EQUITY RESEARCH - COMPANY REPORT

ENERGY ABSOLUTE

FA TR

THAILAND / UTILITIES - RENEWABLES



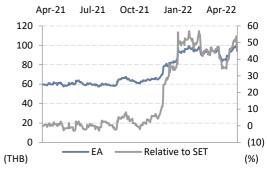
THB122.00 THB94.25 +29.4% THB122.00 **CHANGE IN TP** UNCHANGED TP vs CONSENSUS

TARGET PRICE **CLOSE UP/DOWNSIDE** PRIOR TP

+28.9%

KEY STOCK DATA

| YE Dec (THB m) | 2021 | 2022E | 2023E | 2024E |
|----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Revenue | 20,174 | 33,947 | 49,993 | 65,576 |
| Net profit | 6,100 | 10,650 | 13,543 | 14,963 |
| EPS (THB) | 1.64 | 2.86 | 3.63 | 4.01 |
| vs Consensus (%) | - | 26.0 | 34.0 | 32.9 |
| EBITDA | 9,494 | 15,185 | 18,954 | 20,091 |
| Core net profit | 5,983 | 10,650 | 13,543 | 14,963 |
| Core EPS (THB) | 1.60 | 2.86 | 3.63 | 4.01 |
| Chg. In EPS est. (%) | - | = | - | - |
| EPS growth (%) | 16.1 | 78.0 | 27.2 | 10.5 |
| Core P/E (x) | 58.8 | 33.0 | 26.0 | 23.5 |
| Dividend yield (%) | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 41.3 | 25.2 | 19.5 | 17.8 |
| Price/book (x) | 10.8 | 8.4 | 6.7 | 5.5 |
| Net debt/Equity (%) | 108.4 | 62.5 | 27.8 | 4.8 |
| ROE (%) | 19.8 | 28.7 | 28.8 | 25.8 |



| Share price performance | 1 Month | 3 Month | 12 Month | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|----------|--|--|
| Absolute (%) | 4.7 | (5.0) | 55.8 | | |
| Relative to country (%) | 2.9 | (6.4) | 44.7 | | |
| Mkt cap (USD m) | | | 10,507 | | |
| 3m avg. daily turnover (USD m) | | | 52.2 | | |
| Free float (%) | | | 40 | | |
| Major shareholder | Mr. Somphote Ahunai (23%) | | | | |
| 12m high/low (THB) | 105.50/57.00 | | | | |
| Issued shares (m) | 3,730.00 | | | | |

Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates

เหตุผลเหนือความรู้สึก

- 3 ความกังวลหลักของนักลงทุน: 1) การโอนหุ้น; 2) การซื้อที่ดิน; และ 3) การก่อสร้าง และลงทุนในโรงไฟฟ้าพลังแสงอาทิตย์
- เราเชื่อว่าความกังวลทั้ง 3 ประการเป็นเรื่องไม่จริงและขาดหลักฐานที่แน่นหนา โดยเป็น การเปิดเผยข้อเท็จจริงเพียงบางส่วน
- คงแนะนำซื้อที่ราคาเป้าหมาย 122 บาท (SoTP)

ราคาหุ้นที่ปรับตัวลดลงไม่สมเหตุสมผล

เมื่อวันที่ 5 เม.ย. 22 ราคาหุ้นของ EA, NEX ซึ่งเป็นบริษัทการตลาดและผู้จัดจำหน่ายยานยนต์ ไฟฟ้า (EV) รายสำคัญของ EA และ BYD ซึ่งเป็นหนึ่งในลูกค้ารถโดยสารไฟฟ้า (e-bus) ราย ใหญ่ของ EA ปรับตัวลดลง 5.75%, 4.5%, และ 2.1% ตามลำดับ เราคิดว่าตัวการสำคัญอยู่ที่ 3 ความกังวลหลักของนักลงทุนที่เกี่ยวข้องกับธุรกรรมของ EA ทั้งในอดีตและปัจจุบัน ประกอบด้วย: 1) การโอนหุ้นจากที่ถือในประเทศไปต่างประเทศ; 2) การซื้อที่ดินสำหรับนิคม อุตสาหกรรม Blue Tech ของ EA; และ 3) การก่อสร้างและลงทุนในโครงการโรงไฟฟ้าพลัง แสงอาทิตย์ในนครสวรรค์ เราเชื่อว่าความกังวลทั้ง 3 ประการเป็นเรื่องไม่จริงและขาดหลักฐาน ที่แน่นหนา โดยเป็นการเปิดเผยข้อเท็จจริงเพียงบางส่วน ซึ่งน่าจะเป็นความคิดเห็นที่ผิด

ไม่มีหลักฐานว่าผู้ถือหุ้นหลักขายหุ้นออกและซื้อที่ดินโดยไม่ถูกต้อง

การวิเคราะห์ของเราระบุว่าไม่มีหลักฐานใด ๆ ชี้ว่าผู้ถือหุ้นหลักขายหุ้นออกหรือลดส่วนการ ลงทุน ณ วันที่ 15 มี.ค. 22 – คุณสมโภชน์และผู้ก่อตั้งอีก 2 รายยังถือหุ้นของตนเองใน EA ณ ้วันดังกล่าว มีเพียงคุณสมโภชน์ที่เปลี่ยนการถือหุ้นใน EA จากที่เป็นชื่อของตนเองเป็น SF ส่วนมากอยู่ภายใต้ UBS AG สาขาสิงคโปร์ นอกจากนี้การซื้อที่ดินของ EA จาก LPH ซึ่งผู้ ก่อตั้งเป็นเจ้าของก็น่าจะเป็นการซื้อโดยถูกต้องและสมเหตุสมผล การซื้อที่ดินจาก LPH ไม่ เพียงแต่เป็นประโยชน์ต่อผู้ถือหุ้นของ EA โดยจัดการกับความเสี่ยงในด้านการเปลี่ยนผังเมือง จากสีเขียวเป็นสีม่วง แต่ยังช่วยลดราคาซื้อที่ดินอีกด้วย

ผลงานการลงทุนที่ได้รับการพิสูจน์ของ EA ในโรงไฟฟ้าพลังแสงอาทิตย์และลม

การวิเคราะห์ของเราสรุปว่าการลงทุนของ EA ในโรงไฟฟ้าพลังแสงอาทิตย์และลมเป็นการ ลงทุนที่ดีเมื่อพิจารณาจากผลการดำเนินงานที่พิสูจน์แล้วว่าดีและมีความสามารถในการทำกำไร สูง ไม่ว่าบริษัทออกแบบจัดหาพร้อมติดตั้ง (EPC) สำหรับโรงไฟฟ้าพลังแสงอาทิตย์ของ EA จะ บรรลุสิ่งใดหรือใช้วิธีใดเพื่อให้โครงการโรงไฟฟ้าพลังแสงอาทิตย์สำเร็จทันเวลา เราเชื่อว่าการ ลงทุนของ EA ในโรงไฟฟ้าพลังแสงอาทิตย์เป็นการลงทุนที่ดีและสร้างมูลค่าให้แก่ผู้ถือหุ้นของ EA ดังจะเห็นได้จากความสามารถในการทำกำไรที่อยู่ในระดับสูง

ราคาหุ้นที่ลดลงเป็นโอกาสในการซื้อ

เราคงแนะนำซื้อที่ราคาเป้าหมาย 122 บาท (SoTP) เราเชื่อว่าราคาหุ้นของ EA ที่ปรับลงไป เมื่อเร็ว ๆ นี้จากความกังวลหลักของนักลงทุน 3 ประการเป็นเรื่องไม่สมเหตุสมผล และเห็นว่า ราคาที่ลดลงเป็นโอกาสซื้อที่ดีก่อนการเติบโตของกำไรสุทธิของ EA ที่เราคาดว่าจะอยู่ใน ระดับสูงจากกิจการที่มีการเติบโตสูงใหม่อย่าง EV และแบตเตอรึ่

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The President of Finansia Syrus Securities PCL is also EA's Independent Director and on EA's Audit Committee.

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Investment thesis

EA is Thailand's largest green energy player, operating through its three business segments of solar, wind and biodiesel; all touted to be the key pillars of Thailand's energy growth over the next 10 years. A biodiesel producer since 2012 with an 800k litre-per-day (lpd) capacity, EA later ventured into the solar and wind businesses. We believe EA's solar farms will be key earnings growth drivers, as they stand to gain from: 1) a high-margin THB6.5/kWh adder; and 2) a 40% decline in the cost of solar panels since 2010.

EA has evolved from being a pure biodiesel player to emerge as one of Thailand's key players in renewable energy. While its biodiesel segment has been struggling at a mere 50% utilisation rate due to the country's oversupply. EA's solar and wind farm businesses have benefited from high-margin electricity tariffs and the declining cost of solar panels.

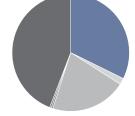
Company profile

Energy Absolute (EA) is a leading green energy company in Thailand with business interests in biodiesel, solar and wind energy. EA has expanded into the battery storage and electricity vehicle (EV) businesses, which we expect to be key earnings growth drivers post 2019.

www.energyabsolute.co.th

Principal activities (revenue, 2021)

- Methyl ester Biodiesel products -32.6 %
- Pure glycerine products 1.8 %
- Electricity from solar and wind power - 21.1 % Head office and others - 0.5 %
- Project consultation regarding alternative electric energy - -0.4 %

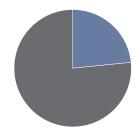


Source: Energy Absolute

Major shareholders

Mr. Somphote Ahunai - 23.4 %

■ Others - 76.6 %



Source: Energy Absolute

Catalysts

Higher utilisation rates of power plants and rising demand for electricity in Thailand are key potential growth drivers.

