### 29 JUNE 2021 THAILAND / REAL ESTATE

## WHA CORPORATION







### A promised land for growth

### 3 ปัจจัยบวกที่จะผลักดันกำไรให้เติบโต

WHA เป็นหนึ่งในผู้นำในธุรกิจนิคมอุตสาหกรรมและขนส่งของไทยด้วยพอร์ตที่มีการกระจาย ความเสี่ยงประกุอบด้วยธุรกิจไฟฟ้าและสาธารณูปโภคซึ่งสร้างกระแสรายได้คงที่ เราเชื่อว่า WHA จะเป็นหนึ่งในหุ้นที่ได้รับประโยชน์จากการเปิดประเทศ และเกาะรอบการลงทุนใหม่หลัง Covid ในประเทศไทยและเวียดนาม นอกเหนือจากรายได้สม่ำเสมอที่ได้จากธุรกิจไฟฟ้า สาธารณูปโภค (น้ำ) และกลยุทธ์ในการแปลงสินทรัพย์เป็นเงินสดของบริษัทฯ เราคาดว่ากำไร ของ WHA จะเกินระดับสูงสุดก่อน Covid ที่ 3.3พัน ลบ. ภายในปี 2022 โดยได้ปัจจัยผลักดัน จาก: 1) การกลับมาเปิดเศรษฐกิจและรอบการลงทุนใหม่ที่จะช่วยเพิ่มยอดขายที่ดินในนิคม อุตสาหกรรมของบริษัทฯ; 2) การเกาะกระแสเงินลงทุนทางตรงจากต่างประเทศ (FDI) ที่ เพิ่มขึ้นในเวียดนาม; และ 3) กระแสรายได้สม่ำเสมอที่สูงขึ้นจากธุรกิจไฟฟ้าและสาธารณูปโภค

### การกลับมาเปิดเศรษฐกิจและรอบการลงทุนใหม่จะช่วยเพิ่มยอดขายที่ดินในนิคมอุตสาหกรรม

WHA ตั้งเป้ายอดขายที่ดินในนิคมอุตสาหกรรมไว้ที่ 1,030 ไร่ในปี 2021 ประกอบด้วย 725 ไร่ ในประเทศไทยและ 305 ไร่ในเวียดนาม ใน 1Q21 ยอดขายที่ดินอยู่ที่ 213 ไร่ (188 ไร่ใน ประเทศไทยและ 25 ไร่ในเวียดนาม) คิดเป็น 21% ของประมาณการรวมทั้งปีของเรา เราคาด ว่ายอดขายที่ดินใน 2Q21 จะลดลงเหลือ 50-70 ไร่ในประเทศไทยจากผลกระทบของการแพร่ ระบาด Covid ในรอบที่สาม อย่างไรก็ดี WHA คาดว่ายอดขายที่ดินฯ จะเพิ่มขึ้นใน 2H21 และ คงเป้ายอดขายที่ดินฯ ปี 2021 ของบริษัทฯ ไว้ที่ 1,030 ไร่ เทียบกับสมมติฐานของเราที่ 700

### เกาะกระแสการเติบโตของเวียดนาม

WHA ได้รับเชิญจากรัฐบาลเวียดนามให้พัฒนานิคมอุตสาหกรรมบนพื้นที่รวม 17,500 ไร่ใน Nghe An ใน Phase 1A ซึ่งประกอบด้วยที่ดิน 1,000 ใร่ บริษัทฯ สร้างเสร็จแล้ว 100% และ ปล่อยเช่าได้ 52% ในขณะที่ Phase 1B ซึ่งประกอบด้วยที่ดิน 2,100 ไร่ ปัจจบันบริษัทฯ กำลัง อย่ในระหว่างการขอใบอนญาตลงทนและใบอนญาตประกอบกิจการ ซึ่งเราคาดว่าจะเสร็จพร้อม เช่าภายในปี 2022 เราคาดว่ายอดขายที่ดินฯ ในเวียดนามจะเพิ่มขึ้นตั้งแต่ปี 2022 เป็นต้นไปสู่ ระดับ 300-400 ไร่ต่อปีตาม FDI ที่อยู่ในระดับสูงในประเทศดังกล่าว

### เริ่มด้วยคำแนะนำซื้อที่ราคาเป้าหมาย 4.4 บาท

เราเริ่มบทวิเคราะห์ WHA ด้วยคำแนะนำซื้อที่ราคาเป้าหมาย 4.4 บาท (SoTP) ประกอบด้วย 1) มูลค่าสินทรัพย์สุทธิ (NAV) ของที่ดินที่พัฒนาแล้วและที่อยู่ระหว่างพัฒนาในประเทศไทยและ เวียดนาม; 2) NAV ของพื้นที่ให้เช่าที่มีผู้เช่าแล้วและพร้อมเช่า รวมถึงที่ดินระหว่างพัฒนา สำหรับธุรกิจขนส่ง; 3) มูลค่าปัจจุบัน (NPV) ของธุรกิจให้เช่าและสาธารณูปโภค (7.2% WACC, 3% terminal growth); 4) มูลค่ายุติธรรมของหุ้น 70% ที่บริษัทฯ ถือใน WHAUP; และ 5) มูลค่าตลาดของการลงทุนของบริษัทฯ

#### **KEY STOCK DATA**

YE Dec (THB m)	2020	2021E	2022E	2023E
Revenue	6,914	10,377	10,207	11,446
Net profit	2,524	2,763	3,335	3,776
EPS (THB)	0.17	0.18	0.22	0.25
vs Consensus (%)	-	(10.9)	(3.9)	(6.7)
EBITDA	3,645	4,093	4,901	5,535
Core net profit	2,524	2,763	3,335	3,776
Core EPS (THB)	0.17	0.18	0.22	0.25
Chg. In EPS est. (%)	nm	nm	nm	nm
EPS growth (%)	(21.8)	9.5	20.7	13.2
Core P/E (x)	19.1	17.4	14.4	12.7
Dividend yield (%)	4.3	3.4	4.2	4.7
EV/EBITDA (x)	24.4	22.2	18.7	16.7
Price/book (x)	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.5
Net debt/Equity (%)	116.5	123.7	113.6	105.4
ROE (%)	8.7	9.8	11.7	12.3



Share price performance	1 Month	3 Month	12 Month
Absolute (%)	4.5	(7.5)	0.0
Relative to country (%)	4.7	(7.7)	(15.8)
Mkt cap (USD m)			1,506
3m avg. daily turnover (USD i	m)		11.5
Free float (%)			62
Major shareholder	Ms Jareepor	n Jarukorns	akul (22%)
12m high/low (THB)			3.66/2.36
Issued shares (m)			14,946.83

Sources: Bloomberg consensus; FSSIA estimates



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#### Investment thesis

WHA is the leading industrial estate and logistics players in Thailand a diversified portfolio in the utilities business which generates a stable revenue stream and could be cushion for the downside risk during the economic cycle downturn. We believe WHA will be one of stocks to capture the benefits from the economic reopening scheme, riding the new post-Covid CAPEX cycle in Thailand. Moreover, the stock should be a good candidate to ride the CAPEX cycle in Vietnam – the country with one of the highest economic growth rates in Asia.

We expect WHA's earnings could surpass their pre-Covid peak of THB3.3b by 2022, driven by triple engines: 1) the economic reopening and new CAPEX cycle to boost industrial estate (IE) domestic land sales; 2) riding the high attractive foreign direct investment (FDI) in Vietnam; and 3) recurring income streams from its power and utilities business as well as asset monetisation.

### Company profile

WHA is a leading industrial estate and logistics players in Thailand. Its diversified portfolio in the utilities business generates a stable revenue stream that can provide a cushion from the economic cycle downturn.

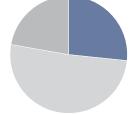
www.wha.co.th



Rental - 26.6 %

■ Land sales - 51.1 %

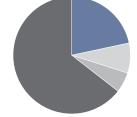
■ Utilities - 22.2 %



Source: WHA Corp

#### **Major shareholders**

- Ms Jareeporn Jarukornsakul -21.6 %
- Ms Chatchamol Anantaprayoon -8.3 %
- Thai NVDR 5.6 %
- Others 64.5 %



Source: WHA Corp

### Catalysts

Key potential drivers for WHA are:

- 1) Positive developments from EEC projects;
- 2) Trade disputes between China and the US causing a capital investment relocation to ASEAN, especially Thailand and Vietnam:
- 3) Government stimulus packages to boost private investment.

