THB57b thanks to the recovery in cinema, transit, and outdoor media, driven by the resumption of OOH activity since Apr-22. Meanwhile, TV adex, which is the biggest slice of total adex at 64%, dropped slightly by 0.6% y-y.

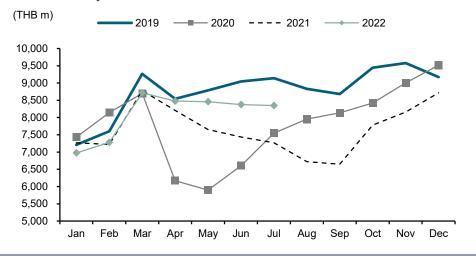
However, adex in Jul-22 showed no improvement from the previous month and was flat m-m at THB8.3b. Moreover, since Apr-22, monthly total adex stood at around THB8.3b-8.4b for four consecutive months, and still lower than the THB8.7b seen in Mar-22. OOH media started to grow, but at a decelerating rate m-m after a big jump at the beginning of the year. Consumer activity has almost recovered to normal levels since early 2Q22, and the growth momentum of OOH adex is still better than TV adex.

Exhibit 1: Advertising expenditure

	Jul-21	Jun-22	Jul-22	Cha	nge	YTD'21	YTD'22	Change	2021	2022E	Change
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y %)	(m-m %)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y %)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y %)
TV	5,201	5,172	5,322	2.3	2.9	37,288	37,061	(0.6)	63,662	62,389	(2.0)
Radio	282	294	305	8.2	3.7	1,861	1,884	1.2	3,261	3,163	(3.0)
Newspapers	239	224	242	1.3	8.0	1,464	1,409	(3.8)	2,506	2,406	(4.0)
Magazines	48	48	45	(6.3)	(6.3)	352	335	(4.8)	602	566	(6.0)
Cinema	38	704	612	1510.5	(13.1)	1,820	4,148	127.9	3,420	5,814	70.0
Outdoor	460	607	681	48.0	12.2	3,565	4,185	17.4	6,092	7,006	15.0
Transit	338	511	535	58.3	4.7	2,166	3,165	46.1	3,617	5,245	45.0
In store	57	75	81	42.1	8.0	391	503	28.6	676	946	40.0
Digital	595	737	525	(11.8)	(28.8)	4,948	4,619	(6.6)	8,121	8,771	8.0
Total	7,258	8,372	8,348	15.0	(0.3)	53,855	57,309	6.4	91,957	96,305	4.7
Out of home	855	1,193	1,297	51.7	8.7	6,122	7,853	28.3	10,385	13,197	27.1

Sources: Nielsen; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 2: Monthly adex



Sources: Nielsen; FSSIA's compilation

TV adex YTD performance review

TV adex, which is the biggest proportion of total adex at 64% YTD (Jan-Jul), dropped slightly by 0.6% y-y to THB37b. TV adex started softening after Apr-22 onward, especially during June and July due to the weak economic outlook, high inflation, and weak consumer purchasing power. We believe there are three key reasons why TV adex has underperformed even as total adex grew by 6.4% during the same period.

1) The shift of advertising budgets from TV back to OOH. This can be explained by the proportion of TV adex compared to total adex last year. In 2021, TV adex accounted for 69% of total adex, higher than the pre-Covid level of around 67%. This indicates that due to the lockdowns imposed during the Delta variant phase of the Covid outbreak, most people stayed home or worked from home. This led to an abnormal situation in which advertisers boosted their TV advertising budgets to access the much larger TV audience and cut back on OOH media.

Exhibit 3: YTD (Jan-Jul 2021) adex contribution

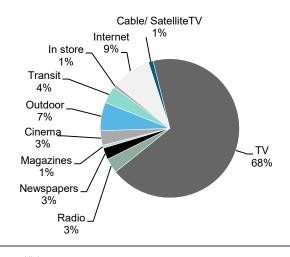
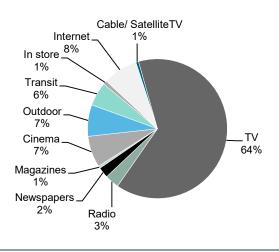


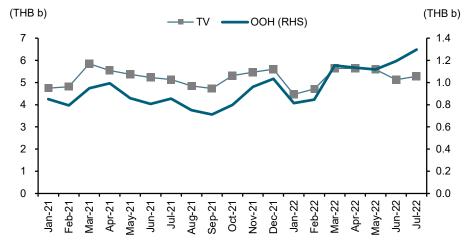
Exhibit 4: YTD (Jan-Jul 2022) adex contribution



Source: Nielsen Source: Nielsen

This year, the proportion of TV adex has fallen to 64% YTD, even lower than the pre-Covid level. We believe this shows that some advertisers have shifted their advertising budgets back to OOH media in line with the recovery in OOH activities. This interpretation is backed by the divergent growth trends of OOH media and TV media, with OOH adex showing significant growth from May-22 onward – the first month that OOH activity resumed.

Exhibit 5: TV vs OOH adex



Source: Nielsen

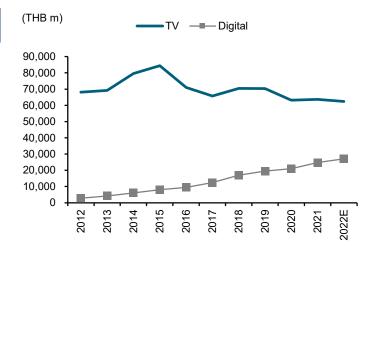
- 2) Economic slowdown. As we mentioned earlier, the weak economic outlook, high inflation, and weak consumer purchasing power have directly impacted TV adex, the biggest proportion of total adex. In our view, there were two reasons for TV adex's decline amid the economic slowdown.
 - a. Fast Moving Consumer Goods. Most of the products and services that advertise heavily on TV media are from the Fast Moving Consumer Goods (FMCG) segment, which are products that sell quickly and at a relatively low cost. Examples include non-durable household goods such as packaged foods, beverages, toiletries, cosmetics, and others. Therefore, due to weakening consumer purchasing power, households are forced to reduce their consumption to pay off debt, which slows economic growth. Moreover, the rising cost of production may cause some advertisers to lower or postpone spending as they assess the situation.

In the exhibit below, we can see that spending on some of the topranked FMCG product categories slumped YTD, which led to a slowdown in TV adex during the same period.

Exhibit 6: Adex top spending by category

No. Adex Top Rank Category Jan - Jun-21 Jan - Jun-22 Change (THB m) (THB m) (y-y %) 4,237 1 Non-alcoholic beverages 4.390 2 Retail stores* 2,387 2,546 7 3 Motor vehicles 2 395 2 384 (0.5)2,255 4 Skin-care preparations 2.506 (10)5 Government 1,229 1,940 58 6 Oral products 18 1,595 1,884 7 Dairy products 1,757 1,837 5 8 Vitamins & Supplementary 1.806 1.718 (5) 9 **Toiletries** 1,647 1,622 (2)Household cleaners (17)10 1,961 1.620 11 Communications 1,912 1,537 (20)12 Hair preparations 2,065 (27)1,500 13 Foodstuffs 1,173 1,197 2 14 Websites & Applications 920 1.129 23 15 Pharmaceuticals 959 1,045 9 16 Electrical non-audio/visual 1,016 879 (13)855 12 17 Seasoning products 761 18 Snack foods 789 839 6 19 Banks 589 770 31 20 Insurance 786 615 (22)

Exhibit 7: Adex for TV vs digital



Note: *Excludes direct sales

Source: MAAT

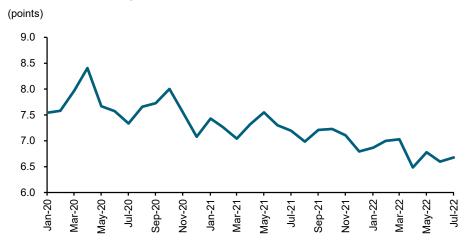
Sources: DAAT; Nielsen

b. Advertisers chose cheaper media alternatives. While TV media is the most powerful mass market advertising tool, it also comes with the highest cost compared to other media such as digital media. Therefore, we believe that amid an economic slowdown, ad spenders may opt to direct a greater proportion of their advertising budgets toward lower-cost alternatives such as digital media. Furthermore, digital media allows more precise audience targeting.

DAAT projects 9% adex growth in digital media for 2022 at THB27b, while MAAT projects TV adex growth between -2% to +1% this year.

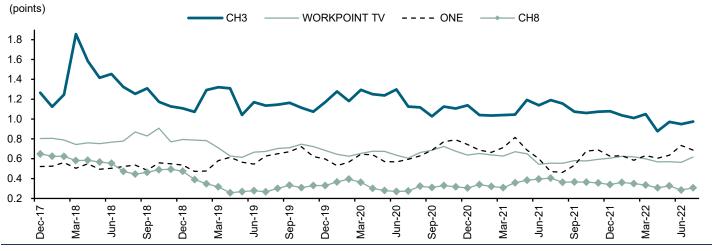
- 3) Total TV ratings are on a declining trend. We believe there are several key reasons why the total TV rating, which represents the total number of households in Thailand watching TV, is declining. These include:
 - a. The resumption of OOH activity;
 - b. The growing OTT platform that allows audiences to watch their favourite TV channels on other devices such as their PC, mobile phone, or tablet. Note that TV ratings data collected by Nielsen covers only the TV-viewing audience;
 - c. Lack of flagship content. Given that the economic outlook in 1H22 remained precarious, most ad spenders lacked the confidence to advertise heavily in 1H22. This led TV operators to postpone their flagship content to 2H22 in order to maximise their potential to receive the highest advertising price possible.

Exhibit 8: Total TV rating



Note: Age 4+; nationwide; 24 hrs Sources: Nielsen; TV Digital Watch

Exhibit 9: TV channel ratings under our coverage



Sources: Nielsen; TV digital watch

OOH adex YTD performance review

OOH media, which includes outdoor, transit, and in-store media, posted solid growth in adex YTD (Jan-Jul), growing by 24% y-y to THB12b. This was mainly driven by transit media that surged by 46% y-y, following by in-store media which grew by 29% y-y.