Risks to our call

Downside risks to our SoTP-based TP include: 1) lowerthan-expected demand for electricity in Thailand; 2) lower crude prices; and 3) lower-than-expected demand for batteries.

Event calendar

| Date | Event |
|----------|---------------------------|
| May 2022 | 1Q22 results announcement |

Key assumptions

| | 2022E | 2023E | 2024E |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Dispatched power (GWh) | 9,715 | 9,715 | 9,715 |
| Capacity factor - wind farms (%) | 26 | 27 | 27 |
| Battery sales volume (GWh) | 4.7 | 8.4 | 13.4 |
| EV car sales (cars) | 0 | 8,500 | 8,500 |
| EV boat sales (boats) | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| EV bus sales (buses) | 3,900 | 3,600 | 4,200 |
| EV charging stations (stations) | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Green diesel & PCM (tpd) | 124 | 124 | 124 |

Source: FSSIA estimates

Earnings sensitivity

- For every 1% increase in utilisation rate, we estimate 2022 earnings would rise by 1.3%, and vice versa, all else being equal.
- For every 1% increase in interest rate, we estimate 2022 earnings would decline by 1.3%, and vice versa, all else being equal.

เหตุผลเหนือความรู้สึก

เมื่อวันที่ 5 เม.ย. 22 ราคาหุ้นของ EA และอีก 2 บริษัทที่เกี่ยวข้องในสายธุรกิจ EV ประกอบด้วย Nex Point (NEX TB, BUY, TP THB26) ซึ่งเป็นบริษัทการตลาดและผู้จัดจำหน่าย EV รายสำคัญของ EA และ Beyond Securities (BYD TB, not rated) ซึ่งเป็นหนึ่งในลูกค้า e-bus รายสำคัญของบริษัทฯ ปรับตัวลดลง 5.75%, 4.5%, และ 2.1% ตามลำดับ เราคิดว่าตัวการสำคัญอยู่ที่ความกังวลของนักลงทุน 3 ประการที่เกี่ยวข้องกับ ธุรกรรมของ EA ทั้งในอดีตและปัจจุบัน::

- 1) การโอนหุ้นที่ถือในประเทศไปต่างประเทศ;
- 2) การซื้อที่ดินสำหรับนิคมอุตสาหกรรม Blue Tech ของ EA;
- 3) การก่อสร้างและลงทุนในโครงการโรงไฟฟ้าพลังแสงอาทิตย์ในนครสวรรค์. เราเชื่อว่าความกังวลทั้ง 3 ประการนั้นทำให้เข้าใจผิด และขาดหลักฐานที่ชัดเจน โดยเป็นการเปิดเผยข้อเท็จจริง เพียงบางส่วน และมีแนวโน้มว่าจะเป็นการเข้าใจผิด.

ข้อแรก: การโอนหุ้นที่ถือในประเทศไปต่างประเทศ

ความกังวลข้อแรกเกี่ยวข้องกับการเปลี่ยนแปลงในการถือหุ้นของคุณสมโภชน์ อาหุนัย (คุณสมโภชน์) ซึ่งเป็น หนึ่งในผู้ก่อตั้งของ EA เป็นประธานผู้บริหารในปัจจุบัน และเป็นผู้ถือหุ้นรายใหญ่ที่มีส่วนได้เสีย โดยเราเห็นว่า ความคิดเห็นที่ผิดในเหตุการณ์ต่าง ๆ ได้ทำให้ตลาดมีความเข้าใจผิดไปด้วยในปัจจุบัน

ผู้ถือหุ้นหลักถอนหุ้นออกจาก EA โดยลดส่วนการลงทุน จากข้อมูลของ the SET ณ วันที่ 14 มี.ค. 22 คุณสมโภชน์ถือหุ้นอยู่ 412.1ล้านหุ้น (11.05%) ในชื่อของตนเอง ลดลงจาก 23.21% หรือ 865.7ล้านหุ้น ณ สิ้น เดือน ธ.ค. 21 .

หุ้นของคุณสมโภชน์ใน EA ไม่ได้ลดลง จากข้อมูลของผู้บริหารของ EA คุณสมโภชน์ได้เปลี่ยนการถือหุ้นใน EA จำนวน 453.7ล้านหุ้นหรือ 12.2% จากที่เคยถือในชื่อของตนเองไปเป็นการถือภายใต้ UBS AG สิงคโปร์ ซึ่ง เป็นผู้ดูแลทรัสต์หลักของลูกทั้ง 3 คน อาจกล่าวได้ว่าคุณสมโภชน์ลดหุ้นของตัวและโอนหุ้นดังกล่าวไปยัง Sotus & Faith (SF) ซึ่งเป็นทรัสต์ภายใต้ UBS AG สิงคโปร์เพื่อเสริมความมั่งคั่งของลูก จากข้อมูลของผู้บริหาร ปัจจุบันลูกคนแรกมีอายุ 21 ปีแล้ว เพราะฉะนั้นจึงสามารถเป็นสมาชิกของ SF ทรัสต์ได้

จากรายงานประจำปี 2021 ของ EA คุณสมโภชน์ถือหุ้น 40.46% ในบริษัทฯ โดยคุณสมโภชน์ถือเป็นชื่อของ ตนเอง 23.21% (865.7ล้านหุ้น) ตามด้วย SF ทรัสต์ที่มีผู้ดูแลผลประโยชน์ 4 คนประกอบด้วย SF#1 8.04%, SF#1 ภายใต้ UBS AG สิงคโปร์ 7.36%, SF#1 ภายใต้ Morgan Stanley 1.77% และ SF#2 ภายใต้ UBS AG สิงคโปร์ 0.074%

นอกจากนี้ครอบครัวอาหุนัยยังถือหุ้นรวม 3.46% ใน EA ทำให้มีหุ้นรวม 43.49% ในบริษัทฯ ณ สิ้นปี 2021

Exhibit 1: Changes in shareholder structure from 31 December 2021 to 15 March 2022

| Rank | Major Shareholders | As of 15 Ma | arch 2022 | As of 31 Dece | ember 2021 | Changes (31 Dec-2 | 1 to 15 Mar-22) |
|------|--|-------------|-----------|---------------|------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | | # Shares | % Shares | # Shares | % Shares | # Shares | % Shares |
| | | (no.) | (%) | (no.) | (%) | (no.) | (%) |
| 1 | UBS AG Singapore Branch | 1,226.8 | 32.89 | 478.7 | 12.83 | 748.1 | 20.1 |
| 2 | Mr. Somphote Ahunai | 412.1 | 11.05 | 865.7 | 23.21 | (453.7) | (12.2) |
| 3 | Sotus & Faith #1 | 300.0 | 8.04 | 300.0 | 8.04 | - | - |
| 4 | Thai NVDR | 269.9 | 7.23 | 241.4 | 6.47 | 28.4 | 0.8 |
| 5 | Mrs. Mukda Boonsieng | 153.0 | 4.10 | 153.0 | 4.10 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 6 | Mr. Luchai Phukhan-anan | 102.4 | 2.74 | 102.3 | 2.74 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 7 | Mr. Amorn Sapthaweekul | 73.0 | 1.96 | 73.0 | 1.96 | - | - |
| 8 | Morgan Stanley & Co International PLC | 66.1 | 1.77 | 66.1 | 1.77 | - | - |
| 9 | South East Asia UK (TYPE C) Nominess Limited | 65.2 | 1.75 | 65.8 | 1.76 | (0.6) | (0.0) |
| 10 | Ms Ploysongsang Noparumpa | 64.1 | 1.72 | 64.1 | 1.72 | - | - |
| 11 | Others | 997.5 | 26.74 | 1,319.9 | 35.38 | (322.3) | (8.6) |
| | Total | 3,730.0 | 100.00 | 3,730.0 | 100.00 | - | - |
| | Number of shareholders | 27,061 | | 25,181 | | | |

Source: EA 56-1 One Report for annual report 2021; Set.or.th

ผู้ถือหุ้นหลักรายอื่นของ EA ณ สิ้นเดือน ธ.ค. 21 ประกอบด้วย 1) ครอบครัวเจียรนิลกุลชัย ซึ่งเป็นหนึ่งในสามผู้ ก่อตั้งของ EA ถือหุ้นอยู่ 4.5% (168.37ล้านหุ้น); และ 2) ครอบครัวทรัพย์ทวีกุล ซึ่งเป็นหนึ่งในสามผู้ก่อตั้งของ EA และประธานเจ้าหน้าที่ฝ่ายการเงินในปัจจุบันของบริษัทฯ (คุณอมร ทรัพย์ทวีกุล) ถือ 3.86% (144ล้านหุ้น); 3) Thai NVDR ถือ 6.47% (241.441ล้านหุ้น); และ 4) UBS AG สิงคโปร์ (ไม่รวม SF) ถือ 12.8% (478.688ล้านหุ้น)