#### Risks to our call

Downside risks to our SoTP-derived TP include 1) lower-than-expected IE land sales and transfers in Thailand and Vietnam; and 2) a lower-than-expected utilization rate from the utilities business in Vietnam..

#### **Event calendar**

Date	Event
August 2021	2Q21 results announcement

### **Key assumptions**

	2021E	2022E	2023E
Revenue (THB b)	10.4	10.2	11.4
IE land sales (Thailand) (rai)	386	640	760
IE land sales (Vietnam) (rai)	112	280	340
Asset monetisation (THB b)	5.4	3.8	4.2
Rental revenue (THB b)	1.9	2.0	2.2
Gross margin (%)	48.1	56.2	56.1
Equity income (THB b)	1.2	1.2	1.3
Net profit (THB m)	2,763	3,335	3,776

Source: FSSIA estimates

#### **Earnings sensitivity**

- For every 100 rai increase in IE land transfers in Thailand, we estimate 2022 net profit to rise 3.1%, and vice versa, all else being equal.
- For every 100 rai increase in IE land sales in Vietnam, we estimate 2022 net profit to rise 1.4%, and vice versa, all else being equal.

Source: FSSIA estimates

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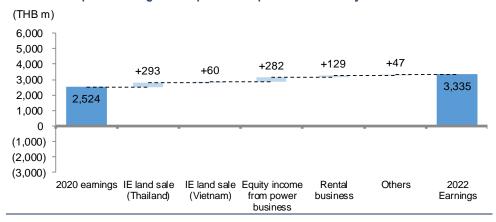
### Back to a growth track driven by triple engines

WHA is one of the leading IE and logistics players in Thailand with business diversification in the power and utilities business which generates a stable revenue stream (53% of total sales in 2020) to reduce the earnings cyclicality of its core IE business during the economic cycle downturn.

Coupled with a timely asset monetisation strategy via multiple financial instruments, WHA has been able to monetise its asset portfolio with highly recurring cash flow streams to fund its strong capacity growth at a competitive funding cost, as well as generate attractive returns.

As a result, WHA's net profit has been steadily growing in the past five years, and we project that its net profit growth momentum will accelerate in 2021-23, led by a demand recovery for the IEs, stronger equity income from the power and utilities businesses, and rental income.

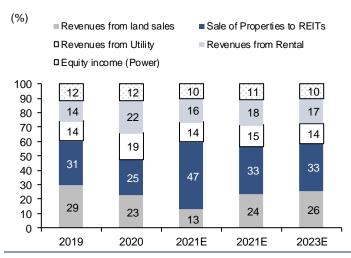
Exhibit 1: Expect earnings to surpass 2019 pre-Covid level by 2022



Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

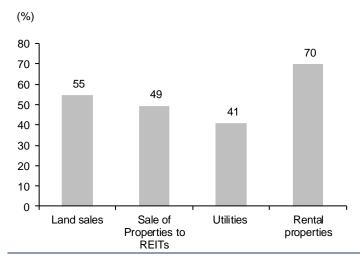
We believe WHA will be one of stocks to greatly capture the benefits from the economic reopening schemes in Thailand and Vietnam, riding their projected new CAPEX growth cycles post-Covid-19 and the demand recoveries for power and utilities. We think the net profit growth will come mainly from the IE segment, followed by the income from its asset monetisation strategy into REITs, and the utilities sector.

Exhibit 2: WHA's revenue structure



Note: We include equity income from the power business into the revenue structure Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 3: GPM of each business



Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

We expect that WHA's earnings could surpass its pre-Covid peak of THB3.3b by 2022 and project net profit growth of 9.5-20.7% in 2021-23, driven by the triple growth engines of 1) the economic reopening and a new CAPEX cycle to boost IE's domestic land sales; 2) rising foreign direct investment (FDI) in Vietnam; and 3) stronger recurring income streams from its power and utilities business, as well as asset monetisation.

#### Exhibit 4: WHA's gross profit structure

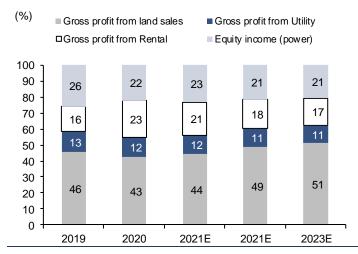
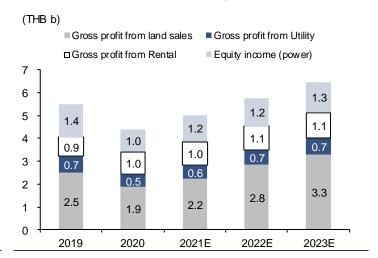


Exhibit 5: Gross profit breakdown by business



Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

# Growth engine #1: Reopening and new CAPEX cycle to boost IE land sales

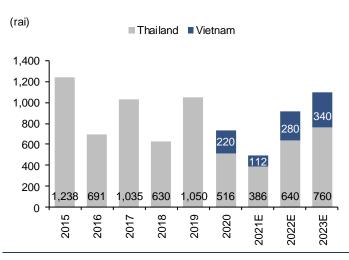
Land sales, presales and transfer outlook. IE land sales, WHA's core business, plunged by 37% y-y to 510 rai in 2020, down from its 5-year average of 929 rai, due to the travel restrictions caused by the Covid-19 outbreak. However, we think the gradual success of the vaccine rollouts should prompt countries to reopen and ease their travel restrictions globally, leading to a rise in IE land sales that we estimate should bounce back to its average of 900-1,200 rai annually in 2022-23.

WHA is targeting IE presales of 1,030 rai in 2021, comprising 725 rai in Thailand and 305 rai in Vietnam. Land sales in 1Q21 were at 213 rai (188 rai in Thailand and 25 rai in Vietnam), accounting for 21% of our full-year estimate. We project 2Q21 land sales of 50-70 rai in Thailand following the impact of the third wave of Covid, and we believe WHA's IE land presales would accelerate in 2H21 to achieve our assumption of 700 rai in 2021, which is lower than WHA's target of 1,030 rai in 2021.

Exhibit 6: IE land sales

(rai) ■Thailand ■Vietnam 1,400 1,200 1,000 800 600 200 400 292 200 218 .043 835 974 976 815 500 600 800 2016 2017 2018 2019 ш 202E 2023E 2021

Exhibit 7: IE land transfers



Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

We project land transfers in 2021 to be weak due to the low presales in 2020 following the travel restrictions. WHA has currently secured a c515 rai backlog as of end-1Q21 after the transfer of 8 rai in Thailand and no land transfers in Vietnam, of which 70 rai are from Vietnam and the remaining 445 rai are located in the eastern part of Thailand which has a tax privilege under the Eastern Economic Corridor (EEC). Overall, we estimate land transfers of 490 rai in 2021, in line with the company's target.

Exhibit 8: Improving Thai imports of capital goods in 1Q21

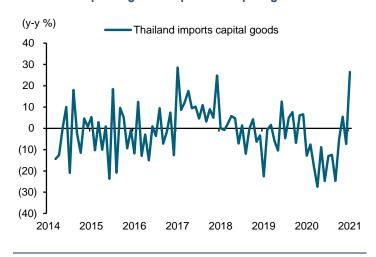
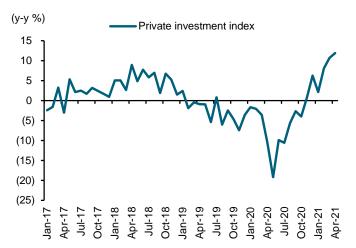


Exhibit 9: Thailand private investment index



Source: Bank of Thailand

Source: Bank of Thailand

Most of the backlog would likely be transferred in 2H21. The process typically takes six months to wait for a customer's factory permit, land and road improvements, and infrastructure construction. We think this process would take longer under the current circumstances.