Exhibit 10: Transit adex vs mass transit ridership

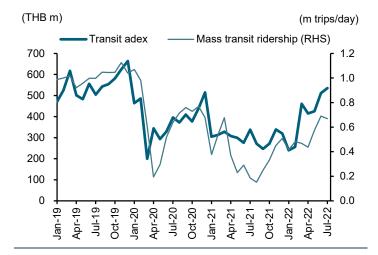
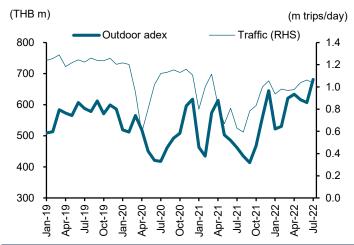


Exhibit 11: Outdoor adex vs expressway traffic

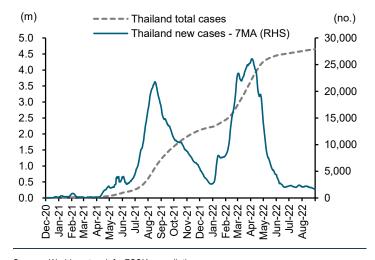


Sources: BTSGIF; BEM; Nielsen; FSSIA compilation

Sources: BEM; Nielsen; FSSIA compilation

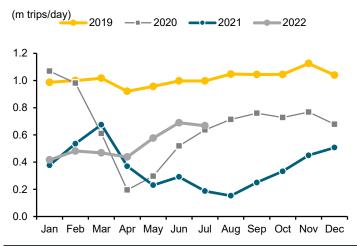
Although Thailand was hit hard by the Omicron variant in 1Q22, and the number of daily infections reached a record high, the Omicron variant's reduced severity allowed a significant recovery in the public's mobility that began in May-22. This helped OOH adex to post solid growth both q-q and y-y during 2Q22.

Exhibit 12: Thailand's daily Covid cases



 $Sources: Worldometers. in fo; FSSIA\ compilation$

Exhibit 13: Mass transit ridership



Sources: BTSGIF; BEM; FSSIA compilation

Key takeaways from exclusive interview with MAAT president

On 29 Aug-22, FSSIA was granted an exclusive interview with Dr. Tharaputh Charuvatana, president of the Media Agency Association of Thailand (MAAT), who offered key insights into the advertising expenditure outlook for 2H22.

In MAAT's view, Thailand's economy grew faster than expected in 1Q22 supported by increased exports, rising domestic demand and a recovery in tourism. The recovery was uneven across sectors, with the highest growth in agriculture, accommodation and food, retail, transportation, and communications. While business sentiment and mobility has returned to near-normal levels, the outlook is highly uncertain due to the risk of higher inflation driven by energy prices.

The 5% growth in adex during 1H22 was driven by retail, websites, applications, banking, and government advertising. The most popular media formats continue to be digital and OOH due to the relaxation of the government's lockdown policy and the improvement in the epidemic situation. There are also many advertisers in the market generating more adex through investment in TV advertising media, he added.

Exhibit 14: Post-Covid adex growth by category

	1H22
	(h-h %)
Digital lifestyle	
Pay TV/OTT	258
TV	126
E-marketplace	36
OOH activities	
Restaurants	58
Trade/Fair	184
Travel & Tours	30
Financial security	
2nd hand car app	1,127
Commercial loans	1,069
Auto leasing	64

Source: MAAT

Concern over economic outlook

Although the market has a positive outlook, with +3.3% GDP growth forecast by the Bank of Thailand (BoT), MAAT still sees many factors that could slow growth, especially inflation and household debt, which have a direct impact on consumer purchasing power. Consumers may be forced to reduce discretionary spending in order to pay off debt, and inflation may drive production costs higher, forcing some advertisers to slash or postpone ad spending as they wait for signs of improvement.

Thailand Media and Publishing

MAAT forecasts two adex scenarios for 2022

MAAT's adex forecast for 2022 is based on two scenarios, a worst case and a best case. The key factors include:

Positive factors

- 1. The softening THB will drive export value growth over the short term, especially for agricultural products and food;
- 2. Higher inflation and decreased consumer purchasing power. Potential growth categories are loans, leasing and the used car and housing markets;
- 3. Rising global awareness of green energy and the push for zero carbon emissions will drive growth in alternative energy, electric vehicles (EVs), and corporate social responsibility campaigns;
- 4. The health-consciousness trend will continue, with health and medical services growth driven by both domestic and in-bound demand;
- 5. Business activity and mobility have returned to near-normal levels as retail, entertainment, events, fairs and exhibitions continue to recover;
- 6. In-bound and domestic tourism and hospitality will continue to grow. "Thai Tiew Thai Phase 4" will also stimulate short-term domestic consumption;
- 7. Digital disruptions will continue in categories such as e-commerce, super applications (mobile phone apps that provide a variety of services such as Grab, or Line Man), OTT, and finance.

Negative factors

- 1. The inflation rate and production costs may continue to rise;
- Household debt now exceeds 90% of Thai GDP:
- 3. Weakening consumer purchasing power as households reduce consumption to pay off debts, which acts as a drag on economic growth;
- 4. The rising cost of production may force some advertisers to reduce or postpone spending as they assess the situation.

Worst-case scenario: 2022 adex could grow by only 5%

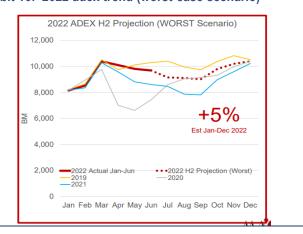
Under MAAT's worst-case scenario, all the negative factors such as inflation and cost of production will continue to rise in 2H22 and cause adex in 2H22 to recover at a slower-than-expected rate. Under this scenario, MAAT expects a mere 5% growth in adex for 2022.

If this happens, MAAT projects TV adex to decline slightly by 2% y-y, while adex in other traditional media including radio, newspapers, and magazines could face double-digit declines. Cinema should enjoy the strongest growth of 62% y-y thanks to the full year of reopened movie theatres and a strong film lineup. OOH media including outdoor, transit, and in-store should also post double-digit growth thanks to business re-openings, the higher mobility rate, and more daily commuters on public transportation.

Exhibit 15: 2022 adex projection (worst-case scenario)

	2021	1H21	1H22	Change	2022E	Change
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(h-h %)	(THB m)	(y-y %)
TV	63,112	31,647	30,607	(3)	62,000	(2)
Radio	3,421	1,688	1,588	(6)	3,000	(12)
Newspapers	3,537	1,341	1,232	(8)	2,500	(29)
Magazines	694	333	304	(9)	500	(28)
Cinema	3,398	1,958	3,739	91	5,500	62
Outdoor	6,042	3,363	3,724	11	7,000	16
Transit	3,594	2,012	2,800	39	5,000	39
In store	672	366	450	23	1,000	49
Digital*	24,766	11,094	12,212	10	28,000	13
Total	109,236	53,802	56,655	5	114,500	5

Exhibit 16: 2022 adex trend (worst-case scenario)



Note: Adex data collected by MAAT includes data from Nielsen and DAAT, which will differ from the adex data from Nielsen collected by FSSIA

Source: MAAT

Source: MAAT

Best-case scenario: 2022 adex could grow by 8%

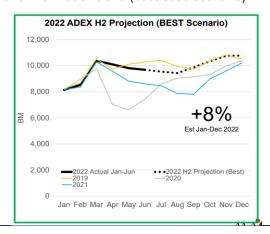
Under MAAT's best-case scenario, all the negative factors such as inflation and cost of production will stabilise in 2H22, and the Thai economic recovery gains strength in 4Q22 as positive factors begin to outweigh the negatives. This would allow adex to grow by 8% in 2022, slightly better than the worst-case scenario of 5% growth.

Under these conditions, MAAT expects TV adex to grow slightly by 1% y-y. TV campaigns for new brands and product launches and the upcoming festive season in 4Q22 should be the key drivers for TV adex outperforming the worst-case scenario. Other traditional media including radio, newspapers, and magazines, however, should continue to see their adex fall at the same rate as in the worst-case scenario. On the other hand, cinema, transit, in-store, and digital adex should enjoy better growth compared to the worst-case scenario.

Exhibit 17: 2022 adex projection (best-case scenario)

	2021	1H21	1H22	Change	2022E	Change
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(h-h %)	(THB m)	(y-y %)
TV	63,112	31,647	30,607	(3)	63,500	1
Radio	3,421	1,688	1,588	(6)	3,000	(12)
Newspapers	3,537	1,341	1,232	(8)	2,500	(29)
Magazines	694	333	304	(9)	500	(28)
Cinema	3,398	1,958	3,739	91	5,800	71
Outdoor	6,042	3,363	3,724	11	7,000	16
Transit	3,594	2,012	2,800	39	5,500	53
In store	672	366	450	23	1,200	79
Digital*	24,766	11,094	12,212	10	29,000	17
Total	109,236	53,802	56,655	5	118,000	8

Exhibit 18: 2022 adex trend (best-case scenario)



Note: Adex data collected by MAAT includes data from Nielsen and DAAT, which will differ from Source: MAAT Nielsen adex data collected by FSSIA

Source: MAAT

Summary of adex forecast by MAAT

Although there is still a risk of economic uncertainty during 2H22, MAAT projects 2022 adex growth at 5-8%, which is better than the agency's previous expectation at the beginning of the year of 2-5% growth. We think this shows the adex recovery during 1H22 was better than MAAT's expectation.

In our view, the key reason for the change was the less-severe-than-expected impact of the Omicron variant in 1Q22, which led to a significant rise in OOH activity starting from May-22. Although there are new negative factors that affect the adex outlook for 2H22 such as high inflation and the rising of cost of production, MAAT believes there are some better-than-expected positive factors that could partially offset the negatives such as the recovery in tourism and business activity, near-normal mobility rates, and growth in e-commerce and digital services. While MAAT revised up its adex targets for cinema, OOH, and digital media, due to inflation and rising production costs that directly impact FMCG, MAAT reduced its TV adex target for this year from THB64b (+1.4% y-y) to THB62b (-2% y-y).

Exhibit 19: Forecast of new daily Covid cases by MAAT

Cases
35,000
30,000
25,000
20,000
GDP -1.4%

Soptember forecast

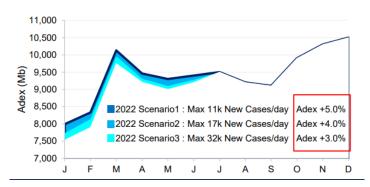
Worst case

September forecast

Werse case

Mar-21 Apr-21 Mar-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Aug-21 Sep-21 Oct-21 Nov-21 Dec-21 Jan-22 Feb-22Mar-22 Apr-22 Mary-22 Jun-22

Exhibit 20: 2022 adex projection by MAAT in Mar-22



Source: MAAT

Note: Forecast as of Jan-22 Sources: WHO; Krungsri Research; MAAT

MAAT still positive on 2H22 adex outlook

By comparing the full-year adex projection from MAAT with 1H22's adex performance, we can see that MAAT still has a positive view on adex for 2H22 of 2% growth h-h. MAAT believes that despite the uncertainty in 3Q22, any sign of a recovery in the Thai economy should result in a strong adex rebound on the expectation of an improvement in the economic situation in 4Q22. In addition, the potential for strong purchasing volume during the annual adex high season in 4Q provides a key support for MAAT's confidence in the adex outlook for 2H22.