Exhibit 2: EA's shareholder structure as of December 2021

| | | As at December 30, 2021 | | | |
|--------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | Name of Shareholders | Number of shares | Shareholding Percentage | | |
| 1. Gr | roup of "Ahunai" | 1,622,040,430 | 43.4863 | | |
| 1.1 | Mr. Somphote Ahunai | 865,736,386 | 23.2101 | | |
| 1.2 | Sotus & Faith#1 * | 300,000,000 | 8.0429 | | |
| 1.3 | Sotus & Faith#1 * | 274 700 000 | 7.3646 | | |
| (| held under Custodian - UBS AG SINGAPORE BRANCH) | 274,700,000 | | | |
| 1.4 5 | otus & Faith#1 * | 66,000,000 | 1.7694 | | |
| (| held under Custodian - MORGAN STANLEY) | 66,000,000 | | | |
| 1.5 | Sotus & Faith#2 * | 2.770.000 | 0.0743 | | |
| (| held under Custodian - UBS AG SINGAPORE BRANCH) | 2,770,000 | | | |
| 1.6 | Mrs. Blanca Shulan Huang | 24,983,607 | 0.6698 | | |
| 1.7 | Mr. Somboon Ahunai | 6,992,951 | 0.1875 | | |
| 1.8 | Ms. Supaporn Ahunai | 23,997,049 | 0.6434 | | |
| 1.9 | Mr. Julin Ahunai | 16,800,000 | 0.4504 | | |
| 1.10 / | Mrs. Wilai Ahunai | 4,800,000 | 0.1287 | | |
| 1.11 / | Mr. Pholsith Ahunai | 18,522,237 | 0.4966 | | |
| 1.12 N | Mr. Peeraphol Ahunai | 16,738,200 | 0.4487 | | |
| 2. UBS | S AG SINGAPORE BRANCH | 470 (00 502 | 10.0225 | | |
| (ex | cluded shares held under 1.3, 1.5, and 5.2) | 478,688,593 | 12.8335 | | |
| 3. Tha | ai NVDR Co., Ltd. | 241,441,478 | 6.4730 | | |
| 4. Gro | up of "Chiannilkulchai" | 168,373,092 | 4.5140 | | |
| 4.1 N | Mrs. Mukda Boonsieng | 153,040,243 | 4.1030 | | |
| 4.2 | Mr. Wutthilerd Chiannilkulchai | 15,332,849 | 0.4111 | | |
| 5. Gro | up of "Sapthaweekul" | 144,013,109 | 3.8609 | | |
| 5.1 N | Mr. Amorn Sapthaweekul | 72,968,316 | 1.9563 | | |
| 5.2 | Mr. Amorn Sapthaweekul | 17,000,000 | 0.4558 | | |
| (| held under Custodian - UBS AG SINGAPORE BRANCH) | 17,000,000 | | | |
| 5.3 | Mr. Amorn Sapthaweekul | 10.000.000 | 0.2681 | | |
| (| held under Custodian - LGT BANK (SINGAPORE) LTD.) | 10,000,000 | | | |
| 5.4 | vls. Wassa Rimchala | 25,823,087 | 0.6923 | | |
| 5.5 N | Mr. Anat Sapthaweekul | 18,221,706 | 0.4885 | | |
| 6. Mr. | Luchai Pukan-Anan | 102,348,900 2.7439 | | | |

Source: EA 56-1 One Report for annual report 2021

ทำไมคุณสมโภชน์ถึงได้โอนหุ้นไปยัง SF เมื่อเร็ว ๆ นี้? ย้อนไปในปี 2016 คุณสมโภชน์ได้ตัดสินใจจัดตั้ง SF ทรัสต์มาถือหุ้น EA เพื่อเตรียมโอนความมั่งคั่งจากหุ้น EA ของตนเองไปยังลูกทั้ง 3 คน.

Exhibit 3: EA's shareholding structure by major shareholders

| Major Shareholders | As of 15 March 2022 | | s of 31 December 2021 | | Changes (31 Dec-21 to 15 Mar-22) | |
|---|---------------------|----------|-----------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------|
| | # Shares | % Shares | # Shares | % Shares | # Shares | % Shares |
| | (no.) | (%) | (no.) | (%) | (no.) | (%) |
| Mr. Somphote Ahunai | 412.1 | 11.0 | 865.7 | 23.2 | (453.7) | (12.2) |
| SF and its custodian funds (UBS & Morgan Stanley) | 1,097.1 | 29.4 | 643.5 | 17.3 | 453.7 | 12.2 |
| Ahunai group | 1,622.0 | 43.49 | 1,622.0 | 43.5 | - | - |
| Chiannikulchai group | 168.4 | 4.51 | 168.4 | 4.5 | - | - |
| Sapthaweekul group | 144.0 | 3.86 | 144.0 | 3.9 | - | - |

Sources: EA; SET

SF เป็นทรัสต์ต่างประเทศที่ตั้งขึ้นเพื่อแบ่งผลตอบแทนในอนาคตจากหุ้นของ EA ให้แก่ลูกของคุณสมโภชน์ จาก ข้อมูลของผู้บริหารหลังมีการโอนหุ้น EA 630ล้านหุ้นหรือ 16.89% ให้ SF เมื่อวันที่ 29 ม.ค. 16 ในขั้นแรก คุณ สมโภชน์ได้ตัดสินใจโอนหุ้น EA เพิ่มไปยัง SF ซึ่งปัจจุบันถือหุ้น EA อยู่ 1.1พันล้านหุ้นหรือ 29.4% (จาก ประมาณการของเรา) เพื่อเสริมสร้างความมั่งคั่งให้แก่ลูก.

เป็นเรื่องปกติที่เจ้าของกิจการที่ประสบความสำเร็จจะโอนความมั่งคั่งไปยังทรัสต์เพื่อจัดสรรผลประโยชน์ใน อนาคตสำหรับทายาท ลูก หรือผู้สืบทอดอื่น ๆ ซึ่งคล้าย ๆ กับที่บิล เกตส์ (ผู้ก่อตั้งและผู้ถือหุ้นใหญ่ของ Microsoft) โอนความมั่งคั่งจำนวน USD49.8พันล้าน ให้แก่ The Gates Foundation และ The Gates Learning Foundation โดยมีจุดประสงค์เพื่อการกุศล

ในขณะที่บิล เกตส์และภรรยาเมลินดา เกตส์ไม่ได้โอนความมั่งคั่งของตนให้ลูกแต่ให้การกุศล เราเห็นว่าการโอน ความมั่งคั่งจากในประเทศไปต่างประเทศและจากผู้ก่อตั้งไปยังทรัสต์เป็นเรื่องถูกกฎหมายและการกระทำที่ โปร่งใส

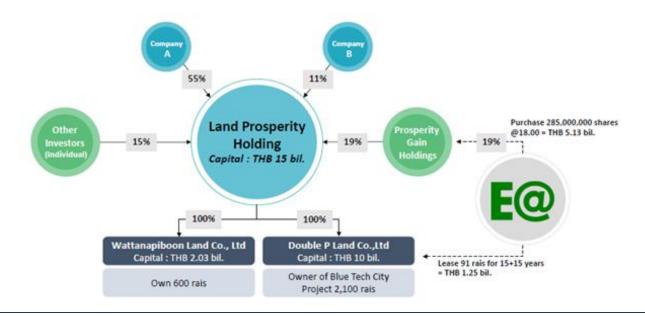
ข้อสรุปสำหรับความกังวลข้อแรก: ผู้ถือหุ้นหลักไม่ได้ขายหุ้นออกและไม่ได้ลดการถือหุ้น ณ วันที่ 15 มี.ค. 22 จากการวิเคราะห์ของเรา คุณสมโภชน์และผู้ก่อตั้งอีก 2 รายยังคงถือหุ้นส่วนของตนใน EA ณ วันที่ 15 มี.ค. 22 คุณสมโภชน์แค่เปลี่ยนการถือหุ้น EA ที่เป็นชื่อของตัวเองไปยัง SF ส่วนมากภายใต้ทรัสต์ของ UBS AG สิงคโปร์

ความกังวล #2: การซื้อที่ดินสำหรับนิคมอุตสาหกรรม Blue Tech ของ EA

จากข้อมูลของผู้บริหารของ EA ความกังวลข้อสองเกี่ยวข้องกับรายการซื้อที่ดินและการลงทุนของ EA ใน Blue Tech City Industrial Estate (BTIE) ซึ่งถูกมองว่าไม่ถูกต้องและไม่สมเหตุสมผล

เบื้องหลังของการซื้อที่ดินสำหรับ Blue Tech City industrial estate ของ EA. เมื่อวันที่ 27 ก.พ. 19 EA ประกาศ 2 รายการที่เกี่ยวข้องกับการซื้อที่ดินของบริษัทฯ ประกอบด้วย 1) การลงทุนในหุ้น 19% หรือ 285 ล้านหุ้นใน Land Prosperity Holding (LPH, not listed) ซึ่งผู้ถือหุ้นหลักของ EA และประธานเจ้าหน้าที่บริหาร คุณสมโภชน์และบุตรเป็นเจ้าของในราคา 5.13พัน ลบ. LPH เป็นเจ้าของที่ดินรวม 2,700 ไร่ (1,080 เอเคอร์) ใน ฉะเชิงเทรา ซึ่งเป็นหนึ่งในสามจังหวัดในเขตพัฒนาพิเศษภาคตะวันออก (EEC); และ 2) การซื้อสิทธิในการเช่า ในที่ดิน 91 ไร่สำหรับโรงงานผลิตแบตเตอรี่ระยะที่ 1 ขนาด 1GWh ของบริษัทฯ

Exhibit 4: EA's land acquisition transactions and acquisitions



Source: EA

เหตุผลสำหรับรายการดังกล่าว. ในระหว่างการประชุมนักวิเคราะห์หลังผลประกอบการ 4Q19 ผู้บริหารของ EA ระบุว่าบริษัทฯ เข้าทำรายการที่ประกาศเพื่อ 1) ให้บริษัทฯ สามารถเตรียมที่ดินเพื่อพัฒนานิคมอุตสาหกรรม (IE) และกิจการสาธารณปโภคสำหรับโครงการ EEC ที่กำลังจะเกิดขึ้นในอนาคต ที่ดิน 2,100 ไร่ที่จัดสรรให้กับ โครงการนิคมอุตสาหกรรมอยู่ในฉะเชิงเทรา; และ 2) สัญญาเช่าที่ดิน 91 ไร่เพื่อเตรียมพร้อมสำหรับโรงงานผลิต แบตเตอรี่ขนาด 1GWh ของ EA ซึ่งมีกำหนดเริ่มดำเนินงานใน 4Q20