**Exhibit 10: Capacity utilization rate** 

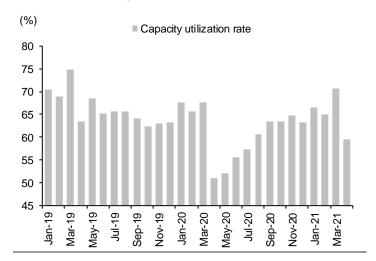
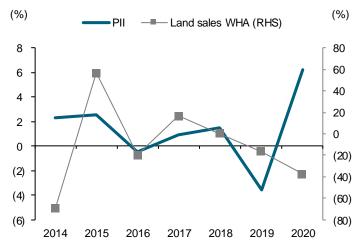


Exhibit 11: Land sales and private investment index



Source: Bank of Thailand

Sources: Bank of Thailand; WHA

According to the Bank of Thailand (BoT)'s release on the "Economic and Monetary Conditions for February 2021", issued on 31 March 2021, private investment indicators expanded at a higher rate on the back of higher imports of capital goods. The improvement was in line with business sentiment and the recovery path of exports. Hence, we believe an uptick in private investments would be a short-term catalyst for the IE sector, especially for WHA.

Exhibit 12: Thailand's FDI under BOI approval has been at a low base for the past five years

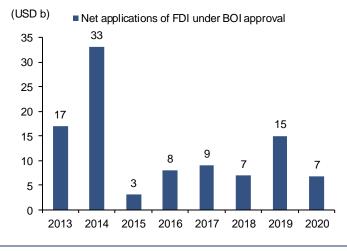
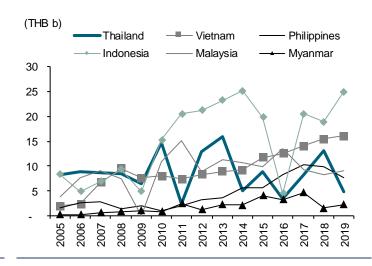


Exhibit 13: FDI among Southeast Asian countries



Source: Board of Investment

Source: Bloomberg

### Growth engine #2: Riding Vietnam's growth

WHA was invited by the Vietnamese government to develop an industrial estate for a total of 17,500 rai in Nghe An province. WHA Industrial Zone 1 was granted an Investment Registration Certificate for phase 1 covering 498 hectares or 3,100 rai. Phase 1A comprising 1,000 rai is c100% complete and 52% leased, while Phase 1B comprising 2,100 rai is currently under the process to obtain an investment license and permit approval, which we expect to be completed for leasing by 2022.

Moreover, WHA signed a memorandum of understanding to develop two industrial zone projects in Thanh Hua province with a total area of 1,080 hectares or 6,750 rai. The construction process is expected to start by 2023-24.

Exhibit 14: First IE zone in Vietnam in Nghe An



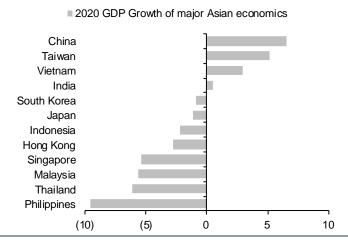
Exhibit 15: Second IE zone in Vietnam in Thanh Hoa



Source: WHA Source: WHA

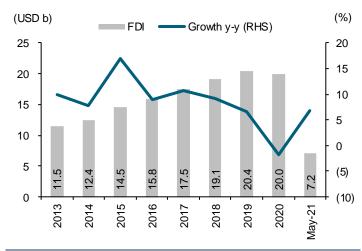
Vietnam has one of the fastest growing economies in Asia, even in the 2020 Covid pandemic year, ranking among the top three performing Asian economies with 2.9% GDP growth in 2020. According to Asian Development Outlook (ADO) 2021, Vietnam's economic growth is expected to grow at 6.7% p.a. in 2021 and 7.0% p.a. in 2022, driven by its rising export-oriented manufacturing, increased investment, and expanding trade. Moreover, FDI in Vietnam rose 6.5% y-y in 1Q21 and is worth USD7.2b in 5M21, driving its economic growth. Currently, investments from companies overseas account for 70% of Vietnam's export value.

Exhibit 16: 2020 GDP growth of major Asian economies



Source: CNBC

Exhibit 17: FDI in Vietnam continues to grow in 2021



Sources: Foreign Investment Agency, Ministry of Planning and Investment of Vietnam

Source: Vietnam Briefing

Exhibit 18: Top foreign investors in Vietnam as of Nov-20

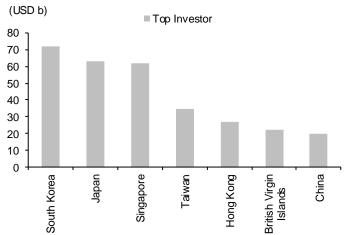
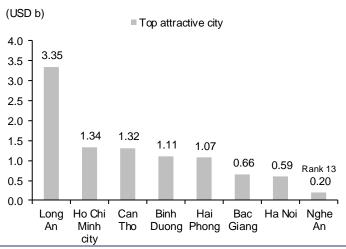


Exhibit 19: Top investment locations in Vietnam as of Nov-



### One of the biggest industrial zones in Nghe An

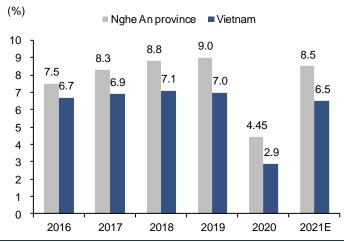
Source: Vietnam Briefing

Vietnam's Nghe An province has been an attractive investment destination for both domestic and foreign investors. In 2020, Nghe An exported to 124 countries with a trade turnover value of USD1.1b, of which processed industrial products accounted for 78% of the total export value. Nghe An set a total export value target to grow at 7.1% y-y to USD1.2b in 2021. Additionally, the Vietnamese General Statistics Office reported the total gross regional domestic product (GRDP) of Nghe An at USD3.6b or 4.5% y-y growth in 2020, and is expected to grow at 8.5% y-y in 2021, outpacing the country's GDP growth of 6.5%, making Nghe An among 19 out of 58 provinces with a positive growth rate and ranking second in the North Central region.

According to the Vietnam Briefing website, Nghe An's Dong Nam Economic Zone plays an important role in the country's GDP growth as it is an important gateway for Central and Upper Laos as well as Northeast Thailand, connecting to Central Vietnam. Hence, the Dong Nam Economic Zone benefits the economic development of not only Vinh City in Nghe An, but also the growth of Hoang Mai town and Cua Lo town.

WHA Industrial Zone (WHA IZ) is located within the Dong Nam Economic Zone, and is set to become the largest well-developed industrial zone in North Central Vietnam, according to management. The special feature about WHA IZ is its green industrial development model with 30% of the total land area dedicated to green spaces, contributing to the country's sustainable development.

Exhibit 20: GDP growth – Nghe An province vs Vietnam



Sources: Vietnam Briefing; ADB; Nghe An Provincial Statistical Office

Exhibit 21: Nghe An's minimum wage is relatively low compared to other regions

Province	Minimum wage						
	2018	2019	2020				
	(USD/month)	(USD/month)	(USD/month)				
Nghe An	121	127	145				
Ho Chi Minh City	175	181	188				
Binh Duong	156	161	167				
Dong Nai	136	141	167				
Hanoi	175	181	188				
Hai Phong	175	181	188				
Bac Ninh	151	161	167				

Sources: Vietnam Briefing; Ministry of Labour, Invalids and Social Affairs

# Growth engine #3: Recurring income stream from its power and utilities business as well as asset monetisation

WHA's revenue can be divided into four groups: 1) revenue from land sales which comprises industrial estate land sales and sales of properties to real estate investment trusts or REITs; 2) rental revenue from its logistics business (built-to-suit warehouses and factories); 3) revenue from its utilities business; and 4) equity income from its power business. The latter three sources of revenue can be considered as recurring income including asset monetisation. Hence, we project that WHA's earnings will be more sustainable and less volatile, as 53% of total revenue and 57% of total gross profit in 2020 was generated from the rental, power and utilities businesses.