Exhibit 21: 2H22 adex outlook projected by MAAT (worst-case)

	1H22	2H22E	Change	2021	2022E	Change
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(h-h %)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y %)
TV	30,607	31,393	2.6	63,112	62,000	(1.8)
Radio	1,588	1,412	(11.1)	3,421	3,000	(12.3)
Newspapers	1,232	1,268	2.9	3,537	2,500	(29.3)
Magazines	304	196	(35.5)	694	500	(28.0)
Cinema	3,739	1,761	(52.9)	3,398	5,500	61.9
Outdoor	3,724	3,276	(12.0)	6,042	7,000	15.9
Transit	2,800	2,200	(21.4)	3,594	5,000	39.1
In store	450	550	22.2	672	1,000	48.8
Digital (DAAT)	12,212	15,788	29.3	24,766	28,000	13.1
Total	56,655	57,845	2.1	109,236	114,500	4.8

Sources: Nielsen; MAAT; FSSIA compilation

OOH to slow down in 2H22?

The most surprising takeaway from FSSIA's exclusive interview with the MAAT president was the forecast for slower OOH adex growth in 2022, based on the agency's worst-case scenario projections of 12% and 21% lower outdoor and transit media adex in 2H22 compared to 1H22. While MAAT confirmed this view in a follow up, this conflicts with our expectation that outdoor adex should slip by only 2% h-h, while transit adex should grow by 27% h-h.

Exhibit 22: MAAT's TV, digital, and total adex forecast

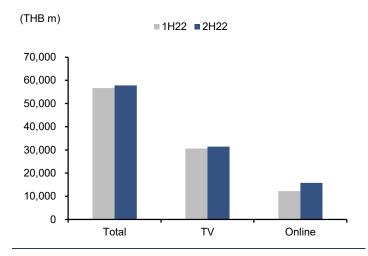
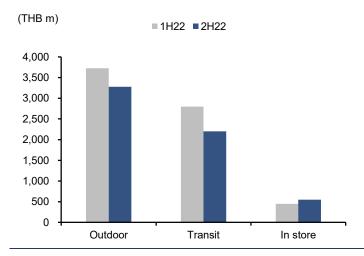


Exhibit 23: MAAT's OOH adex forecast



Sources: MAAT; FSSIA's compilation

Sources: MAAT; FSSIA's compilation

MAAT anticipates a slowdown in OOH adex during 3Q22 due to the rainy season, and a return by Thai consumers to shopping malls as a priority destination. Therefore, MAAT expects adex to favour in-store media at point of sale as a means of influencing consumer purchasing decisions.

Exhibit 24: Summary of adex forecasts by FSSIA and MAAT

	1H22	1H22	2H22	2H22	Char	ge	2022E	2022E	Chan	ge
	FSSIA	MAAT								
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(h-h %)	(h-h %)	(THB m)	(THB m)	(y-y %)	(y-y %)
TV	31,485	30,607	30,904	31,393	(2)	3	62,389	62,000	(2)	(2)
Radio	1,583	1,588	1,580	1,412	(0)	(11)	3,163	3,000	(3)	(12)
Newspapers	1,162	1,232	1,244	1,268	7	3	2,406	2,500	(4)	(29)
Magazines	260	304	306	196	18	(36)	566	500	(6)	(28)
Cinema	3,448	3,739	2,366	1,761	(31)	(53)	5,814	5,500	70	62
Outdoor	3,530	3,724	3,476	3,276	(2)	(12)	7,006	7,000	15	16
Transit	2,308	2,800	2,937	2,200	27	(21)	5,245	5,000	45	39
In store	423	450	523	550	24	22	946	1,000	40	49
Digital *	4,078	12,212	4,693	15,788	15	29	8,771	28,000	9	13
Total	47,446	56,655	48,859	57,845	3	2	96,305	114,500	5	5

Note: For digital adex, FSSIA uses data from Nielsen, while MAAT uses data from DAAT Sources: MAAT; DAAT; FSSIA estimates

Another key reason why MAAT expects a slowdown in OOH adex during 2H22, in our view, could come from its use of different data from a different source. We note that our 1H22 adex figures for outdoor and transit media from Nielsen and those used by MAAT are quite different. We think this could explain why MAAT's 2H22 adex projections indicate a slowdown in 2H22 from the first half of the year.

Total adex projection by FSSIA may differ from MAAT

The above exhibit shows a difference in the total adex forecast by FSSIA and MAAT that we think is mainly due to the projections on digital media from different sources. We use the monthly data from Nielsen that collects digital adex figures from the top 200 Thai websites. MAAT, on the other hand, uses data from DAAT, which is based on digital advertising data from Kantar. At any rate, we suggest that investors focus mainly on the growth rate – not the total amount of adex.

Adex reported by Nielsen is not 100% accurate

FSSIA's exclusive interview with MAAT also included a discussion of the media mix investigation conducted by MAAT. The agency stated that adex data from Nielsen is not 100% accurate, asserting that achieving 100% accuracy is literally impossible, citing the difference between actual and monitored spending data that varies from brand to brand depending on media mix, brand size, negotiation power and relationship with media owners.

Therefore, MAAT tried to establish how accurate the published figures are via three methods:

- Comparing Nielsen-monitored adex with ad revenue reported in the annual reports of media owners and financial statements acquired through the Department of Business Development (DBD). This method was applied for TV, outdoor, transit, in-store and cinema adex validation.
- Comparing Nielsen's reported media rate card with the media agency rate with a percentage discount. This method was applied for newspaper, magazine and radio adex validation.
- 3. Replacing Nielsen's online monitored adex with digital ad revenue from foreign digital platform providers as reported to the Revenue Department and the DAAT digital advertising report.

MAAT tried to include as many media owners as possible but was unable to cover 100% because its members do not buy from all of them. Instead, roughly 60% coverage was deemed to represent a majority. MAAT then calculated the percentage difference between Nielsen's numbers and those based on figures gleaned from actual financial reports, which was further interpreted to define a discount rate percentage. MAAT recommends applying this formula to Nielsen adex figures to see the real picture of the media spending landscape.

Exhibit 25: TV adjusted adex

TV	Financial Ad	Nielsen	% deduction
Media (Jan-Dec-21)	revenue	Adex	from Nielen Adex
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(%)
TV Total Vendors	23,887	63,661	
CHANNEL 3*	4,834	15,591	69
MONO29*	1,479	10,629	86
ONE*	3,000	8,834	66
CHANNEL 7**	8,078	8,189	1
WORKPOINT*	2,075	4,993	58
THAIRATH TV**	1,848	2,640	30
CH 8*	755	2,269	67
CHANNEL 9*	475	1,559	70
AMARIN TV*	1,342	1,510	11
Others		7,447	
Total Checked Vendors	23,887	56,213	58
% from total vendors (%)		88	30

Note: *Media Vendor's Financial Report **Total Revenue from DBD (Department of Business Development)
Source: MAAT

Exhibit 26: Outdoor adjusted adex

	•		
Outdoor	Financial Ad	Nielsen	% deduction
Media (Jan-Dec-21)	revenue	Adex	from Nielen Adex
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(%)
Outdoor Total Vendors	2,738	6,090	
PLAN B*	2,638	4,858	46
VGI*	100	264	62
BMN*		3	100
Others		964	
Total Checked Vendors	2,738	5,125	47
% from total vendors (%)		84	47

Note: *Media Vendor's Financial Report Source: MAAT

According to the above exhibit, we can see that there is a big difference between Nielsen's adex figure of THB63.7b in 2021 compared to the revenue from top TV operators in Thailand that represent 88% of total adex on TV. MAAT found 58% lower total adex than the figures reported by Nielsen when compared to the actual reported revenue from TV companies. The huge discount rate for TV was also found in every other media platform, mainly outdoor, transit, and in-store media.

Exhibit 27: Transit adjusted adex

Transit	Financial Ad revenue (THB m)	Nielsen Adex (THB m)	% deduction from Nielen Adex (%)	
Transit Total Vendors	2,083	3,617		
PLAN B*	274	245	(12)	
VGI*	1,480	1,846	20	
BMN*	329	942	65	
Others		583		
Total Checked Vendors	2,083	3,033	24	
% from total vendors (%)		84	31	

Note: *Media Vendor's Financial Report

Source: MAAT

Exhibit 28: In-store adjusted adex

In-Store Media (Jan-Dec-21)	Financial Ad revenue (THB m)	Nielsen Adex (THB m)	% deduction from Nielen Adex (%)
In-Store Total Vendors	375	665	
PLAN B*	375	458	18
Others		207	
Total Checked Vendors	375	458	40
% from total vendors (%)		69	18

Note: *Media Vendor's Financial Report

Source: MAAT

Cinema adex has the most discounted rate

Cinema adex had the biggest discount rate compared to other media, with an over 92% discount compared to adex figures reported by Nielsen. In 2021, Nielsen reported total adex from cinema at THB3.4b (there are some differences between FSSIA and MAAT's totals). The same year, Major Cineplex Group (MAJOR TB, BUY, TP THB23), the biggest cinema operator in Thailand with a market share of almost 80%, reported advertising revenue of only THB294m. Therefore, we conclude that there is a big difference between actual advertising revenue and reported cinema adex.

Exhibit 29: Cinema adjusted adex

Cinema	Financial Ad	Nielsen	% deduction
	revenue	Adex	from Nielen Adex
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(%)
Cinema Total Vendors	190	3,555	
MAJOR*	190	2,408	92
Others		1,155	
Total Checked Vendors	190	2,401	92
% from total vendors (%)		68	92

Exhibit 30: Summary of total adex discount rate

	Financial Ad	Nielsen	% deduction
	revenue	Adex	from Nielen Adex
	(THB m)	(THB m)	(%)
TV	23,887	56,213	58
Outdoor	2,738	5,125	47
Transit	2,083	3,033	31
In-store	375	458	18
Cinema	190	2,401	92
Radio	1,230	1,900	35
Newspaper	1,824	2,463	26
Magazine	307	370	17
Total	32,634	71,963	45

Sources: DAAT; MAAT

Note: *Media Vendor's Financial Report Source: MAAT

In summary, we think that the adex figures reported by Nielsen may exceed the actual revenue gained by media companies due to advertising rate cards not reflecting the actual advertising price. Therefore, this confirms our view that adex estimates can only reflect industry trends, not the magnitude of growth. In our view, monthly adex reports by Nielsen should only be used as a proxy for estimating revenue trends for media companies.