เราเชื่อว่าทั้ง 2 เป็นรายการที่สมเหตุสมผลเนื่องจาก: 1) เราเห็นว่าราคา 18 บาท/หุ้นเป็นราคาที่ยุติธรรม เนื่องจากส่วนล้ำจำนวน 5 บาท/หุ้นเหนือราคาที่เป็นเงินสด (Liquidation price) ที่ 13 บาท/หุ้นจะได้เหตุผลจาก ราคาชำระเต็มจำนวนที่ 18 บาท/หุ้นของผู้ถือหุ้นส่วนที่เหลืออีก 81% ใน LPH เพื่อใช้เป็นทุนสนับสนุนการ พัฒนา Blue Tech City IE โดยจะใช้ที่ 2,100 ไร่เพื่อการพัฒนาใน EEC; และ 2) เราคิดว่าสัญญาเช่าที่ดิน 91 ไร่ จากบริษัทย่อยที่ LPH ถือหุ้นเต็ม 100% กล่าวคือ Double P Land (not listed) เป็นระยะเวลา 30 ปีที่ราคา 1.25พัน ลบ. โดยเริ่มด้วยค่าเช่ารายปีที่ 26 ลบ. จะถูกปรับขึ้นไม่เกิน 10% ในทุก ๆ 3 ปี

What is the Eastern Economic Corridor? According to the Royal Thai Embassy at Washington D.C., the EEC development lies at the heart of the Thailand 4.0 scheme. The project is an area-based development initiative, aiming to revitalise the well-known Eastern Seaboard where, for 30 years, numerous business developers have experienced a rewarding investment journey and exceptional achievements.

Exhibit 5: EEC comprehensive infrastructure



Sources: Royal Thai Embassy, Washington D.C.

The project initially focused on the three eastern provinces, namely Rayong, Chonburi, and Chachoengsao. The EEC development plan envisages a significant transformation of both physical and social development, playing an important role as a regulatory sandbox and uplifting the country's competitiveness.

The EEC's 12 targeted S-curve industries are: cars; smart electronics; affluent, medical and wellness tourism; agriculture and biotechnology; food; robotics for industry; logistics and aviation; biofuels and biochemicals; digital; medical services; defense; and education development.

The EEC aims to bring innovation to improve the quality of living, through "7 Smarts" solutions – Smart Mobility, Smart People, Smart Living, Smart Economy, Smart Governance, Smart Energy and Smart Environment. The overall plan is to create a "Livable Smart City" for its residents and investors where technological integration, low carbon emissions, a circular economy, and access to good public healthcare and education will not only create an environment suited for innovation, but also for sustainable living.

Exhibit 6: EA's EV and battery ventures are one of the EEC's 12 targeted industries



Source: Royal Thai Embassy, Washington D.C.

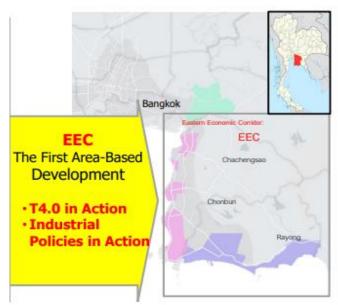
The EEC project includes three main activities:

- Upgrading of Thailand's transport and logistics infrastructure in order to provide a solid connectivity platform to link the EEC region with markets of the Asia Pacific, the Indian Ocean Rim, and beyond.
- Establishing areas of concentration for investments in the "New S-Curve" industries (robotics, aviation and logistics, digital, biofuels and biochemical, and medical services), such as "EECi" to promote innovation, and "EECd" to promote the digital economy. A new EEC Office has been established to facilitate investments and provide novel incentives in addition to those offered by the Board of Investment.
- Creating areas for sustainable economic and social development through the use of new and environmentally friendly technologies to enhance the quality of life.

Exhibit 7: Key industrial zones under the EEC



Exhibit 8: Area-based development for the EEC



Source: Royal Thai Embassy, Washington D.C.

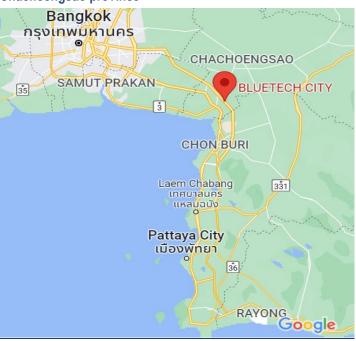
Source: Set.or.th

EEC's promoted zones for targeted industries. The EEC has designated 21 promoted zones as the locations for the 12 targeted industries. Investors will be eligible to receive both tax and non-tax privileges. The ECC's promoted zones for specific industries include: 1) EECh, High-Speed Rail Ribbon Sprawl; 2) EECd, Digital Park; 3) EECmd, Medical Hub; 4) EECi, Innovation Platform; 5) EECa, Eastern Airport City; and 6) EECg, Genomics Thailand.

Exhibit 9: Blue Tech City Industrial Estate aerial view



Exhibit 10: Blue Tech City Industrial Estate area in Chachoengsao province



Source: MReport Source: Google Maps

EA's Blue Tech City Industrial Estate.

With the high growth potential under the EEC, EA has timely captured the growth opportunity in one of the 12 targeted industries under the EEC in the next-generation automotive industry, which includes manufacturing plants for batteries, EV assembly, and other EV parts.

While the EEC campaign has long been promoted by the Thai government since 2010, it was not until 11 Aug-21 that the Industrial Estate Authority of Thailand (IEA) approved the BTIE as an industrial estate under the EEC for next-generation automotive production with an estimated investment of THB33.2b and up to 8,300 new employments, according to the EEC.

Located just 44km away from Thailand's major airport Suvarnabhumi Airport and 60km from Laemchabang Port, Thailand's largest deep-sea port, and 119km from Maptaphut Port in Rayong province, BTIE's initial land use will be 1,181 rais with a THB4.9b investment.

It has taken five years from LPH's land acquisition from 2016 to Aug-21 for the IEA to approve BTIE as an IE under the EEC, which effectively allows the designated areas surrounding BTIE to legally change from agricultural green zones to industrial purple zones.

Why was LPH required as a land owner before selling to EA?

According to EA's management, there are three reasons that led to Mr. Somphote and his son setting up LPH to purchase land plots in preparation for BTIE to effectively reduce the initial risk for EA's shareholders to purchase green zone land under the worst-case scenario that the IEA may not eventually approve the BTIE project.

High risk for the change from a green to purple zone land asset. Prior to 2017, EA planned to build BTIE in Chachoengsao province, which is one of three major provinces under Thai government's EEC investment campaign. However, in 2016, the land targets for BTIE were all marked as "green" zone areas, as Chachoengsao is a zone for agriculture, not heavy industries.

Hence, EA's board then believed that if EA acquired that land, it may face a grave risk under the circumstance that the EEC campaign may not eventually materialise, thereby prohibiting the land targets changing from "green" zone, an agricultural area, to "purple" zone, an industrial area.

We believe the share premium of THB5/share (THB1.4b out of the THB5.13b acquisition cost) paid over liquidation value is fully justified, given the high initial risk to acquire the land under green zone status pending the IEA's approval to change the land plots from agricultural green to industrial purple zones.

In our view, it was rational for LPH to purchase the green land at a lower price in 2016 and later sell the green-to-purple zone land at a higher price five years later at selling prices comparable to the nearby IE land selling price of the then-known-as Thai Factory Development (TFD TB), currently named JCK International, which was then developing its new TFD IE 2 in Chachoengsao province not far from BTIE.

According to management, the land price purchased by EA from LPH was assessed by a third-party company at a discount to TFD's IE land sales; we estimate by 30-50%.

Conclusion for concern #2: Unlikely to be an unfair and irrational transaction for EA to purchase land from the founder-owned LPH. The developments of LPH and other companies owned by Mr Somphote and his associates should not only benefit EA's shareholders by taking on the initial risk for green-to-purple zone land convertibility, but also effectively reduce the acquisition price of the land due to the individual, sporadic acquisitions of land by LPH rather than by EA, which we think could trigger a much higher selling price for the remaining land after the first land purchase. Other land owners would likely raise their selling prices in response to BTIE's requirement to buy land from them.

Concern #3: Construction of and investment in solar farms projects

The third concern surrounds the construction and investment by EA in its solar and wind farms, in particular EA's and Thailand's first large-scale 90MW solar farm in Nakornsawan, which commenced its commercial operation date (COD) in 2013.

Exhibit 11: EA's solar farm construction cost breakdown

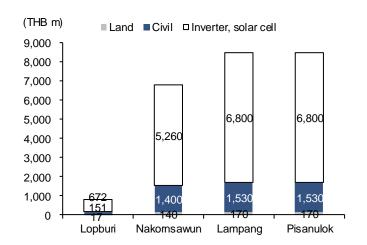
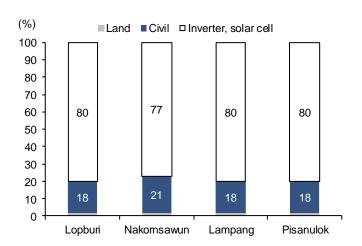


Exhibit 12: EA's solar farm construction cost breakdown (%)



Sources: EA; FSSIA estimates

Sources: EA; FSSIA estimates

Essentially, the concern is focused on the cost of construction and procurement of the components of solar farms at Nakornsawan (NK), including solar photovoltaic panels, inverters, and cables and connectors.

We find no evidence for excessive costs or irrational investments in EA's solar farms. Based on our analysis, we find that EA had invested in its Nakornsawan solar farms at a reasonable cost and with a transparent approach. According to management, EA had decided to implement a "turnkey" approach for its solar farms, including NK and two other large-scale 90MW solar farms at Lampang and Phitsanulok, which commenced their CODs in 2015 and 2016, respectively.