Exhibit 22: WHA's revenue structure

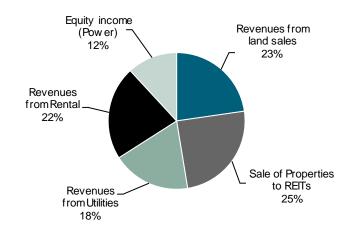
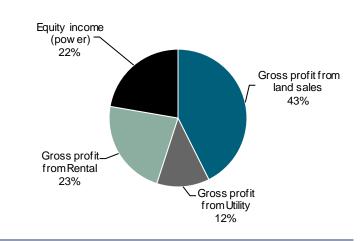


Exhibit 23: WHA's gross profit structure



Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

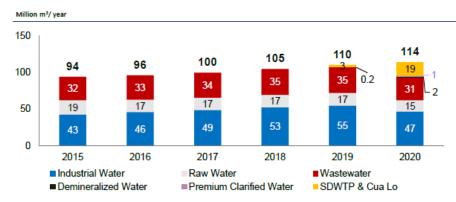
Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

### Utilities business (18% of total sales, 12% of total gross profit)

WHA provides the raw water, industrial water, and wastewater treatment at its own industrial estate. WHA has a total domestic water production capacity of 355k m3 per day and has a maximum combined 162k m3 per day capacity for managing wastewater. WHA currently has a raw water sales volume of 178 m3 per day (50% utilization rate) and an average volume for wastewater management of 85k m3 per day (52% utilization rate). We expect that revenue could have a low growth rate of 4-6% over 2021-23 following lower IE land sales. Note that utilities revenue could lag two years behind land transfers due to the construction period of factories.

WHA expanded its utilities business to Vietnam in 2019. WHA currently has a maximum tap water production level of 12k m3 per day, and has a total wastewater management capacity of 3,200 m3 per day. The company also invested in Cua Lo Water Supply, which is the producer and distributor of tap water in Nghe An, and Duang River Surface Water Plant (SDWTP), which is one of the leading tap water providers for Hanoi, with an equity stake of 47% and 34%, respectively. The two projects have total water production levels of 13k and 300k m3 per day. WHA sold a total tap water volume of 51k m3 per day in 2020 (50% utilization rate). We expect that its utilization rate would need to increase to 80% to break even. Hence, we estimate that the utilities business in Vietnam will continue to contribute losses of around THB20m-100m in 2021-23.

Exhibit 24: Utilities business details and growth profile



Million m <sup>3</sup>	1Q20	1Q21	YoY (%)
Raw Water	4.3	4.7	9.7%
Industrial Water	12.8	13.1	1.8%
Wastewater Treatment	8.3	9.4	13.2%
Demineralized Water	0.4	0.7	78.8%
Premium Clarified Water	0.0	0.4	n.a.
Total Thailand	25.7	28.3	10.1%
SDWTP & Cua Lo	3.8	4.6	20.8%
Total	29.6	32.9	11.1%

Potential Demand from New Key Projects and Key Customers On Schedule 2017 Water Consumption 2018 2019 2020 2021E 2022E SPP COD 3,500 - 4,0004SPPs 1SPP 1SPP (Jan 19) m3/day IPP COD 40,000 m3 / day Block 1 Block 2 CCE (Q4'19) Waste to Energy 1,000 m3 / day +10,000 Petrochemical +5.000 Nghe An - Vietnam

Source: WHA

### Power business (12% of total sales, 22% of total gross profit)

WHA has a total installed equity capacity of 594MW, comprising 547MW from conventional power plants (independent power producers (IPPs) and small power producers (SPPs)), 44MW from solar rooftops, and 3MW from an industrial waste-to-energy power plant. We project that WHA's equity MW capacity could grow to 670MW in 2021 (13% capacity growth in 2021) following the commercial operation dates (COD) of solar rooftops for warehouse customers.

Exhibit 25: Net profit vs power equity income

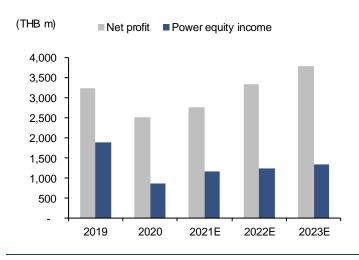


Exhibit 26: 2021 capacity growth targets for power business



Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

Source: WHA

#### Asset monetisation treated as recurring income

WHA's business model is to divest its properties to REITs for a quick cash flow due to its capital-intensive business nature. Hence, as long as WHA can find new customers for its logistics and industrial business, we believe it will divest its assets to REITs annually, and this could be treated as recurring income, not a one-off item.

In 2021, WHA aims to divest its 100%-owned asset of approximately 180,000 sqm to WHA Premium Growth Freehold & Leasehold REIT (WHART TB, not rated) for a total value of THB5.5b in 4Q21. We estimate a gross profit of c30-35%, less than the asset monetisation to Hemaraj Leasehold Real Estate Investment Trust (HREIT TB, not rated) at a c40% GPM.

WHA aims to add new tenants for 175,000 sqm with short-term contracts for 50,000 sqm. WHA achieved 43,000 sqm of new rentals and 26,000 sqm of short-term contracts. We remain convinced that the target could be achievable following a solid demand for warehouses due to the e-commerce trend.

Exhibit 27: Logistics warehouse area and occupancy rate

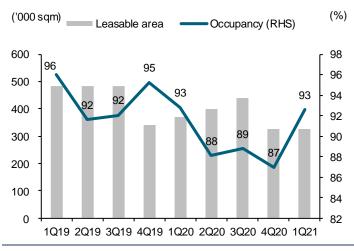
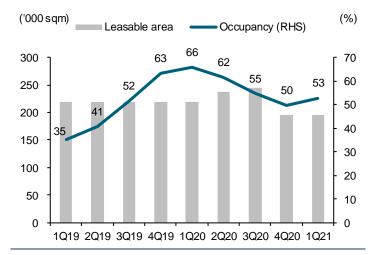


Exhibit 28: Industrial warehouse area and occupancy rate



Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

Exhibit 29: Asset monetisation details

WHA	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	(THB m)				
Income from sale of assets to property fund/REIT	4,145	2,875	1,127	1,561	981
Share of profits from sale of JV's IP			464	240	320
Area sold to WHAPF/WHART (sqm)	157,215	84,967	156,535	155,237	128,789
Selling price per sqm (THB)	26,365	33,836	36,703	49,446	25,111
Gross margin from sale of investment properties (%)	25.2	44.7	36.0	39.0	25.3
Income from sale of assets to property fund/REIT	6,280	-	1,259	-	1,091
Area sold to HREIT (sqm)	261,314	-	55,131	-	48,127
Selling price per sqm (THB)	24,030	-	22,837	-	27,795
Gross margin from sale of investment properties (%)	38.8	-	44.1	-	56.8

Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

## 1Q21 earnings to be the bottom

We expect WHA's 2Q21 net profit to improve q-q following higher land transfers. We estimate IE land transfers in Thailand at 60 rai (vs 8 rai in 1Q21) and Vietnam at 70 rai in 2Q21 (vs no land transfers in 1Q21). While land sales in 2Q21 could be weak at 50-70 rai vs 213 rai in 1Q21 (188 rai in Thailand and 25 rai in Vietnam) following the impact of the third wave of Covid. The occupancy rate of its logistics properties could be flat q-q at 93% in 2Q21. Equity income from its power business will likely remain weak following the 30-day unplanned maintenance shutdown of Gheco One. Note that in 1Q21 WHA booked a THB125m right of way with no cost, resulting in a high GPM of 46% in 1Q21.