Digital media spending could surpass TV by the end of 2022

If we apply the adex discount rate as calculated by Nielsen and combine it with the digital adex figures from DAAT, the media landscape in Thailand would look entirely different from the current report by Nielsen, with the contribution of digital media jumping from 21% to 38%. On the other hand, TV, the biggest proportion, would fall from 54% to just 41%. Based on this estimate, MAAT expects digital media adex to surpass TV adex by the end of 2022 and become the leading media platform with the highest adex.

Exhibit 31: Media mix landscape

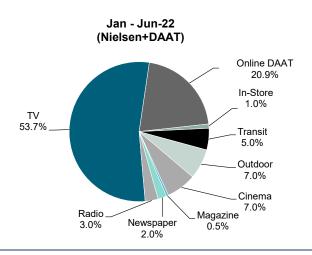
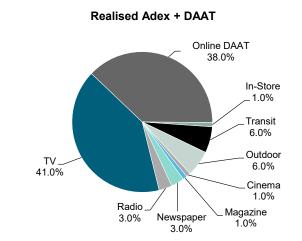


Exhibit 32: Media mix landscape (adjusted adex)



Sources: DAAT; MAAT Sources: DAAT; MAAT

Digital media still growing

In the beginning of 2022, DAAT projected that digital advertising would grow by 9% y-y to THB27b. However, based on 1H22 performance when digital adex grew to THB12b (+10% y-y) as per Exhibit 24, MAAT has a more positive view than DAAT and now expects digital adex to hit THB28b (+13% y-y).

For example, from 2017 until the Covid-19 pandemic began in 2020, the automotive industry was at the top of digital advertising spending. Additional factors boosting digital adex in the post-pandemic era include 1) the arrival in Thailand of various new auto brands promoting their EVs; and 2) the used car market's entry into online sales.

Exhibit 33: Digital advertising growth trend

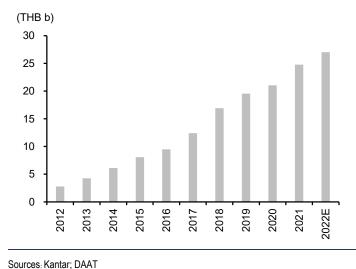
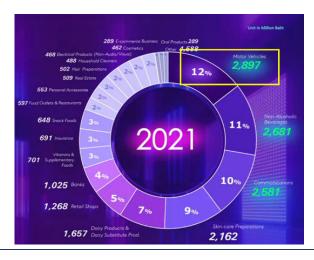


Exhibit 34: Top advertising spending by industry



Sources: Kantar; DAAT

Online video should post the strongest growth in the future

According to MAAT, the digital platform with the highest growth potential will be online video. The agency expects it to grow by 45% y-y in 2022 to THB2.6b – the highest growth rate of the top 10 platforms – and the proportion of online video spending could jump from 7% to 10%, making it the third highest adex earner in digital media.

We agree with MAAT that online video should dominate future advertising trends, based on our belief that consumers prefer video content, and advertisers – especially those touting expensive brands and products – gain more value and impact from the additional information that the medium provides. In addition, video advertising channels are not limited to key players like Facebook and Youtube anymore, as other channels are developing their own platforms and creating more opportunities to place advertisements, such as WeTV, Viu, 3Plus, and ONED. Furthermore, the technology exists to monetise every touch point of the user, and ad spenders are now able to buy ads using programmatic advertising technology – the automated bidding and placement of ads on a given platform – which allows them to match their target audience needs more accurately.

Exhibit 35: 2021 discipline spending (THB m)

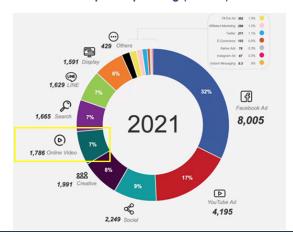


Exhibit 36: 2022 discipline spending (THB m)



Sources: DAAT; Kantar

Sources: DAAT; Kantar

According to Amazon, the entertainment landscape is quickly moving beyond cable. Simply put, more people are watching more content in more places than ever before. For example, 90% of Amazon's ad-supported streaming TV audience is watching almost two hours of streaming TV content every day – six times more than they spend eating, drinking, or exercising each day. Streaming TV advertising isn't just a place to reach audiences, it's increasingly becoming the place to turn everyday moments into lasting customer connections, making it an important addition to a brand's media mix.

OTT consumption is growing rapidly

According to the 2022 report, "The Future of TV from Kantar and The Trade Desk," Southeast Asian viewers now stream 9.7b hours of content every month, up from 8b last year. The average viewer now spends 48.6 hours watching OTT every month, a growth rate of 9% y-y, and this figure is already higher than traditional TV's current 42.5 hours per month. The 200m OTT viewers in Southeast Asia (SEA) in 2022 represent an annual growth rate of 11%, or 20 million more new OTT viewers in the past year.

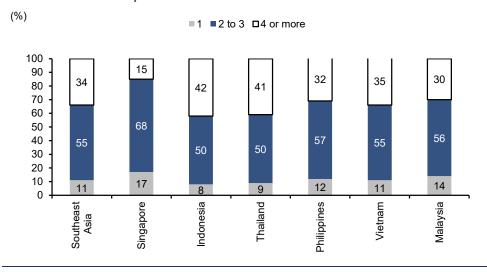
Viewers turn to OTT for their favorite shows — not traditional TV

Younger viewers are driving the growth of OTT: 44% of OTT viewers in SEA are Gen Z or young Millennials, aged 16-34. We think OTT is swiftly disrupting traditional TV in the region. Two major reasons are the availability of quality shows from different regions — typically not found on traditional TV — and the flexibility OTT offers, enabling viewers to watch their favourite shows on their own time, at home or away, on any screen. According to the study, if audiences would like to watch their favourite shows, 56% would tune into OTT compared to only 41% for traditional TV.

Advertising gets more acceptance on OTT platforms

OTT viewers are open to watching ads in exchange for free content. Among the 88% of OTT viewers willing to watch ads in exchange for free content, 89% were willing to watch two or more ads (for a one-hour show).

Exhibit 37: No. of acceptable ads in one hour of free content



Sources: Trade Desk; Kantar

Expected solid growth in OTT platforms in Thailand

The Office of The National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission (NBTC) has published OTT data collected by Omdia indicating that OTT platforms in Thailand have shown remarkable growth in the past few years with the trend expected to continue in the future. The number of OTT subscribers to subscription video on demand (SVOD) platforms such as Netflix, WeTV, Viu, and others in 2021 is expected to hit 13.3m subs (+12% y-y). For 2022, the NBTC expects an even higher growth rate of 26.5% to 16.8m subs, with 18% further growth expected based on a three-year CAGR from 2021 to 2024 to 21.8m subs.

Exhibit 38: OTT subscriptions

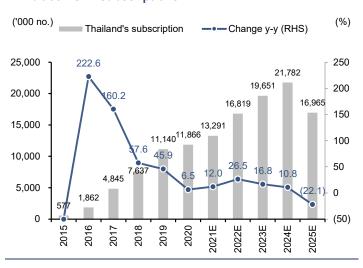
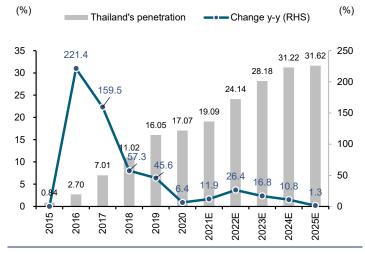


Exhibit 39: OTT penetration



Source: NBTC Source: NBTC

As for the penetration rate, Omdia had forecast OTT household penetration in Thailand for 2021 at 19%, which remains low compared to Australia's 85%, and Japan and South Korea at 49% and 42%, respectively, according to data from MPA. Moreover, that figure is also lower than the OTT penetration rate among all consumers surveyed in SEA by Kantar and The Trade Desk at 34%. With the expectation of 26.5% growth in SVOD subscribers in 2022, the household penetration rate in Thailand could jump to 24%.

OTT could replace traditional TV in the future

Based on all the aforementioned information, in summary, we expect OTT platforms to replace traditional TV in the future. This enormous change in the advertising landscape would see adex from TV shift to online video in the continuation of a trend seen in the past couple years. In our view, all of the data supports our premise that OTT will play a more important role in the future, even though online video, currently at only 4% of TV adex, is still very small compared to TV.

Competition on OTT platforms, especially SVOD, remains high, and there are many new players trying to develop new markets in Thailand such as Amazon Prime. We believe the intense competition will stimulate the adoption rate of OTT and could lead to more rapid changes in consumer behaviour as audiences become more selective in their content choices, which further plays into the strengths of OTT platforms.

Thai content has the potential to grow

MPA also indicated that video content budgets across India, South Korea and Southeast Asia climbed 21% in 2021 to reach USD10.4b and are forecast to grow 15% to US12b in 2022. Verticals included free-to-air (FTA), pay-TV, online video and film with analysis of key players and the production value chain. OTT content was the fastest growing vertical, up 83% y-y to become the second largest vertical with 26% of industry investment. South Korea and India generated particularly strong OTT investment growth, while Thailand and Indonesia contributed significantly. FTA ranked third with 25% of the total.

Some Thai content has succeeded outside of Thailand. Quality production values and strong storylines with a focus on younger online demographics will be the building blocks of future investment strategies, in our view.

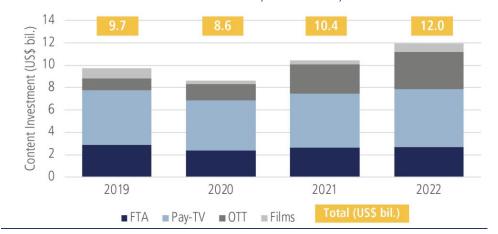


Exhibit 40: Video content investment in India, South Korea, and Southeast Asia

Note: Chart reflects seven markets including India, Indonesia, South Korea, Malaysia, the Philippines, Thailand, and Vietnam Source: MPA

The data from MPA also indicated that Southeast Asia's premium video consumption was mainly Korean content at 26%. Thai content at 4% was ranked in sixth place, which we think indicates there is still more room to grow. Furthermore, most content producers in Thailand intend to provide more Thai content on international platforms.