A fixed investment cost under turnkey EPC for solar farms. Under the turnkey approach for the engineering, procurement, and construction (EPC), EA negotiated with EPC companies for a total, inclusive investment cost. For NK, EA invested a total of THB6.8b for a 126MW installed capacity and only a 90MW contract capacity to sell the electricity produced to the Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand (EGAT) at a total THB9-10/kWh. The high tariff came from the Thai government's promotion of the first phase of renewable energy in Thailand.

Even using the 90MW contract capacity, we estimate that EA invested only THB76m per MW capacity for NK, which is lower than the THB80-100m per MW capacity for other local peers, based on our estimate.

Exhibit 13: Analysis of EA's solar farms and its profitability and operational performance

| Solar project | Nakornsawan | Lampang | Phitsanulok | Unit |
|-----------------------|-------------|---------|-------------|--------------|
| Contract capacity | 90 | 90 | 90 | MW |
| Investment per MW | 76 | 94 | 100 | THB m/MW |
| Total investment | 6,800 | 8,500 | 9,000 | THB m |
| Solar light tracker | None | Yes | Yes | |
| Est. production | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.70 | MWh per day |
| Est. production | 201 | 237 | 256 | GWh |
| % production increase | na | 18% | 27% | |
| % cost increase | na | 25% | 25% | |
| Est. annual profit | 1,363 | 1,672 | 1,686 | THB m |
| Est. annual profit | 15.1 | 18.6 | 18.7 | THB m per MW |

High profitability and returns for solar farms, including at Nakornsawan. With a 126MW capacity to produce a high level of electricity at over 90MW during the strong sunshine period from 10 am to 2 pm, EA is able to generate a "longer" period of 90MW electricity production for a maximum sales volume under the power purchase agreement with EGAT.

EA has generated a much higher level of profitability for its solar farms at THB9.5-9.9/kWh in 2017-21. We estimate that EA's four solar farms with a total of 278MW, including the 90MW NK, generated over THB3b in annual net profits and THB7b EBITDA for EA since 2016 when its four solar farms were in operation.

With a total investment of THB26b for four solar farms with a capacity of 278MW, we estimate that EA reached the financial breakeven point for its solar farms within only four years and generated an EIRR of over 30%. This strong profitability, short payback period, and high EIRR, should clearly manifest EA's sound investment in its solar farms, including NK, Lampang, and Phitsanulok.

Exhibit 14: Solar production from 5KW solar farm

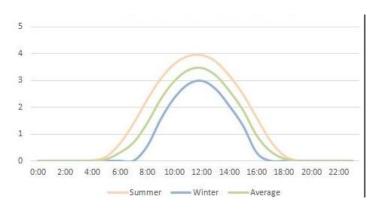
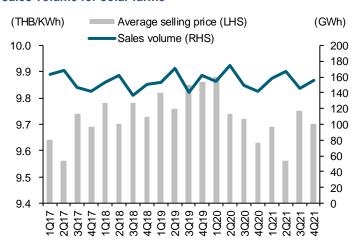


Exhibit 15: EA's actual average selling price and electricity sales volume for solar farms



Source: Solar Power Australia

Source: EA

Similar to its solar farms, we believe EA's investment in wind farms is sound and can create high profitability for EA's shareholders, considering that 1) the investment per MW is reasonable at THB75m per MW capacity, which is on par with industry peers, based on our estimate; 2) the high operating performance with high capacity factors; and 3) high profitability of over THB10m per MW compared to local peers' THB5-7m per MW.

Exhibit 16: Analysis of EA's solar and wind farms

| | Units | Solar phase #1 | Solar phase #2 | Solar phase #3 | Solar phase #4 | Wind southern | Wind Northeastern |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Total capacity | MW | 8 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 126 | 260 |
| % of total capacity | % | 1 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 19 | 39 |
| Capacity factor | % | 20 | 25 | 31 | 31.5 | 30 | 31 |
| Investment cost | THB m/MW | 105 | 76 | 94 | 94 | 75 | 75 |
| Total project investment cost | THB m | 840 | 6,800 | 8,500 | 8,500 | 9,450 | 19,500 |
| Net profit | THB m/MW | 12 | 13 | 16 | 17 | 10 | 12 |
| Technology | | Conventional | Conventional | Tracking system | Tracking system | Turbine class 3 | Turbine class 3 |
| Est. Commercial Operation Date | | Operational | Operational | Operational | Operational | Operational | Operational |

In 2017-21, EA's wind farms have continued to generate high operating performance with high sales volumes and capacity factors and a high average selling price of over THB6/kWh (adder THB3.5/kWh) compared to over THB9/kWh (adder THB6.5/kWh) for solar farms.

Exhibit 17: EA's electricity average selling price and sales volume for wind farms

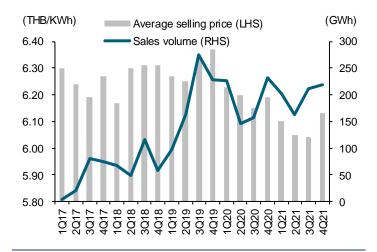
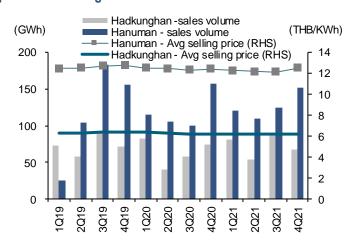


Exhibit 18: EA's electricity sales volume and average selling price for Hadkunghan and Hanuman wind farms



Source: EA Source: EA

Exhibit 19: Analysis of EA's wind farms

| Wind project | Southern (Hadkunghan 1-4) | Northeastern (Hanuman 1-14) | Units |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Wind turbine | Class 3 | Class 3 | |
| Location | Nakhonsrithammarat/Songkla | Chaiyaphom | |
| Turbine pole height | 137 | 137 | m |
| Size of wind turbine | 1.8 | 2.5 | MW |
| Number of turbines | 70.0 | 104 | Turbine |
| Capacity | 126 | 260 | MW |
| Investment per MW | 79 | 75 | THB m/MW |
| Total investment | 9,954 | 19,500 | THB m |
| Average wind speed | 5.5 | 6.5 | m/s |
| Wind speed range | 3-10 | 4-8 | m/s |
| Tariff | | | |
| On-peak | 3.30 | 3.30 | THB/kWh |
| Off-peak | 2.20 | 2.20 | THB/kWh |
| Weighted average tariff | 2.81 | 2.64 | THB/kWh |
| Adder | 3.50 | 3.50 | THB/kWh |
| Weighted average tariff | 6.31 | 6.14 | THB/kWh |
| On-peak period a day | 55% | 40% | |
| Off-peak period a day | 45% | 60% | |
| Average wind speed | 5.5 | 6.5 | m/s |
| Est. adjusted wind speed | 34.7 | 39.9 | THB/kWh per wind speed m/s |
| Est. profit per MW | 7.0 | 2.7 | THB m/MW |
| Contract status | PPA signed | PPA signed | |
| Operation status | Under construction | Planning | |
| COD | 2Q17 onwards, delayed by 3 months | 4Q18 onwards, delayed by 6 months | |
| Est. capacity factor | 30% | 31% | |

Conclusion for concern #3: Sound investment for solar and wind farms with proven track record of strong operations, high efficiency, and high profitability.

Regardless of what EPC companies for EA's solar farms achieve and implement to complete their solar farm projects in time, with a period of warranty for operational performance, we believe EA's investment in solar farms is sound and creates value for EA's shareholders, as evidenced by its high profitability in solar and wind farms.

EA: A proven success and leading player in renewables and EVs in Thailand

We believe EA's recent share price plunge on investors' three major concerns are unjustified, and see the share price correction as a strong buying opportunity ahead of EA's strong net profit growth that we project from its new EV and battery S-curve ventures in 2Q22 onward.

After commencing operations at its 1GWh battery phase 1 plant on 12 Dec-21, delivering 122 e-buses in Sep-Oct 2021, and securing over 300 e-bus orders for delivery in 4Q21-2022, we are now more confident about EA's sales volume outlook for its EVs in 2022-23.

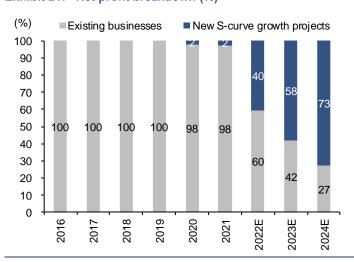
With a solid set of potential e-bus orders from Thai Smile Bus and Thai Smart Bus in 2022-23, we believe EA is likely to achieve our earnings and sales volume assumptions for e-trucks and e-buses on the high pent-up demand for commercial EVs (buses and trucks) and passenger EVs pending the official announcement of the government's incentive package.