Exhibit 30: 2Q21E earnings preview

Year-end 31 Dec	2Q20	3Q20	4Q20	1Q21	2Q21E		Change		2021E	Change
	(THB m)	(q-q %)	(y-y %)	%21E	(THB m)	(y-y %)				
Sales & service revenue	1,246	946	3,644	1,045	1,383	32	11	13	10,377	50
Cost of sales & service	688	486	2,120	564	766	36	11	12	6,504	69
Gross profit	558	460	1,523	481	617	28	11	16	3,873	26
SG&A	307	266	423	318	443	39	44	31	1,447	11
EBITDA	399	344	1,257	311	325	4	(19)	11	3,002	27
Interest expense	305	263	289	281	280	(0)	(8)	26	1,066	(4)
Other income	244	557	149	411	300	(27)	23	27	1,091	(16)
Equity income	485	107	762	-50	100	(302)	(79)	9	1,163	(4)
Minorities interest (reverse)	133	80	105	55	0	(100)	(100)	0	533	56
Net profit (loss)	542	429	1,454	135	181	34	(67)	7	2,763	9
Normalised profit (loss)	542	429	1,454	135	181	34	(67)	7	2,763	9
Reported EPS (THB)	0.04	0.03	0.10	0.01	0.01	40	(65)	7	0.18	9
Key Ratios	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)				(%)	
Gross margin	44.8	48.6	41.8	46.0	44.6				37.3	
SG&A to sales	24.6	28.1	11.6	30.5	32.0				13.9	
EBITDA margin	32.0	36.4	34.5	29.8	23.5				28.9	
Net margin	43.5	45.3	39.9	12.9	13.1				26.6	

Sources: WHA; FSSIA estimates

## Initiate with BUY; TP of THB4.4

We initiate coverage on WHA with a BUY rating and a SoTP-based TP of THB4.4, comprising 1) the net asset value (NAV) of the currently developed land and raw land in Thailand and Vietnam; 2) the NAV of occupied and available for lease areas and raw land for development for the logistics business; 3) the NPV of the rental and utilities businesses (7.2% WACC and 3% terminal growth); 4) a fair value for its 70% stake in Wha Utilities and Power PCL (WHAUP, HOLD, TP THB4.5); and 5) the market value for the equity stakes of its investments. We think WHA is attractive as it is trading at 14.4x 2022E P/E or at almost -1.0SD of its 5-year average of 17.8x, and we expect its net profit growth outlook to drive its share price in the next 12 months.

Exhibit 31: SoTP valuation

Net Asset Value (NAV)	Area	Selling price	Total value	
	(rai)	(THB m/unit)	(THB m)	
IE Land value				
Development land (Thailand)	5,800	4.0	20,446	
Raw land (Thailand)*	4,183	2.2	9,202	
Development land (Vietnam)	2,041	2.0	4,040	
Raw land (Vietnam)*	14,400	0.4	5,760	
Rental properties	Area	Selling price	Total value	
	(sqm)	(THB m/unit)	(THB m)	
Pre-leased and occupied area	403,966	31,000	12,523	
Available area for lease	116,874	31,000	3,623	
Land for development	572,000	18,000	10,296	
Management fee and others	@ 7.2% WACC and 3% termina	l growth	19,366	
Investment	Equity stake	No. of shares	Market/TP	Total value
	(%)	(m shares)	(THB)	(THB m)
WHAUP	70	3,825	4.5	12,049
HPF	23	470	4.6	496
WHART	15	2,777	14.0	5,832
WHABT	15	202	8.9	270
HREIT	15	840	8.7	1,096
Total				19,742
NAV		(THB b)		
IE land		39.45		
Rental properties		45.81		
Investment		19.74		
Less: net debt		(39)		
Total value		66		
No. of shares (m share)		14,947		
Value/share (THB)		4.4		

<sup>\*</sup> We valued raw land by applying net of cost assuming 1) THB1.0m/rai land cost in Thailand; 2) no land cost in Vietnam and THB0.3m/rai relocation cost assuming it cannot be reclaimed from the government; 3) THB0.8/rai development cost; and 4) a 50% discount applied to Vietnam raw land.

Source: FSSIA estimates

### Exhibit 32: Rolling one-year forward P/E band



Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA

Exhibit 33: Rolling one-year forward P/BV band



Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA

Exhibit 34: Peers comparison as of 28 June 2021

Company	BBG	Rec	Share	Target	Up	Market	3Y EPS	P	'E	RC	DE	PE	V	- EV/EB	ITDA -
			Price	price	side	Сар	CAGR	21E	22E	21E	22E	21E	22E	21E	22E
			(LCY)	(LCY)	(%)	(USD m)	(%)	(x)	(x)	(%)	(%)	(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)
WHA Corp	WHA TB	BUY	3.22	4.4	37	1,506	14.4	17.4	14.4	9.8	11.7	1.8	1.6	22.2	18.7
Amata Corp	AMATA TB	NA	18.6	n/a	n/a	665	16.2	16.3	12.5	7.7	9.5	1.2	1.1	19.6	14.6
Rojna Industrial Park	ROJNA TB	NA	6.85	n/a	n/a	435	1.3	17.0	15.1	4.3	5.0	1.0	0.9	9.7	9.5
Frasers Property Thailand	FPT TB	NA	12.6	n/a	n/a	913	16.4	16.6	14.1	5.4	6.1	0.9	8.0	22.5	20.4
Thailand avg						3,519	14.2	16.8	14.0	6.8	8.1	1.2	1.1	18.5	15.8

Sources: Bloomberg; FSSIA estimates

## **Corporate Governance - WHA**

#### **Board structure**

Number of Independent Directors (ID)	5 of 12 board members in 2020 and 8 of 11 board members in 2021
Percentage of IDs on the board	41.7% in 2020, and 72.7% upon AGM's approval on 26 Apr 2021 and Board's approval on 12 May 2021
ID participation/attendance at board meetings	100%
ID participation in audit/remuneration committees	4/4 in audit committee and 2/3 in remuneration committee
ID terms (years of service, re-election/replacement procedures)	No more than 9 consecutive years and at least one independent director shall be a female

Source: WHA

Additional comments: 1) The Board of Directors is authorized to amend the definition of the qualifications of the independent directors in order to comply with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, Capital Market Supervisory Board, and/or other related laws; 2) Chairman of the Board of Directors is also Chairman of the Executive Committee and Group Chief Executive Director.

#### **Audit Practices**

Auditor	PricewaterhouseCoopers ABAS Ltd.
Length of service	More than 10 years
Reporting incidents	None
Fee track record	THB 18.69m in 2020, THB 15.63m in 2019, and THB15.16m in 2018
Policy on change of audit firm	To review every 3 years

Source: WHA

Additional comments: None

### Compensation and remuneration

Directors' remuneration vs earnings/ROE/share performance	In 2020, THB 24.3m vs net profit of THB 2,524m
Changes/stability in senior management	Two new independent directors appointed in 2020; four new independent directors appointed in 2021
Incidents of termination of senior management	None
Track record on insider sales	None

Source: WHA

Additional comments: None

#### Shareholders' rights

Communication - shareholder participation in AGMs/EGMs	AGM annually / EGM when appropriate
Related party transactions	Audit committee will consider related party transactions or transactions with likely conflicts of interest and ensure that they are conducted in accordance with the law and regulations of the SET and ensure that such transactions are reasonable and in the best interest of the Company
Voting issues - policies, incidents of rejected proposals	None

Source: WHA

Additional comments: AGM held on 26 Apr 2021, at Grand Ballroom, 3rd Floor, Golden Tulip Sovereign Hotel, No. 92, Rama 9 Road, Bang Kapi Sub-district, Huay Kwang District, Bangkok, during intensified Covid-19 outbreak fixed seating capacity of the meeting room at 50 to comply with the Regulation issued under Section 9 of the Emergency Decree on Public Administration in Emergency Situation, B.E. 2548 (No. 20) which prohibits the holding of activity with over 50-persons gathering seats only. Shareholders being unable to attend the meeting in person requested to grant a proxy to the independent directors of the Company.