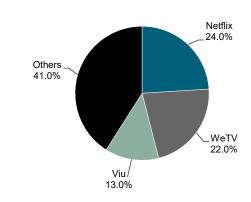
Exhibit 41: Southeast Asia premium video consumption by nation of origin (2Q22)

Others
Philippines 9.0%
2.0%

South Korea
26.0%

Japan
11.0%

Exhibit 42: Top three platforms' share of premium video streaming minutes in Thailand (1Q22)



Note: Aggregate SVOD, AVOD & freemium platform consumption in five SEA markets Sources: Media Partners Asia; AMPD research

China

12.0%

Sources: Media Partners Asia: AMPD research

Moreover, if we combine the total content from this region, we can see that over 66% of Southeast Asian subscribers are watching Asian content, which in our view indicates that the Southeast Asian market supports regional content over US content. Therefore, we believe Thai content should have more opportunity to expand its audience in Southeast Asia. If content creators in Thailand can generate high-quality content, we think it would be accepted by audiences overseas, signalling an opportunity for business expansion that could benefit content creators in Thailand.

United States

25.0%

BEC and ONEE are moving in the right direction

In our view, all the information mentioned above confirms that the strategy of developing an in-house platform is the right one. Companies with their own platforms should have a better opportunity to gain a new source of revenue, especially via advertising sales on OTT media. Although they may face an opportunity cost in the form of potentially lost sales of their content to other streaming platforms through exclusive content contracts and maximising their selling price, advertising revenue could partially offset the opportunity cost.

BEC World (BEC TB, BUY, TP THB15) launched 3Plus, its own OTT application, in 2020. Current monthly active users (MAUs) number around 11m, while 3Plus memberships have grown to 5m.

Exhibit 43: Monthly active users on 3Plus

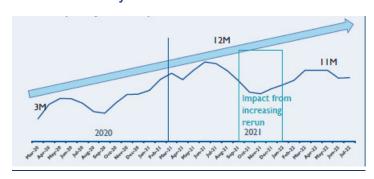
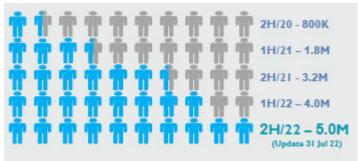


Exhibit 44: 3Plus memberships



Source: BEC Source: BEC

The One Enterprise (ONEE TB, BUY, TP THB12), our top pick in the media sector, recently launched its own OTT platform named ONE D. Within three months, monthly viewership surged from 2.9m in Apr-22 to 35.7m (+1,118%) in Jun-22, while MAU increased to 6.7m from 1.1m (+510%). Total watch time increased to 10m hours, up from 0.72m hours. In our view, ONE D's performance is stellar, with 6.7m MAU gained in just three months, compared to 3Plus, which has gained 11m MAU since its launch in 2020.

FSSIA: expect 4.7% growth in adex

We revise our adex growth forecast for 2022 down from 7.4% to 4.7% to reflect pressure from the weak economic outlook, high inflation, and weak consumer purchasing power in late 2Q22 and 3Q22. The key revision mainly comes from TV adex as we expect it to fall 2% y-y to THB62.4b, down from our previous expectation of 4% growth this year. On the other hand, we revise up our growth assumption for OOH adex, which includes outdoor, transit, and in-store media, thanks to the recovery in OOH activity following the easing of Covid lockdown rules.

Exhibit 45: Adex growth assumptions by FSSIA

2021 2022E Change (THB m) (THB m) (y-y %) TV 63,662 62,389 (2.0)Radio 3,261 3,163 (3.0)Newspapers 2,506 2.406 (4.0)Magazines 602 566 (6.0)Cinema 3,420 5,814 70.0 Outdoor 6,092 7,006 15.0 Transit 3,617 5,245 45.0 In store 676 946 40.0 Digital 8.771 8.0 8 121 91,957 96,305 4.7 Total

Sources: Nielsen; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 46: 2022 adex growth assumptions by FSSIA vs MAAT

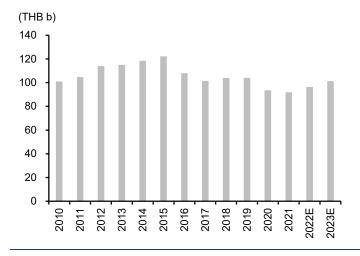
	FSSIA	MAAT (worst case)	MAAT (base case)
	(y-y %)	(y-y %)	(y-y %)
TV	(2.0)	(2)	1
Radio	(3.0)	(12)	(12)
Newspapers	(4.0)	(29)	(29)
Magazines	(6.0)	(28)	(28)
Cinema	70.0	62	71
Outdoor	15.0	16	16
Transit	45.0	39	53
In store	40.0	49	79
Digital *	9.2	13	17
Total	4.7	5	8

Note: For digital adex, FSSIA uses data from Nielsen, while MAAT uses data from DAAT Sources: MAAT; FSSIA estimates

More conservative view than MAAT

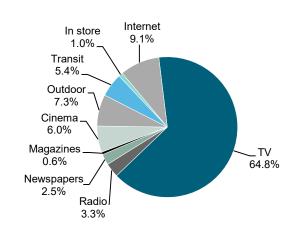
Our adex growth rate forecast of 4.7% in 2022 is slightly lower than the worst-case scenario projected by MAAT of 5%. However, we believe this is due to the use of different data from difference sources. FSSIA projects adex growth based on Nielsen reports, while MAAT includes digital media adex collected by DAAT in its projections. Therefore, we note that our growth rate projection may be lower than MAAT's due to the non-inclusion of digital media adex from DAAT.

Exhibit 47: Adex outlook



Sources: Nielsen; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 48: 2022E adex contribution



Sources: Nielsen; FSSIA estimates

3Q22 outlook

Mixed outlook from management

We asked management at every media company under our coverage about their views regarding adex trends in 3Q22. They responded with widely ranging views, including positive, neutral, and negative outlooks.

On the positive side, BEC favours MAAT's view that 2H22 adex should grow by 3% h-h. However, we think that growth in TV adex should occur in 4Q22, the high season, not 3Q22, which we expect to be flat q-q. BEC is the only TV operator that expects TV adex to grow in 3Q22. ONEE and RS (RS TB, REDUCE, TP THB13.30) expect TV adex to be flat, while Workpoint Entertainment (WORK TB, REDUCE, TP THB16.30) expects it to be flat or slightly negative.

VGI (VGI TB, HOLD, TP THB4.70), on the other hand, believes the recovery in mass transit ridership is still underway, and that adex for transit media should recover gradually throughout this year. We agree with VGI.

For the neutral view, ONEE believes 3Q22 TV adex should be flat from the previous quarter as inflation and economic uncertainty remain the key pressures on TV adex. Note that advertising revenue in Jul-22 was flat from the previous month.

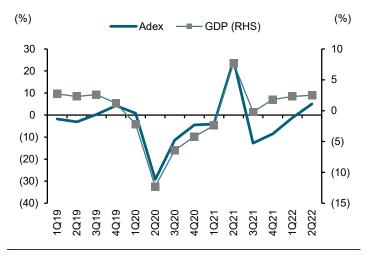
PLANB has a slightly negative view with its utilisation rate for Jul-22 equal to the last two previous months. With Apr-22's utilisation being the highest rate so far this year, pushing the 2Q22 utilisation rate higher to 57%, the utilisation rate for Jul-22 could end up being slightly lower. If the momentum seen in Jul-22 continues throughout 3Q22, we could see flat or slightly negative revenue for PLANB.

Exhibit 49: Adex view from management for each company for 3Q22

Positive	Neutral	Negative
BEC	ONEE	PLANB
VGI	RS	WORK

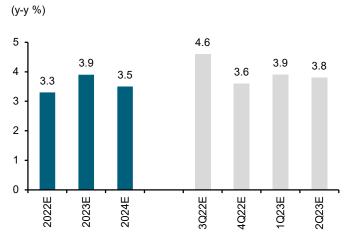
Note: Each view based on a different media platform for each company Sources: BEC; ONEE; WORK; RS; PLANB; VGI

Exhibit 50: GDP growth and adex growth



Sources: Bloomberg; Nielsen

Exhibit 51: Bloomberg consensus GDP forecast



Source: Bloomberg

TV adex expected to be flat

In summary, we conclude that most TV companies have a neutral view on TV adex during 3Q22, which is in line with our expectation. The price of FMCG products is increasing gradually, which could start to affect consumer purchasing power in 3Q22. Although the Bloomberg consensus projects GDP growth during 3Q22 at a high rate of 4.6% y-y, this comes off the low seen in 3Q21 when the Delta variant forced Thailand into a hard lockdown. Therefore, we expect TV adex to be flat in 3Q22, meaning that advertising revenue, which accounts for the highest contribution to total revenue for TV companies (BEC, ONEE, and WORK), would record no growth. Therefore, we think TV company earnings for 3Q22 should be driven by other businesses such as copyright and events.

OOH outlook in 2H22

We believe OOH media could grow at a decelerating rate, especially outdoor and transit adex.

For outdoor adex, we expect a 2% decrease h-h. 3Q22 adex may even be slightly lower than in 2Q22, in line with PLANB's expectation, due to the rainy season, while traffic on the expressways has also started to hit the saturation point at 84-86% compared to the pre-Covid level in 2019. In our view, this means that the number of people traveling around Bangkok has almost reached the ceiling. Moreover, monthly outdoor adex in 2022 has already beat 2019, which seems contradictory because the OOH media revenue of PLANB (excluding the revenue from Aqua (AQUA TB, NR)'s media) is still lower than in 2019. We believe this could be due to the percent discount rate that MAAT mentioned.

Exhibit 52: Monthly OOH media

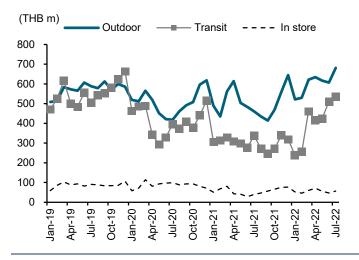
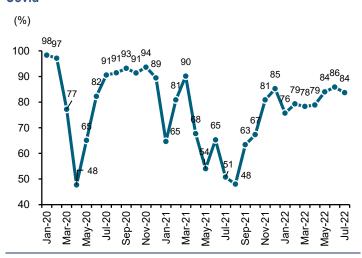


Exhibit 53: Percent of expressway traffic compared to pre-Covid



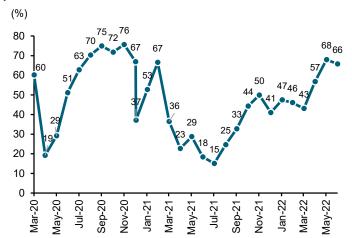
Source: Nielsen

Sources: BEM; FSSIA compilation

For transit adex, we have a slightly more positive view given that mass transit ridership still has room to grow. The current level of ridership on mass transit remains at only 65% of the pre-Covid level, which is a lower recovery rate than other indicators such as expressway traffic and customer traffic in shopping malls.