Exhibit 20: Net profit breakdown

(THB m) Existing businesses New S-curve growth projects

18,000
16,000
12,000
10,000
8,000
4,000
2,000
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022E2023E2024E

Exhibit 21: Net profit breakdown (%)



Sources: EA; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 22: SoTP valuation

| Cost of equity assumptions | (%) | | Cost of debt assumptions | (%) |
|------------------------------|---------|-------------|--|------|
| Risk free rate | 2.3 | | Pretax cost of debt | 4.6 |
| Market risk premium | 8.5 | | Marginal tax rate | 20.0 |
| Stock beta | 0.40 | | | |
| DCF assumptions | | | | |
| Cost of equity, Ke | 5.7 | | Net cost of debt, Kd | 3.4 |
| Weight applied | 25.0 | | Weight applied | 75.0 |
| WACC (%) | 4.0 | | | |
| SoTP valuation estimate | (THB m) | (THB/share) | Valuation methodology | |
| Biodiesel | 4,417 | 1.2 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Solar | | | | |
| Lop buri | 1,331 | 0.4 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Nakornsawun | 12,119 | 3.2 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Lumpang | 18,979 | 5.1 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Pisanuloak | 19,270 | 5.2 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Total solar | 51,699 | 13.9 | | |
| Wind | | | | |
| Southern (COD 2017) | | | | |
| Had Gunghun 1 | 4,175 | 1.1 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Had Gunghun 2 | 5,087 | 1.4 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Had Gunghun 3 | 5,103 | 1.4 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Had Gunghun 4 | 6,301 | 1.7 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Total wind farm Southern | 14,365 | 5.5 | | |
| Northeastern (COD 2018) | | | | |
| Hanuman 1 | 8,160 | 2.2 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Hanuman 5 | 8,682 | 2.3 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Hanuman 8 | 8,139 | 2.2 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Hanuman 9 | 7,596 | 2.0 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Hanuman 10 | 14,507 | 3.9 | DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Total wind farm Northeastern | 47,084 | 12.6 | | |
| Battery phase 1 (1GWh) | 12,366 | 3.3 | DCF with WACC 4%, Risk free rate 5.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| Battery phase 2 (15GWh) | 226,739 | 60.8 | DCF with WACC 4%, Risk free rate 5.3%, Risk premium 8.5% | |
| EV car (MPA SPA1, 2Q21E) | 12,355 | 3.3 | FY22E P/E at 12x | |
| | | | | |

Residual ordinary equity

Sources: EA; FSSIA estimates

EV boat (1Q21E)

EV bus (3Q21)

Net debt

Minorities

Total EV and battery

Green diesel & PCM

EV charging station (2020E)

939

1,085

77,342

253,484

12,654

(14,618)

371,551

2,465

0.3

0.3

20.7

88.7

3.4

(3.9)

0.7

122.0

FY22E P/E at 12x

FY22E P/E at 24x

FY22E P/E at 15x

DCF with WACC 4.0%, Risk free rate 2.3%, Risk premium 8.5%

Financial Statements

Energy Absolute

| Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec | 2020 | 2021 | 2022E | 2023E | 2024E |
|---|------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| Revenue | 17,080 | 20,174 | 33,947 | 49,993 | 65,576 |
| Cost of goods sold | (6,591) | (9,242) | (16,385) | (28,040) | (40,895) |
| Gross profit | 10,489 | 10,931 | 17,561 | 21,954 | 24,682 |
| Other operating income | - | - | - | - | - |
| Operating costs | (1,278) | (1,437) | (2,376) | (3,000) | (4,590) |
| Operating EBITDA | 9,211 | 9,494 | 15,185 | 18,954 | 20,091 |
| Depreciation | (2,730) | (2,768) | (4,494) | (5,300) | (5,300) |
| Goodwill amortisation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Operating EBIT | 6,480 | 6,726 | 10,691 | 13,654 | 14,791 |
| Net financing costs | (1,627) | (1,322) | (1,232) | (1,128) | (1,061) |
| Associates | (61) | 14 | 1,289 | 1,189 | 1,395 |
| Recurring non-operating income | 126 | 411 | 1,539 | 1,439 | 1,645 |
| Non-recurring items | 50 | 117 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Profit before tax | 5,029 | 5,933 | 10,998 | 13,965 | 15,375 |
| Tax | 18 | (3) | (41) | (116) | (98) |
| Profit after tax | 5,047 | 5,929 | 10,956 | 13,849 | 15,277 |
| Minority interests | 157 | 171 | (306) | (305) | (314) |
| Preferred dividends | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other items | - | - | - | - | - |
| Reported net profit | 5,205 | 6,100 | 10,650 | 13,543 | 14,963 |
| Non-recurring items & goodwill (net) | (50) | (117) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Recurring net profit | 5,155 | 5,983 | 10,650 | 13,543 | 14,963 |
| Per share (THB) | | | | | |
| Recurring EPS * | 1.38 | 1.60 | 2.86 | 3.63 | 4.01 |
| Reported EPS | 1.40 | 1.64 | 2.86 | 3.63 | 4.01 |
| DPS | 0.30 | 0.40 | 0.70 | 1.00 | 1.25 |
| Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data) Growth | 3,730 | 3,730 | 3,730 | 3,730 | 3,730 |
| | 447 | 40.4 | 00.0 | 47.0 | 04.0 |
| Revenue (%) | 14.7 | 18.1 3.1 | 68.3 | 47.3 | 31.2 6.0 |
| Operating EBITDA (%) | (3.3) | | 59.9 58.9 | 24.8 | |
| Operating EBS (%) | (7.6) | 3.8 16.1 | 78.0 | 27.7 27.2 | 8.3 10.5 |
| Recurring EPS (%) Reported EPS (%) | (12.7) (14.4) | 17.2 | 74.6 | 27.2 | 10.5 |
| Operating performance | (17.7) | 17.2 | 74.0 | 21.2 | 10.5 |
| Gross margin inc. depreciation (%) | 45.4 | 40.5 | 38.5 | 33.3 | 29.6 |
| Gross margin of key business (%) | 45.7 | 41.0 | 38.5 | 33.3 | 29.6 |
| Operating EBITDA margin (%) | 53.9 | 47.1 | 44.7 | 37.9 | 30.6 |
| Operating EBIT margin (%) | 37.9 | 33.3 | 31.5 | 27.3 | 22.6 |
| Net margin (%) | 30.2 | 29.7 | 31.4 | 27.1 | 22.8 |
| Effective tax rate (%) | -0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| Dividend payout on recurring profit (%) | 21.7 | 24.9 | 24.5 | 27.5 | 31.2 |
| Interest cover (X) | 4.1 | 5.4 | 9.9 | 13.4 | 15.5 |
| Inventory days | 44.1 | 45.7 | 46.2 | 47.0 | 50.0 |
| Debtor days | 57.9 | 58.3 | 41.5 | 31.2 | 27.0 |
| Creditor days | 18.2 | 14.4 | 11.2 | 11.4 | 12.1 |
| Operating ROIC (%) | 9.5 | (2.3) | (3.5) | (4.5) | (5.0) |
| ROIC (%) | 8.2 | (1.9) | (3.2) | (4.0) | (4.4) |
| ROE (%) | 20.1 | 19.8 | 28.7 | 28.8 | 25.8 |
| ROA (%) | 8.5 | 6.8 | 11.9 | 13.5 | 13.1 |
| * Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted | | | | | |
| Revenue by Division (THB m) | 2020 | 2021 | 2022E | 2023E | 2024E |
| Methyl ester Biodiesel products | 6,570 | 6,570 | 6,570 | 6,570 | 6,570 |
| Pure glycerine products | 360 | 361 | 2,387 | 3,469 | 3,469 |
| Electricity from solar and wind power | 9,784 | 4,247 | 14,184 | 19,279 | 32,354 |
| Head office and others | 100 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 |
| O | · | - | | | |