### **Financial Statements**

WHA Corp

Profit and Loss (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	2023E
Revenue	10,463	6,914	10,377	10,207	11,446
Cost of goods sold	(5,941)	(3,249)	(5,928)	(5,021)	(5,629)
Gross profit	4,522	3,665	4,449	5,186	5,817
Other operating income	977	1,284	1,091	1,146	1,203
Operating costs	(1,731)	(1,304)	(1,447)	(1,431)	(1,485)
Operating EBITDA	3,768	3,645	4,093	4,901	5,535
Depreciation	(460)	(592)	(576)	(606)	(630)
Goodwill amortisation	0	0	0	0	0
Operating EBIT	3,308	3,053	3,518	4,295	4,905
Net financing costs	(986)	(1,104)	(1,066)	(1,088)	(1,150)
Associates	1,946	1,209	1,163	1,242	1,326
Recurring non-operating income	1,946	1,209	1,163	1,242	1,326
Non-recurring items	0	0	0	0	0 <b>E 091</b>
Profit before tax Fax	4,268	3,158	3,615	<b>4,450</b>	<b>5,081</b>
Profit after tax	(305) <b>3,963</b>	(293) <b>2,865</b>	(319) <b>3,296</b>	(417) <b>4,033</b>	(488) <b>4,593</b>
Minority interests	(733)	(341)	(533)	(698)	(817)
Preferred dividends	(733)	(341)	(555)	(698)	(817)
Other items	0	0	0	0	0
Reported net profit	3,229	2,524	2,763	3,335	3,776
Non-recurring items & goodwill (net)	0	0	0	0	0,0
Recurring net profit	3,229	2,524	2,763	3,335	3,776
Per share (THB)					
Recurring EPS *	0.22	0.17	0.18	0.22	0.25
Reported EPS	0.22	0.17	0.18	0.22	0.25
DPS .	0.13	0.14	0.11	0.13	0.15
Diluted shares (used to calculate per share data)	14,947	14,947	14,947	14,947	14,947
Growth					
Revenue (%)	24.4	(33.9)	50.1	(1.6)	12.1
Operating EBITDA (%)	12.9	(3.3)	12.3	19.7	12.9
Operating EBIT (%)	16.5	(7.7)	15.2	22.1	14.2
Recurring EPS (%)	6.5	(21.8)	9.5	20.7	13.2
Reported EPS (%)	6.5	(21.8)	9.5	20.7	13.2
Operating performance					
Gross margin inc. depreciation (%)	38.8	44.4	37.3	44.9	45.3
Gross margin of key business (%)	-	-	-	-	-
Operating EBITDA margin (%)	36.0	52.7	39.4	48.0	48.4
Operating EBIT margin (%)	31.6	44.1	33.9	42.1	42.9
Net margin (%)	30.9	36.5	26.6	32.7	33.0
Effective tax rate (%)	3.7	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5
Dividend payout on recurring profit (%)	61.5	81.1	60.0	60.0	60.0
nterest cover (X)	5.3	3.9	4.4	5.1	5.4
nventory days	803.4	1,427.6	811.6	996.6	889.6
Debtor days	23.2	36.5	16.6	19.5	21.4
Creditor days	188.6	333.6	162.6	203.6	187.7
Operating ROIC (%) ROIC (%)	18.3 6.2	15.8 4.8	17.5 5.4	21.3 6.2	24.6 6.7
ROE (%)	6.2 11.4	4.8 8.7	5.4 9.8	6.2 11.7	6. <i>7</i> 12.3
ROA (%)	6.0	4.6	9.6 5.2	6.0	6.4
rOA (%)  Pre-exceptional, pre-goodwill and fully diluted	0.0	4.0	5.2	0.0	0.4
		2020	2021E	2022E	2023E
Payanua by Division (THR m)	2010			ZUZZE	ZUZSE
Revenue by Division (THB m)	2019				
Revenue by Division (THB m) Rental Land sales	2019 1,658 7,156	1,842 3,535	1,897 6,881	2,030 6,482	2,172 7,477

Sources: WHA Corp; FSSIA estimates

### **Financial Statements**

WHA Corp

ash Flow (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	2023
ecurring net profit	3,229	2,524	2,763	3,335	3,77
epreciation	460	592	576	606	63
ssociates & minorities	-	-	-	-	
other non-cash items	(1,137)	(869)	533	698	81
hange in working capital	(505)	379	1,489	91	(292
ash flow from operations apex - maintenance	2,047	2,626	5,361	4,730	4,93
apex - new investment	(3,367)	(1,802)	(2,332)	(3,148)	(3,463
et acquisitions & disposals	(1,035)	273	(177)	(201)	(446
other investments (net)	-	-	-	-	
ash flow from investing	(4,401)	(1,528)	(2,509)	(3,350)	(3,909
ividends paid	(2,868)	(1,733)	(1,216)	(1,334)	(1,510
quity finance	1,898	1	(2,875)	0	
ebt finance	2,965	2,042	(608)	1,305	1,19
other financing cash flows	0	(293)	(124)	61	6
ash flow from financing on-recurring cash flows	1,995	17	(4,823)	32	(251
on-recurring cash nows other adjustments	0	0	0	0	
et other adjustments	(132)	(1)	0	0	
lovement in cash	(491)	1,114	(1,971)	1,412	77
ree cash flow to firm (FCFF)	(1,367.89)	2,209.90	3,918.24	2,467.32	2,171.9
ree cash flow to equity (FCFE)	478.39	2,846.18	2,120.01	2,745.97	2,280.9
er share (THB)					
CFF per share	(0.09)	0.15	0.26	0.17	0.1
CFE per share	0.03	0.19	0.14	0.18	0.1
ecurring cash flow per share	0.17	0.15	0.26	0.31	0.3
alance Sheet (THB m) Year Ending Dec	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	2023
angible fixed assets (gross)	8,096	9,673	9,723	9,773	10,07
ess: Accumulated depreciation	(2,737)	(3,111)	(3,561)	(4,015)	(4,499
angible fixed assets (net)	5,359	6,561	6,162	5,758	5,57
ntangible fixed assets (net)	17,575	17,575	17,575	17,575	17,57
ong-term financial assets	10,323	11,970	9,402	9,382	9,42
vest. in associates & subsidiaries ash & equivalents	531 2,681	40 3,794	44 1,824	48 3,236	4,00
/C receivable	921	3,794 461	482	609	73
ventories	12,789	12,626	13,738	13,681	13,75
other current assets	441	441	521	573	63
urrent assets	16,831	17,323	16,564	18,098	19,12
ther assets	31,646	29,153	31,485	34,633	38,09
otal assets	82,264	82,621	81,231	85,494	89,84
ommon equity	29,478	28,805	27,477	29,478	31,74
linorities etc.	3,623	3,362	3,895	4,593	5,4
otal shareholders' equity	33,101	32,167	31,372	34,071	37,1
ong term debt ther long-term liabilities	25,154 6,172	29,533 6,214	30,123 6,090	31,178 6,151	31,98 6,2
ong-term liabilities	31,326	35,747	<b>36,213</b>	37,328	38,2
/C payable	3,362	2,577	2,705	2,895	2,89
hort term debt	14,070	11,721	10,522	10,773	11,10
ther current liabilities	405	410	418	426	4:
urrent liabilities	17,837	14,707	13,645	14,094	14,4
otal liabilities and shareholders' equity	82,264	82,621	81,231	85,494	89,8
et working capital	10,383	10,542	11,617	11,541	11,7
vested capital Includes convertibles and preferred stock which is be	75,816	75,840	76,284	78,937	82,5
<u> </u>	ing treated as debt				
er share (THB)	4.07	4.00	4.04	4.07	0
ook value per share angible book value per share	1.97 0.80	1.93 0.75	1.84 0.66	1.97 0.80	2. 0.
inancial strength	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.
et debt/equity (%)	110.4	116.5	123.7	113.6	105
et debt/equity (78) et debt/total assets (%)	44.4	45.3	47.8	45.3	43
urrent ratio (x)	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.3	1
interest cover (x)	4.9	5.2	5.2	6.4	6
aluation	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	202
ecurring P/E (x) *	14.9	19.1	17.4	14.4	12
ecurring P/E @ target price (x) *	20.4	26.1	23.8	19.7	17
eported P/E (x)	14.9	19.1	17.4	14.4	12
vidend yield (%)	4.1	4.3	3.4	4.2	4
rice/book (x)	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.6	1
rice/tangible book (x)	4.0	4.3	4.9	4.0	3
V/EBITDA (x) **	23.4	24.4	22.2	18.7	16
V/EBITDA @ target price (x) **	28.1	29.2	26.5	22.3	19
V/invested capital (x)	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1