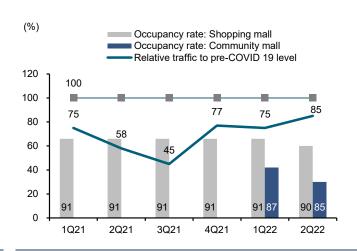
According to data from Central Pattana (CPN TB, BUY, TP THB85), one of the biggest retail property companies in Thailand, mall traffic during 2Q22 bounced back to almost 85% of the pre-Covid level. This implies that there is pent-up demand for Thai consumers to venture outside their homes. As movement restrictions eased, Thai people tended to visit the shopping malls first. Compared to mass transit services, which mainly serve corporate workers or students, the recovery rate is still far from the normal level. This could imply that many companies are continuing to apply a workfrom-anywhere policy. If this trend continues long term, we think it could pose a risk for mass transit services in 2023 as well as for transit media.

Exhibit 54: Percent of mass transit ridership compared to pre-Covid



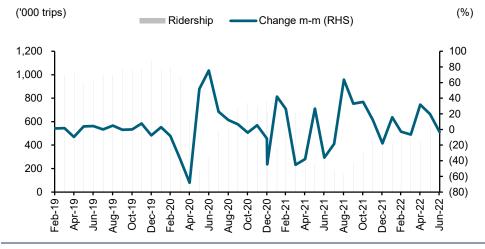
Sources: BTSGIF; BEM; FSSIA compilation

Exhibit 55: Percent of traffic compared to pre-Covid



Sources: CPN; FSSIA compilation

Exhibit 56: Mass transit ridership and growth



Sources: BTSGIF; BEM; FSSIA compilation

Media is the most underperforming sector

It took more than three months for the SET index to rebound and get back to 1,663 – where it was at the end of May-22. Since then, the SET index fell to 1,639 (-1.4%) at the end of Aug-22. However, certain industries haven't yet recovered to the levels seen during May-22, and one of the top underperformers is the media sector.

Moreover, all the media companies listed on the SET100, including VGI, PLANB, BEC, ONEE, and MAJOR, are ranked within the bottom 70, which shows that the media sector has taken a big hit since the end of May-22 and still hasn't recovered to its normal level.

In summary, we can conclude that media sector is now a laggard play compared to other sectors. Although its outlook remains unclear due to the economic slowdown, we believe that once it has more visibility, we believe its share price should bounce back significantly.

Exhibit 57: Sector performance

Exhibit 58: SET100 share price performance (rank 70-100)

Sector	P	rice	Change	Rank	Stock	Sector	Pr	ice	Chg.
	30/08/22	31/05/22	(%)				30/08/22	31/05/22	(%)
Electronics	7198.09	5302.89	35.7	70	CBG	Food & Beverage	101.5	110.5	(8.1)
Healthcare	7219.43	6706.67	7.6	71	EA	Energy & Utilities	82.25	89.75	(8.4)
Fashion	692.96	656.18	5.6	72	ONEE	Media & Publishing	10.3	11.3	(8.8)
Professional	240.49	230.39	4.4	73	KEX	Transport & Logistic	21.3	23.4	(9.0)
Banking	386.56	376.56	2.7	74	BEC	Media & Publishing	14.1	15.5	(9.0)
Tourism	583.19	568.87	2.5	75	BCPG	Energy & Utilities	10.7	11.8	(9.3)
Property	251.13	246.79	1.8	76	AP	Property Development	10.1	11.2	(9.8)
Energy & Utilities	25704.32	25638.91	0.3	77	TQM	Insurance	42.75	47.75	(10.5)
Transport	361.93	363.74	(0.5)	78	SUPER	Energy & Utilities	0.76	0.85	(10.6)
Paper	4726.06	4754.19	(0.6)	79	MAJOR	Media & Publishing	19.1	21.4	(10.7)
Property Fund & REIT	158.43	159.66	(0.8)	80	OSP	Food & Beverage	31	34.75	(10.8)
Packaging	5504.04	5598.63	(1.7)	81	ADVANC	ICT	193.5	217	(10.8)
Food & Beverage	13174.19	13419.54	(1.8)	82	IVL	Petrochem & Chemical	43.75	49.25	(11.2)
Automotive	498.23	510.12	(2.3)	83	SINGER	Commerce	46	52.75	(12.8)
Insurance	14128.01	14529.09	(2.8)	84	AEONTS	Finance & Securities	166.5	191	(12.8)
Construction Materials	9381.93	9659.37	(2.9)	85	SAWAD	Finance & Securities	48.25	55.5	(13.1)
Household	29.1	30	(3.0)	86	PLANB	Media & Publishing	6.75	7.8	(13.5)
Petrochem	1033.64	1090.25	(5.2)	87	MTC	Finance & Securities	42.5	49.25	(13.7)
Commerce	36051.65	38477.41	(6.3)	88	GUNKUL	Energy & Utilities	5	5.8	(13.8)
Finance & Securities	4904.2	5354.95	(8.4)	89	RBF	Food & Beverage	13.6	15.8	(13.9)
Construction	63.94	70.05	(8.7)	90	STA	Agribusiness	21.2	24.7	(14.2)
Media	48.94	55.1	(11.2)	91	TIDLOR	Finance & Securities	28.75	33.5	(14.2)
Agribusiness	251.1	286.03	(12.2)	92	JMART	ICT	51.5	60.75	(15.2)
ICT	171.24	199.03	(14.0)	93	KCE	Electronic Component	55	66	(16.7)
Steel	39.75	46.29	(14.1)	94	VGI	Media & Publishing	4.42	5.35	(17.4)
Industrial	48.31	56.81	(15.0)	95	STARK	Ind Material & Machine	4.08	4.96	(17.7)
Personal products & pharma	125.32	161.31	(22.3)	96	TTA	Transport & Logistic	8.3	10.1	(17.8)
				97	DOHOME	Commerce	15.2	19	(20.0)
				98	PSL	Transport & Logistic	14.5	19.8	(26.8)
				99	RCL	Transport & Logistic	33.5	46.25	(27.6)
				100	STGT	Personal Prod&Pharma	13.7	20.1	(31.8)

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA compilation

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA compilation

ONEE and PLANB are our top picks for 2H22

We prefer ONEE and PLANB as our sector top picks for 2H22: ONEE, as a laggard play with a discount valuation, and PLANB as a recovery play. Moreover, both companies have a solid outlook in terms of earnings growth. These two companies' 1H22 earnings account for the highest proportion of our 2022 earnings forecasts on a company-by-company basis, with ONEE at 48% and PLANB at 46% of our full-year forecast.

Moreover, we expect ONEE's earnings in 2022 to reach another record high (+8% y-y), despite the uncertain economic outlook, and PLANB should be able to turn a profit this year compared to its THB24m loss in 2021. Therefore, we are sure that 2H22 will be a crucial period for these two companies' earnings to meet our projections for the entire year. As a result of their decent 1H22 earnings, we think it is safe to state that these two companies have the lowest earnings downsides in the sector and should see the least earnings revisions if unfavourable variables arise, which typically affect all media companies simultaneously.

Exhibit 59: Media company earnings forecasts in 2022 and 1H22 performance

2022E 1H22 % of full-year estimates Change (THB m) (%) (THB m) (%) BEC 39 ONEE 895 429 8 48 **MAJOR** 452 84 19 nm **PLANB** 568 nm 264 46 RS 75 34 223 75 VGI (58) 314 nm (181)WORK 38 60 156 (53)Total 1.049 31

Exhibit 60: Media company share price performance

	52W Hi	52W	52W		Price	perforn	nance -	
30/08/22	Date	High	Low	1M	3M	6M	1Y	YTD
BEC	3/21/2022	17.90	11.80	13	(10)	(15)	8	-
WORK	4/19/2022	32.50	17.90	(1)	(23)	(17)	(17)	(16)
RS	1/5/2022	22.70	14.70	1	(2)	(8)	(21)	(28)
MAJOR	10/15/2021	23.40	18.10	(7)	(11)	(5)	(10)	(5)
VGI	11/19/2021	6.96	4.18	1	(14)	(24)	(26)	(30)
PLANB	1/12/2022	8.65	5.62	12	(13)	(15)	14	(12)
ONEE	3/25/2022	13.10	8.70	8	(9)	(16)	n/a	(5)

Source: FSSIA estimates

Source: Bloomberg

Key elements that we like about ONEE include:

 Its TV ratings are on a growth trend. According to Nielsen, ONE31 channel became the third highest rated TV channel in Aug-22 for the first time since its inception. This was due to the weekly TV ratings report by <u>TVdigitalwatch</u> that showed ONE31 ranked third in TV ratings for four consecutive weeks in Aug-22, with a TV rating number ranging from 0.699 to 0.967. Moreover, in the last week of Aug-22, ONE31's rating was 0.967, just short of second-ranked BEC's CH3 rating at 1.089.

Exhibit 61: ONEE's TV rating vs total rating

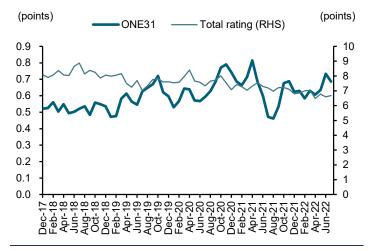


Exhibit 62: Top 10 TV ratings during Aug-22 (weekly)

	1-7	8-14	15-21	22-28
CH7	1.397	1.425	1.372	1.43
CH3	1.006	1.055	1.076	1.089
ONE31	0.699	0.788	0.843	0.967
MONO 29	0.663	0.689	0.682	0.65
WORKPOINT TV	0.613	0.601	0.633	0.594
THAIRATH TV	0.563	0.538	0.593	0.583
AMARIN TV	0.552	0.517	0.531	0.546
CH8	0.32	0.301	0.295	0.276
TRUE4U	0.191	0.209	0.214	0.192
PPTV	0.169	0.215	0.178	0.184

Sources: Nielsen; TV Digital Watch

Sources: Nielsen; TV Digital Watch

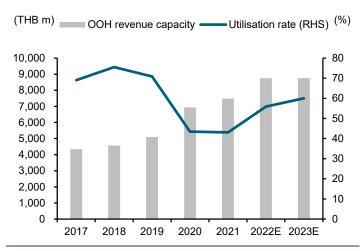
TV rating is the key to almost everything for a TV company. Therefore, the growth in its TV rating should be a key driver for ONEE to demand a higher advertising price and gain more interest from ad spenders.