Sources: Energy Absolute; FSSIA estimates

Financial Statements

Energy Absolute

| Energy Absolute | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Cash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec | 2020 | 2021 | 2022E | 2023E | 2024E |
| Recurring net profit | 5,155 | 5,983 | 10,650 | 13,543 | 14,963 |
| Depreciation | 2,730 | 2,768 | 4,494 | 5,300 | 5,300 |
| Associates & minorities | (61) | 14 | 1,289 | 1,189 | 1,395 |
| Other non-cash items | - | - | · - | , - | · - |
| Change in working capital | 4,045 | (4,390) | (163) | (689) | (1,029) |
| Cash flow from operations | 11,869 | 4,375 | 16,270 | 19,344 | 20,629 |
| Capex - maintenance | (2,730) | (2,768) | (4,494) | (5,300) | (5,300) |
| Capex - new investment | (4,486) | (2,564) | (994) | (1,800) | (1,800) |
| Net acquisitions & disposals | (1,429) | (84) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other investments (net) Cash flow from investing | (7,546) (16,192) | (711) (6,127) | 1,289 (4,199) | 1,189 (5,911) | 1,395 (5,705) |
| Dividends paid | (746) | (746) | (1,492) | (2,611) | (3,730) |
| Equity finance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Debt finance | (2,873) | 1,904 | (4,255) | (2,035) | (2,035) |
| Other financing cash flows | 863 | 570 | (334) | 1,477 | 1,074 |
| Cash flow from financing | (2,756) | 1,728 | (6,081) | (3,169) | (4,691) |
| Non-recurring cash flows | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other adjustments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net other adjustments Movement in cash | 0 (7,079) | 0 | 0 5,990 | 0 10,264 | 0 |
| Free cash flow to firm (FCFF) | (2,685.77) | (24) (364.69) | 13,352.81 | 14,611.11 | 10,234 16,035.47 |
| Free cash flow to equity (FCFE) | (6,332.72) | 721.90 | 7,481.97 | 12,874.77 | 13,963.85 |
| | (=,===:=) | | ., | , | , |
| Per share (THB) | | | | | |
| FCFF per share | (0.72) | (0.10) | 3.58 | 3.92 | 4.30 |
| FCFE per share Recurring cash flow per share | (1.70) 2.10 | 0.19 2.35 | 2.01 4.41 | 3.45 5.37 | 3.74 5.81 |
| Recurring cash now per share | 2.10 | 2.55 | 4.41 | 3.37 | 3.01 |
| Balance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec | 2020 | 2021 | 2022E | 2023E | 2024E |
| Tangible fixed assets (gross) | 67,122 | 70,852 | 74,352 | 77,852 | 81,352 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (11,265) | (12,431) | (16,925) | (22,225) | (27,525) |
| Tangible fixed assets (net) | 55,857 | 58,421 | 57,426 | 55,627 | 53,827 |
| Intangible fixed assets (net) | 1,337 | 1,453 | 1,453 | 1,453 | 1,453 |
| Long-term financial assets | - | - | - | - | - |
| Invest. in associates & subsidiaries | 1,529 | 1,614 | 1,614 | 1,614 | 1,614 |
| Cash & equivalents A/C receivable | 2,951 | 2,927 | 8,917 | 19,181 | 29,415 |
| Inventories | 2,750 833 | 3,690 1,483 | 4,030 2,663 | 4,530 4,557 | 5,186 6,647 |
| Other current assets | 855 | 3,549 | 5,972 | 8,795 | 11,537 |
| Current assets | 7,389 | 11,650 | 21,582 | 37,063 | 52,784 |
| Other assets | 12,371 | 12,339 | 12,339 | 12,339 | 12,339 |
| Total assets | 78,484 | 85,476 | 94,415 | 108,096 | 122,017 |
| Common equity | 27,812 | 32,501 | 41,609 | 52,492 | 63,675 |
| Minorities etc. | 1,815 | 2,601 | 2,907 | 3,212 | 3,527 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 29,627 | 35,102 | 44,516 | 55,704 | 67,201 |
| Long term debt Other long term liabilities | 31,090 | 33,777 | 29,522 | 27,487 | 25,452 |
| Other long-term liabilities Long-term liabilities | 4,203 35,292 | 3,921 37,699 | 3,921 33,443 | 3,921 31,409 | 3,921 29,374 |
| A/C payable | 373 | 358 | 643 | 1,101 | 1,606 |
| Short term debt | 7,983 | 7,200 | 7,200 | 7,200 | 7,200 |
| Other current liabilities | 5,209 | 5,118 | 8,612 | 12,683 | 16,636 |
| Current liabilities | 13,564 | 12,676 | 16,455 | 20,984 | 25,442 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | 78,484 | 85,476 | 94,415 | 108,096 | 122,017 |
| Net working capital | (1,143) | 3,246 | 3,410 | 4,098 | 5,127 |
| Invested capital | 69,951 | 77,073 | 76,242 | 75,131 | 74,360 |
| * Includes convertibles and preferred stock which is being | J treated as debt | | | | |
| Per share (THB) | | | | | |
| Book value per share | 7.46 | 8.71 | 11.16 | 14.07 | 17.07 |
| Tangible book value per share | 7.10 | 8.32 | 10.77 | 13.68 | 16.68 |
| Financial strength | | | | | |
| Net debt/equity (%) | 121.9 | 108.4 | 62.5 | 27.8 | 4.8 |
| Net debt/total assets (%) | 46.0 | 44.5 | 29.4 | 14.3 | 2.7 |
| Current ratio (x) CF interest cover (x) | 0.5 (0.1) | 0.9 3.5 | 1.3 7.9 | 1.8 14.0 | 2.1 15.9 |
| | (0.1) | | | | |
| Valuation | 2020 | 2021 | 2022E | 2023E | 2024E |
| Recurring P/E (x) * | 68.2 | 58.8 | 33.0 | 26.0 | 23.5 |
| Recurring P/E @ target price (x) * | 88.3 | 76.1 | 42.7 | 33.6 | 30.4 |
| Reported P/E (x) | 67.5 | 57.6 | 33.0 | 26.0 | 23.5 |
| Dividend yield (%) Price/book (x) | 0.3 12.6 | 0.4 10.8 | 0.7 8.4 | 1.1 6.7 | 1.3 5.5 |
| Price/book (x) Price/tangible book (x) | 13.3 | 10.8 | 8.4 8.8 | 6.9 | 5.5 5.7 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) ** | 42.3 | 41.3 | 25.2 | 19.5 | 17.8 |
| EV/EBITDA @ target price (x) ** | 53.5 | 52.2 | 32.0 | 25.0 | 23.0 |
| EV/invested capital (x) | 5.6 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.8 |
| * Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted ** EBIT | TDA includes associate | income and recur | ring non-operating | income | |

Sources: Energy Absolute; FSSIA estimates

Corporate Governance report of Thai listed companies 2020

| EXCELLE | NT LEVEL | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|-----------------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|----------|--------|
| AAV | ADVANC | AF | AIRA | AKP | AKR | ALT | AMA | AMATA | AMATAV | ANAN |
| AOT | AP | ARIP | ARROW | ASP | BAFS | BANPU | BAY | BCP | BCPG | BDMS |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| BEC | BEM | BGRIM | BIZ | BKI | BLA | BOL | BPP | BRR | BTS | BWG |
| CENTEL | CFRESH | CHEWA | CHO | CIMBT | CK | CKP | CM | CNT | COL | COMAN |
| COTTO | CPALL | CPF | CPI | CPN | CSS | DELTA | DEMCO | DRT | DTAC | DTC |
| DV8 | EA | EASTW | ECF | ECL | EGCO | EPG | ETE | FNS | FPI | FPT |
| | | | GCAP | | | | GPSC | | | |
| FSMART | GBX | GC | | GEL | GFPT | GGC | | GRAMMY | GUNKUL | HANA |
| HARN | HMPRO | ICC | ICHI | III | ILINK | INTUCH | IRPC | IVL | JKN | JSP |
| JWD | K | KBANK | KCE | KKP | KSL | KTB | KTC | LANNA | LH | LHFG |
| LIT | LPN | MAKRO | MALEE | MBK | MBKET | MC | MCOT | METCO | MFEC | MINT |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| MONO | MOONG | MSC | MTC | NCH | NCL | NEP | NKI | NOBLE | NSI | NVD |
| YYV | OISHI | ORI | ОТО | PAP | PCSGH | PDJ | PG | PHOL | PLANB | PLANET |
| PLAT | PORT | PPS | PR9 | PREB | PRG | PRM | PSH | PSL | PTG | PTT |
| PTTEP | PTTGC | PYLON | Q-CON | QH | QTC | RATCH | RS | S | S&J | SAAM |
| SABINA | SAMART | SAMTEL | SAT | SC | SCB | SCC | SCCC | SCG | SCN | SDC |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| SEAFCO | SEAOIL | SE-ED | SELIC | SENA | SIRI | SIS | SITHAI | SMK | SMPC | SNC |
| SONIC | SORKON | SPALI | SPI | SPRC | SPVI | SSSC | SST | STA | SUSCO | SUTHA |
| SVI | SYMC | SYNTEC | TACC | TASCO | TCAP | TFMAMA | THANA | THANI | THCOM | THG |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| THIP | THRE | THREL | TIP | TIPCO | TISCO | TK | TKT | TTB | TMILL | TNDT |
| TNL | TOA | TOP | TPBI | TQM | TRC | TSC | TSR | TSTE | TSTH | TTA |
| TTCL | TTW | TU | TVD | TVI | TVO | TWPC | U | UAC | UBIS | UV |
| /GI | VIH | WACOAL | WAVE | WHA | WHAUP | WICE | WINNER | TRUE | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | OD LEVEL ABM | ACE | ACG | ADB | AEC | AEONTS | ACE | AH | AHC | AIT |
| 2S | | | | | | | AGE | | AHC | AIT |
| ALLA | AMANAH | AMARIN | APCO | APCS | APURE | AQUA | ASAP | ASEFA | ASIA | ASIAN |
| ASIMAR | ASK | ASN | ATP30 | AUCT | AWC | AYUD | В | BA | BAM | BBL |
| BFIT | BGC | BJC | BJCHI | BROOK | BTW | CBG | CEN | CGH | CHARAN | CHAYO |
| | | | | | | | COM7 | CPL | CRC | |
| CHG | CHOTI | CHOW | CI | CIG | CMC | COLOR | | | | CRD |
| CSC | CSP | CWT | DCC | DCON | DDD | DOD | DOHOME | EASON | EE | ERW |
| ESTAR | FE | FLOYD | FN | FORTH | FSS | FTE | FVC | GENCO | GJS | GL |
| GLAND | GLOBAL | GLOCON | GPI | GULF | GYT | HPT | HTC | ICN | IFS | ILM |
| | INET | INSURE | IRC | | | | | | JAS | |
| MH | | | | IRCP | IT | ITD | ITEL | J | | JCK |
| JCKH | JMART | JMT | KBS | KCAR | KGI | KIAT | KOOL | KTIS | KWC | KWM |
| _&E | LALIN | LDC | LHK | LOXLEY | LPH | LRH | LST | M | MACO | MAJOR |
| MBAX | MEGA | META | MFC | MGT | MILL | MITSIB | MK | MODERN | MTI | MVP |
| | | | | | | | OSP | | | |
| NETBAY | NEX | NINE | NTV | NWR | OCC | OGC | | PATO | PB | PDG |
| PDI | PICO | PIMO | PJW | PL | PM | PPP | PRIN | PRINC | PSTC | PT |
| QLT | RCL | RICHY | RML | RPC | RWI | S11 | SALEE | SAMCO | SANKO | SAPPE |
| SAWAD | SCI | SCP | SE | SEG | SFP | SGF | SHR | SIAM | SINGER | SKE |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| SKR | SKY | SMIT | SMT | SNP | SPA | SPC | SPCG | SR | SRICHA | SSC |
| SSF | STANLY | STI | STPI | SUC | SUN | SYNEX | T | TAE | TAKUNI | TBSP |
| ГСС | TCMC | TEAM | TEAMG | TFG | TIGER | TITLE | TKN | TKS | TM | TMC |
| ΓMD | TMI | TMT | TNITY | TNP | TNR | TOG | TPA | TPAC | TPCORP | TPOLY |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| ΓPS | TRITN | TRT | TRU | TSE | TVT | TWP | UEC | UMI | UOBKH | UP |
| JPF | UPOIC | UT | UTP | UWC | VL | VNT | VPO | WIIK | WP | XO |
| /UASA | ZEN | ZIGA | ZMICO | | | | | | | |
| SOOD LE | VEL | | | | | | | | | |
| UP | A | ABICO | AJ | ALL | ALUCON | AMC | APP | ARIN | AS | AU |
| 352 | BC | BCH | BEAUTY | BGT | BH | BIG | BKD | BLAND | BM | BR |
| BROCK | BSBM | BSM | BTNC | CAZ | CCP | CGD | CITY | CMAN | CMO | CMR |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| CPT | CPW | CRANE | CSR | D | EKH | EP | ESSO | FMT | GIFT | GREEN |
| SSC | GTB | HTECH | HUMAN | IHL | INOX | INSET | IP | JTS | JUBILE | KASET |
| KCM | KKC | KUMWEL | KUN | KWG | KYE | LEE | MATCH | MATI | M-CHAI | MCS |
| ИDX | MJD | MM | MORE | NC | NDR | NER | NFC | NNCL | NPK | NUSA |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| DCEAN | PAF | PF | PK | PLE | PMTA | POST | PPM | PRAKIT | PRECHA | PRIME |
| PROUD | PTL | RBF | RCI | RJH | ROJNA | RP | RPH | RSP | SF | SFLEX |
| SGP | SISB | SKN | SLP | SMART | SOLAR | SPG | SQ | SSP | STARK | STC |
| SUPER | SVOA | TC | TCCC | THMUI | TIW | TNH | TOPP | TPCH | TPIPP | TPLAS |
| ITI | TYCN | UKEM | UMS | VCOM | VRANDA | WIN | WORK | WPH | II II 'F | II LAS |
| | | Description | | | | | | Score F | Range | |
| | | Excellent | | | | | | 90-1 | 00 | |
| | | ., | | | | | | 80-8 | 20 | |
| | | Very Good | | | | | | 00-0 | 99 | |