Sources: WHA Corp; FSSIA estimates

### Corporate Governance report of Thai listed companies 2020

AV	ADVANC	AF	AIRA	AKP	AKR	ALT	AMA	AMATA	AMATAV	ANAN
AV AOT	ADVANC AP	AF ARIP	ARROW	ASP	BAFS	ALT BANPU	AMA BAY	BCP	BCPG	BDMS
					BLA		BPP		BTS	
BEC	BEM	BGRIM	BIZ	BKI		BOL		BRR		BWG
CENTEL	CFRESH	CHEWA	CHO	CIMBT	CK	CKP	CM	CNT	COL	COMAN
COTTO	CPALL	CPF	CPI	CPN	CSS	DELTA	DEMCO	DRT	DTAC	DTC
OV8	EA	EASTW	ECF	ECL	EGCO	EPG	ETE	FNS	FPI	FPT
FSMART	GBX	GC	GCAP	GEL	GFPT	GGC	GPSC	GRAMMY	GUNKUL	HANA
HARN	HMPRO	ICC	ICHI	III	ILINK	INTUCH	IRPC	IVL	JKN	JSP
JWD	K	KBANK	KCE	KKP	KSL	KTB	KTC	LANNA	LH	LHFG
_IT	LPN	MAKRO	MALEE	MBK	MBKET	MC	MCOT	METCO	MFEC	MINT
MONO	MOONG	MSC	MTC	NCH	NCL	NEP	NKI	NOBLE	NSI	NVD
NYT	OISHI	ORI	ОТО	PAP	PCSGH	PDJ	PG	PHOL	PLANB	PLANET
PLAT		PPS				PRM			PTG	
	PORT		PR9	PREB	PRG		PSH	PSL		PTT
PTTEP	PTTGC	PYLON	Q-CON	QH	QTC	RATCH	RS	S	S&J	SAAM
SABINA	SAMART	SAMTEL	SAT	SC	SCB	SCC	SCCC	SCG	SCN	SDC
SEAFCO	SEAOIL	SE-ED	SELIC	SENA	SIRI	SIS	SITHAI	SMK	SMPC	SNC
SONIC	SORKON	SPALI	SPI	SPRC	SPVI	SSSC	SST	STA	SUSCO	SUTHA
SVI	SYMC	SYNTEC	TACC	TASCO	TCAP	TFMAMA	THANA	THANI	THCOM	THG
ГНІР	THRE	THREL	TIP	TIPCO	TISCO	TK	TKT	TMB	TMILL	TNDT
ΓNL	TOA	TOP	TPBI	TQM	TRC	TSC	TSR	TSTE	TSTH	TTA
TTCL	TTW	TU	TVD	TVI	TVO	TWPC	U	UAC	UBIS	UV
									UDIO	υv
/GI	VIH	WACOAL	WAVE	WHA	WHAUP	WICE	WINNER	TRUE		
ERY GO	OD LEVEL									
S	ABM	ACE	ACG	ADB	AEC	AEONTS	AGE	AH	AHC	AIT
ALLA	AMANAH	AMARIN	APCO	APCS	APURE	AQUA	ASAP	ASEFA	ASIA	ASIAN
ASIMAR	ASK	ASN	ATP30	AUCT	AWC	AYUD	В	BA	BAM	BBL
BFIT	BGC	BJC	BJCHI	BROOK	BTW	CBG	CEN	CGH	CHARAN	CHAYO
CHG	CHOTI	CHOW	CI	CIG	CMC	COLOR	COM7	CPL	CRC	CRD
CSC	CSP	CWT	DCC	DCON	DDD	DOD	DOHOME	EASON	EE	ERW
ESTAR	FE	FLOYD	FN	FORTH	FSS	FTE	FVC	GENCO	GJS	GL
GLAND	GLOBAL	GLOCON	GPI	GULF	GYT	HPT	HTC	ICN	IFS	ILM
MH	INET	INSURE	IRC	IRCP	IT	ITD	ITEL	J	JAS	JCK
ICKH	JMART	JMT	KBS	KCAR	KGI	KIAT	KOOL	KTIS	KWC	KWM
_&E	LALIN	LDC	LHK	LOXLEY	LPH	LRH	LST	M	MACO	MAJOR
MBAX	MEGA	META	MFC	MGT	MILL	MITSIB	MK	MODERN	MTI	MVP
NETBAY	NEX	NINE	NTV	NWR	OCC	OGC	OSP	PATO	PB	PDG
PDI	PICO	PIMO	PJW	PL	PM	PPP	PRIN	PRINC	PSTC	PT
QLT	RCL	RICHY	RML	RPC	RWI	S11	SALEE	SAMCO	SANKO	SAPPE
SAWAD	SCI	SCP	SE	SEG	SFP	SGF	SHR	SIAM	SINGER	SKE
SKR	SKY	SMIT	SMT	SNP	SPA	SPC	SPCG	SR	SRICHA	SSC
SSF	STANLY	STI	STPI	SUC	SUN	SYNEX	T	TAE	TAKUNI	TBSP
CC	TCMC	TEAM	TEAMG	TFG	TIGER	TITLE	TKN	TKS	TM	TMC
ΓMD	TMI	TMT	TNITY	TNP	TNR	TOG	TPA	TPAC	TPCORP	TPOLY
rps	TRITN	TRT	TRU	TSE	TVT	TWP	UEC	UMI	UOBKH	UP
JPF	UPOIC	UT	UTP	UWC	VL	VNT	VPO	WIIK	WP	XO
/UASA	ZEN	ZIGA	ZMICO							
OOD LE	VFI									
UP	A	ABICO	AJ	ALL	ALUCON	AMC	APP	ARIN	AS	AU
352	BC	BCH	BEAUTY	BGT	BH	BIG	BKD	BLAND	BM	BR
BROCK	BSBM	BSM	BTNC	CAZ	CCP	CGD	CITY	CMAN	CMO	CMR
CPT	CPW	CRANE	CSR	D	EKH	EP	ESSO	FMT	GIFT	GREEN
SSC	GTB	HTECH	HUMAN	IHL	INOX	INSET	IP	JTS	JUBILE	KASET
KCM	KKC	KUMWEL	KUN	KWG	KYE	LEE	MATCH	MATI	M-CHAI	MCS
ИDX	MJD	MM	MORE	NC	NDR	NER	NFC	NNCL	NPK	NUSA
CEAN	PAF	PF	PK	PLE	PMTA	POST	PPM	PRAKIT	PRECHA	PRIME
PROUD	PTL	RBF	RCI	RJH	ROJNA	RP	RPH	RSP	SF	SFLEX
SGP	SISB	SKN	SLP	SMART	SOLAR	SPG	SQ	SSP	STARK	STC
SUPER	SVOA	TC	TCCC	THMUI	TIW	TNH	TOPP	TPCH	TPIPP	TPLAS
TI	TYCN	UKEM	UMS	VCOM	VRANDA	WIN	WORK	WPH		
		Description						Score R	_	
		Excellent						90-1	00	
		Very Good						80-8	39	
		very cood								

The disclosure of the survey results of the Thai Institute of Directors Association ('IOD") regarding corporate governance is made pursuant to the policy of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The survey of the IOD is based on the information of a company listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Market for Alternative Investment disclosed to the public and able to be accessed by a general public investor. The result, therefore, is from the perspective of a third party. It is not an evaluation of operation and is not based on inside information.

The survey result is as of the date appearing in the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies. As a result, the survey results may be changed after that date.

Source: Thai Institute of Directors Association (IOD); FSSIA's compilation

FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such survey results.