- 2. The bright outlook for its OTT platform that we mentioned earlier should also be a key driver for ONEE, as one of the biggest content providers in Thailand. ONEE is the only listed company that has partnered with Netflix to produce a Thai drama series. We think this represents the strength of the company in gaining the trust of one of the biggest OTT platforms. With its own artists, studios, production teams, and scriptwriters, we think ONEE can facilitate and support the growth of its OTT business. Lastly, developing its own OTT platform could be the key to survival for the company long term if the trend of OTT audience growth continues at the expense of TV viewership.
- 3. The company is still trading at the lowest P/E multiple compared to other TV companies, despite being the company expected to have the highest earnings growth this year.

Key elements that we like about PLANB include:

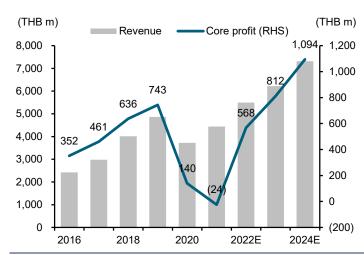
- 1. Even though PLANB's management expects flat or slightly negative revenue in 3Q22, we expect the decrease in this quarter to be manageable. PLANB's 2Q22 earnings of THB175m were its highest earnings by quarter in the past three years since Covid hit Thailand. If PLANB can achieve the same level of earnings in 3Q22 as it did in 2Q22, its 9M22 earnings would already account for 77% of our full-year forecast, with 4Q typically the high season for adex. Therefore, we have confidence that PLANB's earnings growth target for this year is achievable.
- We like PLANB's business plan that targets other businesses besides OOH
 advertising. Sports entertainment such as combat sports and running still has
 a few organizers. We believe that if PLANB succeeds in hosting more sports
 events, then the celling would be very high.
- 3. The synergy with AQUA's media could be a key upside for the company in the long term. Although the current performance of AQUA's media is still unexciting, having just reached the breakeven point in 2Q22, we believe that synergies in the form of new price packages, and non-performing asset write-offs for portions of its OOH media, which is the main business of PLANB, should help it see solid growth in 2023.

Exhibit 63: PLANB's OOH revenue capacity and utilisation rate



Sources: PLANB; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 64: PLANB's revenue and core profit



Sources: PLANB; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 65: Peers comparison

Company	BBG	:	Share pric	e	Market	PI	E	RO	E	PB	V	EVEB	TDA
		Current	Target	Upside	Сар	22E	23E	22E	23E	22E	23E	22E	23E
		(LCY)	(LCY)	(%)	(USD m)	(x)	(x)	(%)	(%)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)
TV													
Bec World	BEC TB	14.00	15.00	7.1	763	34.3	28.1	12.8	14.5	4.2	3.9	8.4	7.7
Workpoint Entertainment	WORK TB	18.60	16.30	(12.4)	224	52.6	28.5	3.4	6.2	1.8	1.7	11.8	8.7
The One Enterprise	ONEE TB	10.00	12.00	20.0	649	26.6	22.4	12.7	14.1	3.3	3.0	9.4	8.2
TV avg.					1,635	37.8	26.3	9.6	11.6	3.1	2.9	9.9	8.2
Out of home													
Vgi	VGI TB	4.28	4.70	9.8	1,305	156.3	49.9	1.1	3.3	1.7	1.6	49.9	35.3
Plan B Media	PLANB TB	6.45	7.60	17.8	752	48.6	34.0	7.2	9.2	3.1	3.1	11.9	11.1
Out of home avg.					2,057	102.4	42.0	4.1	6.2	2.4	2.3	30.9	23.2
Others													
Rs	RS TB	15.30	13.30	(13.1)	400	66.8	37.8	10.0	16.5	6.5	6.0	19.8	16.5
Major Cineplex Group	MAJOR TB	18.90	23.00	21.7	461	37.4	19.0	6.5	13.0	2.5	2.4	10.0	7.9
Overall					4,553	60.4	31.4	7.7	11.0	3.3	3.1	17.3	13.6

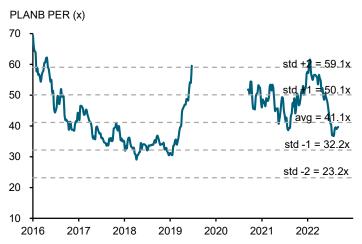
Share prices as of 1 Sep 2022 Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 66: ONEE - Rolling one-year forward P/E band



Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 67: PLANB - Rolling one-year forward P/E band



Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA estimates

Corporate Governance report of Thai listed companies 2021

States CC Consults States CC Consults	Symbolic state of School Columnia State of Colum	EX	CELLENT LE	VEL – Score	range 90-100					
AAV	BCPG	CPALL	GCAP	K	MSC	PLANET	SAMART	SPI	THRE	TVD
ADVANC	BDMS	CPF	GFPT	KBANK	MST	PLAT	SAMTEL	SPRC	THREL	TVI
AF	BEM	CPI	GGC	KCE	MTC	PORT	SAT	SPVI	TIPCO	TVO
AH	BGC	CPN	GLAND	KKP	MVP	PPS	SC	SSSC	TISCO	TWPC
AIRA	BGRIM	CRC	GLOBAL	KSL	NCL	PR9	SCB	SST	TK	U
AKP	BIZ	CSS	GPI	KTB	NEP	PREB	SCC	STA	TKT	UAC
AKR	BKI	DDD	GPSC	KTC	NER	PRG	SCCC	STEC	TMT	UBIS
ALT	BOL	DELTA	GRAMMY	LALIN	NKI	PRM	SCG	STI	TNDT	UV
AMA	BPP	DEMCO	GULF	LANNA	NOBLE	PROUD	SCGP	SUN	TNITY	VGI
AMATA	BRR	DEMICO	GUNKUL	LANNA	NSI	PSH	SCGP	SUSCO	TOA	VIH
AMATAV	BTS	DTAC	HANA	LHFG	NVD	PSL	SDC	SUTHA	TOP	WACOAL
ANAN	BTW	DUSIT	HARN	LHFG	NWR	PTG	SEAFCO	SVI	TPBI	WAVE
ANAN	BWG	EA	HMPRO	LPN	NVR NYT	PTG	SEAFCO	SYMC	TQM	WHA
AO I AP			ICC		OISHI	PTTEP			TRC	
AP ARIP	CENTEL	EASTW ECF	ICHI	MACO			SE-ED	SYNTEC TACC		WHAUP WICE
	CFRESH			MAJOR	OR	PTTGC	SELIC		TRU	
ARROW	CHEWA	ECL	III	MAKRO	ORI	PYLON	SENA	TASCO	TRUE	WINNER
ASP	CHO	EE	ILINK	MALEE	OSP	Q-CON	SHR	TCAP	TSC	ZEN
AUCT	CIMBT	EGCO	ILM	MBK	ОТО	QH	SIRI	TEAMG	TSR	
AWC	CK	EPG	INTUCH	MC	PAP	QTC	SIS	TFMAMA	TSTE	
AYUD	CKP	ETC	IP	MCOT	PCSGH	RATCH	SITHAI	TGH	TSTH	
BAFS	CM	FPI	IRPC	METCO	PDG	RS	SMK	THANA	TTA	
BANPU	CNT	FPT	ITEL	MFEC	PDJ	S	SMPC	THANI	TTB	
BAY	COM7	FSMART	IVL	MINT	PG	S&J	SNC	THCOM	TTCL	
BBL	COMAN	GBX	JSP	MONO	PHOL	SAAM	SONIC	THG	TTW	
BCP	COTTO	GC	JWD	MOONG	PLANB	SABINA	SPALI	THIP	TU	
province control balance of Constitution	ay till francier of unit flavore ends		RY GOOD LE			000	DDQ.	CICY	TOO	T)/T
2S	ASIMAR	CHOW	FLOYD	IT	LOXLEY	000	RPC	SKY	TCC	TVT
7UP	ASK	CI	FN	ITD	LRH	OGC	RT	SLP	TCMC	TWP
ABICO	ASN	CIG	FNS	J	LST	PATO	RWI	SMIT	TEAM	UEC
ABM	ATP30	CMC	FORTH	JAS	M	PB	S11	SMT	TFG	UMI
ACE	В	COLOR	FSS	JCK	MATCH	PICO	SA	SNP	TFI	UOBKH
ACG	BA	CPL	FTE	JCKH	MBAX	PIMO	SAK	so	TIGER	UP
ADB	BAM	CPW	FVC	JMART	MEGA	PJW	SALEE	SORKON	TITLE	UPF
AEONTS	BC	CRD	GEL	JMT	META	PL	SAMCO	SPA	TKN	UPOIC
AGE	BCH	CSC	GENCO	KBS	MFC	PM	SANKO	SPC	TKS	UTP
AHC	BEC	CSP	GJS	KCAR	MGT	PMTA	SAPPE	SPCG	TM	VCOM
AIT	BEYOND	CWT	GYT	KEX	MICRO	PPP	SAWAD	SR	TMC	VL
ALL	BFIT	DCC	HEMP	KGI	MILL	PPPM	SCI	SRICHA	TMD	VPO
ALLA	BJC	DCON	HPT	KIAT	MITSIB	PRIME	SCN	SSC	TMI	VRANDA
ALUCON	BJCHI	DHOUSE	HTC	KISS	MK	PRIN	SCP	SSF	TMILL	WGE
AMANAH	BLA	DOD	HYDRO	KOOL	MODERN	PRINC	SE	STANLY	TNL	WIIK
AMARIN	BR	DOHOME	ICN	KTIS	MTI	PSG	SFLEX	STGT	TNP	WP
APCO	BROOK	DV8	IFS	KUMWEL	NBC	PSTC	SFP	STOWER	TOG	XO
APCS	CBG	EASON	IMH	KUN	NCAP	PT	SFT	STPI	TPA	XPG
APURE	CEN	EFORL	IND	KWC	NCH	QLT	SGF	SUC	TPAC	YUASA
AQUA	CGH	ERW	INET	KWM	NETBAY	RBF	SIAM	SWC	TPCS	
ASAP	CHARAN	ESSO	INSET	L&E	NEX	RCL	SINGER	SYNEX	TPS	
ASEFA	CHAYO	ESTAR	INSURE	LDC	NINE	RICHY	SKE	TAE	TRITN	
ASIA	CHG	ETE	IRC	LEO	NRF	RML	SKN	TAKUNI	TRT	
ASIAN	CHOTI	FE	IRCP	LHK	NTV	ROJNA	SKR	TBSP	TSE	
unificational en il unificational en Andread CG Countries Andread CG Countries	18 upphilates and earlier recovered to the control of the control	GC	OOD LEVEL -	Score range	70-79					
A	BGT	CITY	GIFT	JTS	MDX	PK	SGP	SUPER	TQR	YGG
Al	BH	CMAN	GLOCON	JUBILE	MJD	PLE	SICT	SVOA	TTI	ZIGA
AIE	BIG	CMO	GREEN	KASET	MORE	PPM	SIMAT	TC	TYCN	
AJ	BLAND	CMR	GSC	KCM	MUD	PRAKIT	SISB	TCCC	UKEM	
ALPHAX	BM	CPT	GTB	KK	NC	PRAPAT	SK	THMUI	UMS	
AMC	BROCK	CRANE	HTECH	KKC	NDR	PRECHA	SMART	TNH	UNIQ	
APP	BSBM	CSR	HUMAN	KWI	NFC	PTL	SOLAR	TNR	UPA	
AQ	BSM	D	IHL	KYE	NNCL	RJH	SPACK	TOPP	UREKA	
ARIN	BTNC	EKH	IIG	LEE	NOVA	RP	SPG	TPCH	VIBHA	
AS	BYD	EMC	INGRS	LPH	NPK	RPH	SQ	TPIPL	W	
AU	CAZ	EP	INOX	MATI	NUSA	RSP	SSP	TPIPP	WIN	
B52	CCP	F&D	JAK	M-CHAI	PAF	SABUY	STARK	TPLAS	WORK	
BEAUTY	CGD	FMT	JR	MCS	PF	SF	STC	TPOLY	WPH	
				-			-			

Disclaimer:

The disclosure of the survey results of the Thai Institute of Directors Association ('IOD") regarding corporate governance is made pursuant to the policy of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The survey of the IOD is based on the information of a company listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Market for Alternative Investment disclosed to the public and able to be accessed by a general public investor. The result, therefore, is from the perspective of a third party. It is not an evaluation of operation and is not based on inside information.