Disclaimer:

The disclosure of the survey results of the Thai Institute of Directors Association ('IOD") regarding corporate governance is made pursuant to the policy of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The survey of the IOD is based on the information of a company listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Market for Alternative Investment disclosed to the public and able to be accessed by a general public investor. The result, therefore, is from the perspective of a third party. It is not an evaluation of operation and is not based on inside information.

The survey result is as of the date appearing in the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies. As a result, the survey results may be changed after that date. FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such survey results.

* CGR scoring should be considered with news regarding wrong doing of the company or director or executive of the company such unfair practice on securities trading, fraud,

Source: Thai Institute of Directors Association (IOD); FSSIA's compilation

and corruption SEC imposed a civil sanction against insider trading of director and executive; ** delisted

Anti-corruption Progress Indicator 2020

EA TB

| 2S | ADVANC | AI | AIE | AIRA | AKP | AMA | AMANAH | AP | AQUA | ARROW |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| ASK | ASP | AYUD | В | BAFS | BANPU | BAY | BBL | всн | ВСР | BCPG |
| BGC | BGRIM | ВЈСНІ | BKI | BLA | BPP | BROOK | BRR | BSBM | BTS | BWG |
| CEN | CENTEL | CFRESH | CGH | CHEWA | CHOTI | CHOW | CIG | CIMBT | СМ | CMC |
| COL | COM7 | CPALL | CPF | CPI | CPN | CSC | DCC | DELTA | DEMCO | DIMET |
| DRT | DTAC | DTC | EASTW | ECL | EGCO | FE | FNS | FPI | FPT | FSS |
| FTE | GBX | GC | GCAP | GEL | GFPT | GGC | GJS | GPSC | GSTEEL | GUNKUL |
| HANA | HARN | HMPRO | HTC | ICC | ICHI | IFS | INET | INSURE | INTUCH | IRPC |
| ITEL | IVL | K | KASET | KBANK | KBS | KCAR | KCE | KGI | KKP | KSL |
| KTB | KTC | KWC | L&E | LANNA | LHFG | LHK | LPN | LRH | M | MAKRO |
| MALEE | MBAX | MBK | MBKET | MC | MCOT | MFC | MFEC | MINT | MONO | MOONG |
| MPG | MSC | MTC | MTI | NBC | NEP | NINE | NKI | NMG | NNCL | NSI |
| NWR | OCC | OCEAN | OGC | ORI | PAP | PATO | РВ | PCSGH | PDG | PDI |
| PDJ | PE | PG | PHOL | PL | PLANB | PLANET | PLAT | PM | PPP | PPPM |
| PPS | PREB | PRG | PRINC | PRM | PSH | PSL | PSTC | PT | PTG | PTT |
| PTTEP | PTTGC | PYLON | Q-CON | QH | QLT | QTC | RATCH | RML | RWI | S & J |
| SABINA | SAT | SC | SCB | SCC | SCCC | SCG | SCN | SEAOIL | SE-ED | SELIC |
| SENA | SGP | SIRI | SITHAI | SMIT | SMK | SMPC | SNC | SNP | SORKON | SPACK |
| SPC | SPI | SPRC | SRICHA | SSF | SSSC | SST | STA | SUSCO | SVI | SYNTEC |
| TAE | TAKUNI | TASCO | TBSP | TCAP | TCMC | TFG | TFI | TFMAMA | THANI | THCOM |
| THIP | THRE | THREL | TIP | TIPCO | TISCO | TKT | TTB | TMD | TMILL | TMT |
| TNITY | TNL | TNP | TNR | TOG | TOP | TPA | TPCORP | TPP | TRU | TSC |
| TSTH | TTCL | TU | TVD | TVI | TVO | TWPC | U | UBIS | UEC | UKEM |
| UOBKH | UWC | VGI | VIH | VNT | WACOAL | WHA | WHAUP | WICE | WIIK | XO |
| ZEN | TRUE | | | | | | | | | |
| DECLARE | D | | | | | | | | | |
| 7UP | ABICO | AF | ALT | AMARIN | AMATA | AMATAV | ANAN | APURE | B52 | BKD |
| BM | BROCK | BUI | CHO | CI | сотто | DDD | EA | EFORL | EP | ERW |
| ESTAR | ETE | EVER | FSMART | GPI | ILINK | IRC | J | JKN | JMART | JMT |
| JSP | JTS | KWG | LDC | MAJOR | META | NCL | NOBLE | NOK | PK | PLE |
| ROJNA | SAAM | SAPPE | SCI | SE | SHANG | SINGER | SKR | SPALI | SSP | STANLY |
| SUPER | SYNEX | THAI | TKS | TOPP | TRITN | TTA | UPF | UV | WIN | ZIGA |

Level

Certified

This level indicates practical participation with thoroughly examination in relation to the recommended procedures from the audit committee or the SEC's certified auditor, being a certified member of Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption programme (Thai CAC) or already passed examination to ensure independence from external parties.

Declared This level indicates determination to participate in the Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption programme (Thai CAC)

Disclaimer:

The disclosure of the Anti-Corruption Progress Indicators of a listed company on the Stock Exchange of Thailand, which is assessed by Thaipat Institute, is made in order to comply with the policy and sustainable development plan for the listed companies of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Thaipat Institute made this assessment based on the information received from the listed company, as stipulated in the form for the assessment of Anti-corruption which refers to the Annual Registration Statement (Form 56-1), Annual Report (Form 56-2), or other relevant documents or reports of such listed company. The assessment result is therefore made from the perspective of Thaipat Institute that is a third party. It is not an assessment of operation and is not based on any inside information. Since this assessment is only the assessment result as of the date appearing in the assessment result, it may be changed after that date or when there is any change to the relevant information. Nevertheless, FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited does not confirm, verify, or certify the accuracy and completeness of the assessment results.

Note: Companies participating in Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption programme (Thai CAC) under Thai Institute of Directors (as of June 24, 2019) are categorised into: 1) companies that have declared their intention to join CAC, and; 2) companies certified by CAC.

Source: The Securities and Exchange Commission, Thailand; * FSSIA's compilation

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Suwat Sinsadok, CFA, FRM, ERP FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

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History of change in investment rating and/or target price



| Date | Rating | Target price | Date | Rating | Target price | Date | Rating | Target price |
|-------------|--------|--------------|-------------|--------|--------------|-------------|--------|--------------|
| 26-Apr-2019 | BUY | 66.00 | 20-May-2020 | BUY | 55.00 | 08-Jan-2021 | BUY | 76.00 |
| 17-Oct-2019 | BUY | 60.00 | 09-Nov-2020 | BUY | 51.00 | 18-Nov-2021 | BUY | 88.00 |
| 16-Apr-2020 | BUY | 62.00 | 15-Dec-2020 | BUY | 56.00 | 13-Dec-2021 | BUY | 122.00 |

Suwat Sinsadok, CFA, FRM, ERP started covering this stock from 09-Jul-2020

Price and TP are in local currency

Source: FSSIA estimates

Nex Point (NEX TB) Apr-19 Oct-19 Apr-20 Oct-20 Apr-21 Oct-21 Apr-22 25 20 15 10 5 0 Nex Point Target Price (THB) Rating Date Target price Date Rating Target price Date Rating Target price 23-Jun-2021 BUY 12.00 13-Dec-2021 BUY 25.00 BUY 26.00 BUY 17-Jan-2022 09-Aug-2021 13.40

Suwat Sinsadok, CFA, FRM, ERP started covering this stock from 23-Jun-2021

Price and TP are in local currency

| Company | Ticker | Price | Rating | Valuation & Risks |
|-----------------|--------|-----------|--------|---|
| Energy Absolute | ЕА ТВ | THB 94.25 | BUY | Downside risks to our SoTP-based TP include: 1) lower-than-expected demand for electricity in Thailand; 2) lower crude prices; and 3) lower-than-expected demand for batteries. |
| Nex Point | NEX TB | THB 19.10 | BUY | Downside risks to our SOTP-based TP include: 1) a lower-than-expected bus sales volume; 2) delays in bus deliveries; and 3) risk from regulatory changes. |

Source: FSSIA estimates

Additional Disclosures

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited

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All share prices are as at market close on 05-Apr-2022 unless otherwise stated.

RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

Industry Recommendations

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months.

Neutral. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months.

Underweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

Country (Strategy) Recommendations

Overweight (O). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Neutral (N). Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

Underweight (U). Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.