\* CGR scoring should be considered with news regarding wrong doing of the company or director or executive of the company such unfair practice on securities trading, fraud, and corruption SEC imposed a civil sanction against insider trading of director and executive; \*\* delisted

### **Anti-corruption Progress Indicator 2020**

CERTIFIED										
2S	ADVANC	Al	AIE	AIRA	AKP	AMA	AMANAH	AP	AQUA	ARROW
ASK	ASP	AYUD	В	BAFS	BANPU	BAY	BBL	всн	ВСР	BCPG
BGC	BGRIM	BJCHI	BKI	BLA	BPP	BROOK	BRR	BSBM	BTS	BWG
CEN	CENTEL	CFRESH	CGH	CHEWA	CHOTI	CHOW	CIG	CIMBT	СМ	CMC
COL	COM7	CPALL	CPF	CPI	CPN	CSC	DCC	DELTA	DEMCO	DIMET
DRT	DTAC	DTC	EASTW	ECL	EGCO	FE	FNS	FPI	FPT	FSS
FTE	GBX	GC	GCAP	GEL	GFPT	GGC	GJS	GPSC	GSTEEL	GUNKUL
HANA	HARN	HMPRO	HTC	ICC	ICHI	IFS	INET	INSURE	INTUCH	IRPC
ITEL	IVL	K	KASET	KBANK	KBS	KCAR	KCE	KGI	KKP	KSL
KTB	KTC	KWC	L&E	LANNA	LHFG	LHK	LPN	LRH	М	MAKRO
MALEE	MBAX	MBK	MBKET	MC	MCOT	MFC	MFEC	MINT	MONO	MOONG
MPG	MSC	MTC	MTI	NBC	NEP	NINE	NKI	NMG	NNCL	NSI
NWR	OCC	OCEAN	OGC	ORI	PAP	PATO	РВ	PCSGH	PDG	PDI
PDJ	PE	PG	PHOL	PL	PLANB	PLANET	PLAT	PM	PPP	PPPM
PPS	PREB	PRG	PRINC	PRM	PSH	PSL	PSTC	PT	PTG	PTT
PTTEP	PTTGC	PYLON	Q-CON	QH	QLT	QTC	RATCH	RML	RWI	S & J
SABINA	SAT	SC	SCB	SCC	SCCC	SCG	SCN	SEAOIL	SE-ED	SELIC
SENA	SGP	SIRI	SITHAI	SMIT	SMK	SMPC	SNC	SNP	SORKON	SPACK
SPC	SPI	SPRC	SRICHA	SSF	SSSC	SST	STA	SUSCO	SVI	SYNTEC
TAE	TAKUNI	TASCO	TBSP	TCAP	TCMC	TFG	TFI	TFMAMA	THANI	THCOM
THIP	THRE	THREL	TIP	TIPCO	TISCO	TKT	TMB	TMD	TMILL	TMT
TNITY	TNL	TNP	TNR	TOG	TOP	TPA	TPCORP	TPP	TRU	TSC
TSTH	TTCL	TU	TVD	TVI	TVO	TWPC	U	UBIS	UEC	UKEM
UOBKH	UWC	VGI	VIH	VNT	WACOAL	WHA	WHAUP	WICE	WIIK	XO
ZEN	TRUE									
DECLARE	D									
7UP	ABICO	AF	ALT	AMARIN	AMATA	AMATAV	ANAN	APURE	B52	BKD
BM	BROCK	BUI	CHO	CI	COTTO	DDD	EA	EFORL	EP	ERW
ESTAR	ETE	EVER	FSMART	GPI	ILINK	IRC	J	JKN	JMART	JMT
JSP	JTS	KWG	LDC	MAJOR	META	NCL	NOBLE	NOK	PK	PLE
ROJNA	SAAM	SAPPE	SCI	SE	SHANG	SINGER	SKR	SPALI	SSP	STANLY
SUPER	SYNEX	THAI	TKS	TOPP	TRITN	TTA	UPF	UV	WIN	ZIGA

#### Level

Certified

This level indicates practical participation with thoroughly examination in relation to the recommended procedures from the audit committee or the SEC's certified auditor, being a certified member of Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption programme (Thai CAC) or already passed examination to ensure independence from external parties.

Declared This level indicates determination to participate in the Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption programme (Thai CAC)

#### Disclaimer:

The disclosure of the Anti-Corruption Progress Indicators of a listed company on the Stock Exchange of Thailand, which is assessed by Thaipat Institute, is made in order to comply with the policy and sustainable development plan for the listed companies of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Thaipat Institute made this assessment based on the information received from the listed company, as stipulated in the form for the assessment of Anti-corruption which refers to the Annual Registration Statement (Form 56-1), Annual Report (Form 56-2), or other relevant documents or reports of such listed company. The assessment result is therefore made from the perspective of Thaipat Institute that is a third party. It is not an assessment of operation and is not based on any inside information. Since this assessment is only the assessment result as of the date appearing in the assessment result, it may be changed after that date or when there is any change to the relevant information. Nevertheless, FSS International Investment Advisory Company Limited does not confirm, verify, or certify the accuracy and completeness of the assessment results.

Note: Companies participating in Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption programme (Thai CAC) under Thai Institute of Directors (as of June 24, 2019) are categorised into: 1) companies that have declared their intention to join CAC, and; 2) companies certified by CAC.

Source: The Securities and Exchange Commission, Thailand; \* FSSIA's compilation

#### **GENERAL DISCLAIMER**

#### ANALYST(S) CERTIFICATION

#### Karun Intrachai FSS International Investment Advisory Securities Co., Ltd

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#### History of change in investment rating and/or target price



Date	Rating	Target price	Date	Rating	Target price	Date	Rating	Target price
15-Nov-2018 17-Mar-2020	BUY BUY	6.80 5.20	15-May-2020 02-Apr-2021	BUY HOLD	5.20 4.50	-	-	-

Suwat Sinsadok started covering this stock from 15-Nov-2018

Price and TP are in local currency

Source: FSSIA estimates

Company	Ticker	Price	Rating	Valuation & Risks
WHA Corp	WHA TB	THB 3.22	BUY	Downside risks to our SoTP-derived TP include 1) lower-than-expected IE land sales and transfers in Thailand and Vietnam; and 2) a lower-than-expected utilization rate from the utilities business in Vietnam.
WHA Utilities & Power	WHAUP TB	THB 4.28	HOLD	Downside risks to our SoTP-based TP include 1) lower-than-expected demand for electricity in Thailand; and 2) lower crude prices. Upside risks are the higher than expected sales volumes of water and electricity for industrial users.

Source: FSSIA estimates

#### **Additional Disclosures**

Target price history, stock price charts, valuation and risk details, and equity rating histories applicable to each company rated in this report is available in our most recently published reports. You can contact the analyst named on the front of this note or your representative at Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited

FSSIA may incorporate the recommendations and target prices of companies currently covered by FSS Research into equity research reports, denoted by an 'FSS' before the recommendation. FSS Research is part of Finansia Syrus Securities Public Company Limited, which is the parent company of FSSIA.

All share prices are as at market close on 28-Jun-2021 unless otherwise stated.

#### RECOMMENDATION STRUCTURE

#### Stock ratings

Stock ratings are based on absolute upside or downside, which we define as (target price\* - current price) / current price.

BUY (B). The upside is 10% or more.

HOLD (H). The upside or downside is less than 10%.

REDUCE (R). The downside is 10% or more.

Unless otherwise specified, these recommendations are set with a 12-month horizon. Thus, it is possible that future price volatility may cause a temporary mismatch between upside/downside for a stock based on market price and the formal recommendation.

\* In most cases, the target price will equal the analyst's assessment of the current fair value of the stock. However, if the analyst doesn't think the market will reassess the stock over the specified time horizon due to a lack of events or catalysts, then the target price may differ from fair value. In most cases, therefore, our recommendation is an assessment of the mismatch between current market price and our assessment of current fair value.

#### **Industry Recommendations**

Overweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be positive over the next 12 months.

**Neutral.** The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be maintained over the next 12 months.

Underweight. The analyst expects the fundamental conditions of the sector to be negative over the next 12 months.

#### **Country (Strategy) Recommendations**

**Overweight (O).** Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on two or more of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

**Neutral (N).** Over the next 12 months, the analyst expects the market to score positively on one of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.

**Underweight (U).** Over the next 12 months, the analyst does not expect the market to score positively on any of the criteria used to determine market recommendations: index returns relative to the regional benchmark, index sharpe ratio relative to the regional benchmark and index returns relative to the market cost of equity.