The survey result is as of the date appearing in the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies. As a result, the survey results may be changed after that date. FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such survey results.

Sources: Thai Institute of Directors Association (IOD); FSSIA's compilation; data as of 26 October 2021

^{*} CGR scoring should be considered with news regarding wrong doing of the company or director or executive of the company such unfair practice on securities trading, fraud, and corruption SEC imposed a civil sanction against insider trading of director and executive

Anti-corruption Progress Indicator

CERTIFIED		CDALL	66	1/	MEC	DE	OLT.	CND	THEOM	TIL
2S	BCH	CPALL	GC	K	MFC	PE	QLT	SNP	THCOM	TU
7UP	BCP	CPF	GCAP	KASET	MFEC	PG	QTC	SORKON	THIP	TVD
ADVANC	BCPG	CPI	GEL	KBANK	MILL	PHOL	RATCH	SPACK	THRE	TVI
AF	BE8	CPN	GFPT	KBS	MINT	PK	RML	SPALI	THREL	TVO
Al	BEYOND	CSC	GGC	KCAR	MONO	PL	RWI	SPC	TIDLOR	TWPC
AIE	BGC	DCC	GJS	KCE	MOONG	PLANB	S&J	SPI	TIPCO	U
AIRA	BGRIM	DELTA	GPI	KGI	MSC	PLANET	SAAM	SPRC	TISCO	UBE
AKP	BJCHI	DEMCO	GPSC	KKP	MST	PLAT	SABINA	SRICHA	TKS	UBIS
ALPHAX	BKI	DIMET	GSTEEL	KSL	MTC	PM	SAPPE	SSF	TKT	UEC
AMA	BLA	DRT	GUNKUL	KTB	MTI	PPP	SAT	SSP	TMD	UKEM
AMANAH	BPP	DTAC	HANA	KTC	NBC	PPPM	SC	SSSC	TMILL	UOBKH
AMATA	BROOK	DUSIT	HARN	KWC	NEP	PPS	SCB	SST	TMT	UPF
AMATAV	BRR	EA	HEMP	KWI	NINE	PR9	SCC	STA	TNITY	UV
AP	BSBM	EASTW	HENG	L&E	NKI	PREB	SCCC	STOWER	TNL	VGI
APCS	BTS	ECL	HMPRO	LANNA	NMG	PRG	SCG	SUSCO	TNP	VIH
AQUA	BWG	EGCO	HTC	LH	NNCL	PRINC	SCN	SVI	TNR	WACOA
ARROW	CEN	EP	ICC	LHFG	NOBLE	PRM	SEAOIL	SYMC	TOG	WHA
AS	CENTEL	EPG	ICHI	LHK	NOK	PROS	SE-ED	SYNTEC	TOP	WHAUP
ASIAN	CFRESH	ERW	IFEC	LPN	NSI	PSH	SELIC	TAE	TOPP	WICE
ASK	CGH	ESTAR	IFS	LRH	NWR	PSL	SENA	TAKUNI	TPA	WIIK
ASP	CHEWA	ETE	ILINK	M	OCC	PSTC	SGP	TASCO	TPP	XO
AWC	CHOTI	FE	INET	MAKRO	OGC	PT	SINGER	TBSP	TRU	ZEN
AYUD	CHOW	FNS	INSURE	MALEE	ORI	PTG	SIRI	TCAP	TRUE	
В	CIG	FPI	INTUCH	MATCH	PAP	PTT	SITHAI	TCMC	TSC	
BAFS	CIMBT	FPT	IRC	MBAX	PATO	PTTEP	SKR	TFG	TSTE	
BAM	CM	FSMART	IRPC	MBK	РВ	PTTGC	SMIT	TFI	TSTH	
BANPU	CMC	FSS	ITEL	MC	PCSGH	PYLON	SMK	TFMAMA	TTA	
BAY	COM7	FTE	IVL	MCOT	PDG	Q-CON	SMPC	TGH	TTB	
BBL	COTTO	GBX	JKN	META	PDJ	Q-CON QH	SNC	THANI	TTCL	
		GDA	JININ	IVICIA	LD1	Qn	SINC	ITANI	TICL	
DECLARED										
AJ	CHG	DDD	ETC	JR	MAJOR	NUSA	RS	SSS	TQM	YUASA
ALT	CPL	DHOUSE	FLOYD	JTS	NCAP	NYT	SAK	STECH	TSI	ZIGA
APCO	CPR	DOHOME	GULF	KEX	NCL	OR	SCGP	STGT	VARO	
B52	CPW	ECF	III	KUMWEL	NOVA	PIMO	SCM	TKN	VCOM	
BEC	CRC	EKH	INOX	LDC	NRF	PLE	SIS	TMI	VIBHA	

Level Certified

This level indicates practical participation with thoroughly examination in relation to the recommended procedures from the audit committee or the SEC's certified auditor, being a certified member of Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption programme (Thai CAC) or already passed examination to ensure independence from external parties.

Declared This level indicates determination to participate in the Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption programme (Thai CAC)

Disclaimer:

The disclosure of the Anti-Corruption Progress Indicators of a listed company on the Stock Exchange of Thailand, which is assessed by Thaipat Institute, is made in order to comply with the policy and sustainable development plan for the listed companies of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Thaipat Institute made this assessment based on the information received from the listed company, as stipulated in the form for the assessment of Anti-corruption which refers to the Annual Registration Statement (Form 56-1), Annual Report (Form 56-2), or other relevant documents or reports of such listed company. The assessment result is therefore made from the perspective of Thaipat Institute that is a third party. It is not an assessment of operation and is not based on any inside information. Since this assessment is only the assessment result as of the date appearing in the assessment result, it may be changed after that date or when there is any change to the relevant information. Nevertheless, FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited does not confirm, verify, or certify the accuracy and completeness of the assessment results.

Note: Companies participating in Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption programme (Thai CAC) under Thai Institute of Directors (as of 26 October 2021) are categorised into: 1) companies that have declared their intention to join CAC, and; 2) companies certified by CAC.

Sources: The Securities and Exchange Commission, Thailand; * FSSIA's compilation

GENERAL DISCLAIMER

ANALYST(S) CERTIFICATION

Naruedom Mujjalinkool FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

The individual(s) identified above certify(ies) that (i) all views expressed in this report accurately reflect the personal view of the analyst(s) with regard to any and all of the subject securities, companies or issuers mentioned in this report; and (ii) no part of the compensation of the analyst(s) was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed herein.

This report has been prepared by FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited (FSSIA). The information herein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable and accurate; however FSS makes no representation as to the accuracy and completeness of such information. Information and opinions expressed herein are subject to change without notice. FSS has no intention to solicit investors to buy or sell any security in this report. In addition, FSS does not guarantee returns nor price of the securities described in the report nor accept any liability for any loss or damage of any kind arising out of the use of such information or opinions in this report. Investors should study this report carefully in making investment decisions. All rights are reserved.

This report may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person in any manner for any purpose without permission of FSSIA. Investment in securities has risks. Investors are advised to consider carefully before making investment decisions.

Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
BEC World	BEC TB	THB 14.00	BUY	The key downside risks to our P/E based TP are a lower-than-expected adex recovery and a worse-than-expected cost reduction.
Workpoint Entertainment	WORK TB	THB 18.60	REDUCE	The key upside risks to our P/E-based TP are stronger-than-expected TV adex, high risks for high returns in the movie business, and less competitiveness in TV ratings.
The One Enterprise	ONEE TB	THB 10.00	BUY	The key downside risks to our P/E-based TP are a lower-than-expected adex recovery and the company's worse-than-expected cost reduction.
VGI Pcl.	VGI TB	THB 4.28	HOLD	The key upside and downside risks to our SoTP-based TP are if the advertising expenditure recovery is slower or faster than our expectation, and whether Rabbit Line Pay is successful or not.
Plan B Media	PLANB TB	THB 6.45	BUY	The key downside risks to our P/E multiple-based TP are 1) a slower-than-expected adex recovery; 2) further waves of Covid-19; and 3) the future billboard tax.
RS	RS TB	THB 15.30	REDUCE	The key upside risks to our SoTP-based TP are 1) if its new commerce products succeed in attracting consumer interest; and 2) the recovery in the Thai economy is faster than our expectation.
Major Cineplex Group	MAJOR TB	THB 18.90	BUY	The key downside risks to our SoTP-based TP are a slower-than-expected recovery in domestic consumption, the growing popularity of online movies, a delay in the Covid-19 vaccine rollout, and the new wave of Covid.
Central Pattana	CPN TB	THB 69.50	BUY	Key downside risks to our DCF-derived TP are deviations to our estimates on rental rate, occupancy rate, returns on its new investments, capex and interest rate.

Source: FSSIA estimates

Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited

FSSIA may incorporate the recommendations and target prices of companies currently covered by FSS Research into equity research reports, denoted by an 'FSS' before the recommendation. FSS Research is part of Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited, which is the parent company of FSSIA.

All share prices are as at market close on 01-Sep-2022 unless otherwise stated.

RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

Industry Recommendations

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months.

Neutral. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months.

Underweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

Country (Strategy) Recommendations

Overweight (O). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.